

County of Durham North Carolina



Comprehensive

Annual

Financial

Report

For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

Cover: Picture of the Durham County Human Service Complex completed the Fall of 2013

Cover Designed by Whitney P. Kirk

County of Durham, North Carolina



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014

George K. Quick, Chief Financial Officer

Susan F. Tezai, CPA
Deputy Chief Financial Officer

Prepared by the Durham County Finance Department

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

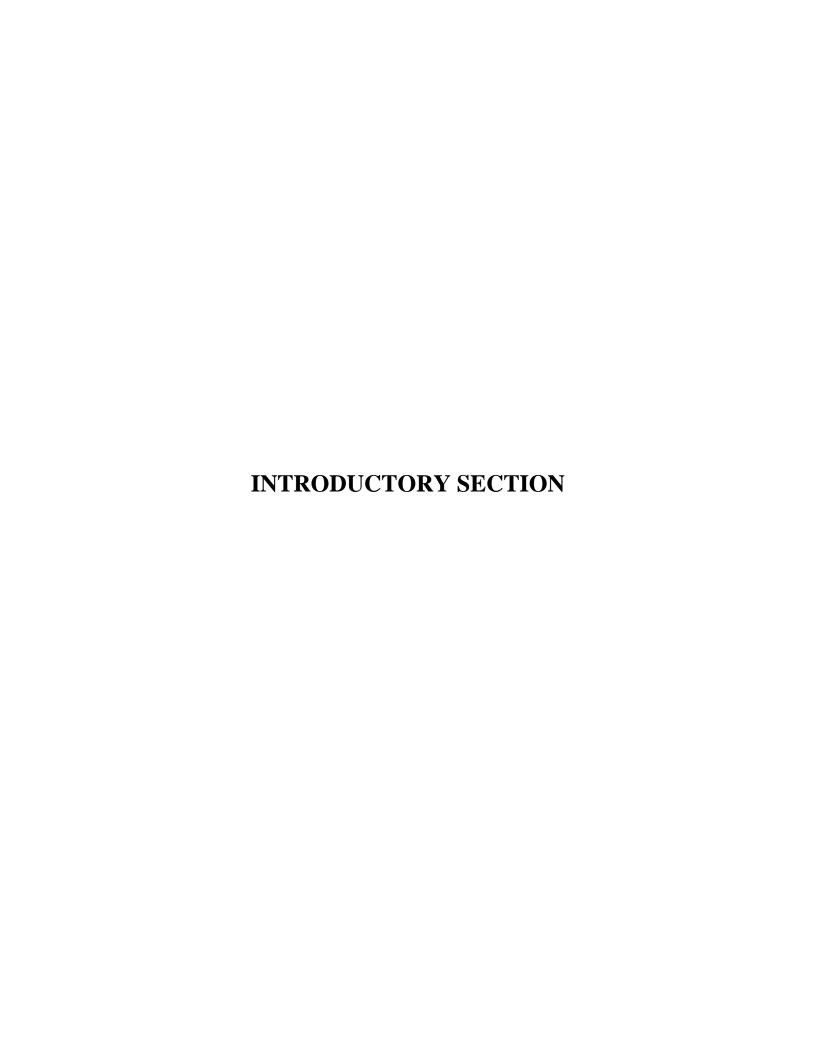
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INTRODUCTORY SECTION (TAB)





Letter of Transmittal

November 20, 2014

Honorable Chairman and Members of the Board of County Commissioners Durham County Durham, North Carolina

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards (GAAS) by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of Durham County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Durham County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of Durham County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of Durham County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, Durham County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The County of Durham's financial statements have been audited by Cherry Bekaert LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County of Durham for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion and that the County of Durham's

financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The County is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act, the US Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, "Audits of State and Local Governments," and North Carolina state law for state funds. Information related to this single audit, including the schedule of financial assistance, findings and questioned costs, and the independent auditors' report on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations are presented in a separate document.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County of Durham's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

Durham County, incorporated in 1881, is located in the piedmont part of the state, which is considered to be the top growth area in the State, and one of the top growth areas in the country. Durham County currently occupies a land area of 299 square miles and serves a population of 284,437 Durham County is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries.

Durham County has operated under the commissioner-manager form of government since 1930. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing board consisting of the chairman, vice-chairman and three other members. The governing board is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the government's manager (county manager), attorney and tax administrator. The county manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the governing board, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for hiring the heads of the various departments. Effective with the 2004 election, the board members currently serve four-year terms. The chairman and the vice-chairman of the board are voted upon by the board in their first meeting which is in December after being sworn into office.

Durham County provides a full range of services, including sheriff and fire protection, emergency medical, human services (public health and social services), elections, register of deeds, animal control, youth home, criminal justice and cultural and recreational. Funding is provided for educational services of the Durham Public Schools and Durham Technical Community College. Funding is provided for cultural and recreational services of the North Carolina Museum of Life and Science. Also, the County funds services provided in conjunction with the City of Durham through interlocal agreements including economic and physical development, emergency communications, environmental engineering and inspections. Solid waste services are provided through contracting with a private company. Mental health services that include substance abuse and developmental disabilities are provided through a contract with a Managed Care Organization (MCO), Alliance Behavioral Healthcare, Inc.

In accordance with standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) defining the governmental reporting entity, this report includes all funds and component units (except as noted below) that are controlled by or are dependent on the County's governing body. Component units are legally separate entities for which Durham County is financially accountable. The Durham County Board of Alcoholic Beverage Control (ABC Board) is a component unit of Durham County. The ABC Board is presented as a proprietary fund. Additional information on the ABC Board can be found in Note A.1 in the notes to the financial statements. The Durham County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority (the "Authority") exists to issue and service revenue bond debt for private businesses for economic development purposes. The Authority is governed by a seven-member board, all of whom are appointed by the County Commissioners. The County can remove any board member of the Authority with or without cause. The Authority has no financial transactions or account balances; therefore, it is not presented in the financial statements. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements. Other governmental type entities within the County which have substantial autonomy and separate governmental characteristics are the Durham Public School Administrative Unit, Durham Technical Community College, Raleigh-Durham Airport Authority, the Special Airport District of Durham and Wake Counties, Triangle J Council of Governments, Triangle Transit Authority, Durham and Wake Counties Research and Production Service District and Advisory Committee, Durham Convention and Visitors Bureau, and the Alliance Behavioral Healthcare, Inc. Board. These entities have not met the established criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity, and accordingly are excluded from this report.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for Durham County's financial planning and control. All agencies of Durham County are required to submit requests for appropriation to the county manager on or before March 15th of each year. The county manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The county manager then presents this proposed budget to the commissioners for review prior to May 31st of each year. The board is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than June 30, the close of Durham County's fiscal The adopted budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., sheriff). However, the appropriations are formally budgeted and approved on a functional basis. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund and the community health trust fund, a major special revenue fund, this comparison is presented on pages 33-35 as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. For other major funds and nonmajor governmental funds, with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the other supplementary section of this report, which starts on page 119.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the County of Durham operates.

Local Economy

Economic Development

Durham County has an expanding, diversified economy with a strong foundation in electronics, metallurgy, telecommunications, health care, and medical related industries. The City of Durham, the County's major municipality, is known as the City of Medicine because of the significant impact that biotechnology, health care and other medical related industries have on the economic base.

The County possesses a variety of technical resources and intellectual assets such as three nationally renowned doctoral based research universities with a strong entrepreneurial focus located in the region, state funded research centers in biotechnology and microelectronics, and a strong business support system. Close collaboration between the academic and business communities fosters a free flowing exchange of information and ideas beneficial to both groups. In February 2014, *The Business Journals* ranked Durham #6 out of "10 Markets with the Strongest Brainpower" for its high number of adults with high school diplomas, bachelor's and graduate degrees, and in May 2014, *Wallet Hub*, ranked Durham 36th on the list of "Best Cities to Start a Career".

Construction of new facilities and expansion of others is testimony to the fact that Durham is a nurturing environment for start-up companies and for more established companies. Many companies from various regions of the US as well as other countries have moved their headquarters here to take advantage of the County's diverse resources in an environment that fosters business development. Business expansions announced in calendar year 2013 totaled over \$690 million, with plans to create over 4,568 new jobs in the County. In addition, business expansions announced through the third quarter of calendar year 2014 totaled over \$213 million with plans to create another 1,693 new jobs.

The diversity of industries represented in the County and its strong emphasis on business development through research and development has brought national recognition to the area. The County continues to receive recognitions nationally for its improvement economically. In August 2014, *Realty Trac*, ranked Durham #13 as the "Most Affordable County for Rental Property in the United States", and in July 2014 Durham-Chapel Hill Metropolitan Statistical Area has the 5th "Highest Real Average Wage in the United States" by *CityLab.com*.

Research and Development

Durham is located at the pinnacle of North Carolina's famous Research Triangle Park, formed in 1959 by business leaders, government officials and leaders from Duke University of Durham, North Carolina State University in Raleigh and the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill. The Research Triangle Park (RTP) consists of 7,000 acres of land, 95% of its corporate enterprises are located in Durham County. In its fifty-fourth year, RTP is the longest-operating research park in the country. RTP is also the nation's largest and most successful research and development-oriented business park. There is more than 190 tenant companies and organizations located in the Park represent some of the world's largest and most prestigious corporate and government organizations in

scientific and technological research. Businesses in the Park employ approximately 39,434 full-time employees and an estimated 7,595 contract employees.

The number of research and development companies in the Park continues to grow. In calendar year 2013, Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS), a state agency, announced a new \$7.52 million campus with the creation of 500 new jobs, and HCL, a globe IT engineering service company, will invest over \$1 million in a new facility creating 200 jobs. In addition to new businesses, current businesses also announced expansions in the Park. Businesses such as BASF, Syngenta, United Therapeutics, Bayer Crop Science, and Fidelity, announced expansions in calendar year 2013 with an estimated investment of over \$143 million and over 700 new jobs. Other existing companies, Bayer Crop Science, Cree, and Argos Therapeutics announced planned expansions through the third quarter of calendar year 2014 with an estimated investment of over \$87 million and the creation of over 260 jobs. In February 2014, MIT Technology Review ranked Durham business Cree at the 13th on the list of "50 Smartest Companies".

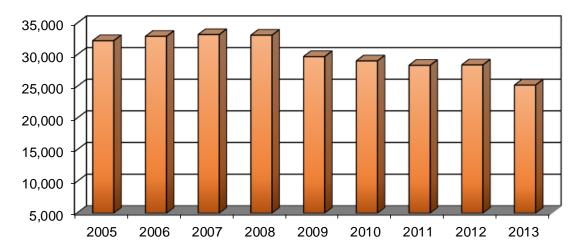
Research conducted in Durham County continues to cover a broad range of high tech fields such as biotechnology, medical instrumentation, metallurgy, electronic hardware and software development, health care products, digital switching and transmission systems, telecommunication and microelectronics. There also continues to be an abundance of highly skilled graduates from the region's research universities and prestigious law, business and medical schools. *Business Insider*, recognized Durham as #7 on its list of "The 13 Best Cities for Brand-New College Grads". Perhaps the most striking indication of talent in the area is the large number of patents for inventions developed or discovered by the residents and/or companies of the County.

Health care

The City of Durham is called the City of Medicine because of its vibrant healthcare industry, which includes more than 1,200 medical- and health-related companies that are located in Durham County. There is a wide spectrum of major medical centers, including Duke University Medical Center, which was ranked fourth Best Hospital for Cardiology and Heart Surgery in the US and the #1 Hospital in the State by *US News & World Report*, July 2014; a world class academic and health care system; transforming medicine locally and globally through innovative medical research; and educating future clinical and scientific leaders. The result is that Durham County has one of the nation's top five concentrations of physicians per capita and nearly one third of all workers in the labor force works in a health or medical related industry.

The Durham County Department of Public Health, collaborating with community organizations, coordinated innovative strategies to improve health for all citizens in Durham. In June 2014, Durham County Department of Public Health received the RWJF Culture of Health Prize from the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation (RWJF) for "Recognition of Outstanding Efforts to Help People Lead Healthier Lives." The County will continue to create strategies to promote a healthier lifestyle to it citizens; educating them on factors that impact health.

Manufacturing



Source: Employment Security Commission (ESC)

Durham County is not only a center for technology development; the County is also a strong manufacturing center. The manufacturing sector experienced a decrease in employment from 28,421 in 2012 to 25,238 in 2013. Although the economy has continued to make gains with the decreases in the unemployment rate for the Nation, State and County, the County experienced an 11.20 percent loss of manufacturing jobs for calendar year 2013.

Telecommunications

Durham's telecommunications infrastructure is among the most advanced in the nation, providing high-speed multimedia transmission. Frontier Communications, formally Verizon, is the nation's largest provider of communication services and is the provider of phone service to Durham County, which has been a 100% fiber optic, SONET-ring-based telecom system since 1993. Frontier Communications continues to be one of the largest operational fiber optic networks in the world providing digital switching and high bandwidth options to virtually all Durham business centers.

Quality of Life

Durham is a diverse down-home city, offering the cultural and lifestyle appeal of a large city. In June 2014, *Nerd Wallet* ranked Durham #4 on its list of best medium-sized cities in the United States for women in the workforce, based on medium earnings and cost of living. In February 2014, *The Chronicle* recognized Durham as #4 on the list of "Livability Top 100 Best Places to Live" in 2014. In addition, Durham boasts nationally acclaimed restaurants. *Thrillist* named Monuts Donuts one of the "The 21 Best Doughnut Shops in America" and Rise Biscuits and Donuts as one of "The 21 Best Breakfast Spots in America 2014" in April and August of 2014, respectfully. In addition, the readers of *Convention South Magazine*, voted for their favorite food cities for groups, Durham took second place in the Mid-Atlantic region, in March 2014. Durham has performance facilities such as the Durham Performing Arts Center (DPAC) and the Carolina Theater that host Broadway shows and other professional performances. Durham County has a distinctive history and culture. Its advantageous location, climate and lifestyle draw people from around the world to a place that has a dynamic business environment and a beautiful setting in the Piedmont region of North Carolina.

Major Employers

Listed below are the largest business and institutional employers in Durham County.

Company or Institution

Duke University & Medical Center International Business Machines (IBM) Durham Public Schools Glaxo SmithKline **Blue Cross Blue Shield of North Carolina Durham City Government Fidelity Investments Quintiles Transnational Corporation Research Triangle Institute Veterans Administration Medical Center** Cree. Inc. AW North Carolina, Inc. **US Environmental Protection Agency Durham County Government National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences North Carolina Central University** Walmart Merck & Co., Inc Lab Corp

Source: Durham Chamber of Commerce

Capital Investment

Many companies are either locating to Durham County or expanding their already existing operations in the County. Economic development announcements for 2013 were \$690,576,752. Economic development announcements occurring through the third quarter of 2014 amounted to over \$213 million.

Economic Development Statistics

Per Capita Income

Per capita income data for the last eight calendar years for Triangle MSA, Durham MSA, Raleigh MSA, North Carolina, and the United States are presented in the following table.

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Durham MSA	33,505	37,262	38,923	39,383	40,116	40,597	41,785	40,963
Raleigh MSA	37,270	37,107	38,648	39,580	37,849	39,479	40,631	42,709
North Carolina	30,429	32,338	33,636	34,483	34,719	36,028	36,520	37,910
United States	34,212	36,629	38,564	40,189	39,626	40,163	42,298	45,188

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis

Note: Effective for fiscal year 2012's report, the Bureau of Economic Analysis announced that they would no longer release advance estimates of personal income for metropolitan areas (formerly released in August of each year) and that these estimates for all local areas would be released eleven months after the end of the reference (calendar) year. As such, as of fiscal year 2012, the per capital income presented is the calendar year prior to the previous calendar year.

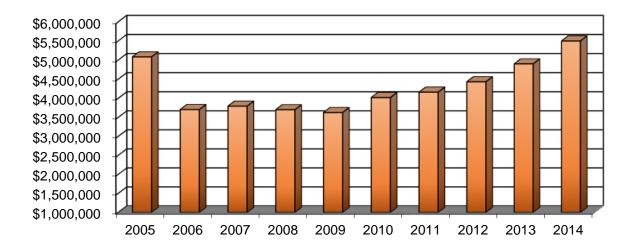
Note: The Bureau of Economic Analysis makes comprehensive revisions to the per capita income estimates annually . The latest revision was September 2014 for periods 2001-2013.

Retail Sales

Total retail sales in the County for the past ten fiscal years are shown in the following table.

Year Ended June 30,	Total Retail Sales (000's)	Total Taxable Sales (000's)	Percent Growth Over Previous Year
2005	\$ 5,085,956	n/a	9.50%
2006	n/a \$	3,707,314	*
2007	n/a	3,796,971	2.36%
2008	n/a	3,703,207	-2.50%
2009	n/a	3,630,249	-1.97%
2010	n/a	4,022,518	10.81%
2011	n/a	4,163,246	3.50%
2012	n/a	4,434,078	6.51%
2013	n/a	4,902,628	10.57%
2014	n/a	5,501,325	12.21%

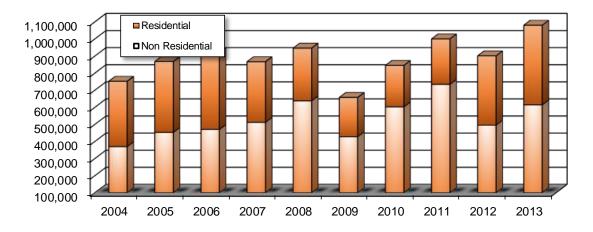
Note: The NC Department of Revenue made an administrative rule change to report Retail sales, beginning in Fiscal Year 2006, based on total taxable sales reported on sales and use tax returns by July of the Fiscal Year in question, rather than gross retail sales. Therefore, 2006 Retail sales total is based on total taxable sales reported on sales and use tax returns submitted during July 2005. Data for total gross retail sales is no longer available due to the change made by the NC Department of Revenue. The calculation of the "Percent Growth Over Previous Year" for total taxable sales is stated beginning fiscal year 2007 because comparable data is now available.



Since fiscal year 2009 when the economy started to slowly recover, Durham's retail sales have continued to increase from over \$4.9 billion in fiscal year 2013 to slightly over \$5.5 billion in fiscal year 2014. One of the main reasons for this growth is because of new businesses, small and large, continuing to develop in the area. In fiscal year 2014, the total taxable sales reported were over \$5.5 billion, an increase of over \$598 million (12.21%), reflecting continued positive growth in the County's economy.

Construction Activity

The following table illustrates construction activity in Durham County for the past ten calendar years by reference to the value of all building permits issued in the County.

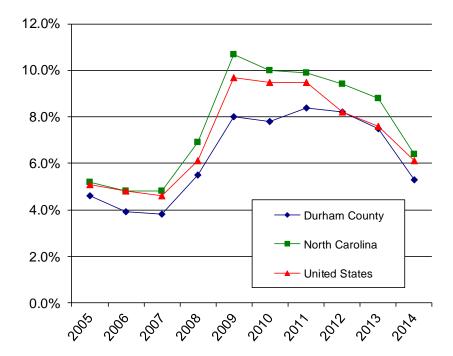


As of June 30, 2014, the total number of occupied dwelling units in Durham County was 116,858. Also, for the first six months of 2014, 1,399 residential permits have been issued for new residences and for improvements, repairs and expansions of existing residences. From calendar year 2012 to 2013, there was an overall increase in the value of all building permits issued in the County. The increase was in both the value of non-residential construction and residential construction activity. The increase in the value of permits issued as well as increases in the number of permits issued is an indication of the County's strong economy.

Unemployment

The percentage of unemployment in the County, State and the United States for the past ten fiscal years (as of June 30) as follows.

	Durham County	North Carolina	United States
2005	4.6%	5.2%	5.1%
2006	3.9%	4.8%	4.8%
2007	3.8%	4.8%	4.6%
2008	5.5%	6.9%	6.1%
2009	8.0%	10.7%	9.7%
2010	7.8%	10.0%	9.5%
2011	8.4%	9.9%	9.5%
2012	8.2%	9.4%	8.2%
2013	7.5%	8.8%	7.6%
2014	5.3%	6.4%	6.1%



As of June 2014, the County's unemployment rate was 5.3%, a decrease of 2.2% from June 2013. In addition to the County's rate decrease, the County's unemployment rate compares favorably to the State's and Nation's average unemployment rate as of June 2014 of 6.4% and 6.1%, respectively. The County's primary commitment remains job creation and maintaining a strong economy.

Long-term Financial Planning

The Board of County Commissioners continues to reaffirm the County's financial stability as one of its highest priorities. The Board recognizes that it is difficult to execute short- and long-term plans if the focus is on day-to-day viability. Consequently, the County's annual budget and financial decisions made throughout the fiscal year support an underlying philosophy to maintain a strong fund balance and the planned

expansion of programs and services. Listed below are several of the County's major accomplishments for the year.

Facility Master Plan

The Facility Master Plan that was approved in fiscal year 2000 laid the groundwork for the future building needs of the County and was centered on sound planning and solid financial research. The most recent Master Plan, amended in fiscal year 2003, reflects the changes in facility needs and options for Mental Health, Social Services, and Public Health. As of Fiscal Year 2013, the County no longer provides mental health services; as a result, the County had no facility needs for Mental Health. However, the County is currently renting the space used for mental health services to the MCO contracted to provide mental health services, Alliance Behavioral Healthcare, Inc. The Facility Master Plan as currently amended serves as the basis for the facility projects included in the Capital Improvement Plan.

Capital Improvement Plan

The County maintains a 10-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP), which is fully updated every two years. During 2012-2013 fiscal year, the Board of County Commissioners (BOCC) adopted the 2014-2023 Capital Improvement Plan (CIP). The plan itself provides a blueprint which the County uses to meet the growing facility needs of the schools, libraries, museum, court system, public safety, human service agencies, general government needs and open space. The CIP also provides a financial overview of the financing options for the existing capital projects as well as those capital projects not yet implemented projected in the 10-year plan. Annually, the financing options are reviewed, as well as the projects and their estimated costs.

Accomplishments during the past fiscal year include the completion of Phase II of the Human Services Facility, Utility Performance Contracting and the Central Storage Facility. Projects currently under construction include the Criminal Justice Resource Multipurpose Room, Criminal Justice Resource Center Water Intrusion Repairs and the Urban Ministries Community Shelter Fire Sprinkler Upgrades. Other projects in various stages of design and regulatory approvals include the Judicial Building Renovation, the East Main Street Parking Lot ADA Ramp and Stair Installation and the Southwest Library Parking Lot Expansion. Architects have also been selected for the Emergency Medical Services Long Range Space Planning and Analysis and the Main Library Renovations as discussions are underway to outline the scope of work and request fee proposals for the design services for these projects.

In 2008, the County adopted a High Performance Building Policy incorporating sustainable design into County building projects. The Policy requires that new construction over 10,000 square feet shall achieve a minimum rating of LEED (Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design) "Gold", and that renovation projects obtain a "Certified" rating. The recently constructed Human Services building is pursuing the LEED "Gold" certification as the construction phase review is being performed by U. S. Green Building Council. Currently, the County has eight LEED certified buildings that have been completed which include the following: Triangle Wastewater Treatment Plant Administrative Building – "Certified", East Regional

Library – "Certified", North Regional Library – "Silver", South Regional Library – "Gold", Animal Control Office Building - "Silver", Southwest Library Renovation and Addition – "Silver", the Criminal Justice Center Third Floor Renovation – "Silver", and the recently completed Durham County Courthouse – "Gold". Additional projects utilizing sustainable design guidelines are currently under design and construction.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Durham County for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This was the fourteenth consecutive year that the government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the Manager and the Board of County Commissioners for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Durham County's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Wendell M. Davis County Manager

George K, Quick

Chief Financial Officer

Durham County Board of County Commissioners



Michael D. Page Chairman



Brenda A. Howerton Vice Chairman



Fred Foster Jr.



Wendy Jacobs



Ellen W. Reckhow

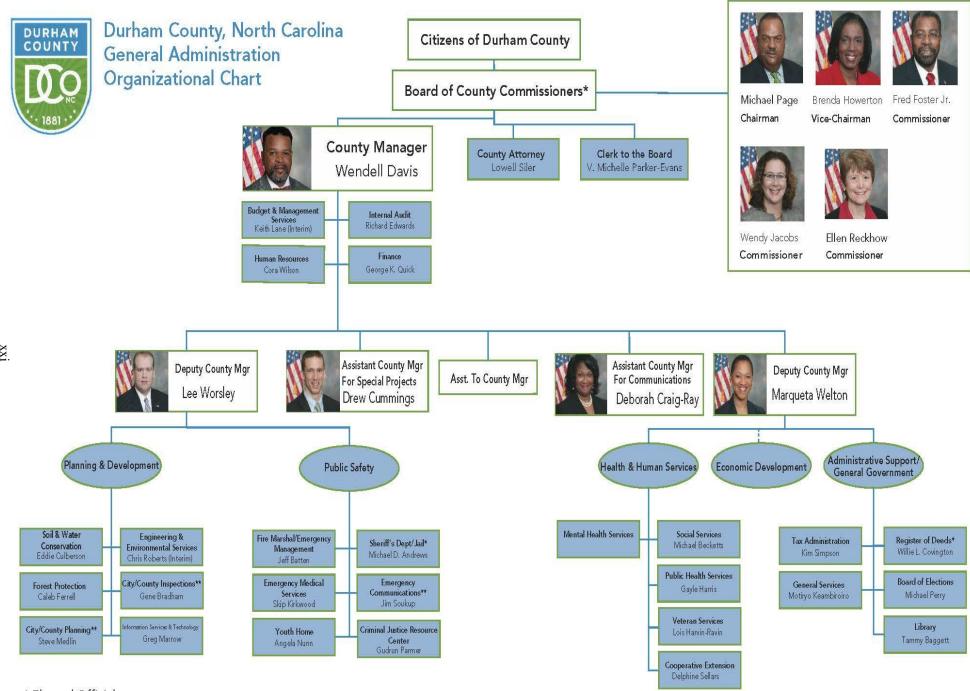
Durham County Administration



Wendell Davis County Manager



George K. Quick Chief Financial Officer



^{*} Elected Officials

^{**}Joint City/County Departments



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Durham North Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2013

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION (Tab)



Report of Independent Auditor

Board of County Commissioners Durham County, North Carolina Durham, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Durham County, North Carolina (the "County"), as of and for the year then ended June 30, 2014 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Durham County ABC Board (the "Board"). Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Board is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the Board were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and the cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund and the community health trust fund, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other-Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Required Supplementary Information as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplemental and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, the other supplementary information and the statistical section as listed in the Table of Contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records use to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Governmental Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 20, 2014 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Raleigh, North Carolina November 20, 2014

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Durham County, North Carolina (the "County"), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages vii-xviii.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Durham County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$80,587,411 (net position). However, of this amount, unrestricted net position has a deficit balance of (\$47,538,413) (unrestricted net position) which is primarily because of the debt the County has issued on behalf of the school system, Durham Technical Community College and the Museum of Life and Science to fund capital outlay as required by State law. The assets funded by the County are owned by the Durham Public School System, Durham Technical Community College and the Museum of Life and Science and are capitalized in their financial statements. Therefore, the County, as the issuing government, has incurred a liability without a corresponding increase in assets.
- The government's total net position increased by \$15,434,613, an increase of 23.69 percent, due to increases in both the governmental activities' net position and the business-type activities' net position of over \$8.97 million and \$6.47 million, respectively.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$196,898,549, a decrease of \$4,031,088 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 17.94 percent of this total amount, or \$35,320,496, is *restricted or non-spendable*.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance available for appropriation for the general fund was \$117,740,458 or 30.43 percent of total general fund expenditures, compared to fiscal year 2013 which was \$104,924,557 or 27.24 percent of total general fund expenditures. The net change in fund balance for fiscal year 2014 was an increase of over \$12.7 million with an increase in the fund balance available as a percentage of expenditures as well. The primary reasons for the increases are the revenue collections were 101.37 percent of budget while expenditures were only 91.58 percent of budget. The net change in fund balance increased by over \$17.4 million in fiscal year 2014 from fiscal year 2013. The primary reasons for the increase in the net change in fund balance are the increase in excess of revenues over expenditures of over \$16.9 million, the increase in transfers in of over \$2.2 million and the increase in transfers out of over \$1.7 million.
- The County's total debt decreased by \$8,548,485 (1.3 percent) during the current fiscal year. The key factors in this decrease were the annual retirement of governmental and business-type activities debt, the issuance of \$23,706,685 in general obligation bond anticipation notes, the increase in the County's net OPEB obligation of \$5,580,327 and \$394,029 in State Revolving Loans.
- Durham County continues to maintain its AAA bond rating.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of Durham County.

Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the County's financial status.

The next statements are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the County's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; 3) the proprietary fund statements; and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the County's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances, using the full-accrual basis of accounting, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the County's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the County's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the County's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include general government, public safety, transportation, economic and physical development, environmental protection, human services, education, cultural and recreational and interest and fiscal charges. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the County charges customers to provide. These include sewer utility services offered by Durham County. The final category is the component unit. Durham County ABC Board is legally separate from the County however the County is financially accountable for

the Board by appointing its members. Also, the ABC Board is required to distribute its profits to the County.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 27-28 of this report.

Fund financial statements. The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the County's most significant activities. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Durham County, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the County's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Durham County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next fiscal year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting. This method also has a current financial resources focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The County maintains fourteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the community health trust fund, the capital projects fund, and the debt service fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other ten governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

Durham County adopts an annual budget for its general fund and community health trust fund, as required by General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the County, the management of the County and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the general fund and the community health trust fund demonstrates how well the County complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language and classifications as the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 29-36 of this report.

Proprietary funds. Durham County maintains one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses an enterprise fund to account for its sewer utilities. This fund is the same as those separate activities shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sewer utility which is considered to be a major fund of the County.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 37-39 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the County's own programs. Durham County has twelve fiduciary funds, one of which is a pension trust fund, two of which are private-purpose trust funds and nine of which are agency funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 40-41 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 43-101 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning Durham County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits and postemployment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 103-108 of this report.

Following the required supplementary information, combining statements referred to earlier are provided to show details in connection with nonmajor governmental funds. Budgetary information for each fund as required by the North Carolina General Statutes and detailed comparative statements, including annually budgeted funds, can also be found in this section. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 111-145 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$80,587,411 as of June 30, 2014. Net position is reported in three categories: net investment in capital assets, restricted net position and unrestricted net position.

The County's net position increased by \$15,434,613 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. One of the largest portions in the amount of \$67,855,766 reflects the County's net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The County uses these capital assets to

provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

DURHAM COUNTY'S NET POSITION

	Govern	mental	Busines			
	Activ	vities	Acti	vities	To	otal
•	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
Current and other assets	\$241,428,792	\$242,225,450	\$ 29,648,716	\$ 25,528,375	\$271,077,508	\$267,753,825
Capital assets	401,147,314	394,929,809	71,926,312	71,748,475	473,073,626	466,678,284
Total assets	642,576,106	637,155,259	101,575,028	97,276,850	744,151,134	734,432,109
Total deferred outflows of resource	7,336,969	8,180,246	716,152	807,907	8,053,121	8,988,153
Long-term liabilities outstanding	622,889,704	629,175,859	24,876,241	27,138,571	647,765,945	656,314,430
Other liabilities	22,528,287	20,195,682	681,402	680,576	23,209,689	20,876,258
Total liabilities	645,417,991	649,371,541	25,557,643	27,819,147	670,975,634	677,190,688
Total deferred inflows of resources	641,210	1,076,776	-	-	641,210	1,076,776
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	20,701,314	7,789,264	47,154,452	44,714,405	67,855,766	52,503,669
Restricted	52,415,572	81,325,452	7,854,486	6,232,518	60,270,058	87,557,970
Unrestricted	(69,263,012)	(94,227,528)	21,724,599	19,318,687	(47,538,413)	(74,908,841)
Total net position	\$ 3,853,874	\$ (5,112,812)	\$ 76,733,537	\$ 70,265,610	\$ 80,587,411	\$ 65,152,798

The second portion of the County's net position in the amount of \$60,270,058 represents resources that are subject to external legal restrictions that limit the County's ability to access and use these funds beyond the purpose for which they were provided. Unexpended bond proceeds, grant funding and statutorily restricted revenues are included in this category.

The remaining portion of net position is unrestricted net position. This balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. At June 30, 2014, the unrestricted net position is a deficit in the amount of (\$47,538,413). The unrestricted deficit is attributable primarily to the general obligation bonds issued by the County for the public schools, Durham Technical Community College and the Museum for Life and Science. Even though the debt has been issued to finance the acquisition, construction and renovation for the public schools, Durham Technical Community College and the Museum of Life and Science, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined that it is not capital debt of the County since it is not financing assets owned by the County. Therefore, this debt is reflected within the unrestricted portion of net position rather than as part of the category net investment in capital assets. In addition, as of fiscal year 2008, the unrestricted net position deficit includes pension liabilities for other postemployment benefits per GASB Statements No. 43 and No. 45. Also, as of fiscal year 2011, the restricted net position now includes Stabilization by State Statute per GASB Statement No. 54 which further increases the unrestricted net position deficit.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County is not able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position for the government as a whole. However, the same did not hold true for the separate governmental and business-type activities. The unrestricted net position for the governmental activities had a deficit balance of (\$69,263,012) while the other two categories of net position, net investment in capital assets and restricted net position, and all three categories of net position of the business-type activities were positive. The unrestricted net position for the business-type activities had a positive balance of \$21,724,599.

DURHAM COUNTY'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Govern	mental	Busines	ss - type		
	Activ	vities	Acti	vities	To	otal
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 26,142,700	\$ 25,142,175	\$12,007,107	\$11,748,514	\$ 38,149,807	\$ 36,890,689
Operating grants and contributions	50,005,628	53,016,379	-	-	50,005,628	53,016,379
Capital grants and contributions	3,933,909	1,501,002	780,802	471,600	4,714,711	1,972,602
General revenues:						
Taxes	315,456,947	299,029,295	-	-	315,456,947	299,029,295
Investment and interest income	5,086,255	1,977,962	42,036	29,074	5,128,291	2,007,036
Other revenues	4,574,741	4,709,427	25,889	493	4,600,630	4,709,920
Total revenues	405,200,180	385,376,240	12,855,834	12,249,681	418,056,014	397,625,921
_						
Expenses:						
General government	55,772,804	57,034,487	-	-	55,772,804	57,034,487
Public safety	61,569,018	57,767,228	-	-	61,569,018	57,767,228
Transportation	12,500	12,500	-	-	12,500	12,500
Economic and physical development	5,490,387	4,916,125	-	-	5,490,387	4,916,125
Environmental Protection	3,657,826	3,632,359	-	-	3,657,826	3,632,359
Human services	85,440,041	88,141,193	-	-	85,440,041	88,141,193
Education	148,666,331	151,919,349	-	-	148,666,331	151,919,349
Cultural and recreational	12,671,110	11,688,669	-	-	12,671,110	11,688,669
Interest and fiscal charges	22,953,477	19,814,600	-	-	22,953,477	19,814,600
Sewer utility	-	-	6,387,907	5,761,082	6,387,907	5,761,082
Total expenses	396,233,494	394,926,510	6,387,907	5,761,082	402,621,401	400,687,592
Increase (decrease) in net position	8,966,686	(9,550,270)	6,467,927	6,488,599	15,434,613	(3,061,671)
Net position, beginning	(5,112,812)	4,437,458	70,265,610	63,777,011	65,152,798	68,214,469
Net position, ending	\$ 3,853,874	\$ (5,112,812)	\$76,733,537	\$70,265,610	\$ 80,587,411	\$ 65,152,798

Because the County funds Durham Public Schools', Durham Technical Community College's and the Museum of Life and Science's capital needs but does not carry the resulting assets on the County's financial statements, the County reports a net deficit on the statement of net position for governmental activities. In spite of this deficit reported in governmental activities, the County's finances are strong as evidenced by:

• Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining an overall collection percentage of 99.32 percent for the current levy year for governmental activities.

- Planning and management of revenues and expenses through the use of financial models for capital and debt service.
- Continued low cost of bonded debt that is a direct result of the County's high bond rating by the rating agencies of Moody's and Standard and Poor's. The County considers this unique achievement to be a key factor in keeping the interest costs low on the County's outstanding debt.

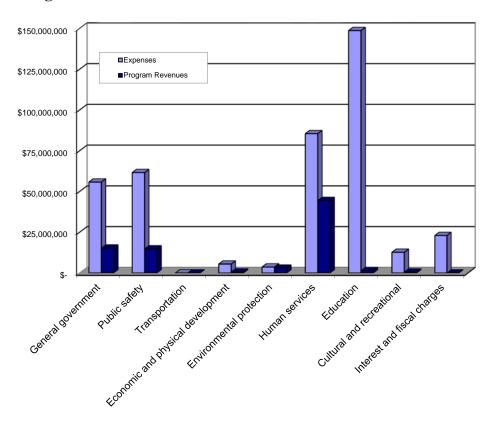
Governmental activities. The governmental activities increased the County's beginning net position by \$8,966,686 or 58.09% of the total increase in the net position of the County. The increase is due primarily because revenues increased in fiscal year 2014 compared to fiscal year 2013 by over \$19.8 million (5.14 percent) while expenses increased by only slightly over \$1.3 million (0.33 percent). This amount is an increase of 175.38 percent of the governmental activities beginning net position. In fiscal year 2014, property taxes levied for general purposes increased by slightly over \$15 million (6.56 percent) which was the revenue source increase for the fiscal year. This significant increase was primarily because of the increase in the tax rate of \$0.03 cents and the implementation of the new North Carolina Vehicle Tax System (NCVTS) also known as the "Tag and Tax Together System" by the State of North Carolina (State) whereby the State bills and collects the vehicle taxes and related fees at the time of vehicle registration annual renewal on behalf of the counties and municipalities. As a result of the transition to this method of registered vehicle ad-valorem tax billing and collection from the prior method, fourteen months of collections were recognized in fiscal year 2014. This was a one-time occurrence in order for the billings and collections to be current. In the prior method, property taxes on registered motor vehicles were due the first day of the fourth month after the vehicles were registered. The go-live was September of 2013. In addition, local option sales taxes increased for the fourth consecutive year by over \$2.3 million (4.01 percent) as a result of increased collections. Investments increased by over \$3.1 million (157.15 percent) which is primarily because the value in the financial derivative instrument for the County's SWAP Agreement per GASB Statement No. 53 decreased in fiscal year 2013 by over \$2.6 million while the value in fiscal year 2014 increased by over \$400 thousand. Animal taxes decreased by over \$1.8 million (336.27 percent) mainly because of a decrease in the accounts receivable of over \$1.3 million combined with decreased current year collections of just slightly over \$500 thousand. Program revenues capital grants and contributions increased by over \$2.4 million (162.09 percent) while charges for services increased by slightly over \$1 million (3.98 percent) combined with a decrease in operating grants and contributions of over \$3 million (5.68 percent). The increase in the capital grants and contributions was largely due to increased funding for capital projects for Durham Public Schools (DPS) and contributed capital for fire services. The decrease in operating grants and contributions is mostly due to a decrease in human services of over \$4.6 million (10.34 percent) because of a decrease in services provided combined with an increase in general government operating funding of over \$1.6 million (59 percent). There was no significant change in total governmental activities' expenses for fiscal year 2014 compared to fiscal year 2013. The County's finances continue to be strong, sound and stable because of solid, dedicated and committed financial management.

For the most part, increases in governmental activities' expenses closely paralleled inflation and growth in the demand for services. As previously stated, the County's total governmental activities' expenses increased only a little over \$1.3 million (0.33 percent). Public safety expenses increased

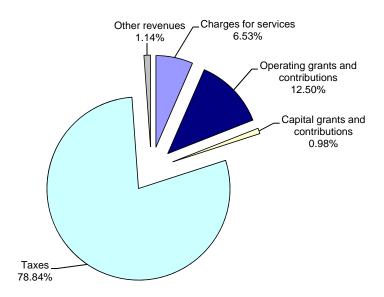
by over \$3.8 million (6.58 percent) primarily because of increased services in the law enforcement and emergency medical services. Interest and fiscal charges increased by over \$3.1 million (15.84 percent) mostly because of increased interest expense for the year. In addition, there were increases in cultural and recreational and economic and physical development of over \$982 thousand (8.41 percent) because of increased services of the library and \$574 thousand (11.68 percent) largely because of increases in economic incentive agreement payments to businesses, respectively. The decrease in education of over \$3.2 million (2.14 percent) was a combination of increased operating funding to DPS and Durham Technical Community College (DTCC) combined with a decrease in the amount of capital project expenses. Human services decreased by over \$2.7 million (3.06 percent) due in the most part to a decrease in services. In addition, general government decreased by over \$1.2 million (2.21 percent) with environmental protection increasing by a slightly over \$25 thousand (0.7 percent).

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Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities



Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities

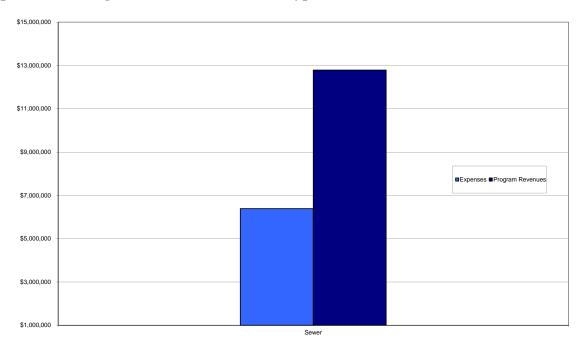


Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$6,467,927 accounting for 41.91 percent of the increase of the total growth in the government's net assets. Key elements of this are as follows:

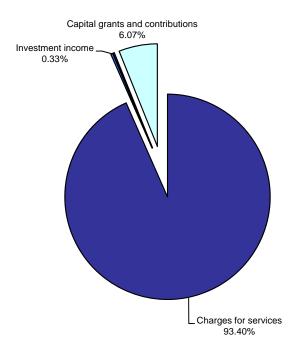
- Expenses increased \$626,825 (10.88 percent) because of increases in operating expenses and interest and fiscal charges netted with decreases in bond issuance costs and transfers out. There were no debt issuance costs or transfers out for fiscal year 2014. All categories of the operating expenses increased in fiscal year 2014. The overall increase is mostly because of increased services.
- Charges for services increased by \$258,593 (2.20 percent). There was a rate increase of 1.8 percent for all customers, both residential and industrial, effective July 1, 2013 in fiscal year 2014 as well as an increase in the capital recovery charges 1.5 percent. The capital recovery charges are part of connection fees for new customers and are used as a source of funding for capital acquisitions, construction and improvements. All other sewer utility charges remained the same.
- Sewer connection fees decreased by \$299,566 (46.77 percent) mainly because of decreased capital recovery charges as a result of fewer new connections in fiscal year 2014.
- Investment and interest income increased by \$12,962 (44.58 percent) primarily because of the increase in the change in the accrued interest receivable at year end combined with a slight increase in annual earnings.
- There was capital contributions of \$780,802 of intergovernmental revenues for funding of capital projects for fiscal year 2014; however, there were no capital contributions of sewer lines from private developers in fiscal year 2014 compared to \$471,600 in fiscal year 2013.
- There was \$394,029 of State Revolving Loan Proceeds received in fiscal year 2014 for funding of capital projects.

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Expenses and Program Revenues – Business-type Activities



Revenues by Source –Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of Durham County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. Specifically, fund balance available for appropriation can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$196,898,549, a decrease of \$4,031,088 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 82.06 percent of this total amount (\$161,578,053) constitutes *unrestricted fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is *restricted* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it is 1) non-spendable (\$1,020,631), 2) restricted by revenue source for specific purposes, programs and services (\$2,084,964), or 3) because it is restricted by State Statute (\$32,214,901).

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, Durham County's fund balance available for appropriation in the general fund was \$117,740,458, while total fund balance reached \$147,358,836. The Board of County Commissioners of Durham County has determined that the County should maintain an available fund balance of 25 percent of general fund expenditures in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting cash flow needs of the County. As of June 30, 2014, the County has an available fund balance of 30.43 percent of general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 38.09 percent of that same amount. The percentage of available fund balance to total general fund expenditures increased from 27.24 percent for fiscal year 2013 to 30.43 percent for fiscal year 2014 an increase of 3.19 percent. The net change in fund balance for fiscal 2014 was an increase of over \$12.7 million. The primary reasons for the increases are the revenue collections were 101.37 percent of budget while expenditures were only 91.58 percent of budget. Property tax collections for the general fund increased by over \$15.8 million (6.91 percent). This significant increase was primarily because of the increase in the tax rate of \$0.03 cents and the implementation of the new NCVTS also known as the "Tag and Tax Together System" by the State whereby the State bills and collects the vehicle taxes and related fees at the time of vehicle registration annual renewal on behalf of counties and municipalities. As a result of the transition to this method of registered vehicle ad-valorem tax billing and collection from the prior method, fourteen months of collections were recognized in fiscal year 2014. This was a one-time occurrence in order for the billings and collections to be current. In the prior method, property taxes on registered motor vehicles were due the first day of the fourth month after the taxes were registered. The go-live was September of 2013. In addition, local option sales taxes increased for the fourth consecutive year by over \$2.3 million (4.01 percent) as a result of increased collections. Intergovernmental revenues decreased by over \$1.5 million (2.9 percent). This decrease is mostly due to a decrease in human services of over \$3 million as a result of a decrease in services provided combined with an increase in funding for general government services of over \$1.5 million. In addition, there was an increase in licenses and permits of over \$500 thousand mainly because of increased construction permits issued and rent increased by over \$253

thousand primarily because increased rental of County facilities. There was no significant change in the total general fund expenditures for fiscal year 2014 compared to fiscal year 2013. There was a decrease of total expenditures of slightly over \$48 thousand (0.1 percent). Even though there was virtually no change in total expenditures from fiscal year 2013 to fiscal year 2014, public safety and education had significant increases in expenditures of over \$5.4 million and 2.8 million, respectively, while human services and general government had substantial decreases in expenditures of over \$6.2 million and \$3.3 million, respectively. Restricted fund balance for the general fund increased by only slightly over \$100 thousand with unrestricted fund balance increasing by over \$12.6 million. The net change in fund balance increased by over \$17.4 million in fiscal year 2014 from fiscal year 2013. The primary reasons for the increase in the net change in fund balance are the increase in excess of revenues over expenditures of over \$16.9 million, the increase in transfers in of over \$2.2 million and the increase in transfers out of over \$1.7 million.

The fund balance of the County's general fund increased by \$12,729,526 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in the changes are as follows:

- The general fund taxes increased by 6.14 percent or \$17,956,906. This increase is for the most part the result of increased collections in the current year levy collections of \$15,893,430 (6.99 percent). This significant increase was primarily because of an increase in the tax rate of \$0.03 cents and the implementation of the new NCVTS also known as the "Tag and Tax Together System" by the State whereby the State bills and collects the vehicle taxes and related fees at the time of vehicle registration annual renewal on behalf of counties and municipalities. As a result of the transition to this method of registered vehicle ad-valorem tax billing and collection from the prior method, fourteen months of collections were recognized in fiscal year 2014. This was a one-time occurrence in order for the billings and collections to be current. In the prior method, property taxes on registered motor vehicles were due the first day of the fourth month after the taxes were registered. The go-live was September of 2013. Property tax collections of the County continue to be outstanding also as a result of continued collection efforts including participating in the North Carolina Local Government Debt Setoff Clearinghouse Program. In addition, local option sales tax increased by \$2,366,841 (4.01 percent) due to increased spending. This is the fourth consecutive year of increased collections which is excellent.
- Intergovernmental revenues of the general fund decreased by 2.9 percent or \$1,522,703. The decrease is primarily because of a decrease in human services funding of over \$3 million combined with an increase in funding for general government services of over \$1.5 million.
- Charges for services decreased \$163,764 (0.85 percent) mainly because of increases in emergency medical services, general government charges, solid waste fees and election registration lists of \$508,999 (8.81 percent), \$478,045 (16.86 percent), \$241,532 (15.84 percent) and \$330,886 (no charges collected in fiscal year 2013), respectively, coupled with decreases in register of deeds, environmental protection, public health, public protection, social services, collection fees, facility fees and other charges in the amounts of \$780,236 (25.92 percent), \$290,233 (54.22 percent), \$216,165 (41.56 percent), \$214,410 (8.66 percent), \$183,611 (65.48 percent), \$27,517 (1.85 percent), \$6,478 (1.64 percent) and \$6,107 (24.66 percent), respectively. The minor net decrease in fiscal year 2014 was the result of a combination of increased fees, decreased services, decreased collection fees due to the implementation of the NCVTS and elections held in fiscal year 2014.

- Investments decreased by \$390,883 or 10.8 percent for the most part due to the performance of the County's derivative financial instrument (SWAP).
- Licenses and permits increased by \$530,887 (64.23 percent) mostly because of increases in construction permits of \$507,815 (144.92 percent) combined with a slight increase in cablevision and franchise fees of \$21,708 (4.82 percent).
- Rent increased by \$253,063 (30.71 percent) mainly because of an increase in rent of County facilities, space in the Human Services Complex and the sublease of space in the Criminal Justice Resource Center and increased rental collection for the County Stadium and the American Tobacco Parking Deck.
- Other revenues increased by \$190,439 (4.36 percent) primarily because of an increase in other as a result of increased vending machine collections and insurance reimbursements as well as increases in confiscated property and the sale of surplus and real property combined with decreases in benefit plan revenues, employee and retiree out-of-pocket contribution for benefits, miscellaneous and inmate welfare funds.
- General government expenditures decreased \$3,307,552 (7.03 percent). This is due mainly because of a significant decrease in tax of \$6,222,551 (49.75 percent) combined with increases in risk management and insurance of \$828,646 (49.89 percent), general services of \$725,202 (7.53 percent), other general government of \$591,298 (26.32 percent), information systems of \$364,905 (6.38 percent), and human resources of \$245,573 (5.26 percent). Taxes decreased primarily because there was a legal settlement with IBM Corporation for tax years 2002 to current in fiscal year 2013 of over \$5.8 million combined with a decrease in contracted services. The increase in risk management and insurance is a combination of an increase in workers' compensation, unemployment insurance and unemployment insurance reserve. The increase in general services was primarily due to an increase in contracted services while the increase in information systems was a combination of increases in contracted services, maintenance and rental equipment, telephone and training. The increases in other general government were for the most part because of increased purchases in capital while human resources increased mainly as a result of increased self-insured benefit costs.
- Public safety increased by \$5,425,430 (10.55 percent). This is due mainly because of increases in county fire protection of \$2,200,062 (77.38 percent), emergency medical services of \$1,849,895 (20.63 percent) and the Sheriff's office of \$1,472,396 (9.03 percent). The increase in the county fire protection is for the most part because effective July 1, 2013 the County began providing fire services for the Bethesda Fire District rather than contracting with a volunteer fire department to provide these services. As such, the County purchased the fire stations in this district and related capital from the Bethesda Volunteer Fire Department for over \$1.1 million. The remaining increase is the result of the increased salaries and benefits and added operating costs for the Bethesda Fire District combined with increased benefit costs for the Fire Marshal's Office. The increase in emergency medical services is largely due to increased salaries and benefits of over \$1.08 million combined with increases in operating expenditures of over \$494 thousand and capital purchases of over \$272 thousand. The main reason for the increase in the Sheriff's office is primarily salaries and benefits of over \$1.1 million combined with operating increases of over \$300 thousand.
- Economic and physical development increased by \$560,765 (13.40 percent) primarily because of increases in industrial extension, soil and water conservation and other economic and physical development. Disbursements per the Industrial Extension Policy (IEP) Agreements increased with more incentives being met during the fiscal year. Soil and water conservation increased

essentially because of increased salaries and benefits. Other economic and physical development increased primarily because of increased payments to the Durham Chamber of Commerce coupled with a small increase in the payment to Downtown Durham Inc. and a decrease in contracted services.

- Human services' expenditures decreased by \$6,253,693 (6.83 percent). This decrease was principally due to the decrease in mental health of \$6,954,911 (49.42 percent). Because of the implementation of Medicaid Waiver 1915 (b)(c), whereby LMEs would operate as risk-based MCOs to manage local mental health, substance abuse and developmental disabilities services, effective for fiscal year 2013, the County no longer provided these services but rather contracted with the established MCO, Alliance Behavioral Healthcare, Inc. (Alliance). As a result, in fiscal year 2013, the County paid Alliance the balance of unspent funds of a joint loan with Wake County of over \$5.4 million. In addition, in fiscal year 2013, the County provided Alliance with over \$336 thousand in unspent restricted funds for mental health programs. In fiscal year 2013, the County contracted with Alliance as a sub-recipient to provide services for grant funding received by the County of over \$1.4 million compared to only \$457 thousand in fiscal year 2014. This is because the State agreed to transfer ownership of the multi-year grant from the County to Alliance as of October of 2013. Public health increased by \$952,611 (4.72 percent) mainly because of increases in salaries and benefits while social services decreased \$526,057 (0.94 percent) for the most part due to a decrease in services provided.
- Education increased by \$2,843,899 (2.31 percent) from the prior fiscal year. Of this increase, Durham Public Schools and Durham Technical Community College received increased funding for operating expenditures of \$2,436,649 and \$400,000, respectively, and other education received a minor increase in funding of \$7,250.
- Cultural and recreational increased by \$623,389 (5.65 percent) mainly because of increased salaries and benefits for the library.

The Community Health Trust Fund has a total fund balance of \$13,912,256, all of which is financing resources to be used for health related operating and capital expenditures as directed and approved by the Board of County Commissioners. The net increase in fund balance during the current year in the community health trust fund was \$128,309. The increase in fiscal year 2014 was a combination of increased investment earnings of over \$380 thousand, increased charges for services of \$2 thousand and increased operating transfers out by almost \$292 thousand. The increase in investment earnings is a result of the market as these funds are managed by investment managers in the market as approved by special legislation.

In fiscal year 2014, the primary revenue activity was the recognition of the annual amount from the lease (\$3,950,000). In addition, there was the recognition of the investment earnings (\$1,329,410) and other charges for services (\$58,300). An operating financing use, transfer out (\$5,209,401) also occurred. The amount transferred was to assist in the funding of health related expenditures in the general fund for volunteer fire department paramedic services, emergency management services, public health and the non-profit, Community Health Coalition. The policy on managing the funds of the community health trust is that the Board of County Commissioners allocates a percentage of the earnings from the previous calendar year to health related expenditures and reinvests the balance which allows the fund to grow. However, in fiscal year 2014, because of the needed assistance in funding health related costs, the BOCC voted to waive allocating only a percentage of the earnings

from the previous calendar year for fiscal year 2014. Management of these funds is performed by investment managers approved through special legislation, S.L. 1999-101, Senate Bill 653.

The Capital Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$26,130,557, all of which is financing resources to be used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds. The net decrease in fund balance during the current year in the capital projects' fund was \$18,499,208 due primarily to the acquisition, construction or improvement of major capital facilities for the County, School System, Durham Technical Community College and Museum of Life and Science using the funding sources combined with the issuance of installment purchases. The County's activity was recorded to construction in progress in capital assets of the County while the Schools System's, Durham Technical Community College's and the Museum of Life and Science's activity was recorded in their capital assets as they hold title to those assets.

The primary revenue activity was the recognition of other financing sources, the issuance of installment purchases (\$23,706,685) and transfers (\$5,867,547). The fund also recognized intergovernmental revenues (\$2,592,784) and investments (\$23,444). In the expenditures, there was construction activity in the amount of \$40,539,044 and debt issuance costs (\$189,900). In addition, there were other financing uses in the transfer of \$9,960,724. Of this transfer amount, \$8,488,713 was transferred to the debt service fund and \$1,472,011 was transferred to the general fund. The construction activity was primarily for education, environmental protection and general government in the amounts of \$22,743,307, \$9,797,503 and \$7,293,368, respectively. The other construction activity occurred in cultural and recreational (\$687,139) and public safety (\$17,727).

The Debt Service Fund has a total fund balance of \$8,207,298, all of which is financing resources to be used for the retirement of the County's general long-term debt other than debt issued for and serviced by proprietary funds. The net increase in fund balance during the current year in the debt service fund was \$860,250 due primarily because the revenues and other financing sources were greater than the annual retirement of the principal and interest on the County's general long-term debt.

The primary funding activity was the recognition of other financing sources, the issuance of refunding bonds (\$44,635,000), the premium on the issuance of the refinancing (\$7,025,669) and transfers (\$58,008,152). The fund also recognized intergovernmental revenues (\$480,909), charges for services (\$440,678) and investments (\$15,767). In the expenditures, there was principal and interest for the retirement of general long-term debt in the amounts of \$34,261,816 and \$23,354,161, respectively. In addition, there were debt issuance costs for the refunding bonds of \$454,869. The payment to refund the debt was \$51,200,000.

Proprietary funds. The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the sewer utility fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$21,724,599. There was an increase in total net position of \$6,467,927. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The County's annual balanced budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the Budget & Fiscal Control Act of North Carolina General Statutes, and includes all appropriations required for debt service. The General Fund is the most significant fund budgeted.

During the fiscal year, the County revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services or initiate new programs where timing is critical. Amendments to the General Fund budget totaled \$14,845,091 and can be summarized briefly as follows:

- \$6,962,581 in increases allocated to general administration were largely to honor commitments from fiscal year 2013 coupled with increases in appropriations primarily for additional self-insured benefits costs, salary increases as a result of the implementation of the first phase of the classification and compensation study, and funding of accrued compensatory leave payout for employees. There was also an increase for the funding of a Minority/Women Business Enterprise (M/WBE) Disparity Study.
- \$4,763,954 in increases allocated to public safety were primarily to honor commitments from fiscal year 2013, to appropriate unspent restricted funds in fiscal year 2014 and increases in appropriations for the purchase of capital assets from the Bethesda Volunteer Fire Department and funding of accrued compensatory leave payout for employees. In addition, there were increases in appropriations for emergency medical services to maintain services. Effective in the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2014, the County began providing paramedic services for the Parkwood District which were previously provided by Parkwood Volunteer Fire Department. Also, appropriations were made to recognize new grant and award funding for Emergency Management and the Sheriff's Office.
- \$494,853 in increases allocated to economic and physical development were primarily for support of the IEP Agreements with more incentives being met as well as cooperative extension due to the receipt of additional grant funding, funding for soil and water interns, funding of accrued compensatory leave payout for employees and to honor commitments from fiscal year 2013 and to appropriate unspent restricted funds in fiscal year 2014.
- \$264,691 in increases allocated to environmental protection were primarily to honor commitments from fiscal year 2013 and increases in appropriations for the funding for accrued compensatory leave payout for employees.
- \$7,302,307 in increases allocated to human services were primarily because of increases in social services and public health. The increases in social services and public health were to honor commitments from fiscal year 2013, to appropriate unspent restricted funds in fiscal year 2014 and to maintain services. The services are funded for the most part through the recognition of new grants and additional federal and state awards. In addition, there was increases in appropriations for the funding of accrued compensatory leave payout for employees and to recognize additional funding for coordinated transportation.

- \$350,720 in increases allocated to cultural and recreational were primarily to honor commitments from fiscal year 2013, to appropriate unspent restricted funds in fiscal year 2014, for funding of accrued compensatory leave payout for employees and to appropriate funding for a library endowment grant.
- \$5,294,015 in decreases in operating transfers was to reduce the amount to transfer to the debt service fund of over \$5.4 million coupled with a slight increase of \$200 thousand to the special revenue fund, Bethesda Fire Tax District, for the forgiveness of an interfund loan. In the closing of some County capital projects in fiscal year 2014, the unspent restricted funding for these projects of over \$5.4 million was transferred to debt service. As a result, the amount to be transferred from the general fund to debt service was reduced by the same amount.

Of this net increase, \$5,815,813 was to be funded from intergovernmental revenues, charges for services increased \$201,963, rental income increased \$69,000, other revenues funding increased \$260,000 and operating transfers in funding increased \$2,120,978. The remaining \$6,377,337 was to be budgeted from available fund balance. During the year, revenues exceeded budgetary estimates by \$5,269,450 while other financing sources did not exceed budgetary estimates by \$311,330; however, expenditures were far less than budgetary estimates with a positive variance of \$30,496,973, thus eliminating the need to draw upon existing fund balance.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. Durham County's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2014 totals \$473,073,626 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include land, easements, buildings, improvements, office furniture and equipment, machinery and equipment, computer hardware, computer software, vehicles and construction in progress. The total increase in the County's net capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$6,395,342 (1.37 percent). Governmental activities' increased \$6,217,505 (1.57 percent) and business-type activities increased \$177,837 (0.25 percent).

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Construction continued on the collection systems rehabilitation and phase III of the waste water treatment plant projects which had construction costs for the year of \$332,636 and \$422,525, respectively.
- Construction for the Durham Public School Projects continued in fiscal year 2014 in the amount of \$21,785,800.
- Construction for the Durham Technical Community College project for campus improvements occurred in fiscal year 2014 in the amount of \$957,507.
- Construction for NCML & Bioquest Projects for the Museum of Life and Science continued in fiscal year 2014 in the amount of \$655,804.

- Other construction activity for cultural and recreational expenses other than for the Museum occurred in the amount of \$31,336 for the Southwest Branch Library and the South Regional Library.
- Construction activity for environmental protection occurred in the amount of \$9,797,503 in environmental engineering primarily for the human services complex (\$8,435,396), utility performance contract project (\$710,816), and open space and farmland preservation (\$591,172). Other activity occurred on the criminal justice resource center and the judicial building renovations phase II.
- Construction activity for general government occurred in the amount of \$7,293,367. The major activity in general government was the 800 MHz radio system upgrade (\$2,900,000), the 12 County IT hardware replacement (\$2,188,483), the new justice center (\$1,179,839), the County storage facility (\$414,067) and the administrative building elevator renovation (\$235,854). Other activity occurred in the county stadium new signage, ongoing parking resurfacing, ongoing HVAC replacement, scattered site housing, FY12 HR ERP upgrade, Rougemont Community water system, urban ministry sprinkler upgrade, 12 sheriff technology upgrade, 13 telecommunications upgrade and single family rehabilitation projects.
- There was contributed capital for fire services in the amount of \$1,341,125 for fiscal year 2014 for governmental activities.

DURHAM COUNTY'S CAPITAL ASSETS

(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental			Business - type								
	Activities				Activities				Total			
		2014		2013		2014		2013		2014		2013
Land	\$	8,366,984	\$	8,366,984	\$	185,226	\$	185,226	\$	8,552,210	\$	8,552,210
Easements		1,351,764		1,351,764		-		-		1,351,764		1,351,764
Improvements- water and sewer lines		-		-		13,711,751		14,288,703		13,711,751		14,288,703
Buildings	1	36,609,810	1	136,751,233		1,449,198		1,513,723		138,059,008		138,264,956
Office furniture and equipment		1,561,939		825,421		3,343		5,253		1,565,282		830,674
Machinery and equipment		1,981,117		1,851,269		260,487		174,121		2,241,604		2,025,390
Computer hardware		1,309,396		2,237,522		4,628		10,799		1,314,024		2,248,321
Computer software		1,942,885		82,080		-		-		1,942,885		82,080
Vehicles		4,616,750		2,947,032		74,095		88,227		4,690,845		3,035,259
Construction in progress	2	243,406,669	2	240,516,504		56,237,584		55,482,423		299,644,253		295,998,927
Total	\$ 4	101,147,314	\$ 3	394,929,809	\$	71,926,312	\$	71,748,475	\$	473,073,626	\$	466,678,284

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note D on pages 71-73 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, Durham County had total debt outstanding of \$594,036,595. Of this amount, \$323,228,226 comprises bonded debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. Also included is \$10,190,000 of bonded debt secured by a pledge of and

lien upon, and payable solely from, the net receipts of the enterprise system, and in certain circumstances, by proceeds of the revenue bonds, investment earnings and certain net insurance and other proceeds. The revenue bonds are additionally secured by and payable from money and securities of certain funds, accounts and sub-accounts held by the trustee under the trust agreement and the first supplemental trust agreement. The balance consists of certificates of participation in the amount of \$234,683,853, installment notes in the amount of \$9,853,620, general obligation bond anticipation notes of \$2,939,821 and other financing agreements in the amount of \$13,141,075. The general obligation bond anticipation notes are also backed by the full faith and credit of the government.

DURHAM COUNTY'S OUTSTANDING DEBT

General Obligations, Revenue Bonds, Installment Purchases and Other Financing Agreements

	Govern	mentai	Busilies	s - type				
	Activ	vities	Activ	vities	Total			
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013		
General obligation bonds	\$ 321,259,230	\$ 293,099,857	\$ 1,968,996	\$ 2,780,803	\$ 323,228,226	\$ 295,880,660		
Revenue bonds	-	-	10,190,000	10,845,000	10,190,000	10,845,000		
Certificates of participation	234,683,853	245,026,572	-	-	234,683,853	245,026,572		
Installment notes payable	12,793,441	42,123,253	-	-	12,793,441	42,123,253		
Other financing agreements	528,213	1,000,064	12,612,862	13,408,267	13,141,075	14,408,331		
Total	\$ 569,264,737	\$ 581,249,746	\$ 24,771,858	\$ 27,034,070	\$ 594,036,595	\$ 608,283,816		

The County's total debt excluding accrued compensated absences and net OPEB obligation decreased by \$14,247,221 (2.34 percent) during the current fiscal year. The key changes in this decrease was the reduction of debt as a result of the annual debt payments and the issuance of \$23,706,685 in general obligation bond anticipation notes and State Revolving Loans of \$394,029. There was a debt refunding that occurred in fiscal year 2014 through the issuance of general obligation bonds; however, they had no significant effect on the carrying value of debt. This is because of the premium that was received on the general obligation bonds refunding.

The County maintains bond ratings from Moody's Investors Service, Inc., Standard & Poor's Rating Services and the Carolina Municipal Advisory Council of Aaa, AAA and 90 (in the range equivalent to AAA), respectively.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 8 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the County is \$2,562,000,302, leaving a legal debt margin of \$2,266,095,302. The net bonded debt per capita is \$1,040.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note E on pages 74-80 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate for the County is 5.3 percent as of June 2014, which is a decrease from a rate of 7.5 percent as of June 2013. The County's unemployment rate is lower than the State's and nation's unemployment rate of 6.4 percent and 6.1 percent, respectively, as of June 2014.
- The construction activity for non-residential and residential construction was over \$1 billion for calendar year 2013 compared to over \$901 million for the calendar year 2012. The increase in the value of construction activity of over \$178 million is a clear sign of continued growth and prosperity in the County's economy.
- The manufacturing sector employment decreased 11.20 percent (3,183 positions) for calendar year 2013 (25,238) compared to calendar year 2012 (28,421).
- The North Carolina Department of Revenue made an administrative rule change in reporting retail sales. Beginning in fiscal year 2006, reported retail sales are now reported on total taxable sales based on sales and use tax returns rather than gross retail sales as has been reported in the past years. The total taxable sales for Durham County for 2013 reported were \$5,501,325 compared to \$4,902,628 reported for fiscal year 2013, an increase of \$598,697 (12.21 percent). Total taxable sales are reported in thousands of dollars. The increase in retail sales is another indication of the County's strong economy.
- Economic development announcements for 2013 were over \$690 million, and economic announcements occurring through the third quarter of 2014 amounted to almost \$214 million.
- The per capita income for Durham MSA for 2012 is \$40,963, a decrease of 1.97 percent over 2011. Raleigh MSA has a per capita income of \$42,709. The per capita for the State and the nation increased from 2011 to 2012 to \$37,910 and \$45,188, an increase of 3.81 percent and 6.83 percent, respectively. The source for this information is the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA).
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to the national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2015 fiscal year.

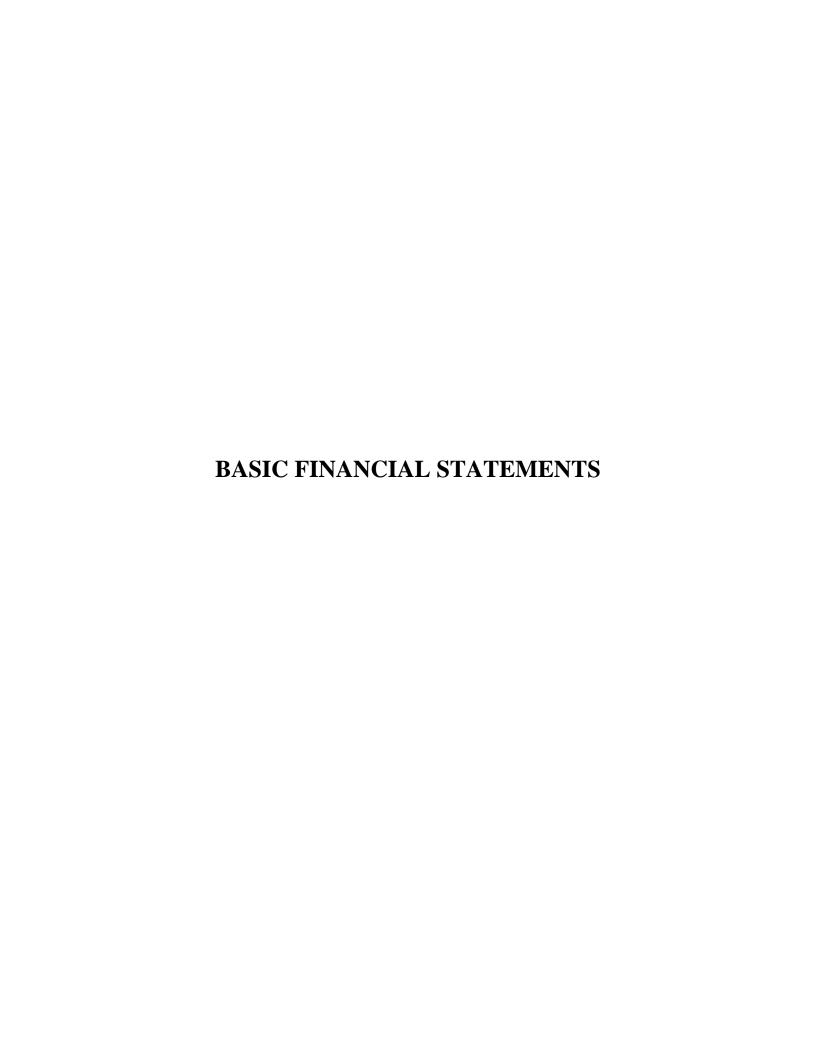
At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance available for appropriation for the general fund was \$117,740,458 or 30.43 percent of total general fund expenditures, an increase of \$12,815,901 or 12.21 percent from the previous fiscal year. The County has appropriated \$13,961,475 of this amount for spending in the 2015 fiscal year budget. In addition, the tax rate was increased for the 2015 fiscal year from \$0.7744 to \$0.7931. Also, there were several charges for general fund services that were increased for the 2015 fiscal year in the departments of general services, public health and register of deeds. In addition, several charges for services were decreased or eliminated for the 2015 fiscal year in the departments of public health and sheriff. Transfers from the special revenue funds are budgeted for the 2015 fiscal year as funding sources for public safety. Also, a transfer from the community health trust fund is budgeted for the 2015 fiscal year as a funding source for health related spending.

The sewer rates were increased for the 2015 budget year in the sewer utility fund. The sewer rates were increased by 2.07 percent for all customers, both residential and industrial, effective July 1, 2014. These rate increases were necessary to maintain operations and sufficient funds to service debt. The capital recovery charges were increased by 1.83 percent. The capital recovery charge is a part of connection fees for new customers and is used as a source of funding for capital acquisitions,

construction and improvements. In addition, the laboratory monitoring charges were increased for the 2015 budget year. All other sewer utility charges remained the same.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Chief Financial Officer, 200 East Main Street, Floor 4M, Durham, NC 27701.



Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

	June 30, 2014						
	Governmental Activities		Business Type Activities	G	Total Primary overnment	C	Durham ounty ABC Board
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents / investments	\$ 168,045,807	\$	21,056,027	\$	189,101,834	\$	3,426,018
Cash and cash equivalents / investments - restricted	20,200,671		7,854,486		28,055,157		-
Receivables: Accounts receivable	1,310,705		33,086		1,343,791		3,386
Accrued interest receivable	166,685		28,559		195,244		3,300
Net property taxes receivable	3,215,009		-		3,215,009		-
Solid waste receivable	35,066		-		35,066		-
Animal taxes receivable	355,125		-		355,125		-
Net emergency medical services receivable Alliance advance loan receivable	1,625,708 2,008,000		-		1,625,708 2,008,000		-
Inventory	969,967		-		969,967		2,420,843
Due from other governments - federal and state agencies	23,506,339		57,256		23,563,595		
Due from other governments - local	2,608,187		619,302		3,227,489		
Prepaids	50,664				50,664		126,578
Investment in joint venture	11,810,568		_		11,810,568		120,070
Pension assets	72,675		_		72,675		_
Derivative financial instrument			_				_
	5,447,616		-		5,447,616		-
Capital assets:							
Nondepreciable:							
Land	8,366,984		185,226		8,552,210		2,219,417
Easements	1,351,764		-		1,351,764		-
Construction in progress	243,406,669		56,237,584		299,644,253		-
Depreciable:							
Land improvements - sewer and water lines	-		26,298,544		26,298,544		-
Buildings	211,990,858		4,103,344		216,094,202		3,578,013
Office furniture and equipment	3,012,712		13,374		3,026,086		-
Machinery and equipment	5,470,706		614,948		6,085,654		1,367,182
Computer hardware	3,839,097		45,160		3,884,257		-
Computer software	13,688,462		-		13,688,462		-
Vehicles	13,926,737		293,604		14,220,341		160,170
Leasehold improvements			· -		-		1,272,157
Accumulated depreciation	(103,906,675)		(15,865,472)		(119,772,147)		(2,577,106)
Total assets	642,576,106		101,575,028		744,151,134		11,996,658
		-					
Deferred outflows of resources							
Unamortized loss on refundings	7,336,969		716,152		8,053,121		-
Total deferred outflows of resources	7,336,969		716,152		8,053,121		-
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	8,639,443		502,997		9,142,440		832,415
Arbitrage rebate payable	0,000,440		13,000		13,000		002,410
Accrued interest payable	2 275 706						_
	3,375,706		80,292		3,455,998		400.005
Accrued payroll and related amounts withheld	6,298,432		85,113		6,383,545		102,985
Due to other governments - federal and state agencies	17,149		-		17,149		627,030
Due to other governments - local	1,291,044		-		1,291,044		909,911
Security deposits	468,567		-		468,567		-
Retiree and COBRA prepaid benefit contributions	208,807		-		208,807		-
Escrow - register of deeds	2,229,139		-		2,229,139		-
Other liabilities	-		-		-		203,217
Long-term liabilities:							
Accrued compensated absences due within one year	4,448,760		63,936		4,512,696		-
Bonds and other notes payable due within one year	38,711,393		2,140,824		40,852,217		92,609
Net OPEB obligation	46,565,314		-		46,565,314		-
Accrued compensated absences	2,610,893		40,445		2,651,338		104,621
Bonds and other notes payable	530,553,344		22,631,036		553,184,380		1,354,114
Total liabilities	645,417,991		25,557,643		670,975,634		4,226,902
				. —			.,===,===
Deferred inflows of resources							
Prepaid taxes	641,210		-		641,210		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	641,210		-		641,210		-
Net position							
Net investment in capital assets	20,701,314		47,154,452		67,855,766		4,573,110
Restricted for: Stabilization by State Statute	32 244 004				32 214 004		
Capital projects	32,214,901 18,116,468		- 7,854,486		32,214,901 25,970,954		-
Grants and technology	1,976,454		1,00 4 ,400		25,970,954 1,976,454		-
Fire services	107,749		-		107,749		-
Working capital	-		-		-		842,732
	(69,263,012)		- 21,724,599		(47,538,413)		842,732 2,353,914

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Net (Expense) Revenue and Program Revenues Changes in Net Position								
			(perating	Capital		P	rimary Governmer	nt	Durham
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services		rants and ntributions	Grants an		Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	County ABC Board
Primary government:	Lxperises	Oct vices		intributions	Continuation	7113	Activities	Activities	Total	Doard
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 55,772,804	\$ 9,710,327	\$	4,464,142	\$ 1,123,4	62	\$ (40,474,873)	\$ -	\$ (40,474,873)	\$ -
Public safety	61,569,018	8,861,551	Ψ	4,549,651	1,341,1		(46,816,691)	Ψ -	(46,816,691)	Ψ -
Transportation	12,500	0,001,001		4,549,051	1,541,1	23	(40,810,091)		(40,010,091)	
Economic and physical development	5,490,387	18,654		588,110		_	(4,883,623)	_	(4,883,623)	_
Environmental protection	3,657,826	2,898,313		52,678			(706,835)		(706,835)	
Human services	85,440,041	4,354,144		40,084,357		-	(41,001,540)		(41,001,540)	
Education	148,666,331	4,334,144		40,004,337	1,469,3	22	(147,197,009)		(147,197,009)	
Cultural and recreational	12,671,110	299,711		266,690	1,409,3	-	(12,104,709)	-	(12,104,709)	-
Interest and fiscal charges	22,953,477	299,711		200,090		-	(22,953,477)	-	(22,953,477)	-
Total governmental activities	396,233,494	26,142,700		50,005,628	3,933,9	100	(316,151,257)	· 	(316,151,257)	
rotal governmental activities	390,233,494	20,142,700		50,005,026	3,933,9	09	(310,131,237)	·	(310,131,237)	
Business-type activities:										
Sewer utility	6,387,907	12,007,107			780,8		-	6,400,002	6,400,002	
Total business-type activities	6,387,907	12,007,107		-	780,8	02	-	6,400,002	6,400,002	-
Total primary government	\$ 402,621,401	\$ 38,149,807	\$	50,005,628	\$ 4,714,7	11	(316,151,257)	6,400,002	(309,751,255)	
Component units:										
Durham County ABC Board	\$ 27,940,449	\$ 28,735,744	\$	-	\$	-	-	-	-	795,295
Total component units	\$ 27,940,449	\$ 28,735,744	\$	-	\$ \$		-	-		795,295
	General revenue Taxes:									
		ixes, levied for gen		•			244,922,483	-	244,922,483	-
		ixes, levied for fire					6,661,282	-	6,661,282	-
		ixes, levied for othe	er distr	icts purposes			736,793	-	736,793	-
		n sales tax					61,414,402	-	61,414,402	-
	Occupancy						2,592,696	-	2,592,696	-
	Animal tax						(1,277,314)	-	(1,277,314)	-
	Gross rece						406,605	-	406,605	-
		and interest income	е				5,086,255	42,036	5,128,291	365
	Other reven	ues					4,574,741	25,889	4,600,630	18,756
	Total g	eneral revenues				_	325,117,943	67,925	325,185,868	19,121
	Chang	e in net position					8,966,686	6,467,927	15,434,613	814,416
	Net position, beg	inning					(5,112,812)	70,265,610	65,152,798	6,955,340
	Net position, end	ing				-	\$ 3,853,874	\$ 76,733,537	\$ 80,587,411	\$ 7,769,756

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

	General	Community Health Trust Fund	Capital Projects Fund		Debt Service Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total Sovernmental Funds
Assets			 	_				_	
Cash and cash equivalents / investments Cash and cash equivalents / investments - restricted Receivables:	\$ 134,291,416 1,976,454	\$ 13,912,256 -	\$ 10,382,035 18,116,468	\$	8,286,426	\$	1,173,674 107,749	\$	168,045,807 20,200,671
Accounts receivable	1,310,683	-	-		22		-		1,310,705
Net property taxes receivable	3,144,772	-	-		-		70,237		3,215,009
Solid waste receivable	35,066	-	-		-		-		35,066
Animal taxes receivable	355,125	-	-		-		-		355,125
Net emergency medical services receivable	1,625,708	-	-		-		-		1,625,708
Alliance advance loan receivable	2,008,000	-	-				-		2,008,000
Inventory	969,967	-	1 250 262		-		26.096		969,967
Due from other governments - federal and state agencies Due from other governments - local	22,128,991 2,607,297	-	1,350,362		890		26,986		23,506,339 2,608,187
Due from capital project fund	732,554	_	_		030		_		732,554
Prepaid expenditures	45,664	_	5,000		_		_		50,664
Total assets	\$ 171,231,697	\$ 13,912,256	\$ 29,853,865	\$	8,287,338	\$	1,378,646	\$	224,663,802
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$ 5,566,187	\$ -	\$ 2,990,754	\$	80,040	\$	2,462	\$	8,639,443
Accrued payroll and related amounts withheld	6,298,432	· -	-		-		, -		6,298,432
Due to other governments - federal and state agencies	17,149	-	-		-		-		17,149
Due to other governments - local	1,291,044	-	-		-		-		1,291,044
Due to general fund	-	-	732,554		-		-		732,554
Security deposits	468,567	-	-		-		-		468,567
Retiree and COBRA prepaid benefit contributions	208,807	-	-		-		-		208,807
Escrow - register of deeds	2,229,139		 0.700.000				- 0.400		2,229,139
Total liabilities	16,079,325	-	 3,723,308		80,040		2,462	_	19,885,135
Deferred inflows of resources									
Prepaid taxes	624,865	-	-		-		16,345		641,210
Net property taxes receivable	3,144,772	-	-		-		70,237		3,215,009
Solid waste receivable	35,066	-	-		-		-		35,066
Animal taxes receivable Net emergency medical services receivable	355,125 1,625,708	-	-		-		-		355,125 1,625,708
Alliance advance loan receivable	2,008,000	-	-		-		-		2,008,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	7,793,536		-		-		86,582		7,880,118
Fund balances									
Non-spendable:									
Inventories	969,967	-	-		-		-		969,967
Prepaid expenditures	45,664	-	5,000		-		-		50,664
Restricted:									
Stabilization by State Statute	28,602,747	-	3,612,154		-		-		32,214,901
Museum	141,381	-	-		-		-		141,381
Tax technology	486,846	-	-		-		-		486,846
Sheriff Fire marshal	109,767 182,803	-	-		-		107,749		109,767 290,552
Cooperative extension programs	41,494	_			_		107,749		41,494
Public health programs	231,086	_	_		-		_		231,086
Social services programs	105,929	_	_		_		_		105,929
Library programs	757	_	-		-		-		757
Criminal justice programs	254								254
Environmental protection programs	88,809	-	-		-		-		88,809
Register of deeds	587,328	-	-		-		-		587,328
Education	-	-	761		-		-		761
Committed:									
Risk management	6,337,886	-	-		-		-		6,337,886
Public health	338,151	-	-		-		-		338,151
Debt service Sheriff inmate	9,980,578 217,058	-	-		-		-		9,980,578 217,058
Education: Article 46	2,796,683	-	-		-		-		2,796,683
OPEB	36,839,910	-	-		-		-		36,839,910
Self-insured health benefits	3,063,534	-	-		-		-		3,063,534
Assigned, reported in:									
General fund	13,961,475	-	-		-		-		13,961,475
Community health trust fund	-	13,912,256	-		-		-		13,912,256
Capital projects fund Debt service	-	-	22,512,642		8,207,298		-		22,512,642
Assigned, reported in nonmajor:	-	-	•		0,201,290		-		8,207,298
Special revenue	-	-	-		-		1,181,853		1,181,853
Unassigned, general	42,228,729	40.045.55	 -						42,228,729
Total fund balances	147,358,836	13,912,256	 26,130,557		8,207,298		1,289,602		196,898,549
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and fund balances		\$ 13,912,256	\$ 29,853,865	\$	8,287,338	\$	1,378,646	\$	224,663,802

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 196,898,549
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	412,957,882
Other long-term assets used in governmental activities are not a current financial resource and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	5,520,291
Deferred outflows of resources used in governmental activities represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	7,336,969

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred inflows of resources in the funds.

7,238,908

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and other postemployment benefits, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

(626,098,725)

Net position of governmental activities

\$ 3,853,874

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2014

	General	Community Health Trust Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 310,285,643	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,407,217	\$ 317,692,860
Licenses and permits	1,357,467	-	-	-	-	1,357,467
Intergovernmental revenues	50,997,199	-	2,592,784	480,909	119,520	54,190,412
Investments	3,229,177	1,329,410	23,444	15,767	2,278	4,600,076
Rent	1,077,167	-	-	-	-	1,077,167
Charges for services	19,001,444	4,008,300	-	440,678	-	23,450,422
Other revenues	4,563,275	-	-	-	-	4,563,275
Total revenues	390,511,372	5,337,710	2,616,228	937,354	7,529,015	406,931,679
Expenditures Current:						
General government	43,774,012	-	7,293,368	-	-	51,067,380
Public safety	56,850,836	-	17,727	-	3,831,524	60,700,087
Transportation	12,500	-	-		-	12,500
Economic and physical development	4,744,692	-	-	-	734,851	5,479,543
Environmental protection	3,671,803	-	9,797,503	-	-	13,469,306
Human services	85,339,186	-	-	-	-	85,339,186
Education	125,721,000	-	22,743,307	-	-	148,464,307
Cultural and recreational	11,661,393	-	687,139	-	-	12,348,532
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	-	-	-	34,261,816	-	34,261,816
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	23,354,161	-	23,354,161
Debt issuance costs			189,900	454,869		644,769
Total expenditures	331,775,422		40,728,944	58,070,846	4,566,375	435,141,587
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	58,735,950	5,337,710	(38,112,716)	(57,133,492)	2,962,640	(28,209,908)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	9,105,483	-	5,867,547	58,008,152	200,000	73,181,182
Transfers out	(55,111,907)	(5,209,401)	(9,960,724)	(475,079)	(2,412,605)	(73,169,716)
Issuance of installment purchases	-	-	23,706,685	-	-	23,706,685
Premium on issuance of refinancing	-	-	-	7,025,669	-	7,025,669
Issuance of refunding bonds	-	-	-	44,635,000	-	44,635,000
Payment to refunded debt escrow agent	-	-	-	(51,200,000)	-	(51,200,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(46,006,424)	(5,209,401)	19,613,508	57,993,742	(2,212,605)	24,178,820
Net change in fund balances	12,729,526	128,309	(18,499,208)	860,250	750,035	(4,031,088)
Fund balance - beginning	134,629,310	13,783,947	44,629,765	7,347,048	539,567	200,929,637
Fund balance - ending	\$ 147,358,836	\$ 13,912,256	\$ 26,130,557	\$ 8,207,298	\$ 1,289,602	\$ 196,898,549

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ (4,031,088)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current year.

10,616,004

Deferred outflows of resources used in governmental activities represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.

(843,277)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

(3,119,424)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

6,344,471

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 8,966,686

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2014

	 Budgeted	Amo	ounts				Positive
	Original		Final	Actual		,	(Negative) Variance
Revenues	 <u> </u>						
Taxes							
Current levy	\$ 221,865,672	\$	235,217,332	\$	243,255,521	\$	8,038,189
Prior year's levy	16,151,660		2,800,000		1,639,534		(1,160,466)
Tax penalties and interest	560,000		560,000		779,231		219,231
Advertising and selling	15,000		15,000		26,461		11,461
Payments in lieu of taxes	45,000		45,000		50,056		5,056
Local option sales tax	57,730,067		57,730,067		61,414,402		3,684,335
Animal tax	-		-		94,291		94,291
Occupancy tax	2,225,000		2,225,000		2,592,696		367,696
Gross receipts tax	350,000		350,000		406,605		56,605
Solid waste tax	19,000		19,000		26,846		7,846
Total taxes	298,961,399		298,961,399		310,285,643		11,324,244
Intergovernmental revenues							
Beer and wine tax	130,000		130,000		175,125		45,125
Social services	35,987,494		40,491,653		35,264,940		(5,226,713)
Mental health	2,240,856		2,240,856		457,553		(1,783,303)
Public health	5,500,514		6,049,562		4,951,480		(1,098,082)
Library	366,425		367,625		266,690		(100,935)
ABC Board	1,500,000		1,500,000		1,500,000		-
Other	6,305,786		7,067,192		8,381,411		1,314,219
Total intergovernmental revenues	52,031,075		57,846,888		50,997,199		(6,849,689)
Charges for services							
Elections registration lists	324,000		324,000		330,886		6,886
Register of deeds	3,000,000		3,000,000		2.229.619		(770,381)
General government charges	3,107,111		3,107,111		3,313,449		206,338
Collection fees	1,528,155		1,528,155		1,462,323		(65,832)
Public protection	2,295,659		2,245,659		2,262,760		17,101
Environmental protection	115,800		115,800		245,058		129,258
Solid waste fees	1,729,424		1,729,424		1,765,944		36.520
Facilities fees	446,938		446,938		387,333		(59,605)
Library fees and charges	191,500		191,500		299,711		108,211
Public health	351,562		351,562		304,016		(47,546)
Social services	160,309		160,309		96,816		(63,493)
Emergency medical services charges	6,318,268		6,368,268		6,284,875		(83,393)
Other charges	25,380		227,343		18,654		(208,689)
Total charges for services	19,594,106		19,796,069		19,001,444		(794,625)
Investment and rental income							
Investment earnings	3,143,000		3,143,000		3,229,177		86,177
Rent	986,034		1,055,034		1,077,167		22,133
Total investment and rental income	 4,129,034		4,198,034		4,306,344		108,310
				-			
Licenses and permits	_		_		_		
Construction permits	254,200		254,200		858,233		604,033
Cablevision and franchise fees	400,000		400,000		472,165		72,165
Wine and beer licenses	20,000		20,000		19,839		(161)
Other licenses and permits	 5,000		5,000		7,230		2,230
Total licenses and permits	 679,200		679,200		1,357,467		678,267

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts			Positive
		Original		Final	Actual	((Negative) Variance
Revenues (continued)		Original		T IIIGI	 Aotuai		Variation
Other revenues							
Benfits plan	\$	2,869,770	\$	3,129,770	\$ 3,161,598	\$	31,828
Miscellaneous	·	450,562	·	450,562	700,964		250,402
Confiscated property							
federal investigation		-		-	70,984		70,984
Inmate welfare		144,000		144,000	104,532		(39,468)
Sale of surplus property and materials		-		-	79,267		79,267
Sale of real property		-		-	20,752		20,752
Other		36,000		36,000	425,178		389,178
Total other revenues		3,500,332		3,760,332	 4,563,275		802,943
Total revenues		378,895,146		385,241,922	390,511,372		5,269,450
Expenditures							
General administration							
Board of county commissioners		599,407		621,866	583,157		38,709
County manager		2,433,099		2,521,201	2,219,278		301,923
Finance		3,136,689		9,850,873	2,836,745		7,014,128
Tax		6,727,455		6,990,876	6,285,686		705,190
Legal		1,944,492		1,967,453	1,871,909		95.544
Court facilities		276,354		286,516	270,614		15,902
Human resources		6,337,215		5,546,040	4,910,450		635,590
Elections		1,449,025		1,450,393	1,074,417		375,976
Risk management and insurance		3,429,763		3,681,844	2,489,589		1,192,255
General services		13,035,129		13,288,066	10,354,113		2,933,953
Geographic information systems		402,389		402,389	402,389		-
Information systems		6,609,757		6,674,468	6,085,955		588,513
Register of deeds		1,803,393		1,859,489	1,552,222		307,267
Other		3,713,531		3,718,805	2,837,488		881,317
Total general administration		51,897,698		58,860,279	43,774,012		15,086,267
Economic and physical development							
Planning		950,670		950,670	950,670		_
Cooperative extension		1,295,271		1,487,890	1,262,566		225,324
Soil and water conservation		357,631		385,957	384,492		1,465
Open space management		77,175		147,575	12,810		134,765
Industrial extension		1,334,508		1,655,008	1,655,008		-
Other		605,339		488,347	479,146		9,201
Total economic and physical development		4,620,594		5,115,447	4,744,692		370,755
Human services							
Public health		22,486,629		24,152,510	21,150,059		3,002,451
Mental health		8,902,298		8,902,298	7,118,995		1,783,303
Social services		55,728,413		61,174,939	55,243,610		5,931,329
Other		1,928,440		2,118,340	1,826,522		291,818
Total human services		89,045,780		96,348,087	85,339,186		11,008,901
Education					 		
Durham public schools							
Current		118,233,311		118,233,311	118,233,311		_
Capital		1,370,000		1,370,000	1,370,000		-
Durham technical community college		1,070,000		1,070,000	1,070,000		_
Current		5,725,689		5,725,689	5,725,689		_
					302,500		_
Capital		302,500		302,500	,		-
Other education		89,500		89,500	 89,500		
Total education		125,721,000		125,721,000	 125,721,000		-

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Budgeted Amounts					Positive (Negative)		
		Original		Final		Actual		Variance
Expenditures (continued)					-			
Public safety								
Criminal justice partnership	\$	3,579,758	\$	3,543,265	\$	3,128,263	\$	415,002
County sheriff		16,935,980		18,248,100		17,781,818		466,282
County jail		15,732,274		15,739,021		15,352,225		386,796
Youth home		1,363,849		1,366,309		1,247,753		118,556
Animal control		1,689,043		1,766,883		1,666,552		100,331
Emergency communications center		1,049,410		1,049,410		1,007,539		41,871
Emergency medical services		9,849,984		11,727,352		10,818,747		908,605
County fire protection		3,690,238		5,487,957		5,043,426		444,531
Medical examiner		100,000		100,000		101,500		(1,500)
Other public safety		981,820		708,013		703,013		5,000
Total public safety		54,972,356		59,736,310		56,850,836		2,885,474
Transportation								
Airport authority		12,500		12,500		12,500		_
Total transportation		12,500		12,500		12,500		
rotal transportation		12,000		12,000		12,000		
Environmental protection								
Solid waste		2,087,804		2,115,460		1,920,767		194,693
Environmental engineering		1,865,265		2,059,813		1,715,006		344,807
Other		40,606		83,093		36,030		47,063
Total environmental protection		3,993,675		4,258,366		3,671,803		586,563
Cultural and recreational								
Library		10,161,269		10,511,989		9,952,976		559,013
Other		1,708,417		1,708,417		1,708,417		555,015
Total cultural and recreational		11,869,686		12,220,406		11,661,393		559,013
rotal cultural and recreational		11,003,000		12,220,400		11,001,000		333,013
Total expenditures		342,133,289		362,272,395		331,775,422		30,496,973
	-	,,			-			
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		36,761,857		22,969,527		58,735,950		35,766,423
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		7,295,835		9,416,813		9,105,483		(311,330)
Appropriated fund balance		16,348,230		22,725,567		-		(22,725,567)
Transfers out		(60,405,922)		(55,111,907)		(55,111,907)		-
Total other financing uses		(36,761,857)		(22,969,527)		(46,006,424)		(23,036,897)
EVOCAS OF DEVENUES AND STUED								
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER								
FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER)	Φ		Φ			40 700 500	Φ.	40 700 500
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>		12,729,526	\$	12,729,526
FUND BALANCE -BEGINNING OF YEAR						134,629,310		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$	147,358,836		
EID OI IEIII					<u> </u>	. 11,000,000		

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Community Health Trust Fund Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Budgete	d Amounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative) Variance
Revenues				
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,329,410	\$ 1,329,410
Charges for services	3,950,000	3,950,000	4,008,300	58,300
Total revenues	3,950,000	3,950,000	5,337,710	1,387,710
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out Appropriated fund balance Total other financing uses	(4,159,115) 209,115 (3,950,000)	(5,209,401) 1,259,401 (3,950,000)	(5,209,401) - (5,209,401)	(1,259,401) (1,259,401)
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$</u> _	128,309	\$ 128,309
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR			13,783,947	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR			\$ 13,912,256	

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2014

	Enterprise Fund
	Sewer
	Utility Fund
Assets	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents / investments	\$ 21,056,027
Cash and cash equivalents / investments - restricted	7,854,486
Receivables:	
Accounts receivable	33,086
Accrued interest receivable	28,559
Total receivables	61,645
Due from other governments - federal and state agencies Due from other governments - local	57,256
Total current assets	619,302 29,648,716
Total Current assets	29,040,710
Noncurrent assets	
Capital assets:	
Land	185,226
Land improvements - sewer and water lines	26,298,544
Building treatment plant	4,103,344
Office furniture and equipment Machinery and equipment	13,374
Vehicles	614,948 293,604
Computer hardware	45,160
Construction in progress	56,237,584
Total capital assets	87,791,784
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(15,865,472)
Net capital assets	71,926,312
Total noncurrent assets	71,926,312
Total assets	101,575,028
Deferred outflows of resources	
Unamortized loss on refundings	716,152
Total deferred outflows of resources	716,152
Liabilities	
Current liabilities Current portion of accrued compensated absences	63,936
Current portion of long-term debt	2,140,824
Accounts payable	502,997
Arbitrage rebate payable	13,000
Accrued interest payable	80,292
Accrued payroll and related amounts withheld	85,113
Total current liabilities	2,886,162
Noncurrent liabilities	
Accrued compensated absences	40,445
Long-term debt	22,631,036
Total noncurrent liabilities	22,671,481
Total liabilities	25,557,643
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	47,154,452
Restricted for capital projects	7,854,486
Unrestricted	21,724,599
Total net position	\$ 76,733,537

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Ent	Enterprise Fund		
		Sewer Utility Fund		
Operating revenues				
Charges for services	\$	11,666,172		
Total operating revenues		11,666,172		
Operating expenses				
Personnel services		1,685,154		
Utilities		660,258		
Maintenance and other		2,588,523		
Depreciation		743,285		
Total operating expenses		5,677,220		
Operating income		5,988,952		
Nonoperating revenue (expense)				
Investment and interest income		42,036		
Sewer connection fees		340,935		
Interest and fiscal charges		(710,687)		
Miscellaneous		25,889		
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)		(301,827)		
Income before transfers and contributions		5,687,125		
Capital contributions		780,802		
Change in net position		6,467,927		
Beginning net position		70,265,610		
Total net position, ending	\$	76,733,537		

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2014

Teal Linded Julie 30, 2014	Enterprise Fund	
		Sewer Utility Fund
Operating activities Cash received from sales	\$	12,173,007
Cash paid to employees Cash paid for operating plant		(1,686,184) (3,199,985)
Miscellaneous Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		25,889 7,312,727
Noncapital financing activities Sewer connection fees received		340,935
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		340,935
Capital and related financing activities State revolving loan proceeds		394,029
Principal payments on long-term debt		(2,555,965)
Interest paid		(766,267)
Intergovernmental revenues		780,802
Acquisition and construction costs of capital assets		(921,121)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(3,068,522)
Investing activities		00.077
Investment income and dividends Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		32,277 32,277
		32,211
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents/investments		4,617,417
Cash and cash equivalents/investments Beginning of year		24,293,096
End of year	\$	28,910,513
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities		
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	5,988,952
Depreciation Change in assets and liabilities		743,285
Accounts receivable		1,387
Due from other governments - federal and state agencies		499,779
Due from other governments - local		5,669
Accounts payable		48,796
Compensated absences and accrued payroll		(1,030)
Miscellaneous Total adjustments		25,889 1,323,775
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	7,312,727

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2014

	Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Pension Trust Fund	Private-purpose Trust Funds		Agency Funds
Assets				_
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 37,620	\$	1,267,523
Accounts receivable	-	-		370,930
U.S. government securities	1,526,756	-		-
Net property taxes receivable	-	-		1,973,111
Due from governmental agencies Total assets	4 500 750	27 620	<u> </u>	1,027,730
Total assets	1,526,756	37,620	\$	4,639,294
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	_	200		_
Accrued payroll and amounts withheld	16,380	-		_
Funds held for others	-	_		683,924
Due to governmental agencies	-	-		3,955,370
Total liabilities	16,380	200	\$	4,639,294
			· ·	
Net position				
Held in trust for:				
Employee pension benefits	1,510,376	-		
Individuals, organizations, and other		07.400		
governments Total not position	<u> </u>	37,420	•	
Total net position	\$ 1,510,376	\$ 37,420	:	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Pension Trust Fund		Priv	rate-purpose Trust Funds
Additions				
Employer contributions	\$	366,262	\$	-
Employee contributions		-		5,479
Donations		-		314
Investment income		1,731		16_
Total additions		367,993		5,809
Deductions				
Benefits		252,537		1,100
Total deductions		252,537		1,100
Change in net position		115,456		4,709
Total net position - beginning		1,394,920		32,711
Total net position - ending	\$	1,510,376	\$	37,420



June 30, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Reporting Entity

Durham County, North Carolina (the "County") is one of the 100 counties established in North Carolina under North Carolina General Statute 154-10. The County was incorporated in 1881 and covers an area of 299 square miles and has operated under the Commissioner-Manager form of government since 1930. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the County and its component unit, a legally separate entity for which the County is financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit noted below is reported in a separate column in the County's financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the County.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Durham County ABC Board

The Durham County Board of Alcoholic Beverage Control (the "ABC Board") operates retail liquor stores within the County and investigates violations of laws pertaining to retail liquor sales. The five members of the ABC Board's governing board are appointed by the County. The ABC Board is required by State Statute to distribute gross receipts remaining after distributions provided for therein to the General Fund of the County. The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund.

Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained at its administrative office.

Durham County ABC Board 3620 Chapel Hill Boulevard Durham, North Carolina 27707

Durham County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority

Durham County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority (the "Authority") exists to issue and service revenue bond debt of private businesses for economic development purposes. The Authority is governed by a seven-member board, all of whom are appointed by the County Commissioners. The County can remove any board member of the Authority with or without cause. The Authority has no financial transactions or account balances; therefore, it is not presented in the financial statements. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

June 30, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government net position (the County) and its component unit (the ABC Board). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and business-type activities of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. However, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating from nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating revenues, primarily charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activities of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Operating expenses include professional and other services costs; personnel, utilities and maintenance; and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

June 30, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the County's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes and federal and State grants. The primary expenditures are for public safety, economic and physical development, environmental, human services, education, cultural and recreational and general governmental services.

Community Health Trust Fund. This fund is used to account for and report the financial resources acquired through the leasing of Durham Regional Hospital to Duke University and the earnings of these financial resources and ensures the financial resources are used for health related operating and capital expenditures.

Capital Projects Fund. This fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlays, including the acquisition, construction or improvement of major capital facilities and other capital assets other than those financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations or other governments. The capital projects fund is also used to accumulate funds to finance a capital improvement plan. The capital projects fund budget is adopted project ordinances on a project basis which are multi-year.

Debt Service Fund. This fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for principal and interest related costs for all general long-term debt other than debt issued for and serviced by proprietary funds.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

Sewer Utility Fund. This fund is used to account for and report the revenues and expenses related to the provision of sewer service.

The County also reports *Other Governmental Funds*, which are individually nonmajor, in total. The Bethesda Fire District, Lebanon Fire District, Parkwood Fire District, Redwood Fire District, New Hope Fire District, Eno Fire District, Bahama Fire District, Bethesda Service District, Butner Safety District and Special Park District are all special revenue fund types. They are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

June 30, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The County reports the following fiduciary fund types:

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Pension Trust Fund. The pension trust fund is used to account for and report the activities of the Public Safety Employees Retirement System, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified public safety employees.

George R. Linder Memorial Private-purpose Trust Fund. The private-purpose trust fund is used to account for and report resources legally held in trust for use of acquiring public speakers/lecturers for the Library and functions sponsored by the Library. The fund also receives gift donations to purchase books in the honor of individuals.

Vic Pearson Memorial Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Private-purpose Trust Fund. The private-purpose trust fund is used to account for and report resources legally held in trust for use of assisting EMS employees and/or their families after serious injuries, sickness and/or deaths to them or immediate family members.

Agency Funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. Agency funds are used to account for and report assets the County holds on behalf of others. The County maintains the following agency funds:

Child Support Trust Fund. The Child Support Trust Fund is used to account for and report certain escrow monies held in trust by the Department of Social Services for the accounts of designated parties.

Sheriff's Evidence Trust Fund. The Sheriff's Evidence Trust Fund is used to account for and report funds held by the Sheriff's Office as a result of gathering evidence.

Jail Inmate Trust Fund. The Jail Inmate Trust Fund is used to account for and report funds held in trust for jail inmates.

Sheriff's Trust Fund. The Sheriff's Trust Fund is used to account for and report funds held by the Sheriff's Office.

State Treasurer Department of Motor Vehicles Fund. The State Treasurer Department of Motor Vehicles Fund was used to account for and report the interest collected on delinquent motor vehicle taxes and the disposition of the interest pursuant to the implementation of House Bill 1779 for the purpose of developing and implementing an integrated computer system within the Division of Motor Vehicles that will allow for the combined assessment, billing and collection of property taxes on motor vehicles and the issuance of registration plates. The State implemented the new integrated computer system, the North Carolina Vehicle Tax System (NCVTS), also known as the "Tag and Tax Together" System in fiscal year 2014. Effective fiscal year 2014,

June 30, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

these funds are no longer remitted to the State but are now retained by the County and distributed to the tax jurisdictions accordingly. As such, this fund was closed in fiscal year 2014 with the insignificant balance in the fund being transferred to the County's general fund to offset some of the County's costs in the implementation. Therefore, these funds do not appear on the Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities for Agency Funds. However, the activity is shown on the Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities for Agency Funds.

Durham Public School Fund. The Durham Public School Fund is used to account for and report the late list penalty assessed on the late listing of property taxes on behalf of Durham Public Schools.

Town of Chapel Hill Tax Fund. The Town of Chapel Hill Tax Fund is used to account for and report taxes collected by the County on behalf of the Town of Chapel Hill.

City of Durham Tax Fund. The City of Durham Tax Fund is used to account for and report taxes collected by the County on behalf of the City of Durham.

City of Raleigh Tax Fund. The City of Raleigh Tax Fund is used to account for and report taxes collected by the County on behalf of the City of Raleigh.

Town of Morrisville Tax Fund. The Town of Morrisville Tax Fund is used to account for and report taxes collected by the County on behalf of the Town of Morrisville.

3. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, except for the agency funds which have no measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

June 30, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end, except for property taxes and sales tax distributions. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. As of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales tax distributions collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the County are recognized as revenue within 90 days of year-end, and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the County, are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then general revenues.

4. <u>Budgetary Control</u>

In compliance with the North Carolina Local Government Budget and Fiscal Control Act, the Board of County Commissioners adopts an annual budget ordinance using the modified basis of accounting for all governmental and proprietary funds except funds authorized by project ordinances. The annual budget for governmental funds and proprietary funds must be adopted

June 30, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

no later than July 1. Agency and pension trust funds are not required by state law to be budgeted. The capital project fund is budgeted under project ordinances by project and are multi-year and are controlled by project. Project appropriations continue until the projects are complete. The Debt Service Fund is also budgeted annually.

For those funds which annual budgets are adopted, appropriations are budgeted on a functional basis and amended as necessary during the fiscal year. The County Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within a function up to 15% cumulatively and up to \$20,000 between functions of the same fund with a report to the BOCC at the next regularly scheduled meeting. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any functional category which exceed \$20,000 whether by transfer or additional appropriated fund balance within a fund, all transfers between funds, and all transfers from the contingency account must be approved by the BOCC. The General Fund original budget and the amended final budget are reported in the basic financial statements. The original and the amended final budget for all other governmental major funds and nonmajor funds, the schedule of expenditures compared with project authorizations for the capital projects fund and the Non-GAAP Basis for the major proprietary fund are reported in the Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules elsewhere in this report.

The following summarizes the supplementary appropriations made for the major governmental funds other than the capital projects fund during fiscal year 2014:

	Original Budget	Total Amendments	Revised Budget
General	\$ 402,539,211	<u>\$ 14,845,091</u>	\$ 417,384,302
Community Health Trust	\$ 4,159,115	<u>\$ 1,050,286</u>	\$ 5,209,401
Debt Service	\$ 59,871,757	<u>\$</u>	\$ 59,871,757

All annual appropriations lapse at each fiscal year-end.

5. Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalent/Investments

Pooled cash and investments are maintained and used by all funds except the Pension Trust Fund, Child Support, Sheriff, Jail Inmate, Vic Pearson Private-purpose Trust Fund, George R. Linder Private-purpose Trust Fund, and funds of the Durham County Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority. The Child Support, Sheriff, and Jail Inmate trust accounts are maintained in demand deposit accounts. Funds of the Durham County Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority are maintained by a trustee in accordance with legal agreements.

June 30, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents. The Durham County ABC Board considers demand deposits and investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less, which are not limited as to use, to be cash and cash equivalents.

Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the County and the ABC Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by North Carolina General Statute 159-31. The County and the ABC Board may designate as an official depository any bank or savings and loan association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the County and the ABC Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts and certificates of deposit.

All of the County's and the ABC Board's deposits are either covered by federal depository insurance or are collateralized by using one of two options. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits over the federal depository insurance coverage are collateralized with securities held by the County's or the ABC Board's agent in the entity's name.

Under the Pooling Method, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with a pool of securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the County and the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by their agent in the entities' names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the County or the ABC Board or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the County or the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows.

However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depositor using the Pooling Method.

At June 30, 2014, the County's deposits had a carrying amount of \$59,268,503 and a bank balance of \$54,028,776. Of the bank balance, \$771,065 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$53,257,711 was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. At June 30, 2014, the amount held in trust related to the Law Enforcement Separation Allowance is \$1,526,756.

June 30, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

At June 30, 2014, the ABC Board's deposits had a carrying amount of \$3,426,018 and a bank balance of \$3,542,460. Of the bank balance, \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$3,042,460 was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. North Carolina General Statute 159-30 authorizes the County and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury; obligations of any agency of the United States of America, provided the payment of interest and principal of such obligations is fully guaranteed by the United States of America; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust, a SEC-registered mutual fund. It is the County's policy to hold investments to maturity in order to realize full book value and interest earnings.

The County's and the ABC Board's investments with a maturity of more than one year at acquisition and non-money market investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. Investments with a maturity of one year or less at acquisition are reported at amortized cost.

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June 30, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

As of June 30, 2014, the County had the following investments and maturities:

]	Less Than 6				
<u>Investment Type</u>	Fair Value		Months	6	-12 Months	1 - 5 Years	5 -15 Years
US Government Agencies	\$ 67,997,873	\$	21,008,643	\$	12,011,720	\$ 34,977,510	\$ -
Commercial Paper	5,989,379		5,989,379		-	-	-
NC Capital Management Trust-Cash Portfolio	72,880,317		72,880,317		-	-	-
NC Capital Management Trust-Term Portfolio *	5,015,740		-		5,015,740	-	-
Community Health Trust	9,321,133		6,132,947		143,280	1,939,293	1,105,613
Certificate of Deposit	3,024,211		3,024,211		-	-	
Total:	\$ 164,228,653	\$	109,035,497	\$	17,170,740	\$ 36,916,803	\$ 1,105,613

^{*}Because the NC Capital Management Trust Term Portfolio yield and share price change daily and are based on changes in interest rates and market condition, 6-12 months were used.

Interest Rate Risk:

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the County's investment policy limits at least half of the County's investment portfolio to maturities of 12 months or less. Also, the County's investment policy requires purchases of securities to be laddered with staggered maturity dates and limits all securities to a final maturity of not more than three years.

Credit Risk:

The County has no formal policy regarding credit risk, but maintains internal management procedures that limit the County's investments to the provisions of North Carolina General Statute 159-30 that restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated. The County invests in commercial paper bearing the highest credit rating, as determined by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs) and banker's acceptances where the accepting bank or its holding company are incorporated in North Carolina. As of June 30, 2014, the County's investments in commercial paper were rated A1 by Standard & Poor's, F1 by Fitch Ratings, and P1 by Moody's Investors Service. In addition, all of the County's commercial paper carries a long-term debt rating of A or better. The County's investments in the NC Capital Management Trust Cash Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2014. The County's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Term Portfolio is unrated. The Term Portfolio is authorized to invest in obligations of the US government, and agencies obligations of the State of North Carolina, bonds and notes of North Carolina local governments/public authorities and in high grade money market instruments as permitted under North Carolina General Statutes 159-30 as amended. The County's investments in US agencies (Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac) are rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service.

June 30, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Custodial Credit Risk:

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Concentration of Credit Risk:

The County places no limit on the amount that the County may invest in any one issuer. More than 62 percent of the County's investments are in the Federal Home Loan Bank and Federal Farm Credit Bank. These investments are 34% and 28% respectively, of the County's total investments. All securities owned by the County at June 30, 2014 were in a segregated safekeeping account in the County's name in the Trust Department of First Citizens Bank.

Interest rate swap

Effective July 30, 2004, the County entered into a floating-to-floating or basis swap on \$125,810,000 of its outstanding fixed-rate Series 2000, 2001, 2002 A&B and 2004 A&B General Obligation Bonds. Effective September 1, 2009, the swap was modified to increase the notional amount to \$186,365,000 of its outstanding fixed-rate Series 2000, 2001, 2002 A&B, 2004 A&B, 2006 A&B, 2008A&B General Obligation Bonds and 2009A Certificates of Participation. Effective July 1, 2011, the swap was modified to increase the notional amount to \$216,051,000 of its outstanding fixed-rate Series 2000, 2001, 2002 A&B, 2004 A&B, 2006 A&B, 2008 A&B, 2010 A&B General Obligation Bonds and 2009 A&B Certificates of Participation. The notional amount of the Swap Agreement is equal to the par value of selected associated bonds. The objective of the swap was to create economics (generate present value savings) similar to a 65% of LIBOR synthetic fixed-rate financing without the County having to issue actual refunding bonds. The Swap Agreement provides for the County to make payments to the counterparty based on the taxable-equivalent Bond Market Association (BMA) index and for the counterparty to make reciprocal payments based on a floating rate priced at six-month LIBOR plus a net amount of 0.952%. The agreement matures March 1, 2031. The derivatives contract uses the International Swap Dealers Association Master Agreement, which includes standard termination events, such as failure to pay and bankruptcy. The basis swap agreement is an investment derivative under GASB Statement No. 53.

Fair value:

As of June 30, 2014, the swap had a positive fair value totaling \$5,447,616, estimated using the zero-coupon method. This method calculated the future net settlement payments required by the swaps, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot interest rates. These payments were then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement of the swaps. The positive fair value is reported as an asset, derivative financial instrument, with the accumulated increase in the fair value of the hedging derivative reported as

June 30, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position. The fair value increased by \$426,046 in fiscal year 2014. The changes in fair value are reported in investment income in the Statement of Activities.

				(In Thousands)			
	Notional	Effective	Termination	Variable Rate	Variable Rate	Fair	Counterparty
Associated Bond Issues	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Paid</u>	Received	<u>Value</u>	Credit Rating
Series 2000, 2001, 2002 A&B, 2004 A&B, 2006 A&B, 2008 A&B				3.733% + BMA/ *	1.132% + 6-month	\$5,447,616	Aaa/AA
2009 A Certificates of Participation General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Participation	\$216,051	7/1/11	3/1/31	Divisor	LIBOR		

^{*} Divisor equals .065 from Effective Date - 3/1/09 and 0.604 thereafter

Risks:

The County is exposed to the following risks in connection with the swap:

Credit risk:

As of June 30, 2014, the County was exposed to credit risk, or economic loss due to a counterparty default on its outstanding swap in the amount of \$5,447,616 because the swap had a positive fair value. However, should the relationship between the tax-exempt and taxable interest rates change and the fair values of the swap become negative, the County would not be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the derivative's fair value. Both County and the counterparty's payment obligations under the swap are guaranteed by Aaa/AA/AA rated Bank of New York Mellon.

Basis and tax risk:

The County will be exposed to additional interest expense payments if there is a shortfall between the variable payment received by the County on the swap and the variable payment owed by the County. Basis risk refers to a temporary shortfall usually caused by a disruption in the supply/demand for tax-exempt securities. Tax risk refers to a persistent or more permanent shortfall caused by a structural change in the U.S. tax code.

Termination risk:

The County or the counterparty may terminate the swap if the other party and its Credit Support Provider, Bank of New York Mellon, fail to perform under the terms of the contract. If at the time of termination the swap has a negative fair value, the County would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value.

The ABC Board did not have any investments as of June 30, 2014.

June 30, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

6. Receivables

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written-off in prior years.

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June 30, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2014, were as follows:

						Community			
					Emergency	Development	Alliance	Due from	
		Accrued		Solid	Medical	Mortgage	Advance	Other	
	<u>Accounts</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Taxes</u>	Waste	<u>Services</u>	<u>Loans</u>	<u>Loan</u>	Governments	<u>Total</u>
Governmental activities:									
General	\$1,408,659	\$150,428	\$3,508,023	\$35,066	\$29,888,604	\$ 456,635	\$2,008,000	\$24,736,288	\$62,191,703
Capital projects	-	16,257	-	-	-	-	-	1,350,362	1,366,619
Debt Service	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	890	912
Other governmental	_		70,392		_			26,986	97,378
Total receivables	1,408,681	166,685	3,578,415	35,066	29,888,604	456,635	2,008,000	26,114,526	63,656,612
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(97,976)		(8,281)		(28,262,896)	(456,635)			(28,825,788)
Total governmental activities	\$1,310,705	\$166,685	\$3,570,134	\$35,066	\$ 1,625,708	\$ -	\$2,008,000	\$26,114,526	\$34,830,824
Business-type activities:									
Sewer utility	\$ 33,086	\$ 28,559	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 676,558	\$ 738,203
Total receivables	33,086	28,559	-	-	-	-	-	676,558	738,203
Allowance for doubtful accounts									
Total business-type activities	\$ 33,086	\$ 28,559	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 676,558	\$ 738,203

The Community Development Mortgage Loans Receivable consists of certain proceeds from bonds that have been used to make non-interest-bearing loans to qualifying individuals in accordance with the County's Community Development Program. These loans contain various provisions, including deferral periods and forgiveness of indebtedness if certain conditions are met. Due to the uncertainty of collectability, the full amount of the outstanding loans receivable balance as of June 30, 2014 of \$456,635 has been included in the allowance for doubtful accounts.

June 30, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The County has one item that meets this criterion – unamortized loss on bond refundings.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County had six items that meet the criterion for this category – prepaid taxes, net property taxes receivable, solid waste receivable, animal taxes receivable, net emergency medical services receivable and Alliance advance loan receivable.

8. Inventories

Inventories of the County are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of the ABC Board are valued at the lower of cost (FIFO) or market. The County's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption that are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. The General Fund inventories reported on the Balance Sheet are offset by a restricted fund balance, which indicates that it does not constitute a resource available for appropriation even though it is a component of net current assets. The inventory of the ABC Board consists of liquor and wine held for sale. The cost of the ABC Board inventory is recorded as an expense as it is sold.

9. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as tangible and non-consumable with an acquisition cost of \$5,000 or more or intangible with an acquisition cost or fair market value, if donated or gifted, of \$50,000 or more and an estimated life in excess of one year. Purchased or constructed capital assets are recorded at original cost at the time of acquisition or completion. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The County maintains school construction activity funded through sources provided by the County in the Capital Projects Fund until completion of the projects. However, the County does not hold title to these Durham County Board of Education properties, and the construction has not been included in capital assets.

June 30, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The properties are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Durham County Board of Education.

The County maintains museum construction activity funded through sources provided by the County in the Capital Projects Fund until completion of the projects. However, the County does not hold title to this Museum of Life and Science property, and the construction has not been included in the capital assets. The property is reflected as a capital asset in the financial statements of the Museum of Life and Science.

The County maintains community college construction activity funded through sources provided by the County in the Capital Projects Fund until completion of the projects. However, the County does not hold title to this Durham Technical Community College property, and the construction has not been included in the capital assets. The property is reflected as a capital asset in the financial statements of Durham Technical Community College.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Any interest incurred during the construction phase of business type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Capital assets of the County are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Description	Useful Lives
-	
Buildings	40 years
Office furniture and equipment	7 years
Machinery and equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5 years
Computer hardware	3 years
Computer software	3 years
Leasehold improvement	Life of the lease
Sewer system	50 years
Construction in progress (CIP)	N/A
Capital leases	Life of the lease
Easements	Indefinite, to be
	monitored for impairment

June 30, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The ABC Board's capital assets are stated at cost and are being depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

	Estimated
Description	Useful Lives
-	
Buildings	25-40 years
Vehicles	3-5 years
Furniture and equipment	5-12 years
Leasehold improvements	5-20 years

The ABC Board defines capital assets as assets with an individual cost in excess of \$500 and an estimated life in excess of one year.

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the terms of the lease agreement.

Upon disposition of an asset of the County and the ABC Board, the cost of the asset and the related accumulated depreciation are removed from the books. Any gain or loss on disposition is reflected in the earnings for the period.

10. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

June 30, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

11. Compensated Absences

Permanent employees of the County can earn vacation leave at the rate of 11 days per year for the first two years up to a maximum of 25 days per year after twenty-five years. There is no requirement that vacation leave be taken, but the maximum permissible accumulation is 30 days. At the end of each calendar year, the accumulated vacation leave in excess of 225 hours for employees who work a 37.5 hour workweek, 240 hours for employees who work a 40 hour work week, 252 hours for employees who work a 42 hour workweek, and 336 hours for employees who work 56 hours workweek as of the first full pay period in January is converted to sick leave. The maximum amount of vacation leave that can be carried forward to January 1 is 225, 240, 252, and 336 hours, respectively. At termination, employees are paid for any accumulated vacation leave up to the maximum amount. Accumulated vacation leave and salary related payments at June 30, 2014 amounted to \$7,164,034. Of this amount, \$7,059,653 is recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities, and \$104,381 is recorded as a liability in the proprietary fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities. ABC Board employees may accumulate up to 30 days earned vacation and such leave is fully vested when earned. The ABC Board's accumulated earned vacation and related expenses at June 30, 2014 and 2013 amounted to \$104,621 and \$108,109. The current portion of the ABC Board's accumulated vacation pay is not considered to be material.

Permanent employees of the County earn sick leave at the rate of 12 days per year. There is no limit on the accumulation of sick leave for either the County or the ABC Board. Accumulated sick leave for the County at June 30, 2014 amounted to \$24,194,599 in total. Upon separation from the County or the ABC Board, there is no compensation for earned sick leave. Therefore, sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Accumulated sick leave with the County used as retirement credit is limited to one month for every 20 days of sick leave. Since the County and the ABC Board have no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accruals for sick leave have been made.

June 30, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

12. Encumbrances

As required by North Carolina General Statutes, encumbrance accounting is employed in the governmental funds. The outstanding encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at year-end. These amounts are included in the Stabilization by State Statute amount in restricted fund balance. Amounts outstanding at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

			Nonmajor
	Major Funds		Funds
	Community	Capital	Other
General	Health	Projects	Governmental
Fund	Trust	Fund	Funds
\$1,823,222	\$ -	\$2,261,792	\$ -

13. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through State Statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

 Inventories – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

June 30, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

 Prepaid expenditures – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of prepaid expenditures, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes revenue sources that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

- Restricted for Stabilization of State Statute portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 159-8(a)]. This statute restricts appropriation of fund balance to an amount not to exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts as these amounts stand at the close of the fiscal year preceding the budget year. This restriction is only applied to annually budgeted governmental funds.
- Restricted for museum portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for North Carolina Museum of Life and Science purposes.
- Restricted for tax technology portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for tax technology purposes.
- Restricted for sheriff portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for sheriff and law enforcement purposes.
- Restricted for fire marshal portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for fire and emergency management purposes.
- Restricted for cooperative extension programs portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for cooperative extension programs.
- Restricted for public health programs portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for public health programs.
- Restricted for social services programs portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for social services programs.
- Restricted for library programs portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for library programs.
- Restricted for criminal justice programs portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for criminal justice programs.

June 30, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- Restricted for environmental protection programs portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for environmental protection programs.
- Restricted for register of deeds portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source to pay for the computer equipment and imaging technology for the Register of Deeds Office.
- Restricted for education portion of fund balance restricted by revenue source that can be used only for school capital or school debt service for Durham Public Schools.

Committed Fund Balance – Portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purpose imposed by majority vote of the Durham County's governing body, the Board of County Commissioners (highest level of decision-making authority). Note that only the highest level action that constitutes the most binding constraint can be considered a commitment for fund balance classification purposes. For committed fund balance, majority action by the County's Board of County Commissioners is required to be taken to establish (and modify or rescind) a fund balance commitment.

- Committed for risk management portion of fund balance that can only be used for catastrophic occurrences.
- Committed for public health portion of fund balance that can only be used for public health purposes.
- Committed for debt service portion of fund balance that can only be used for debt service.
- Committed for sheriff inmate portion of fund balance that can only be used for supporting items or services that directly benefit the inmates.
- Committed for education; article 46– portion of fund balance that can only be used for education purposes.
- Committed for OPEB the portion of fund balance that can only be used for Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB).
- Committed for self-insured health benefits portion of fund balance that can only be used for the County's self-insured benefits (medical and dental).

June 30, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that has been assigned by the County's governing body for specific purposes. Per the County's Fund Balance Policy, only the County's governing body, the Board of County Commissioners, can authorize the assignment of fund balance. The Board has not delegated this level of authority.

- Subsequent year's expenditures portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed.
- For remaining unrestricted and uncommitted fund balance for all governmental funds other than the general fund.

The following schedule presents the assigned fund balances at June 30, 2014:

						Nonmajor
		C	ommunity			
			Health	Capital	Debt	Special
	General		Trust	Projects	Service	Revenue
	Fund		Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
Assigned Fund Balance:						
Assigned for subsequent year	\$ 13,961,475	\$	5,755,493	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 59,703
Assigned for health related purposes	-		8,156,763	-	-	-
Assigned for capital projects	-		-	22,512,642	-	-
Assigned for fire districts	-		-	-	-	1,194,846
Assigned for public safety purposes	-		-	-	-	21,264
Assigned for economic development purposes	-		-	-	-	13,789
Assigned for debt service			-	-	8,207,298	
	_					
	\$ 13,961,475	\$	13,912,256	\$ 22,512,642	\$8,207,298	\$ 1,289,602

Unassigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds. Use for other governmental funds only for negative residuals (e.g., deficit fund balances).

Durham County has guidelines established whereby the Chief Financial Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local funds, and County funds.

June 30, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Durham County has an adopted fund balance policy. Included in the policy for purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Chief Financial Officer may deviate from this priority after consultation with the County Manager. In addition, per the policy, the goal for the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund is 9% of total actual expenditures and the goal of total fund balance available as a percentage of expenditures is 25%. Once the 25% level has been achieved, the amount over 25% shall be used to fund the annual OPEB contribution to meet the OPEB obligation, pay-as-you-go capital projects or other non-reoccurring expenditures. In addition, the OPEB portion of the total fund balance for the general fund shall not exceed 25% of the total fund balance to ensure that the committed for OPEB portion of fund balance remains reasonably proportionate to the total fund balance for the general fund as a whole to include unassigned fund balance. Management has been instructed to conduct business in such a manor to achieve these goals. As of June 30, 2014, the County's unassigned fund balance as a percentage of expenditures and the total fund balance available as a percentage of expenditures were 10.91% and 30.43%, respectively.

14. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

15. Interest rate swap

The County enters into interest rate swap agreements to modify interest rates on outstanding debt. The amounts of the derivative instrument, the change in the derivative instrument and the net interest expenditures and/or revenues resulting from these agreements are recorded in the financial statements.

June 30, 2014

B. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between total fund balance for the governmental funds and net position for governmental activities as reported in the governmentwide statement of net position. The net adjustment of \$(193,044,675) consists of the following:

1. "Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds."

Capital assets (net of depreciation)	\$401,147,314
Investment in joint venture	11,810,568

Net adjustment to increase total fund balance for the governmental funds to arrive at net position for governmental activities \$412,957,882

2. "Other long-term assets used in governmental activities are not a current financial resource and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

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Derivative financial instrument	\$ 5,447,616
Pension asset	72,675
Net adjustment to increase total fund balance for	
the governmental funds to arrive at net position for	
governmental activities	\$ 5,520,291

3. "Deferred outflows of resources used in governmental activities represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or

expenditure until then, and therefore, are not reported	
Unamortized loss on debt refundings	\$ 7,336,969

Net adjustment to increase total fund balance for the governmental funds to arrive at net position for governmental activities

\$ 7,336,969

June 30, 2014

B. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

4. "Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds."

Property taxes receivable (net)	\$ 3,215,009
Solid waste receivable	35,066
Animal taxes receivable	355,125
Emergency medical services receivable (net)	1,625,708
Alliance advance loan receivable	 2,008,000
Net adjustment to increase total fund balance for	

the governmental funds to arrive at net position for governmental activities

\$ 7,238,908

5. "Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and other postemployment benefits, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds."

Bonds and other notes payable due within one year	\$ (38,711,393)
Bonds and other notes payable	(530,553,344)
Net OPEB obligation	(46,565,314)
Accrued compensated absences	(7,059,653)
Accrued interest payable	(3,375,706)
Subtotal	(626,265,410)
Less: accrued interest receivable	166,685
Net adjustment to decrease total fund balance for the governmental funds to arrive at net position for	
governmental activities	\$ <u>(626,098,725)</u>

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June 30, 2014

B. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances for the governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. The total adjustment of \$(12,997,774) is comprised of the following:

1. "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current year."

Capital outlay Less: depreciation expense	\$ 19,571,472 (8,732,116)
Plus: increase in investment in joint venture	4,398,499
Plus: increase in investment in joint venture from completed construction in process	(4,621,851)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances for the governmental funds to arrive at	

changes in net position of governmental activities

2. "Deferred outflows of resources used in governmental activities represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then, and therefore, are not reported in the funds."

\$10,616,004

Amortization on loss of debt refunding	\$ (843,277)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund	
balances for the governmental funds to arrive at	
changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ (843,277)

June 30, 2014

B. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

3. "Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds."

Decrease in deferred revenue of taxes (net)	\$ (837,462)
Increase in deferred revenue of emergency medical	
services receivable (net)	228,566
Decrease in deferred revenue of animal tax receivable	(1,371,605)
Increase in deferred revenue of solid waste receivable	2,232
Decrease in Alliance advance loan receivable	(1,592,000)
Increase in derivative financial instrument	426,046
Increase in pension asset	24,799
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund	
balances for the governmental funds to arrive at	
changes in net position of governmental activities	\$(3,119,424)

4. "The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items."

Principal repayments	\$ 34,261,816
Increase in debt (net)	(17,141,685)
Increase in OPEB liability	(5,580,327)
Increase in accrued interest payable	(1,817)
Increase in accrued compensated absences	(118,527)
Increase in accrued interest receivable	60,133
Increase in bond premium	(7,025,669)
Amortization of bond premium	1,890,547
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund	
balances for the governmental funds to arrive at	
changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ <u>6,344,471</u>

June 30, 2014

C. PROPERTY TAXES

Property Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the County levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2013. Assessed values are established at market value. A revaluation of all real property is required to be performed no less than every eight years. The last revaluation affecting these financial statements was completed for the list of January 1, 2008.

Property taxes, other than taxes for special districts and agency funds, are levied under the "single tax levy" concept whereby all tax revenues are recorded as revenues of the General Fund.

As of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Interest On Unpaid Motor Vehicle Property Taxes

During fiscal year 2007, the North Carolina General Assembly enacted House Bill 1779 which provided for the creation of a combined motor vehicle registration renewal and property tax collection system. The Bill called for an increase in the first month's interest on uncollected property taxes on registered motor vehicles. This applied to all property tax levied on registered motor vehicles. The additional interest collected on behalf of the County was required to be remitted to the Department of State Treasurer and be used by the Division of Motor Vehicles to create a combined registration and collection system. The State implemented the new integrated computer system, the North Carolina Vehicle Tax System (NCVTS), also known as the "Tag and Tax Together" System in fiscal year 2014. Effective fiscal year 2014, this interest is no longer remitted to the State but is now retained by the County and distributed to the tax jurisdictions accordingly.

June 30, 2014

D. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:

	Beginning	Transfers/		Ending	
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	
Nondepreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$ 8,366,984	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,366,984	
Easements	1,351,764	-	-	1,351,764	
Construction in progress	240,516,504	14,144,131	(11,253,966)	243,406,669	
Total nondepreciable capital assets	250,235,252	14,144,131	(11,253,966)	253,125,417	
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings	206,935,421	5,055,437	-	211,990,858	
Office furniture and Equipment	2,021,146	991,566	-	3,012,712	
Machinery and Equipment	4,762,715	829,093	(121,102)	5,470,706	
Computer Hardware	10,715,965	130,988	(7,007,856)	3,839,097	
Computer Software	12,547,108	1,964,813	(823,459)	13,688,462	
Vehicles	11,659,616	3,087,559	(820,438)	13,926,737	
Total depreciable capital assets	248,641,971	12,059,456	(8,772,855)	251,928,572	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	70,184,188	5,196,860	-	75,381,048	
Office furniture and Equipment	1,195,725	255,048	-	1,450,773	
Machinery and Equipment	2,911,446	699,245	(121,102)	3,489,589	
Computer Hardware	8,478,443	1,059,114	(7,007,856)	2,529,701	
Computer Software	12,465,028	104,008	(823,459)	11,745,577	
Vehicles	8,712,584	1,417,841	(820,438)	9,309,987	
Total accumulated depreciation	103,947,414	8,732,116	(8,772,855)	103,906,675	
Total depreciable capital assets, net	144,694,557	3,327,340		148,021,897	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 394,929,809	\$ 17,471,471	\$ (11,253,966)	\$ 401,147,314	

During 2014, the County incurred \$21,785,800 of expenses for public school construction. The County maintains school construction activity funded through sources provided by the County in the Capital Projects Fund until completion of the projects. However, the County does not hold title to these Durham County Board of Education properties, and the construction has not been included in the County's capital assets but rather are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Durham County Board of Education.

Durham County does not own infrastructure and, therefore, does not report infrastructure.

June 30, 2014

D. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows: Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 5,689,325
Public safety	2,425,572
Environmental protection	11,149
Human Services	258,732
Educational	202,024
Cultural and recreational	145,314
Total depreciation expense	\$ 8,732,116

Business-type Activities/Sewer Utility Fund:

	Beginning		Transfers/	Ending
	Balance	Increases	Increases Decreases	
Nondepreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 185,2	226 \$ -	\$ -	\$ 185,226
Construction In Progress	55,482,4	755,161	<u>-</u>	56,237,584
Total nondepreciable capital assets	55,667,6	755,161		56,422,810
Depreciable capital assets:				
Land Improvements: Water and Sewer Lines	26,298,	544 -	_	26,298,544
Buildings	4,103,3	- 344	-	4,103,344
Office furniture and Equipment	13,3	- 374	_	13,374
Machinery and Equipment	485,9	968 144,367	(15,387)	614,948
Computer Hardware	45,	- 60	-	45,160
Vehicles	272,0	21,593	-	293,604
Total depreciable capital assets	31,218,4	165,960	(15,387)	31,368,974
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land Improvements: Water and Sewer Lines	12,009,8	576,952	-	12,586,793
Buildings	2,589,6	64,525	-	2,654,146
Office furniture and Equipment	8,	1,910	-	10,031
Machinery and Equipment	311,8	58,001	(15,387)	354,461
Computer Hardware	34,3	6,171	-	40,532
Vehicles	183,	784 35,725		219,509
Total accumulated depreciation	15,137,	743,284	(15,387)	15,865,472
Total depreciable capital assets, net	16,080,	326 (577,324)		15,503,502
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 71,748,4	\$ 177,837	\$ -	\$ 71,926,312

June 30, 2014

D. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Capital assets activity for the ABC Board for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Transfers/ Decreases	Ending Balance
Nondepreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 2,219,417	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,219,417
Total nondepreciable capital assets	2,219,417			2,219,417
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings and improvements	3,573,505	4,508	-	3,578,013
Leasehold improvements	1,272,157	-	-	1,272,157
Vehicles	202,654	-	(42,484)	160,170
Machinery and equipment	1,363,942	268,954	(265,714)	1,367,182
Total depreciable capital assets	6,412,258	273,462	(308,198)	6,377,522
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	938,506	85,547	-	1,024,053
Leasehold improvements	454,378	45,917	-	500,295
Vehicles	58,819	7,259	(21,435)	44,643
Machinery and equipment	1,140,556	134,430	(266,871)	1,008,115
Total accumulated depreciation	2,592,259	273,153	(288,306)	2,577,106
Total depreciable capital assets, net	3,819,999	309	(19,892)	3,800,416
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 6,039,416	\$ 309	\$ (19,892)	\$ 6,019,833

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June 30, 2014

E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of transactions affecting the County's long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	Beginning Balance			Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within
	June 30, 2013	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2014	One Year
Governmental activities:	Julie 30, 2013	mereases	Decreases	Julie 30, 2014	One rear
General obligation bonds	\$271,884,337	\$ 44,635,000	\$ 21,918,468	\$294,600,869	\$24,300,597
Certificates of participation	55,660,000	Ψ 11,033,000	3,095,000	52,565,000	3,095,000
Limited obligation bonds	173,060,000	_	6,940,000	166,120,000	6,935,000
Installment notes payable	42,123,253	23,706,685	53,036,498	12,793,440	1,378,043
Unamortized bond premium	37,522,092	7,025,669	1,890,547	42,657,214	2,551,899
Net OPEB obligation	40,984,987	8,075,269	2,494,942	46,565,314	2,331,033
Accrued compensated absences	6,941,126	3,969,264	3,850,737	7,059,653	4,448,760
Other financing agreements	1,000,064	-	471,850	528,214	450,854
o mor manonig ugreements	1,000,001		.,,,,,,		,
Total governmental activities	\$629,175,859	\$ 87,411,887	\$ 93,698,042	\$622,889,704	\$43,160,153
			,		
	Beginning			Ending	Amounts
	Balance	_	_	Balance	Due Within
	June 30, 2013	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2014	One Year
Business-type activities:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 2,015,663	\$ -	\$ 711,532	\$ 1,304,131	\$ 699,403
State revolving loans	13,408,267	394,029	1,189,432	12,612,864	671,146
Revenue bonds	10,845,000	-	655,000	10,190,000	670,000
Unamortized bond premium	765,140	-	100,275	664,865	100,275
Accrued compensated absences	104,501	42,449	42,569	104,381	63,936
Total hyginass tyme activities	¢ 27 120 571	¢ 426.470	\$ 2.698.808	¢ 24.976.241	\$ 2.204.760
Total business-type activities	\$ 27,138,571	\$ 436,478	\$ 2,698,808	\$ 24,876,241	\$ 2,204,760

For governmental activities and business-type activities, the compensated absences are liquidated by the General Fund and Sewer Utility Fund, respectively.

The County is subject to the Local Government Bond Act of North Carolina which limits the amount of net bonded debt the County may have outstanding to eight percent (8%) of the appraised value of property subject to taxation less property valued for abatement. At June 30, 2014, such statutory limit for the County was \$2,463,732,716 providing a legal debt margin of \$2,167,827,716.

Defeasance of debt

In fiscal year 2010, the county defeased various bond issues by creating irrevocable trust funds. New debt was issued and the proceeds were used to purchase U.S. government securities that were

June 30, 2014

E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

placed in the trust funds. The investments and related fixed earnings are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt is called or matures. For financial reporting purposes, the debt has been considered defeased and therefore removed from the County's liabilities. As of June 30, 2010, the amount of the defeased debt outstanding and removed from the County's liabilities amounted to \$48,609,998. The carrying values of the Refunding Bonds, Series 2009, which refunded 2000 Public Improvement Bonds and 2002B Public Improvement Bonds, were adjusted for the loss from defeasance (net of amortization) of \$4,239,510. As of June 30, 2014, the loss from defeasance (net of amortization) was \$2,759,538. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the total debt service payments over the next 12 years by \$3,013,418 and resulted in an economic gain of \$2,499,031.

In fiscal year 2011, the County defeased various bond issues by creating irrevocable trust funds. New debt has been issued and the proceeds have been used to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in the trust funds. The investments and related fixed earnings are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt is called or matures. For financial reporting purposes, the debt has been considered defeased and therefore removed from the County's liabilities. As of June 30, 2011, the amount of defeased debt outstanding and removed from the County's liabilities amounted to \$64,055,000. Gains and losses from debt refunding must be deferred and amortized over the lesser of the original remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt. In addition, gains or losses related to debt refunding are to be used in determining the carrying value of the new debt issued to finance debt refunding. The carrying values of the Refunding Bonds, Series 2011, which refunded 2004A&B Public Improvement Bonds and 2006A&B Public Improvement Bonds, have been adjusted for the loss of defeasance (net of amortization) of \$6,286,444. As of June 30, 2014, the loss from defeasance (net of amortization) was \$4,714,834. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the total debt service payments over the next 12 years by \$4,064,220 and resulted in an economic gain of \$2,832,738.

In fiscal year 2012, the County issued \$64,670,000 of General Obligation Bonds at a total interest cost of 1.19%. A portion of these bonds were issued with the purpose to defease \$16,480,000 of the principal amount outstanding of the Public Improvements 2002 Series A bonds and 2002 Series B bonds for a net aggregate difference in debt service between the refunding debt and the refunded debt in the amount of \$270,400. There was no gain or loss on the defeasance of this debt.

In fiscal year 2012, the County issued \$63,780,000 of fixed rate Limited Obligation Bonds. A portion of these bonds were issued with the purpose to defease \$55,985,000 of variable rate 2009B Certificates of Participation for a net aggregate difference in debt service between the refunding debt and the refunded debt in the amount of \$0. There was no gain or loss on the defeasance of this debt.

In fiscal year 2013, the County issued \$112,470,000 of fixed rate Limited Obligation Bonds. All of these bonds were issued with the purpose to defease \$125,000,000 of variable rate 2010 Certificates of Participation for a net aggregate difference in debt service between the refunding debt and the refunded debt in the amount of \$2,399. There was no gain or loss on the defeasance of this debt.

June 30, 2014

E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

In fiscal year 2014, the County issued \$51,200,000 of General Obligation Bonds at a total interest cost of 2.87%. All of these bonds were issued with the purpose to defease \$51,200,000 of variable rate 2011 Bond Anticipation Notes for a net aggregate difference in debt service between the refunding debt and the refunded debt in the amount of \$460,669. There was no gain or loss on the defeasance of this debt.

General obligation bonds

Durham County issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities, \$44,635,000 was issued in fiscal year 2014.

Interest requirements for the general obligation bonds are payable semi-annually at annual rates varying from 2.00% to 5.50%. These debt obligations are backed by the full faith, credit and taxing power of the County. General Fund revenues are used to repay general long-term debt obligations.

Two-thirds (2/3s) bonds

Durham County issues 2/3s bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. 2/3s bonds are similar to general obligation bonds in that they also are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. There were no 2/3s bonds issued in fiscal year 2014.

Certificates of participation

Durham County issues certificates of participation (COPs) for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. On March 31, 2010 COPs were issued for governmental activities in the amount not to exceed \$125,000,000 outstanding at any time. Interest requirements are payable monthly on the amount outstanding with the interest rates based upon market conditions.

Limited Obligation Bonds

Durham County issues limited obligation bonds (LOBs) for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Limited obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government.

Bond anticipation notes

Durham County issues general obligation bond anticipation notes (BANs) for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. The BANs have been issued for governmental activities. The County has authorized the issuance of the BANs up to \$39,000,000 outstanding at any time.

June 30, 2014

E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

The BANs are general obligations of the County, and the County has pledged its faith and credit to the payment of principal and interest on the BANs. In addition, the County has entered into a Standby Note Purchase Agreement which expires when the BANs will mature on June 18, 2017 and is subject to prior redemption at the option of the County. The BANs will be replaced by general obligation bonds. Interest requirements are payable monthly on the amount outstanding with the interest rates based upon market conditions.

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June 30, 2014

E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

General obligation bonds, installment purchases, certificate of participation bonds, revenue bonds and other financing agreements outstanding at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

	Interest	Date	Date Series	Amount of Original	Outstanding June 30,
<u>Purpose:</u>	Rates	Issued	Matures	Issue	2014
Governmental activities:					
Public improvement, Series 2006A (2/3 Bonds)	4.00% to 5.00%	5/1/2006	6/1/2023	\$ 11,380,000	\$ 2,000,000
Public improvement, Series 2006B	4.00% to 5.00%	5/1/2006	6/1/2023	49,225,000	8,000,000
Public improvement, Series 2008A (2/3 Bonds)	3.50% to 5.00%	5/8/2008	4/1/2027	12,100,000	9,700,000
Public improvement, Series 2008B	3.50% to 5.00%	5/9/2008	4/1/2027	34,090,000	27,790,000
Refunding, Series 2009	2.00% to 5.00%	11/9/2009	4/1/2022	43,272,209	42,785,869
Public improvement, Series 2010A	2.00% to 5.00%	11/10/2010	11/1/2018	25,980,000	16,190,000
Public improvement, Series 2010B	3.51% to 5.23%	11/10/2010	11/1/2030	34,020,000	34,020,000
Refunding 2011	3.00% to 5.00%	6/8/2011	11/1/2022	61,750,000	61,750,000
Public improvement, Series 2012	3.00% to 5.00%	4/25/2012	4/1/2032	64,670,000	47,730,000
Public improvement refunding, Series 2014	2.00% to 5.00%	6/3/2014	4/1/2034	44,635,000	44,635,000
Cerficate of participation, Series 2009A	4.00% to 5.00%	4/15/2009	6/1/2031	61,850,000	52,565,000
Limited Obligation Bonds, 2012	2.00% to 5.00%	3/29/2012	6/1/2032	63,780,000	57,400,000
Limited Obligation Bonds, 2013	1.50% to 5.00%	3/28/2013	6/1/2043	112,470,000	108,720,000
Bond Anticipation Notes	Variable Rate	8/28/2008	8/1/2014	60,000,000	2,939,821
Installment purchase, garage facility	4.415%	8/20/2003	8/20/2018	14,502,000	5,313,203
Installment purchase, utility performance	2.285%	9/18/2012	9/18/2028	4,549,000	4,540,417
Other finaning agreements					
Housing finance agency	0.00%	10/1/2002	5/30/2023	196,859	87,316
800 Mhz radio system upgrade	4.64%	9/27/2005	6/30/2015	5,012,454	440,897
Total governmental activities					\$ 526,607,523
Business-type activitities:					
Refunding, Series 2009 Refunding Revenue bonds, 2012	2.00% to 5.00%	11/9/2009	4/1/2022	3,822,791	1,304,131
sewer plant expansion/improvements	2.49%	8/23/2012	6/11/2027	13,985,000	10,190,000
Enterprise State Revolving Loan I	2.22%	10/7/2012	5/1/2032	-	2,500,357
Enterprise State Revolving Loan II	2.22%	1/28/2011	5/1/2033	-	10,112,507
Total business-type activities					24,106,995
Total bonded indebtedness					\$ 550,714,518
Total bolided indebtedness					ψ 550,714,510

June 30, 2014

E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

The annual requirements as of June 30, 2014 to amortize outstanding debt and funds available for draw under installment purchase contracts including interest payments, exclusive of accrued compensated absences are as follows:

Governmental activities:

	General (Obligation	Certif	icates of	Limited (Obligation	Install	ment	Rev	renue		
	Bo	onds	Partic	ipation	Во	nds	Note P	ayable	Bonds		Total	
Year Ending			-									
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2014	\$ 24,300,597	\$ 12,875,158	\$ 3,095,000	\$ 2,483,806	\$ 6,935,000	\$ 6,989,663	\$ 1,828,898	\$ 182,899	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 36,159,495	\$ 22,531,526
2015	24,207,615	12,252,820	3,095,000	2,348,956	6,940,000	6,744,163	1,416,769	159,131	-	-	35,659,384	21,505,070
2016	23,937,658	11,136,345	3,095,000	2,225,156	6,940,000	6,429,063	1,446,048	134,853	-	-	35,418,706	19,925,417
2017	23,799,999	10,058,712	3,095,000	2,083,381	6,935,000	6,113,963	1,477,892	110,008	-	-	35,307,891	18,366,064
2018	23,460,000	8,974,562	3,090,000	1,959,581	6,940,000	5,930,188	896,116	84,563	-	-	34,386,116	16,948,894
2019-2023	99,650,000	28,988,535	15,460,000	7,535,531	34,690,000	25,851,763	1,562,082	297,990	-	-	151,362,082	62,673,819
2024-2028	51,745,000	11,544,675	15,455,000	3,836,819	34,685,000	18,394,063	1,754,027	28,229	-	-	103,639,027	33,803,786
2029-2044	23,500,000	2,315,726	6,180,000	463,500	62,055,000	18,235,000					91,735,000	21,014,226
	\$294,600,869	\$ 98,146,533	\$ 52,565,000	\$ 22,936,730	\$166,120,000	\$ 94,687,866	\$ 10,381,832	\$ 997,673	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 523,667,701	\$ 216,768,802

Business-type activities:

	General C Bor	-	ation	Certifi Partici				Limited Ol Bone	_	tion	Sta Revolvir			Reve Bor		;		To	tal	
Year Ending June 30,	 Principal		Interest	Principal	Put	Interest	P	rincipal		terest	Principal	Interest	Princ		145	Interest		Principal		Interest
2014	\$ 699,403	\$	59,106	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 671,146	\$ 280,006	\$ 67	0,000	\$	253,731	\$	2,040,549	\$	592,843
2015	572,385		31,130	-		-		-		_	671,146	265,106	69	00,000		237,048		1,933,531		533,284
2016	32,343		1,617	-		-		-		-	671,146	250,207	70	5,000		219,867		1,408,489		471,691
2017	-		-	-		-		-		-	671,146	235,307	72	25,000		202,313		1,396,146		437,620
2018	-		-	-		-		-		-	671,146	220,408	74	5,000		184,260		1,416,146		404,668
2019-2023	-		-	-		-		-		-	3,355,729	878,547	4,01	0,000		633,456		7,365,729		1,512,003
2024-2028	-		-	-		-		-		-	3,355,729	506,061	2,64	5,000		132,842		6,000,729		638,903
2029-2044	-		-	-		-		-		-	2,545,676	136,659		-		-		2,545,676		136,659
	\$ 1,304,131	\$	91,853	\$ -	\$	-	\$	- '.	\$	-	\$12,612,864	\$2,772,301	\$ 10,19	0,000	\$	1,863,517	\$ 2	24,106,995	\$	4,727,671

June 30, 2014

E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Revenue bonds

The County also issues bonds where the government pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

In fiscal year 2003, \$24,515,000 of revenue bonds was issued to finance the construction project to expand the existing wastewater treatment facilities. In fiscal year 2013, \$13,985,000 of refunded revenue bonds were issued to refund the 2003 revenue bonds outstanding. The bonds are payable through 2028. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$12,053,517. Principal and interest paid for the year and total customer revenues were \$925,041 and \$11,666,172, respectively. Interest requirements for the revenue bonds are also payable annually at a fixed rate of 2.49%. These debt obligations are secured by a pledge of and lien upon, and payable solely from, the net receipts of the enterprise system and, in certain circumstances, by proceeds of the revenue bonds, investment earnings and certain net insurance and other proceeds. The revenue bonds are additionally secured by and payable from money and securities of certain funds, accounts and subaccounts held by the trustee under the trust agreement and the first supplemental trust agreement. Sewer Utility Fund revenues are used to repay sewer utility long-term obligations. There were no revenue bonds issued in fiscal year 2014.

The ABC Board's long-term debt was \$1,354,114 as of June 30, 2014.

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June 30, 2014

F. COMMITMENTS

1. Leases

The County leases office space and equipment rentals under operating leases. Total costs for such leases were \$634,923 for the year ended June 30, 2014. The future minimum rental payments due under the leases at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

YEAR ENDING JUNE 30,	 OUNTY	ABC BOARD		
2015	\$ 347,669	\$	63,516	
2016	265,316		31,932	
2017	77,698		-	
2018	6,601		-	
2019	 6,601			
TOTAL	\$ 703,885	\$	95,448	

Leased Facilities

Pursuant to agreements executed between the County, Durham Regional Hospital and Duke, effective July 1, 1998, the County began leasing its Hospital facilities to Duke under the terms of an operating lease expiring on June 30, 2018. The cost of leased facilities to the County was \$63,605,860, and the accumulated depreciation and carrying value as of June 30, 2014 were \$25,435,868 and \$38,169,992, respectively. Under the terms of the original agreement, annual minimum lease payments to be remitted to the County for use of the facility were \$3,500,000. These funds are accounted for in the Community Health Trust Fund.

In addition, under the terms of the original agreement, the County was to receive \$1,500,000 annually for the support of emergency medical services previously provided by the Hospital and assumed by the County under the agreements. These funds are accounted for in the General Fund. In addition, Duke agreed to remit \$2,100,000 to the Lincoln Community Health Center, formerly a component unit of the Hospital, for the provision of health services to the citizens of the County. The County has treated this agreement as an operating lease.

A revision to the agreement was entered into on June 29, 2007. Under the terms of the revised agreement, Duke agreed to release its interest in the portion of Durham Regional Hospital commonly known as the Oakleigh Building and the adjacent lot to the Oakleigh Building to be used as a mental health and substance abuse treatment facility by the mental health services of the County. Additionally, a onetime payment of \$500,000 was paid to the County upon the full execution of the amendment, and the annual minimum lease payments to be remitted to the County for use of the facility were reduced to \$3,200,000 effective for fiscal year 2009. Also effective fiscal year 2009, Duke will pay to the County \$100,000 annually over a ten year period

June 30, 2014

F. COMMITMENTS (continued)

for the support of mental health services. There were no changes regarding emergency medical services or medical services provided at LCHC.

On November 24, 2008, a second amendment to the lease agreement and a first amendment to the operating agreement were approved by the Board of County Commissioners, Durham County Hospital Corporation and Duke University Health System. Under the terms of the revised agreement, beginning January 1, 2009, the term of the lease agreement was extended for an additional 40-year term until June 30, 2049, with the term automatically extending each year for one additional year. Under this agreement, the County was paid an additional \$375,000 for fiscal year 2009. For a period of nine (9) years, from July 1, 2009 until June 30, 2018, the County will receive payments of \$3,950,000 per year. For fiscal year 2019, the County will receive payment in the amount of \$2,600,000. From July 1, 2019 through fiscal year 2031, the County will receive \$1,250,000 annually. From July, 1, 2031 through the remainder of the lease term, the County will not receive any further payments for the sublease of the Premises.

Also under the terms of the revised agreement, in support of emergency medical services, an additional \$350,000 payment was paid to the County during fiscal year 2009. In fiscal year 2013 and 2014, the County received \$2,297,513 and \$2,345,072 for these services, respectively. Through the remainder of the lease terms, payments made to the County will be adjusted for inflation using the CPI Index Adjustment. Under the revised agreement, Duke paid an additional \$375,000 to Lincoln Community Health Center for fiscal year 2009. LCHC received payments of \$2,976,324 and \$3,037,934 for fiscal year 2013 and 2014, respectively. Through the remainder of the lease terms, payments made to the LCHC would be adjusted for inflation using the CPI Index Adjustment. If LCHC ceases to exist without a successor entity that operates in the same manner, payment will be made to the County to support public health initiative for the citizens of Durham County.

2. <u>Industrial Extension Policy</u>

The Industrial Extensions Policy (IEP) provides for the expenditure of public funds for the promotion of local economic development when the BOCC considers such development serves a public purpose. The BOCC considers the promotion of local economic development when it assists in the creation of a more stable economy by providing displaced workers with continuing employment opportunities, attracting better paying and more highly skilled jobs, diversifying the local economy and creating a broader tax base from which Durham County can draw funding for other programs that benefit the general health, safety and welfare of the citizens. Any industrial enterprise seeking to qualify for economic development investment funds must provide the County with a written statement which includes specific information as outlined in the policy. They then must receive approval from the BOCC prior to the undertaking of construction. The Board evaluates each enterprise on a case by case basis prior to making a decision whether to provide economic development investment funds. Any enterprise desiring to use economic development investment funds must enter into a performance agreement with Durham County.

June 30, 2014

F. COMMITMENTS (continued)

The determination of whether satisfactory progress has been made shall be the sole discretion of Durham County based upon the performance guidelines set out in the performance agreement. The BOCC views the promotion of the local economic development as an investment in the future of Durham County.

The annual requirements to amortize reimbursements payable under this policy at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

	Governmental activities				
	F	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST		
YEAR ENDING JUNE 30,	_				
2015	\$	1,633,341	\$	_	
2016		1,847,365		-	
2017		1,556,947		-	
2018		713,208		-	
2019		539,873		-	
2020-2024		2,511,865		-	
2025-2029		1,524,365		-	
2030-2034		529,746			
	\$	10,856,710	\$		

Interest requirements related to the Industrial Extensions Policy are nominal.

3. School Facilities

In June 2013, the Board of County Commissioners (BOCC) revised the approved Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) for fiscal years 2014 – 2023 that included school projects totaling \$330,260,205 funded through voter approved general obligation bond referendums in November 2001, November 2003, and November 2007 totaling \$298,763,205, 2/3's general obligation bonds in the amount of \$10,650,000, certificates of participation (COPS) in the amount of \$9,550,000, miscellaneous revenue in the amount of \$5,172,000, and County contributions of \$6,125,000. Total construction in progress for fiscal year 2014 for these projects was \$21,785,800 while total combined construction in progress since inception was \$164,685,557.

4. Construction

The total ten-year estimated and funded project costs of the CIP until June of 2023 is \$921,336,927. The plan continues to serve as a blueprint to meet the growing facility needs of the County. The funding sources for the CIP include: general obligation bonds, 2/3's general obligation bonds, certificates of participation (COPs), bond anticipation notes (BANs), limited obligation bonds (LOBs), revenue bonds, county contributions, sewer utility contributions and other miscellaneous revenues.

June 30, 2014

F. COMMITMENTS (continued)

The CIP allocated funding for fiscal year 2014 in the amount of \$9,943,311. Funds provided approximately \$5,306,811 for capital projects of general governmental activities, \$750,000 for business-type activities, \$3,074,500 for environmental protection activities, and \$812,000 for human service activities.

In December 2002, revenue bonds issued in the amount of \$24,515,000 as a funding source for the continuation of the wastewater treatment plant improvements (Phase II) is complete. The wastewater treatment plant improvement (Phase III) is currently under construction. The funding source for this phase of the wastewater treatment plant improvements (Phase III) is from a State Revolving Fund.

As part of the ten year CIP for fiscal years 2014-2023, a general obligation bond referendum totaling \$207,100,000 was approved by Durham County citizens as a funding source. The referendum funded \$194,240,000 for school facilities, \$8,680,000 for community colleges, and \$4,180,000 for museum facilities. As of fiscal year end, \$167,200,000 of the November 2007 voter approved general obligations bonds was issued.

5. Capital commitments

The County had commitments at June 30, 2014 of approximately \$26,810 for the expansion of the wastewater treatment plant and construction of sewer distribution systems.

Funding for the active projects for governmental activities and business-type activities include general obligation bonds, 2/3's bonds, certificates of participation (COPS), limited obligation bonds (LOBs), revenue bonds, general contributions, sewer utility contributions and other miscellaneous revenues.

6. Other commitments

Reimbursement for expenditures incurred from improvements to property of the Durham Public School System, Durham Technical Community College and various not-for-profit organizations are made upon request by the school systems, Community College and organizations. Because Durham County is not a party to the contracts, the unexecuted balances of such contracts are considered obligations of the Durham Public School System, Durham Technical Community College and various not-for-profit organizations. Additional payments, if any, to be made by Durham County, will be from future appropriations.

The County participates in a number of Federal and State of North Carolina grant awards programs. The disbursements of funds under these programs are subject to audit in accordance with the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, "Audits of State and Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations".

June 30, 2014

F. COMMITMENTS (continued)

The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies resulting from such audit cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects they would be immaterial.

G. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITIES

The following is a schedule of interfund receivable and payable balances as of June 30, 2014:

Due to:

General Fund from Capital Projects Fund

Amount due per BOCC approved interfund loan \$ 732,554

Due from:

Capital Projects Fund to General Fund

Amount due per BOCC approved interfund loan \$ 732,554

The due to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund is because of an interfund loan approved by the BOCC for advance funding to begin construction activity on capital projects until the proceeds from the issuance of debt are received at which time reimbursement will take place.

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June 30, 2014

G. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITIES (continued)

Transfers:

The following is a summary of transfers for the year ended June 30, 2014:

		Transfers in:			
		Capital	Debt	Nonmajor	
	General	Projects	Service	Governmental	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
Transfers out:					
General fund	\$ -	\$5,392,468	\$ 49,519,439	\$ 200,000	\$ 55,111,907
Community health trust fund	5,209,401	-	-	-	5,209,401
Capital projects fund	1,472,011	-	8,488,713	-	9,960,724
Debt service fund	-	475,079	-	-	475,079
Nonmajor governmental funds	2,412,605	-	-	-	2,412,605
Agency Fund	11,466				11,466
Total transfers	\$ 9,105,483	\$5,867,547	\$ 58,008,152	\$ 200,000	\$ 73,181,182

Transfers from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund, the Debt Service Fund and Nonmajor Governmental Fund are for funding general government construction projects per Durham County's Capital Improvement Plan, general government debt payments, and debt forgiveness to the Bethesda Fire Tax Fund, respectively.

Transfers from the Community Health Trust Fund to the General Fund are funding health-related expenditures.

Transfers from the Capital Projects Fund to the General Fund and Debt Service Fund are for unspent unrestricted funds to support future general government construction projects and for unspent restricted funding for general government debt payments, respectively.

Transfer from Debt Service Fund to the Capital Projects Fund are for funding construction of new capital projects.

Transfers from Nonmajor Governmental Funds to the General Fund are for funding public safety expenditures.

Transfers from the Agency Fund to the General Fund are due to the closing of the NC State Treasurer DMV Agency Fund which was created to remit additional interest penalties to the State to fund the North Carolina Vehicle Property Tax System (NCVTS), also known as the "Tag and Tax Together System." The NCVTS was implemented as of September of 2013.

June 30, 2014

H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

1. North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The County and the ABC Board contribute to the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System ("LGERS"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Article 3 of North Carolina General Statute (NCGS) Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute six percent (6%) of their annual covered salary. The County and the ABC Board are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. For the County, the current rate for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers is 7.07% and 7.28%, respectively, of annual covered payroll. For the ABC Board, the current rate for employees is 6.74% and 6.77% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of members and of Durham County and the ABC Board are established, and may be amended, by the North Carolina General Assembly. The County's contributions to LGERS for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$6,003,706, \$5,446,265, and \$5,671,112, respectively. The ABC Board's contributions to LGERS for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$139,150, \$139,208, and \$149,016, respectively. The contributions made by the County and the ABC Board equaled the required contributions for each year.

2. Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description. The County administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85% of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of NCGS Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Separation Allowance is reported in the County's financial statements as a Pension Trust Fund. There is not a stand alone report available for this defined benefit pension plan.

June 30, 2014

H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

The Separation Allowance covers all full-time law enforcement officers of the County. At December 31, 2013, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	14
Active plan members	176
Total	190

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting. The County presents the Separation Allowance in the financial statements using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and when the County has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method used to Value Investments. Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term debt, deposits, repurchase agreements and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust investments are reported at cost or amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

Contributions. The County is required by Article 12D of NCGS Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned by making contributions based on actuarial valuations. For the current year, the County contributed \$366,262 or 4.25% of annual covered payroll. There were no contributions made by employees.

The County's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings.

The annual required contribution for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 was determined as part of the December 31, 2012 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 5.00% investment rate of return and (b) projected salary increase ranging from 4.25% to 7.85% per year. The inflation component was 3.00%. The assumptions did not include postretirement benefit increases. The actuarial value of assets was market value. The remaining amortization period as of December 31, 2012 was eighteen years.

June 30, 2014

H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Asset. The County's annual pension cost and net pension asset to the Separation Allowance for the current year were as follows:

Employer annual required contribution Interest on net pension obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 339,956 (2,394) 3,901
Annual pension cost Employer contributions made for fiscal year ending 6/30/2014	 341,463 366,262
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation Net pension obligation, beginning of fiscal year	 (24,799) (47,876)
Net pension obligation, end of fiscal year	\$ (72,675)

Three-Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year Ended	ual Pension st ("APC")	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Asset
June 30, 2014	\$ 341,463	107.26%	\$ (72,675)
June 30, 2013	293,124	107.28%	(47,876)
June 30, 2012	284,726	99.82%	(26,546)

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of December 31, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 36.10 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$4,011,770 and the actuarial value of assets was \$1,448,309, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$2,563,461. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$8,289,920 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 30.92%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

3. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The County and the ABC Board contribute to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (the "Plan"), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the County. Article 5 of NCGS Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

June 30, 2014

H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

Funding Policy. Article 12 E of NCGS Chapter 143 requires the County to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent (5%) of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the Plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2014 were \$613,466, which consisted of \$430,896 from the County and \$182,570 from the law enforcement officers. The ABC Board also contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan. The ABC Board's contributions to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2014 totaled \$6,319 which consisted of \$5,519 from the ABC Board and \$800 from the law enforcement officers employed by the ABC Board. The County's and the ABC Board's required contributions and the officers' voluntary contributions represented 5% and 2.12%, and 5% and 5%, respectively, of the covered payroll.

4. Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

Plan Description. Durham County also contributes to the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (the "Fund"), a noncontributory, defined contribution plan administered by the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer. The Fund provides supplemental pension benefits to any county register of deeds who is retired under the Local Government Employees' Retirement System ("LGERS") or an equivalent locally sponsored plan. Article 3 of NCGS Chapter 161 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

Funding Policy. On a monthly basis, the County remits to the Department of State Treasurer an amount equal to 1.5% of the monthly receipts collected pursuant to Article 1 of NCGS 161. Immediately following January 1 of each year, the Department of State Treasurer divides 93% of the amount in the Fund at the end of the preceding calendar year into equal shares to be disbursed as monthly benefits. The remaining 7% of the Fund's assets may be used by the State Treasurer in administering the Fund. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the County's required and actual contributions were \$23,656.

5. North Carolina Firemens' and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund

Plan Description. All regular and volunteer firemen whose qualifications are certified by the Board of County Commissioners are eligible to participate in the North Carolina Firemens' and Rescue Squad Workers' Pension Fund (The "Fund"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation administered by the State of North Carolina. The Fund provides pension benefits for eligible fire and rescue squad workers who have elected to become members of the Fund. Article 86 of G.S. Chapter 58 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 3512 Bush Street, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

June 30, 2014

H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

Funding Policy. The County may contribute, for pension benefits, \$10 per month per participant and has no pension plan obligations beyond the amounts paid into the Fund. For the year end June 30, 2014, the County contributed \$1,880.

6. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Non-Law Enforcement Personnel

Plan Description. The County provides pension benefits for all its non-law enforcement employees, working more than twenty hours per week, through a defined contribution plan administered by Prudential. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate from the date of employment. The Board of County Commissioners (BOCC) has established the plan which requires the County to contribute each month an amount equal to 5% of each employee's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Employees are not required to contribute to the plan. The BOCC has the authority to establish and amend the plan's provisions and the authority to establish and amend the contribution requirements to the plan.

Funding Policy. The County's contributions were calculated using a covered payroll amount of \$76,044,137. The County's total payroll was \$86,710,100. Total contributions for the year ended June 30, 2014 were \$5,916,112, which consisted of \$3,813,274 from the County and \$2,102,838 from the non-law enforcement personnel. The County's required contribution and the non-law enforcement personnel's voluntary contribution represented 6.82% of the covered payroll amount.

7. Other Post-Employment Benefits

Plan Description. Under the terms of a County resolution, the County administers a singleemployer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). For employees hired on or after July 1, 2006, this plan provides post-employment healthcare benefits to retirees of the County who participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) and have at least thirty years of creditable service with the County. Also, the plan provides post-employment healthcare benefits to employees hired after July 1, 2006 who are age 60 or more with twenty-five years or more of continuous service. Prior to July 1, 2006, employees qualified for the same level of benefits after at least twenty years of creditable service with the County. The County pays full cost of coverage for these benefits until they reach age 65 or until they are eligible to receive Medicare benefits, whichever comes first. At that time such coverage is terminated, and the County pays full cost of a Medicare supplement policy. Also, retirees with at least ten years of service can purchase coverage at the County's group rates for themselves and for their dependents at the County's group rate for healthcare, dental and vision until they become Medicare eligible. In addition, all employees with ten or more years of service will receive a death benefit in the amount of \$10,000 at no cost to the retiree. The BOCC may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

June 30, 2014

H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at December 31, 2012, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

		Law
	General	Enforcement
	Employees	Officers
Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	471	19
Active plan members	1,634	<u>172</u>
Total	2,105	<u> 191</u>

Funding Policy. The County pays 95% of the cost of Basic coverage healthcare benefits to qualified retirees. The County pays 100% of the cost of the Core coverage healthcare benefit to qualified retirees who complete an annual health risk assessment. These benefits are provided under a County resolution that can be amended by the BOCC. The County's members pay monthly for themselves with ten to twenty-four years of service and for dependent coverage at the County's group rates. For retirees that qualify for full cost coverage, the monthly rates for healthcare are: for retiree only coverage, the monthly rates are \$103 for the Premium option, \$0 for the Core option, \$0 for the Basic option; for family dependent coverage, the monthly rates are \$1,404 for the premium option, \$985 for the Core option and \$733 for the Basic option; for the spouse only coverage, the monthly rates are \$854 for the Premium option, \$547 for the Core option and \$437 for the Basic option; and for the child only coverage, the monthly rates are \$444 for the Premium option, \$367 for the Core option and \$317 for the Basic option. For retirees with ten to twenty-four years of service, the monthly rates for healthcare are: for retiree only coverage, the monthly rates are \$638 for the Premium option, \$535 for the Core option, \$497 for the Basic option; for retiree/family dependent coverage, the monthly rates are \$1,939 for the premium option, \$1,520 for the Core option and \$1,268 for the Basic option; for the retiree/spouse only coverage, the monthly rates are \$1,389 for the Premium option, \$1,082 for the Core option and \$972 for the Basic option; and for the retiree/child only coverage, the monthly rates are \$979 for the Premium option, \$902 for the Core option and \$852 for the Basic option Retirees with ten or more years of service can participate in the County's dental plan at the County's group rates for themselves and dependents. For retiree only, the monthly rate is \$54; for retiree/family dependent coverage, the monthly rate is \$153; for retiree/spouse only coverage, the monthly rate is \$122; and for the retiree/child coverage, the monthly rate was \$112. Retirees with ten or more years of service can also participate in the County's vision plan at the County's group rates for themselves and dependents. For retiree only, the monthly rate is \$9.50; for retiree/family dependent coverage, the monthly rate is \$23; for retiree/spouse only coverage, the monthly rate is \$14.65; and for the retiree/child coverage, the monthly rate was \$15.35. In addition, all employees with ten or more years of service will receive a death benefit in the amount of \$10,000 at no cost to the retiree. The County at this time has chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay as you go basis.

June 30, 2014

H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

The current ARC rate is 9.54% of annual covered payroll. For the current year, the County contributed \$2,494,942 or 2.95% of annual covered payroll. The County obtains healthcare coverage through private insurers. The County's required contributions for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers represented 2.58% and .37% of covered payroll, respectively. For the current year, the County did not contribute to an irrevocable trust but rather set aside funding for the HCB Plan in the fund balance of the General Fund in the amount of \$4,187,877 which represents 52.34% of ARC. The total committed fund balance for OPEB as of fiscal year end for the General Fund was \$36,839,910. Currently, 537 retirees are eligible for health benefits. The County's obligation to contribute to the HCB Plan is established and may be amended by the BOCC.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. Post-employment expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. No funds are set aside to pay benefits and administration costs. Those expenditures are paid as they come due.

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June 30, 2014

H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The County's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation for the healthcare benefits:

Annual required contribution	\$ 8,002,006
Valuation Discount Rate	4.00%
Interest on net OPEB obligation	1,639,399
Amortization Factor	26.1695
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(1,566,136)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$ 8,075,269
Employer contributions made	2,494,942
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	\$ 5,580,327
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	40,984,987
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	<u>\$46,565,314</u>

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual	Percentage of Annual	Net OPEB
June 30	OPEB Cost	OPEB Cost Contributed	Obligation
2014	\$ 8,075,269	30.90%	\$46,565,314
2013	8,065,601	32.90%	40,984,987
2012	7,481,180	29.28%	35,575,947

Funding Status and Funding Progress. As of December 31, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits and, thus, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was \$95,709,409. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$79,334,694 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 120.60%. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements and presented as multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

June 30, 2014

H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members at that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the December 31, 2012 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.00 percent investment rate of return, representative values of the annual rates of separation, deaths after retirement according to the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality table with Projection Scale AA, asset valuation method of market value, annual medical cost trend rates, pre-medicare 8.50 to 5.00 percent and post-medicare 6.25 to 5.00 percent annually, ultimate trend rate year is 2018 with a 3.00% inflation rate, per capita costs adjusted to reflect expected cost changes related to age, anticipated plan participation of 100% and annual expected claim estimates for pre-65 and post-65. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2012 was 30 years.

8. Other Employment Benefits

The County has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer State-administered cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. Employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to his/her death, but the benefit will be a minimum of \$25,000 and will not exceed \$50,000.

All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The County has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. Because the benefit payments are made by the Death Benefit Plan and not by the County, the County does not determine the number of eligible participants. Contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Due to a surplus, the State temporarily stopped employer contributions to the LGERS Death Benefit Plan effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Because the County has contributed to the death benefit plan for more than twenty years, the County is not required to contribute to the plan for three fiscal years. Because of the State's decision, the County did not make contributions for

June 30, 2014

H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

The net position of the Death Benefit Plan is not available for future benefit payments but will be used to reduce future contribution requirements.

I. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damaged to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County accounts for and finances the risks of loss in the General Fund.

Benefits Plan – The County has a partially self-funded benefits plan. The County funds a core plan (health, dental, vision, life insurance and dependent coverage). The County reports claims expenditures and liabilities in the General Fund. During fiscal year 2014, a total of \$19,823,333 was incurred for benefits and administrative costs of the plan. As of June 30, 2014, the incurred but not reported liability was \$1,360,000.

Workers' Compensation – The County maintains a limited risk, self-insurance program to provide workers' compensation benefits to County employees. Premiums for Workers' Compensation are paid by other funds of the County and are available to pay claims of the program. A total of \$966,595 was incurred for benefits during the fiscal year 2014.

The County is self-insured for workers' compensation. The County also has a program to limit or otherwise handle liability exposures which includes auto liability, general liability, employment practices and professional liability. Payments for claims have not exceeded appropriated funds in any of the past three fiscal years. The County maintains a property insurance policy to cover its buildings. Durham County maintains a committed fund balance for risk management.

In accordance with North Carolina General Statute 159-29, the County's Chief Financial Officer and Tax Collector are each individually bonded for \$250,000. In addition, the County's Sheriff and Register of Deeds are each individually bonded \$25,000 and \$50,000, respectively. Other employees who have access to cash and inventory are covered under a blanket bond in the amount of \$250,000.

Durham County ABC Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Board has commercial property, general liability, auto liability, workers' compensation and employee health coverage. The Board also has liquor legal liability coverage. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settlement claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

June 30, 2014

I. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

In accordance with G.S. 18B-700(I), each board member and the employees designated as the general manager and finance officer are bonded in the amount of \$50,000, secured by a corporate surety.

J. LITIGATION

The County follows the practice of recording liabilities resulting from claims and legal actions only when they become fixed or estimable in amount. There are currently legal actions against the County which are being vigorously defended, that are not fixed and cannot be estimated in amount; however, the County Attorney estimates that any potential liability resulting from this litigation would not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the County.

K. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Triangle J Council of Governments

Durham County, in conjunction with five other counties and thirty municipalities, established the Triangle J Council of Governments ("Council"). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from Federal and State agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board. The County paid membership fees of \$54,964 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. There is no on-going financial interest or responsibility by the County.

Triangle Transit Authority

Durham County, in conjunction with other area local governments, is a member of the Research Triangle Regional Public Transportation Authority. Durham County appoints one member to the governing board and jointly appoints a second member with the City of Durham (the "City"). The

Authority possesses final decision making ability and is solely responsible for the management, budget and fiscal operations of the Authority.

L. JOINT VENTURES WITHOUT EQUITY INTEREST

Durham and Wake Counties Research and Production Service District and Advisory Committee

The Durham and Wake Counties Research and Production Service District Advisory Committee is a special taxing district governed by a ten-member board of which the individuals must be recommended by the Research Triangle Park and Tenants Association. The function of the Board is to make recommendations to the County Commissioners concerning the budget and tax rate to be set for the Special District/Research Triangle Park area. The District is a joint venture of the two Boards of County Commissioners; however, the County does not have an equity interest in the District.

June 30, 2014

L. JOINT VENTURES WITHOUT EQUITY INTEREST (continued)

The District may issue bonds or other obligations pursuant to the provisions of the Local Government Bond Act of the North Carolina General Statutes and is empowered to cause taxes to be levied upon all taxable property within its district in Durham and Wake Counties sufficient to meet financial obligations. The County does not approve the budget of the District, nor does the County control the collection or disbursement of District funds.

The following is a summary of certain unaudited financial information of the District for the year ended June 30, 2014:

Total assets	\$ 1,213,425
Total liabilities	(115,943)
Total equity	\$ 1,097,482
Total revenues	\$ 1,392,898
Total expenditures	(1,276,226)
Decrease in fund balance	\$ 116,672

Complete financial statements may be obtained at the Durham and Wake Counties Research and Production Service District Advisory Committee, Post Office Box 12255, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27709.

Raleigh-Durham Airport Authority

The Raleigh-Durham Airport Authority is governed by a board appointed to plan and conduct the operations of the Raleigh-Durham International Airport (the "Airport Authority"). The eight-member governing body is jointly appointed by the City of Durham, City of Raleigh, County of

Durham and County of Wake, with each member government appointing two members to the Airport Authority Board. The Airport Authority Board selects the management and determines the budget and financing requirements for airport operations. The County and other participating governments each appropriate \$12,500 annually to cover administration expenses incurred by the Airport Authority.

The participating governments have no equity interest in the joint venture, so no equity interest is reflected in the County's financial statements. Complete financial statements for the Airport Authority may be obtained from the airport's administrative offices at 1051 Cargo Drive, Raleigh, North Carolina 27623.

Durham Technical Community College

Durham County provides funds to Durham Technical Community College, primarily for capital

June 30, 2014

L. JOINT VENTURES WITHOUT EQUITY INTEREST (continued)

improvement and maintenance of facilities. In accordance with State law, the County appoints four of the thirteen Board of Trustee members. The County does not designate management or significantly influence operations, and the College is not accountable to the County for its fiscal matters beyond the County's appropriation to the College. The County's fiscal year 2014 appropriation of approximately \$5.725 million to the College represents approximately 16.00% of its total current non-operating revenues, with the majority of funding being provided by the State of North Carolina Department of Community Colleges. In addition, the County contributed \$302,500 to capital outlay bringing the County's contribution to Durham Technical Community College capital outlay to 63.00%. The County does not have an equity interest in the joint venture; therefore, no equity interest has been reflected in the County's financial statements at June 30, 2014. Complete financial statements for the College may be obtained at their administrative offices at 1637 Lawson Street, Durham, North Carolina 27703.

M. JOINT VENTURES WITH EQUITY INTEREST

Durham Convention and Visitors Bureau

The Durham Convention and Visitors Bureau (the "Bureau") was established in fiscal year 1989 in conjunction with a County occupancy tax levy to promote and solicit business, conventions, meetings and tourism in Durham County. The governing body of the Bureau is an eleven-member Board of Directors with five members appointed by the City of Durham, five members appointed by the County of Durham and one member jointly appointed.

Funding is derived from the occupancy tax levied upon the rental of rooms, lodging or similar accommodations. Monthly, the County is required to distribute to the Bureau a percentage of the tax collected. The Bureau is a joint venture between the County of Durham and the City of Durham with the County having a 57.5% equity interest and the City having a 42.5% equity interest.

The Durham County Board of Commissioners and the Durham City Council must approve the budget and all amendments.

At June 30, 2014, the County recorded an equity interest in the Bureau of \$742,200 which is included in the investment in joint venture in the statement of net position. Complete financial statements may be obtained at the administrative offices at 101 East Morgan Street, Durham, North Carolina 27701.

June 30, 2014

M. JOINT VENTURES WITH EQUITY INTEREST (continued)

Durham Civic Center Authority

The Durham Civic Center Authority (the "Authority") is a joint venture established by the County and the City and is assigned such powers as necessary, reasonable and practicable for the operation and maintenance of the Civic Center Facility. The Authority consists of seven members who are appointed to three-year terms. Three members are appointed by the County and three members by the City with the seventh member being selected by the six members appointed by the County and City. The members elect from its membership a Chairman and Vice Chairman of the Authority.

Policies, procedures and fees related to the Civic Center operation are recommended by the Authority and approved by the County and City. Employees of the Authority are jointly appointed by the County and City Managers, and any employees so appointed are employees of the City. All budgeting and accounting of the Authority, including collection and disbursement of Authority funds, are a part of the budgeting and accounting system of the City.

On October 9, 1987, the County and City of Durham entered into agreements with a private developer to purchase an eighty-two thousand (82,000) square foot Civic Center. The County and City initially deposited \$17,300,000 (\$3,000,000 by the County and \$14,300,000 by the City) in escrow which together with interest earned was used to purchase the facility. As of June 30, 2006, the County had attained 50% equity interest in the Civic Center by the initial deposit of \$3,000,000 and additional equity purchases of \$8,089,177 per the agreement. Therefore, the County has fulfilled its agreement regarding the Civic Center and no additional equity purchases are due.

In January 2004, the City of Durham refunded debt that included the Civic Center Authority's long-term debt. Therefore, the Civic Center Authority's long-term debt consists of \$1,110,123 in general obligation bonds issued by the City of Durham, maturing in varying installments from 1997 to 2008 with interest at 2.00% to 4.00%. The debt is being serviced from property tax revenues of the City and amounts for additional equity purchases made by the County. The County's net investment in the Authority is reported in the investment in joint venture in the statement of net position. At June 30, 2014, the County's equity interest in the Authority was \$11,068,368.

The County also shares with the City in funding all costs arising out of the management, operation, maintenance and repair of the Civic Center. In 2014, the amount funded by the County was approximately \$162,219. Complete financial statements for the Authority may be obtained from the City of Durham's administrative offices at 101 City Hall Plaza, Durham, North Carolina 27701.

The total investment in joint venture for Durham County recorded in the statement of net position for governmental activities for the above two ventures at June 30, 2014 is \$11,810,568.

June 30, 2014

N. BENEFIT PAYMENTS ISSUED BY FEDERAL AND STATE

The amounts listed below were paid directly to individual recipients by the state from federal and state monies. County personnel are involved with certain functions, primarily eligibility determinations that cause benefit payments to be issued by the state. These amounts disclose this additional aid to County recipients which do not appear in the basic financial statements because they are not revenues and expenditures of the County.

Federal		State	
\$	188,036,545	\$	102,009,495
	6,670,981		2,104,692
	66,846,748		-
	1,389,726		-
	-		2,149,560
	899,509		235,954
	-		744,979
	61,865		-
\$	263,905,374	\$	107,244,680
	\$	\$ 188,036,545 6,670,981 66,846,748 1,389,726 - 899,509 - 61,865	\$ 188,036,545 \$ 6,670,981 66,846,748 1,389,726 - 899,509 - 61,865

O. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The County has evaluated subsequent events through November 20, 2014, in connection with the preparation of these financial statements which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Tab)

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (A)	Actuarial Accrued Liability ("AAL") Project Unit Credit (B)	Unfunded AAL ("UAAL") (B-A)	Funded Ratio (A/B)	Covered Payroll (C)	UAAL as a percentage of Covered payroll [(B-A)/C]
December 31, 2004	771,369	1,619,670	848,301	47.63%	6,644,935	12.77%
December 31, 2005	917,145	1,584,272	667,127	57.89%	7,001,821	9.53%
December 31, 2006	990,493	1,780,366	789,873	55.63%	7,264,791	10.87%
December 31, 2007	947,134	2,184,572	1,237,438	43.36%	7,612,751	16.25%
December 31, 2008	1,050,679	2,504,144	1,453,465	41.96%	7,893,250	18.41%
December 31, 2009	1,114,755	3,512,206	2,397,451	31.74%	7,717,626	31.06%
December 31, 2010	1,284,867	3,439,501	2,154,634	37.36%	7,735,575	27.86%
December 31, 2011	1,342,095	3,579,234	2,237,139	37.50%	7,545,748	29.65%
December 31, 2012	1,372,152	4,000,318	2,628,166	34.30%	7,986,429	32.91%
December 31, 2013	1,448,309	4,011,770	2,563,461	36.10%	8,289,920	30.92%

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ended June 30,	Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed
2005	138,885	114.89%
2006	162,469	106.14%
2007	143,800	0.00%
2008	162,267	102.15%
2009	198,118	104.91%
2010	217,461	99.46%
2011	300,964	99.74%
2012	284,465	99.91%
2013	292,799	107.40%
2014	339,956	107.74%

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Notes to Required Schedules

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date December 31, 2013

Actuarial cost method Project unit credit

Amortization method Level dollar closed

Remaining amortization period 17 years

Asset valuation method Market value

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return* 5.00%

Projected salary increases 4.25% to 7.85%

*Includes inflation at: 3.00%

Cost of living adjustments None

Other Postemployment Benefits Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (A)		Actuarial Accrued Liability ("AAL") Project Unit Credit (B)	Unfunded AAL ("UAAL") (B-A)	Funded Ratio (A/B)	Covered Payroll (C)	UAAL as a percentage of Covered payroll [(B-A)/C]
December 31, 2005	\$	-	\$ 150,676,744	\$ 150,676,744	0.00%	\$ 62,503,289	241.10%
December 31, 2008		-	80,802,284	80,802,284	0.00%	78,956,072	102.30%
December 31, 2010		-	92,462,774	92,462,774	0.00%	83,767,601	110.40%
December 31, 2012		-	95,709,409	95,709,409	0.00%	79,334,694	120.60%

Other Postemployment Benefits Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ended June 30,	Annual Required Contribution		Percentage Contributed
2008	\$	13,552,376	6.37%
2009		7,168,139	15.54%
2010		7,168,139	16.24%
2011		7,436,944	26.12%
2012		7,436,944	29.45%
2013		8,065,601	33.20%
2014		8,002,006	31.18%

Other Postemployment Benefits Notes to Required Schedules

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date December 31, 2012

Actuarial cost method Projected unit credit

Amortization method Level percent of pay, open

Amortization factor 26.1695

Remaining amortization period 30 years

Asset valuation method Market value of assets

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return* 4.00%

Medical cost trend rate:

Pre-medicare 8.50% to 5.00% Post-medicare 6.25% to 5.00%

Year of ultimate trend rate 2018

*Includes inflation at: 3.00%

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (TAB)

COMBINING and INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS and SCHEDULES

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Debt Service Fund – to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned for principal and interest related costs for all general long-term debt other than debt issued for and serviced by proprietary funds.

Capital Projects Fund – to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlays, including the acquisition, construction or improvement of major capital facilities and other capital assets other than those financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations or other governments.



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Debt Service Fund Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Bu	dget		Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance	
Revenues					
Investments	\$ 15,082	\$ 15,082	\$ 15,767	\$ 685	
Intergovernmental revenues	518,221	518,221	480,909	(37,312)	
Charges for services	250,000	250,000	440,678	190,678	
Total revenues	783,303	783,303	937,354	154,051	
Expenditures					
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	35,780,220	35,305,220	34,261,816	1,043,404	
Interest and fiscal charges	24,091,537	24,091,458	23,354,161	737,297	
Debt issuance costs	-	-	454,869	(454,869)	
Total expenditures	59,871,757	59,396,678	58,070,846	1,325,832	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(59,088,454)	(58,613,375)	(57,133,492)	1,479,883	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	59,063,454	59,063,454	58,008,152	(1,055,302)	
Transfers out	-	(475,079)	(475,079)	-	
Premium on issuance of refinancing	-	-	7,025,669	7,025,669	
Issuance of refunding bonds	-	-	44,635,000	44,635,000	
Payment to refunded debt escrow agent	-	-	(51,200,000)	(51,200,000)	
Appropriated fund balance	25,000	25,000		(25,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	59,088,454	58,613,375	57,993,742	(619,633)	
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	_\$ -	860,250	\$ 860,250	
Fund balance - beginning			7,347,048		
Fund balance - ending			\$ 8,207,298		

Schedule of Expenditures Compared with Project Authorizations Capital Projects Fund From Project Inception and for the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2014

	EXPENI	DITURES		
	CURRENT	PRIOR	SPENT	REMAINING
PROJECT	YEAR	YEARS	TO DATE	COMMITMENT
Durham Public School Projects	\$ 21,785,800	\$ 142,899,757	\$ 164,685,557	\$ 214,518,792
Justice Center	1,179,839	112,145,036	113,324,875	2,921,580
NCML & Bioquest	265,818	14,475,018	14,740,836	399,976
NCMLS New Exhibits Project	389,985	-	389,985	110,015
County Storage Facility	414,067	2,662,278	3,076,345	23,655
Human Services Complex	8,435,396	80,150,401	88,585,797	1,663,062
Southwest Branch Library	23,336	6,274,092	6,297,428	224,999
County Stadium New Signage Project	8,250	-	8,250	216,750
Administrative Building Elevator Renovation	235,854	-	235,854	385,346
Judicial Building Renovation Phase II	558	201	759	1,960,240
Ongoing Parking Resurfacing Project	7,590	-	7,590	234,132
Ongoing HVAC Replacement Project	31,693	-	31,693	584,082
South Regional Library	8,000	9,058,483	9,066,483	618,072
Scattered Site Housing Program	-	525,234	525,234	51,707
Crim Justice Resource Center	59,561	3,626,978	3,686,539	597,635
Open Space/Farmland Preservation	591,172	6,927,888	7,519,060	3,681,695
DTCC Campus Improvements	957,507	6,349,992	7,307,499	892,501
DTCC Newton Building	-	-	-	4,000,000
DTCC Northern Durham	-	-	-	1,000,000
DTCC Main Campus Extension	-	1,800,000	1,800,000	200,000
Scattered Site Housing Project III	43,394	16,238	59,632	340,369
EMS Station #1 Renovations	17,727	204,116	221,843	1,476,656
Fiber Optic Network	-	569,620	569,620	211,380
FY12 HR ERP Upgrade	68,881	2,079,526	2,148,407	381,844
Rougemont Community Water System	72,228	-	72,228	1,197,772
Urban Ministry Sprinkler Upgrade Project	600	-	600	474,400
12 County IT Hardware Replacement	2,188,483	1,002,307	3,190,790	4,721,123
2014 800 MHZ Radio System Upgrade Project	2,900,000	-	2,900,000	-
12 Sheriff Technology Upgrade	1,928	586,490	588,418	11,482
13 Telecommunications Upgrade	88,752	-	88,752	211,248
Utility Performance Contract Project	710,816	3,764,744	4,475,560	73,440
FY12 BW Technical Upgrade	-	210,378	210,378	29,622
Single Family Rehabilitation Project	51,809	241,019	292,828	1,973
	\$ 40,539,044	\$ 395,569,796	\$ 436,108,840	\$ 243,415,548

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Private-purpose Trust Funds

George R. Linder Memorial Private-purpose Trust Fund – to account for and report resources legally held in trust for the use of acquiring public speakers/lecturers for the Library and functions sponsored by the Library. The fund also receives gift donations to purchase books in the honor of individuals.

Vic Pearson Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Memorial Private-purpose Trust Fund – to account for and report resources legally held in trust for use of assisting EMS employees and/or their families after serious injuries, sickness and/or deaths to them or immediate family members.



Combining Statement of Net Position Private-purpose Trust Funds June 30, 2014

	Lir Men Private-	rge R. nder norial purpose t Fund	M Priva	Pearson EMS emorial te-purpose ust Fund	Total Private-purpose Trust Funds		
Assets		_				_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,781	\$	31,839	\$	37,620	
Total assets		5,781		31,839		37,620	
Liabilities							
Accounts payable				200		200	
Total liabilities				200		200	
Net position Held in trust for:							
Individuals, organizations, and other governments		5,781		31,639		37,420	
Total net position	\$	5,781	\$	31,639	\$	37,420	

Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position Private-purpose Trust Funds Year Ended June 30, 2014

	George R. Linder Memorial Private-purpose Trust Fund		Mo Privat	Pearson EMS emorial te-purpose ist Fund	Total Private-purpose Trust Funds		
Additions							
Employee contributions	\$	-	\$	5,479	\$	5,479	
Donations		-		314		314	
Investment income		7		9		16	
Total additions		7		5,802		5,809	
Deductions							
Benefits		-		1,100		1,100	
Total deductions		-		1,100		1,100	
Change in net position		7		4,702		4,709	
Total net position - beginning		5,774		26,937		32,711	
Total net position - ending	\$	5,781	\$	31,639	\$	37,420	

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Fire Tax District Funds – to account for and report the proceeds of special district taxes for the Bethesda, Lebanon, Parkwood, Redwood, New Hope, Eno, and Bahama Volunteer Fire Departments. Payments of the amounts appropriated for the seven fire districts are made on a monthly basis during the fiscal year.

Bethesda Service Tax District Fund – to account for and report the proceeds of special service district taxes for providing fire protection to the Bethesda Rural Fire District. As of July 1, 2013, the County provides the fire services to this district. Funding is transferred from this fund to the County's general fund as a funding source for the cost of providing these fire services.

Butner Safety District Fund – to account for and report the proceeds of the special district established through State Legislation for the police and fire protection for Camp Butner State Preservation. Payments of the amounts appropriated are made to the State of North Carolina.

Special Park District Fund – to account for and report the proceeds of special district taxes for maintenance and beautification of the Research Triangle Park. Payments of the amounts appropriated are made on a monthly basis during the fiscal year.



Combined Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

	Special Revenue Funds			
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents / investments	\$	1,173,674		
Cash and cash equivalents / investments - restricted		107,749		
Net property taxes receivable		70,237		
Due from other governments - federal and state agencies	Ф.	26,986		
Total assets	<u> </u>	1,378,646		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	2,462		
Total liabilities	Ψ	2,462		
Deferred inflows of resources				
Prepaid taxes		16,345		
Net property taxes receivable		70,237		
Total deferred inflows of resources		86,582		
Fund balances				
Assigned for subsequent year		59,703		
Assigned		1,229,899		
Total fund balances		1,289,602		
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources	Φ	4 070 040		
and fund balances	\$	1,378,646		

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Special Revenue Funds
Revenues	
Taxes	\$ 7,407,217
Intergovernmental revenues	119,520
Investments	 2,278
Total revenues	 7,529,015
Expenditures Current:	
Public safety	3,831,524
Economic and physical development	734,851
Total expenditures	4,566,375
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	
over (under) expenditures	2,962,640
Other financing sources (uses)	
Transfers in	200,000
Transfers out	 (2,412,605)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (2,212,605)
Net change in fund balances	750,035
Fund balance - beginning	 539,567
Fund balance - ending	\$ 1,289,602



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2014

					FIRE TAX DISTRICTS				
	Ве	ethesda	L	.ebanon	Pa	arkwood	Re	edwood	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents / investments	\$	6,763	\$	476,140	\$	67,318	\$	71,184	
Cash and cash equivalents / investments - restricted	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	
Net property taxes receivable		6,992		10,859		4,532		20,572	
Due from other governments - federal and state agencies		-		9,288		3,635		5,513	
Total assets	\$	13,755	\$	496,287	\$	75,485	\$	97,269	
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	504	\$	-	
Total liabilities		-		-		504		-	
Deferred inflows of resources									
Prepaid taxes		-		117		9,375		6,028	
Net property taxes receivable		6,992		10,859		4,532		20,572	
Total deferred inflows of resources		6,992		10,976		13,907		26,600	
Fund balances									
Assigned for subsequent year		-		55,203		-		-	
Assigned		6,763		430,108		61,074		70,669	
Total fund balances		6,763		485,311		61,074		70,669	
Total liabilities , deferred inflows of									
resources and fund balances	\$	13,755	\$	496,287	\$	75,485	\$	97,269	

			Bethesda Service Tax			Butner Safety District		Special Park District		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue			
Ne	w Hope		Eno		Bahama		District		Fund		Fund		Funds
\$	28,479	\$	32,259	\$	163,170	\$	291,495	\$	21,264	\$	15,602	\$	1,173,674
Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ.	-	*	107,749	Ψ		*		Ψ	107,749
	977		746		4,784		17,661		139		2,975		70,23
	451		329		2,432		5,300		-		38		26,986
\$	29,907	\$	33,334	\$	170,386	\$	422,205	\$	21,403	\$	18,615	\$	1,378,646
\$	35	\$	_	\$	253	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,670	\$	2,462
	35		-		253		-		-		1,670		2,462
	_		_		141		503		_		181		16,34
	977		746		4,784		17,661		139		2,975		70,23
	977		746		4,925		18,164		139		3,156		86,58
	_		_		4,500		_		_		-		59,70
	28,895		32,588		160,708		404,041		21,264		13,789		1,229,89
	28,895		32,588		165,208		404,041		21,264		13,789		1,289,60
\$	29,907	\$	33,334	\$	170,386	\$	422,205	\$	21,403	\$	18,615	\$	1,378,64

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2014

					FIR	E TAX	DISTRICTS
	В	ethesda	Lebanon		Parkwood	F	Redwood
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	13,520	\$ 1,119,815	\$	1,579,597	\$	788,193
Intergovernmental revenues		1,122	1,929		563		1,653
Investments		75	659		151		164
Total revenues		14,717	1,122,403	_	1,580,311		790,010
Expenditures							
Current:							
Public safety		-	486,073		1,494,672		755,391
Economic and physical development			 				
Total expenditures			 486,073		1,494,672		755,391
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		14,717	 636,330		85,639		34,619
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in		200,000	=		=		=
Transfers out		-	 (527,778)		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		200,000	 (527,778)		-		-
Net change in fund balances		214,717	108,552		85,639		34,619
Fund balance - beginning		(207,954)	376,759		(24,565)		36,050
Fund balance - ending	\$	6,763	\$ 485,311	\$	61,074	\$	70,669

Na	еw Норе	Eno	Bahama	1	Bethesda Service Tax		e Safety District		Special Park District Fund	al Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds						
INE	ем поре	 EIIO	 Danama		District		T UIIU		Funa		Funa		runa		runa	 runus
\$	85,814	\$ 32,494	\$ 805,528	\$	2,246,591	\$	4	\$	735,661	\$ 7,407,217						
	23 59	21 61	533 543		113,653 468		14		9 73	119,520 2,278						
	85,896	 32,576	 806,604		2,360,712		25 43		735,743	7,529,015						
	78,942	32,076	912,526		71,844		-		-	3,831,524						
	78,942	 32,076	 912,526		71,844				734,851 734,851	 734,851						
	70,942	 32,076	 912,320		71,044				734,031	 4,566,375						
	6,954	 500	 (105,922)		2,288,868		43		892	 2,962,640						
	-	-	-		(1,884,827)		-		-	200,000 (2,412,605)						
		-	<u> </u>		(1,884,827)		<u> </u>	_	<u>-</u>	(2,212,605)						
	6,954	500	(105,922)		404,041		43		892	750,035						
	21,941	32,088	 271,130				21,221		12,897	539,567						
\$	28,895	\$ 32,588	\$ 165,208	\$	404,041	\$	21,264	\$	13,789	\$ 1,289,602						

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual- Bethesda Fire Tax District Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Ori	ginal	Final	Actual	(N	ositive egative) ariance
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 13,520	\$	13,520
Intergovernmental revenues		-	-	1,122		1,122
Investments		-	 	75		75
Total revenues		-	 	 14,717		14,717
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		-	200,000	200,000		-
Transfers out		-	(50,000)	-		50,000
Appropriated fund balance			(150,000)	-		150,000
Total other financing sources (uses)				 200,000		200,000
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$ 	214,717	\$	214,717
Fund balance - beginning				 (207,954)		
Fund balance - ending				\$ 6,763		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual- Lebanon Fire Tax District Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative) Variance
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 1,059,659	\$ 1,063,159	\$ 1,119,815	\$ 56,656
Intergovernmental revenues	-	_	1,929	1,929
Investments	-	-	659	659
Total revenues	1,059,659	1,063,159	1,122,403	59,244
Expenditures				
Public safety	484,323	487,823	486,073	1,750
Total expenditures	484,323	487,823	486,073	1,750
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	575,336	575,336	636,330	60,994
Other financing sources (uses)	(040 500)	(040 500)	(507.770)	00.750
Transfers out	(610,536)	(610,536)	(527,778)	82,758
Appropriated fund balance Total other financing sources (uses)	35,200 (575,336)	35,200 (575,336)	(527,778)	<u>(35,200)</u> 47,558
Total other illianding sources (uses)	(373,330)	(373,330)	(321,110)	47,556
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	108,552	\$ 108,552
Fund balance - beginning			376,759	
Fund balance - ending			\$ 485,311	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual- Parkwood Fire Tax District Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative) Variance
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 1,501,988	\$ 1,503,238	\$ 1,579,597	\$ 76,359
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	563	563
Investments	-	-	151	151
Total revenues	1,501,988	1,503,238	1,580,311	77,073
Expenditures Public safety Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,501,988 1,501,988	1,503,238 1,503,238	1,494,672 1,494,672 85,639	8,566 8,566 85,639
Net change in fund balances	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	85,639	\$ 85,639
Fund balance - beginning Fund balance - ending			(24,565) \$ 61,074	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual- Redwood Fire Tax District Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2014

	C	Original		Final	Actual	(N	ositive egative) ariance
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	744,319	\$	746,319	\$ 788,193	\$	41,874
Intergovernmental revenues Investments		-		-	1,653 164		1,653 164
Total revenues		744,319		746,319	790,010		43,691
Expenditures							
Public safety		754,319		756,319	 755,391		928
Total expenditures		754,319		756,319	 755,391		928
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(10,000)		(10,000)	 34,619		44,619
Other financing sources (uses)							
Appropriated fund balance		10,000		10,000	-		(10,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		10,000		10,000			(10,000)
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$		34,619	\$	34,619
			_		- 1,- 1	_	
Fund balance - beginning					 36,050		
Fund balance - ending					\$ 70,669		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual- New Hope Fire Tax District Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2014

	 Priginal	Final	Positive (Negative) Variance		
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 78,871	\$ 79,071	\$ 85,814	\$	6,743
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	23		23
Investments	-	-	59		59
Total revenues	78,871	79,071	85,896		6,825
Expenditures Public safety	78,871	79,071	78,942		129
Total expenditures	78,871	79,071	78,942		129
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	-	-	6,954		6,954
Net change in fund balances	\$ 	\$ 	6,954	\$	6,954
Fund balance - beginning			21,941		
Fund balance - ending			\$ 28,895		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual- Eno Fire Tax District Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2014

	0	riginal	Final	Actual	(Neg	sitive jative) iance
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	32,029	\$ 32,029	\$ 32,494	\$	465
Intergovernmental revenues Investments		-	-	21 61		21 61
Total revenues		32,029	32,029	32,576		547
Expenditures						
Public safety		32,029	 32,229	32,076		153
Total expenditures		32,029	 32,229	32,076		153
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures			 (200)	 500		700
Other financing sources (uses)						
Appropriated fund balance		-	200	-		(200)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	200	-		(200)
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$ 	500	\$	500
Fund balance - beginning				32,088		
Fund balance - ending				\$ 32,588		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual- Bahama Fire Tax District Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Original			Final	Actual		ositive egative) ariance
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	800,085	\$	800,085	\$ 805,528	\$	5,443
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-	533		533
Investments		-		-	543		543
Total revenues		800,085		800,085	806,604		6,519
Expenditures							
Public safety		861,160		913,019	912,526		493
Total expenditures		861,160		913,019	912,526		493
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(61,075)		(112,934)	(105,922)		7,012
Other financing sources (uses)							
Appropriated fund balance		61,075		112,934	_		(112,934)
Total other financing sources (uses)		61,075		112,934	-		(112,934)
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$		(105,922)	\$	(105,922)
Fund balance - beginning					271,130		
Fund balance - ending					\$ 165,208		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual- Bethesda Service Tax District Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative) Variance
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 2,132,065	\$ 2,134,065	\$ 2,246,591	\$ 112,526
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	113,653	113,653
Investments			468	468
Total revenues	2,132,065	2,134,065	2,360,712	226,647
Expenditures				
Public safety	-	71,000	71,844	(844)
Total expenditures		71,000	71,844	(844)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	2,132,065	2,063,065	2,288,868	225,803
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out Appropriated fund balance	(2,132,065)	(2,063,065)	(1,884,827)	178,238 -
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,132,065)	(2,063,065)	(1,884,827)	178,238
Net change in fund balances	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	404,041	\$ 404,041
Fund balance - beginning				
Fund balance - ending			\$ 404,041	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual- Butner Safety District Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Ori <u>o</u>	jinal	Fir	nal	Α	ctual	(Neg	sitive jative) jance
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4	\$	4
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-		14		14
Investments						25		25
Total revenues						43		43
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$			43	\$	43
Fund balance - beginning						21,221		
Fund balance - ending					\$	21,264		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual- Special Park District Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2014

	 Original	Final	Actual	(Ne	ositive egative) iriance
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 690,250	\$ 740,250	\$ 735,661	\$	(4,589)
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	9		9
Investments		-	73		73
Total revenues	690,250	740,250	735,743	1	(4,507)
- "					
Expenditures	000 050	740.050	704.054		F 400
Economic and physical development Total expenditures	 690,250 690,250	 740,350 740,350	 734,851 734,851		5,499 5,499
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	090,230	 740,330	 734,001		5,499
over (under) expenditures	_	(100)	892		992
(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		()			
Other financing sources (uses)					
Appropriated fund balance	-	100	-		(100)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	100	-		(100)
Special items	-	-	-		-
Extraordinary items	-	-			-
Net change in fund balances	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	892	\$	892
Fund balance - beginning			12,897		
Fund balance - ending			\$ 13,789		



ENTERPRISE FUND

Sewer Utility Fund – to account for the provision of sewer utility services in the County which are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent is that costs of providing services be recovered primarily through user charges.



Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual - (Non-GAAP Basis) Enterprise Fund - Sewer Utility Fund Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative) Variance
Revenues: Charges for services	\$ 10,824,694	\$ 11,667,559	\$ 842,865
Expenditures: Operating Repairs and maintenance	5,389,005 338,000	4,724,788 210,177	664,217 127,823
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	5,097,689	6,732,594	1,634,905
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Capital expenses Debt service Investment income Sewer connection fees Intergovernmental revenues Miscellaneous State revolving loan proceeds	(2,991,744) (3,401,010) 10,777 511,940 - -	(921,121) (3,322,232) 32,277 340,935 780,802 25,889 394,029	2,070,623 78,778 21,500 (171,005) 780,802 25,889 394,029
Total other financing sources (uses) Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	(5,870,037)	(2,669,421) 4,063,173	3,200,616 4,835,521
Fund balance appropriated	 772,348	 	 772,348
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 	\$ 4,063,173	\$ 4,063,173

Reconciliation of Modified Accrual Basis to Full Accrual Basis -Enterprise Fund - Sewer Utility Fund Year Ended June 30, 2014

EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES (BUDGETARY BASIS)	\$ 4,063,173
RECONCILING ITEMS:	
Capital outlay	921,121
Debt principal payments	2,555,965
State revolving loan proceeds	(394,029)
Decrease in accrued interest payable	47,060
Decrease in accrued payroll	910
Decrease in accrued vacation	120
Increase in accrued interest receivable	9,759
Decrease in accounts receivable	(1,387)
Depreciation	(743,285)
Amortization of loss on refundings	(91,755)
Amortization of bond premium	 100,275
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (GAAP BASIS)	\$ 6,467,927

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency Funds – To account for certain escrow monies held in trust by the Department of Social Services for the accounts of designated parties; to account for funds held in trust for jail inmates; to account for funds held in trust for evidence; to account for funds held by the Sheriff's office; to account for interest on delinquent vehicle taxes collected by the County on behalf of the State Treasurer Department of Motor Vehicles; to account for late list penalties collected on taxes by the County on behalf of the Durham Public Schools; and to account for taxes collected by the County on behalf of the City of Durham, the Town of Chapel Hill, the City of Raleigh, and the Town of Morrisville.

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2014

	d Support ust Fund	E	Sheriff's vidence ust Fund	Jail Inmate ust Fund	Sheriff's Trust Fund		
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 256,160	\$	289,672	\$ 43,596	\$	94,496	
Accounts receivable	-		-	-		-	
Net property taxes receivable	-		-	-		-	
Due from governmental agencies	 -			 			
Total assets	\$ 256,160	\$	289,672	\$ 43,596	\$	94,496	
Liabilities	_						
Funds held for others Due to governmental agencies	\$ 256,160	\$	289,672	\$ 43,596	\$	94,496	
Total liabilities	\$ 256,160	\$	289,672	\$ 43,596	\$	94,496	

 nam Public nool Fund	Ch	Town of Chapel Hill Tax Fund		City of Durham Tax Fund		City of Raleigh Tax Fund		Town of Morrisville Tax Fund		Totals
\$ 31,422 138,416	\$	54,126 1,631	\$	491,004 230,074	\$	7,047 795	\$	- 14	\$	1,267,523 370,930
- -		19,931 15,394		1,949,726 1,004,460		3,454 7,780		96		1,973,111 1,027,730
\$ 169,838	\$	91,082	\$	3,675,264	\$	19,076	\$	110	\$	4,639,294
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	683,924
169,838		91,082		3,675,264		19,076		110		3,955,370
\$ 169,838	\$	91,082	\$	3,675,264	\$	19,076	\$	110	\$	4,639,294

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Jul	ly 1, 2013	Additions	D	eductions	June 30, 2014		
Child Support Trust Fund								
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	170,743	\$ 1,141,664	\$	1,056,247	\$	256,160	
Liabilities Funds held for others	\$	170,743	\$ 1,141,664	\$	1,056,247	\$	256,160	
Sheriff's Evidence Trust Fund Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	370,583	\$ 75,976	\$	156,887	\$	289,672	
Liabilities Funds held for others	\$	370,583	\$ 75,976	\$	156,887	\$	289,672	
Jail Inmate Trust Fund								
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	57,510	\$ 997,865	\$	1,011,779	\$	43,596	
Liabilities Funds held for others	\$	57,510	\$ 997,865	\$	1,011,779	\$	43,596	
Sheriff's Trust Fund								
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	40,626	\$ 773,524	\$	719,654	\$	94,496	
Liabilities Funds held for others	\$	40,626	\$ 773,524	\$	719,654	\$	94,496	
State Treasuer DMV Fund								
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	27,138 4,347	\$ 28,748	\$	55,886 4,347	\$	-	
Total assets	\$	31,485	\$ 28,748	\$	60,233	\$		
Liabilities Due to governmental agencies	\$	31,485	\$ 28,748	\$	60,233	\$		
<u>Durham Public School Fund</u> Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	23,669 193,689	\$ 1,278,791 918,346	\$	1,271,038 973,619	\$	31,422 138,416	
Total assets	\$	217,358	\$ 2,197,137	\$	2,244,657	\$	169,838	
Liabilities Due to governmental agencies	\$	217,358	\$ 2,197,137	\$	2,244,657	\$	169,838	

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds Year Ended June 30, 2014

Town of Chapel Hill Tax Fund Assets									
Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 65,976 \$ 5,737,774 \$ 5,749,624 \$ 54,126 Accounts receivable 7,200 22,720 28,289 1,631 Net property taxes receivable 15,955 2,701,132 2,697,156 19,331 Due from governmental agencies \$ 89,131 \$ 8,477,020 \$ 8,475,069 \$ 91,082 Liabilities Due to governmental agencies \$ 89,131 \$ 8,477,020 \$ 8,475,069 \$ 91,082 City of Durham Tax Fund Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 712,430 \$ 291,641,998 \$ 291,763,424 \$ 491,004 Accounts receivable 794,623 1,033,584 1,598,133 230,074 Net property taxes receivable 2,519,387 134,613,842 135,183,503 1,949,726 Due from governmental agencies \$ 4,026,440 \$ 428,193,884 \$ 428,545,060 \$ 3,675,264 Liabilities Due to governmental agencies \$ 14,202 \$ 1,432,925 \$ 1,440,080 \$ 7,047 Accounts receivable		J	uly 1, 2013		Additions		eductions	Ju	ne 30, 2014
Seal and cash equivalents	Town of Chapel Hill Tax Fund								
Seal and cash equivalents	Assets								
Accounts receivable 15,955 2,701,32 2,267,069 1,631 15,931 15,935 15,394 1,631 15,931 15,394 1,631 15,931 15,394 1,631 15,394 1,631 15,394 1,631 15,394 1,631 15,394 1,631 15,394 1,631 15,394 1,631 15,394 1,631 15,394 1,631 15,394 1,631 15,394 1,631 15,394 1,631 15,394 1,631 1,6		\$	65 976	\$	5 737 774	\$	5 749 624	\$	54 126
Due from governmental agencies Total assets Seguinary Seguin		Ψ	,	*		Ψ		Ψ	,
Total assets	Net property taxes receivable		15,955		2,701,132		2,697,156		19,931
City of Durham Tax Fund			-				-		
City of Durham Tax Fund	l otal assets	\$	89,131	\$	8,477,020	\$	8,475,069	\$	91,082
City of Durham Tax Fund Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 712,430 \$ 291,541,998 \$ 291,763,424 \$ 491,004 Accounts receivable 794,823 1,033,584 1,598,133 230,074 Net property taxes receivable 2,519,387 134,613,842 135,183,503 1,949,726 Due from governmental agencies 4,026,440 \$ 428,193,884 \$ 28,545,060 \$ 3,675,264 Liabilities Due to governmental agencies \$ 4,026,440 \$ 428,193,884 \$ 428,545,060 \$ 3,675,264 City of Raleigh Tax Fund Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 14,202 \$ 1,432,925 \$ 1,440,080 \$ 7,047 Accounts receivable 6,015 14,910 20,130 795 Net property taxes receivable 4,855 624,082 625,483 3,454 Due from governmental agencies \$ 25,072 \$ 2,079,697 \$ 2,085,693 \$ 19,076 Total assets Due to governmental agencies \$ 25,072 \$ 2,079,697 \$ 2,085,693	Liabilities								
Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 712,430 \$ 291,541,998 \$ 291,763,424 \$ 491,004 Accounts receivable Accounts receivable Due from governmental agencies Total assets 794,623 1,033,584 1,598,133 230,074 Net property taxes receivable Total assets 2,519,387 134,613,842 135,183,503 1,949,726 Due to governmental agencies 4,026,440 \$ 428,193,884 \$ 428,545,060 \$ 3,675,264 City of Raleigh Tax Fund Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 14,202 \$ 1,432,925 \$ 1,440,080 \$ 7,047 Accounts receivable Net property taxes receivable Pour from governmental agencies 4,855 624,082 625,483 3,454 Due from governmental agencies \$ 25,072 \$ 2,079,697 \$ 2,085,693 \$ 19,076 Liabilities Due to governmental agencies \$ 25,072 \$ 2,079,697 \$ 2,085,693 \$ 19,076 Town of Morrisville Tax Fund Cash and cash equivalents \$ 149 \$ 35,784 \$ 35,933 \$ - Accounts receivable Due from governmental agencies	Due to governmental agencies	\$	89,131	\$	8,477,020	\$	8,475,069	\$	91,082
Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 712,430 \$ 291,541,998 \$ 291,763,424 \$ 491,004 Accounts receivable Accounts receivable Due from governmental agencies Total assets 794,623 1,033,584 1,598,133 230,074 Net property taxes receivable Total assets 2,519,387 134,613,842 135,183,503 1,949,726 Due to governmental agencies 4,026,440 \$ 428,193,884 \$ 428,545,060 \$ 3,675,264 City of Raleigh Tax Fund Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 14,202 \$ 1,432,925 \$ 1,440,080 \$ 7,047 Accounts receivable Net property taxes receivable Pour from governmental agencies 4,855 624,082 625,483 3,454 Due from governmental agencies \$ 25,072 \$ 2,079,697 \$ 2,085,693 \$ 19,076 Liabilities Due to governmental agencies \$ 25,072 \$ 2,079,697 \$ 2,085,693 \$ 19,076 Town of Morrisville Tax Fund Cash and cash equivalents \$ 149 \$ 35,784 \$ 35,933 \$ - Accounts receivable Due from governmental agencies									
Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 712,430 \$ 291,541,998 \$ 291,763,424 \$ 491,004 Accounts receivable Accounts receivable Due from governmental agencies Total assets 794,623 1,033,584 1,598,133 230,074 Net property taxes receivable Total assets 2,519,387 134,613,842 135,183,503 1,949,726 Due to governmental agencies 4,026,440 \$ 428,193,884 \$ 428,545,060 \$ 3,675,264 City of Raleigh Tax Fund Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 14,202 \$ 1,432,925 \$ 1,440,080 \$ 7,047 Accounts receivable Net property taxes receivable Pour from governmental agencies 4,855 624,082 625,483 3,454 Due from governmental agencies \$ 25,072 \$ 2,079,697 \$ 2,085,693 \$ 19,076 Liabilities Due to governmental agencies \$ 25,072 \$ 2,079,697 \$ 2,085,693 \$ 19,076 Town of Morrisville Tax Fund Cash and cash equivalents \$ 149 \$ 35,784 \$ 35,933 \$ - Accounts receivable Due from governmental agencies	Oite of Dealess Too Feed								
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Net properly taxes receivable Unable from governmental agencies Total assets \$ 712,430 2,519,387 2,519,387 3,4613,842 1,004,460 1,004,40 1,004,	City of Durnam Tax Fund								
Net property taxes receivable 794,623 1,033,584 1,598,133 230,074 Net property taxes receivable 2,519,387 134,613,842 135,183,503 1,949,726 Due from governmental agencies 4,026,440 \$428,193,884 \$428,545,060 \$3,675,264 City of Raleigh Tax Fund Assets									
Net property taxes receivable Due from governmental agencies Total assets	·	\$,	\$ 2		\$ 2		\$,
Due from governmental agencies Total assets \$4,026,440 \$428,193,884 \$428,545,060 \$3,675,264 \$428,193,884 \$428,545,060 \$3,675,264 \$428,193,884 \$428,545,060 \$3,675,264 \$428,193,884 \$428,545,060 \$3,675,264 \$428,193,884 \$428,545,060 \$3,675,264 \$3,455,060 \$3,675,264 \$3,455,060 \$3,675,264 \$3,455,060 \$3,675,264 \$3,455,060 \$3,675,264 \$3,675,26			,						
Total assets \$ 4,026,440 \$ 428,193,884 \$ 428,545,060 \$ 3,675,264 Liabilities Due to governmental agencies \$ 4,026,440 \$ 428,193,884 \$ 428,545,060 \$ 3,675,264 City of Raleigh Tax Fund Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 14,202 \$ 1,432,925 \$ 1,440,080 \$ 7,047 Accounts receivable 6,015 14,910 20,130 795 Net property taxes receivable 4,855 624,082 625,483 3,454 Due from governmental agencies - 7,780 - 7,780 - 7,780 - 7,780 Total assets 25,072 \$ 2,079,697 \$ 2,085,693 \$ 19,076 Town of Morrisville Tax Fund Cash and cash equivalents \$ 149 \$ 35,784 \$ 35,933 \$ - Accounts receivable 40 104 130 14 Net property taxes receivable 13 37,762 37,775 - Due from governmental agencies 202 73,746 73,838 110 Total assets			2,519,387	1			135,183,503		
Liabilities Due to governmental agencies \$4,026,440 \$428,193,884 \$428,545,060 \$3,675,264		\$	4 026 440	\$ 4		\$ 4	128 545 060	\$	
City of Raleigh Tax Fund \$ 4,026,440 \$ 428,193,884 \$ 428,545,060 \$ 3,675,264 City of Raleigh Tax Fund Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 14,202 \$ 1,432,925 \$ 1,440,080 \$ 7,047 Accounts receivable 6,015 14,910 20,130 795 Net property taxes receivable 4,855 624,082 625,483 3,454 Due from governmental agencies \$ 25,072 \$ 2,079,697 \$ 2,085,693 \$ 19,076 Liabilities Due to governmental agencies \$ 25,072 \$ 2,079,697 \$ 2,085,693 \$ 19,076 Town of Morrisville Tax Fund Cash and cash equivalents \$ 149 \$ 35,784 \$ 35,933 \$ - Accounts receivable 40 104 130 14 Net property taxes receivable 13 37,762 37,775 - Due to governmental agencies \$ 202 73,746 \$ 73,838 \$ 110 Total assets \$ 1,483,026 \$ 303,045,049 \$ 303,260,552 \$ 1,267,523 <		<u> </u>	1,020,110	Ψ	120,100,001	Ψ	120,010,000	Ψ	0,010,201
City of Raleigh Tax Fund		Φ.	4 000 440	Φ.	100 400 004	Φ.	100 545 000	•	0.075.004
Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 14,202 \$ 1,432,925 \$ 1,440,080 \$ 7,047 Accounts receivable 6,015 14,910 20,130 795 Net property taxes receivable 4,855 624,082 625,483 3,454 Due from governmental agencies - 7,780 - 7,780 7,780 Total assets \$ 25,072 \$ 2,079,697 \$ 2,085,693 \$ 19,076 Liabilities Due to governmental agencies \$ 25,072 \$ 2,079,697 \$ 2,085,693 \$ 19,076 Town of Morrisville Tax Fund Cash and cash equivalents \$ 149 \$ 35,784 \$ 35,933 \$ - Accounts receivable 40 104 130 14 Net property taxes receivable 40 104 130 14 Net property taxes receivable 3 37,762 37,775 - Due to governmental agencies \$ 202 \$ 73,746 \$ 73,838 110 Total All Agency Funds Accounts receivable 1,005,914 1,989,664 2,624,668 <td>Due to governmental agencies</td> <td>\$</td> <td>4,026,440</td> <td>\$ 4</td> <td>128,193,884</td> <td>\$ ²</td> <td>128,545,060</td> <td>\$</td> <td>3,675,264</td>	Due to governmental agencies	\$	4,026,440	\$ 4	128,193,884	\$ ²	128,545,060	\$	3,675,264
Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 14,202 \$ 1,432,925 \$ 1,440,080 \$ 7,047 Accounts receivable 6,015 14,910 20,130 795 Net property taxes receivable 4,855 624,082 625,483 3,454 Due from governmental agencies - 7,780 - 7,780 7,780 Total assets \$ 25,072 \$ 2,079,697 \$ 2,085,693 \$ 19,076 Liabilities Due to governmental agencies \$ 25,072 \$ 2,079,697 \$ 2,085,693 \$ 19,076 Town of Morrisville Tax Fund Cash and cash equivalents \$ 149 \$ 35,784 \$ 35,933 \$ - Accounts receivable 40 104 130 14 Net property taxes receivable 40 104 130 14 Net property taxes receivable 3 37,762 37,775 - Due to governmental agencies \$ 202 \$ 73,746 \$ 73,838 110 Total All Agency Funds Accounts receivable 1,005,914 1,989,664 2,624,668 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 14,202 \$ 1,432,925 \$ 1,440,080 \$ 7,047 Accounts receivable 6,015 14,910 20,130 795 Net property taxes receivable 4,855 624,082 625,483 3,454 Due from governmental agencies - 7,780 - 7,780 7,780 Total assets \$ 25,072 \$ 2,079,697 \$ 2,085,693 \$ 19,076 Liabilities Due to governmental agencies \$ 25,072 \$ 2,079,697 \$ 2,085,693 \$ 19,076 Town of Morrisville Tax Fund Cash and cash equivalents \$ 149 \$ 35,784 \$ 35,933 \$ - Accounts receivable 40 104 130 14 Net property taxes receivable 40 104 130 14 Net property taxes receivable 3 37,762 37,775 - Due to governmental agencies \$ 202 \$ 73,746 \$ 73,838 110 Total All Agency Funds Accounts receivable 1,005,914 1,989,664 2,624,668 <td>City of Raleigh Tax Fund</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	City of Raleigh Tax Fund								
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 14,202 \$ 1,432,925 \$ 1,440,080 \$ 7,047 Accounts receivable 6,015 14,910 20,130 795 Net property taxes receivable to flow governmental agencies 4,855 624,082 625,483 3,454 Due from governmental agencies \$ 25,072 \$ 2,079,697 \$ 2,085,693 \$ 19,076 Liabilities Due to governmental agencies \$ 25,072 \$ 2,079,697 \$ 2,085,693 \$ 19,076 Town of Morrisville Tax Fund Cash and cash equivalents \$ 149 \$ 35,784 \$ 35,933 \$ - Accounts receivable 40 104 130 14 Net property taxes receivable 13 37,762 37,775 - Due to governmental agencies \$ 202 \$ 73,746 \$ 73,838 110 Total All Agency Funds Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 1,483,026 \$ 303,045,049 \$ 303,260,552 \$ 1,267,523 Accounts receivable 1,005,914 1,989,664 2,624,648									
Accounts receivable Net properly taxes receivable Due from governmental agencies Total assets 6,015 (4,855) (624,082) (625,483) (3,454) (625) (625,483) (3,454) (625		¢.	14 202	c	1 422 025	c	1 440 000	œ	7.047
Net property taxes receivable 4,855 624,082 625,483 3,454 Due from governmental agencies 7,780 7,800		Ф	,	Ф	, ,	Φ	, ,	Ф	,
Due from governmental agencies			,		,				
Total assets \$ 25,072 \$ 2,079,697 \$ 2,085,693 \$ 19,076			-,000				-		
Due to governmental agencies \$ 25,072 \$ 2,079,697 \$ 2,085,693 \$ 19,076 Town of Morrisville Tax Fund Cash and cash equivalents \$ 149 \$ 35,784 \$ 35,933 \$ - Accounts receivable 40 104 130 14 Net property taxes receivable 13 37,762 37,775 - Due from governmental agencies - 96 - 96 Total assets \$ 202 \$ 73,746 \$ 73,838 \$ 110 Liabilities Cash and cash equivalents \$ 1,483,026 \$ 303,045,049 \$ 303,260,552 \$ 1,267,523 Accounts receivable 1,005,914 1,989,664 2,624,648 370,930 Net property taxes receivable 2,540,210 137,976,818 138,543,917 1,973,111 Due from governmental agencies 5,029,150 \$ 444,039,261 \$ 444,429,117 \$ 4,639,294 Liabilities Funds held for others \$ 639,462 \$ 2,989,029 \$ 2,944,567 \$ 683,924 Due to governmental agencies		\$	25,072	\$		\$	2,085,693	\$	
Due to governmental agencies \$ 25,072 \$ 2,079,697 \$ 2,085,693 \$ 19,076 Town of Morrisville Tax Fund Cash and cash equivalents \$ 149 \$ 35,784 \$ 35,933 \$ - Accounts receivable 40 104 130 14 Net property taxes receivable 13 37,762 37,775 - Due from governmental agencies - 96 - 96 Total assets \$ 202 \$ 73,746 \$ 73,838 \$ 110 Liabilities Cash and cash equivalents \$ 1,483,026 \$ 303,045,049 \$ 303,260,552 \$ 1,267,523 Accounts receivable 1,005,914 1,989,664 2,624,648 370,930 Net property taxes receivable 2,540,210 137,976,818 138,543,917 1,973,111 Due from governmental agencies 5,029,150 \$ 444,039,261 \$ 444,429,117 \$ 4,639,294 Liabilities Funds held for others \$ 639,462 \$ 2,989,029 \$ 2,944,567 \$ 683,924 Due to governmental agencies	Liahilities								
Town of Morrisville Tax Fund Cash and cash equivalents \$ 149 \$ 35,784 \$ 35,933 \$ - Accounts receivable 40 104 130 14 Net property taxes receivable Due from governmental agencies Total assets 13 37,762 37,775 - 96 - 96 - 96 - 96 - 96 - 73,838 110 </td <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td>25.072</td> <td>\$</td> <td>2.079.697</td> <td>\$</td> <td>2.085.693</td> <td>\$</td> <td>19.076</td>		\$	25.072	\$	2.079.697	\$	2.085.693	\$	19.076
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 149 \$ 35,784 \$ 35,933 \$ - Accounts receivable 40 104 130 14 Net property taxes receivable 13 37,762 37,775 - Due from governmental agencies - 96 - 96 Total assets \$ 202 \$ 73,746 \$ 73,838 \$ 110 Liabilities Due to governmental agencies \$ 202 \$ 73,746 \$ 73,838 \$ 110 Total All Agency Funds Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 1,483,026 \$ 303,045,049 \$ 303,260,552 \$ 1,267,523 Accounts receivable 1,005,914 1,989,664 2,624,648 370,930 Net property taxes receivable 2,540,210 137,976,818 138,543,917 1,973,111 Due from governmental agencies - 1,027,730 - 1,027,730 Total assets \$ 5,029,150 \$ 444,039,261 \$ 444,429,117 \$ 4,639,294 Liabilities Funds held for others \$ 639,462 \$ 2,989,029 \$ 2,944,567 \$ 683,924	3		20,012	<u> </u>	2,0.0,00.		2,000,000		.0,0.0
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 149 \$ 35,784 \$ 35,933 \$ - Accounts receivable 40 104 130 14 Net property taxes receivable 13 37,762 37,775 - Due from governmental agencies - 96 - 96 Total assets \$ 202 \$ 73,746 \$ 73,838 \$ 110 Liabilities Due to governmental agencies \$ 202 \$ 73,746 \$ 73,838 \$ 110 Total All Agency Funds Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 1,483,026 \$ 303,045,049 \$ 303,260,552 \$ 1,267,523 Accounts receivable 1,005,914 1,989,664 2,624,648 370,930 Net property taxes receivable 2,540,210 137,976,818 138,543,917 1,973,111 Due from governmental agencies - 1,027,730 - 1,027,730 Total assets \$ 5,029,150 \$ 444,039,261 \$ 444,429,117 \$ 4,639,294 Liabilities Funds held for others \$ 639,462 \$ 2,989,029 \$ 2,944,567 \$ 683,924									
Accounts receivable 40 104 130 14 Net property taxes receivable 13 37,762 37,775 - Due from governmental agencies 5 96 70tal assets 202 \$73,746 \$73,838 \$110 Liabilities Due to governmental agencies \$202 \$73,746 \$73,838 \$110 Total All Agency Funds Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$1,483,026 \$303,045,049 \$303,260,552 \$1,267,523 Accounts receivable 1,005,914 1,989,664 2,624,648 370,930 Net property taxes receivable 2,540,210 137,976,818 138,543,917 1,973,111 Due from governmental agencies 5,029,150 \$444,039,261 \$444,429,117 \$4,639,294 Liabilities Funds held for others \$639,462 \$2,989,029 \$2,944,567 \$683,924 Due to governmental agencies 4,389,688 441,050,232 441,484,550 3,955,370	Town of Morrisville Tax Fund								
Net property taxes receivable 13 37,762 37,775 - 96 - 96 96 100	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	149	\$	35,784	\$	35,933	\$	_
Due from governmental agencies - 96 - 96 Total assets \$ 202 \$ 73,746 \$ 73,838 \$ 110 Liabilities Due to governmental agencies \$ 202 \$ 73,746 \$ 73,838 \$ 110 Total All Agency Funds Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 1,483,026 \$ 303,045,049 \$ 303,260,552 \$ 1,267,523 Accounts receivable 1,005,914 1,989,664 2,624,648 370,930 Net property taxes receivable 2,540,210 137,976,818 138,543,917 1,973,111 Due from governmental agencies - 1,027,730 - 1,027,730 Total assets \$ 5,029,150 \$ 444,039,261 \$ 444,429,117 \$ 4,639,294 Liabilities Funds held for others \$ 639,462 \$ 2,989,029 \$ 2,944,567 \$ 683,924 Due to governmental agencies 4,389,688 441,050,232 441,484,550 3,955,370	·	,	40	,	,	•		,	14
Total assets \$ 202 \$ 73,746 \$ 73,838 \$ 110 Liabilities Due to governmental agencies \$ 202 \$ 73,746 \$ 73,838 \$ 110 Total All Agency Funds Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	Net property taxes receivable		13		37,762		37,775		-
Liabilities \$ 202 \$ 73,746 \$ 73,838 \$ 110 Total All Agency Funds Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 1,483,026 \$ 303,045,049 \$ 303,260,552 \$ 1,267,523 Accounts receivable 1,005,914 1,989,664 2,624,648 370,930 Net property taxes receivable 2,540,210 137,976,818 138,543,917 1,973,111 Due from governmental agencies - 1,027,730 - 1,027,730 - 1,027,730 Total assets \$ 5,029,150 \$ 444,039,261 \$ 444,429,117 \$ 4,639,294 Liabilities Funds held for others \$ 639,462 \$ 2,989,029 \$ 2,944,567 \$ 683,924 Due to governmental agencies 4,389,688 441,050,232 441,484,550 3,955,370			-				-		
Due to governmental agencies \$ 202 \$ 73,746 \$ 73,838 \$ 110 Total All Agency Funds Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 1,483,026 \$ 303,045,049 \$ 303,260,552 \$ 1,267,523 Accounts receivable 1,005,914 1,989,664 2,624,648 370,930 Net property taxes receivable 2,540,210 137,976,818 138,543,917 1,973,111 Due from governmental agencies - 1,027,730 - 1,027,730 Total assets \$ 5,029,150 \$ 444,039,261 \$ 444,429,117 \$ 4,639,294 Liabilities Funds held for others \$ 639,462 \$ 2,989,029 \$ 2,944,567 \$ 683,924 Due to governmental agencies 4,389,688 441,050,232 441,484,550 3,955,370	l otal assets	\$	202	\$	73,746	\$	73,838	\$	110
Total All Agency Funds Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 1,483,026 \$ 303,045,049 \$ 303,260,552 \$ 1,267,523 Accounts receivable 1,005,914 1,989,664 2,624,648 370,930 Net property taxes receivable 2,540,210 137,976,818 138,543,917 1,973,111 Due from governmental agencies - 1,027,730 - 1,027,730 Total assets \$ 5,029,150 \$ 444,039,261 \$ 444,429,117 \$ 4,639,294 Liabilities Funds held for others \$ 639,462 \$ 2,989,029 \$ 2,944,567 \$ 683,924 Due to governmental agencies 4,389,688 441,050,232 441,484,550 3,955,370	Liabilities								
Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 1,483,026 \$ 303,045,049 \$ 303,260,552 \$ 1,267,523 Accounts receivable 1,005,914 1,989,664 2,624,648 370,930 Net property taxes receivable 2,540,210 137,976,818 138,543,917 1,973,111 Due from governmental agencies - 1,027,730 \$ 444,039,261 \$ 444,429,117 \$ 4,639,294 Liabilities Funds held for others \$ 639,462 \$ 2,989,029 \$ 2,944,567 \$ 683,924 Due to governmental agencies 4,389,688 441,050,232 441,484,550 3,955,370	Due to governmental agencies	\$	202	\$	73,746	\$	73,838	\$	110
Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 1,483,026 \$ 303,045,049 \$ 303,260,552 \$ 1,267,523 Accounts receivable 1,005,914 1,989,664 2,624,648 370,930 Net property taxes receivable 2,540,210 137,976,818 138,543,917 1,973,111 Due from governmental agencies - 1,027,730 \$ 444,039,261 \$ 444,429,117 \$ 4,639,294 Liabilities Funds held for others \$ 639,462 \$ 2,989,029 \$ 2,944,567 \$ 683,924 Due to governmental agencies 4,389,688 441,050,232 441,484,550 3,955,370						-			
Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 1,483,026 \$ 303,045,049 \$ 303,260,552 \$ 1,267,523 Accounts receivable 1,005,914 1,989,664 2,624,648 370,930 Net property taxes receivable 2,540,210 137,976,818 138,543,917 1,973,111 Due from governmental agencies - 1,027,730 \$ 444,039,261 \$ 444,429,117 \$ 4,639,294 Liabilities Funds held for others \$ 639,462 \$ 2,989,029 \$ 2,944,567 \$ 683,924 Due to governmental agencies 4,389,688 441,050,232 441,484,550 3,955,370									
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 1,483,026 \$ 303,045,049 \$ 303,260,552 \$ 1,267,523 Accounts receivable 1,005,914 1,989,664 2,624,648 370,930 Net property taxes receivable 2,540,210 137,976,818 138,543,917 1,973,111 Due from governmental agencies - 1,027,730 - 1,027,730 \$ 5,029,150 \$ 444,039,261 \$ 444,429,117 \$ 4,639,294 Liabilities Funds held for others \$ 639,462 \$ 2,989,029 \$ 2,944,567 \$ 683,924 Due to governmental agencies 4,389,688 441,050,232 441,484,550 3,955,370	I otal All Agency Funds								
Accounts receivable 1,005,914 1,989,664 2,624,648 370,930 Net property taxes receivable 2,540,210 137,976,818 138,543,917 1,973,111 Due from governmental agencies - 1,027,730 - 1,027,730 Total assets \$ 5,029,150 \$ 444,039,261 \$ 444,429,117 \$ 4,639,294 Liabilities Funds held for others \$ 639,462 \$ 2,989,029 \$ 2,944,567 \$ 683,924 Due to governmental agencies 4,389,688 441,050,232 441,484,550 3,955,370	Assets								
Net property taxes receivable Due from governmental agencies Total assets 2,540,210 137,976,818 138,543,917 1,973,111 Liabilities \$ 5,029,150 \$ 444,039,261 \$ 444,429,117 \$ 4,639,294 Funds held for others \$ 639,462 \$ 2,989,029 \$ 2,944,567 \$ 683,924 Due to governmental agencies 4,389,688 441,050,232 441,484,550 3,955,370		\$	1,483,026	\$ 3	303,045,049	\$ 3	303,260,552	\$	1,267,523
Due from governmental agencies - 1,027,730 - 1,027,730 Total assets \$ 5,029,150 \$ 444,039,261 \$ 444,429,117 \$ 4,639,294 Liabilities Funds held for others \$ 639,462 \$ 2,989,029 \$ 2,944,567 \$ 683,924 Due to governmental agencies 4,389,688 441,050,232 441,484,550 3,955,370									
Total assets \$ 5,029,150 \$ 444,039,261 \$ 444,429,117 \$ 4,639,294 Liabilities Funds held for others \$ 639,462 \$ 2,989,029 \$ 2,944,567 \$ 683,924 Due to governmental agencies 4,389,688 441,050,232 441,484,550 3,955,370			2,540,210	1		1	138,543,917		
Liabilities \$ 639,462 \$ 2,989,029 \$ 2,944,567 \$ 683,924 Due to governmental agencies 4,389,688 441,050,232 441,484,550 3,955,370		Φ.	- - - -	<u> </u>		Φ.	-	<u> </u>	
Funds held for others \$ 639,462 \$ 2,989,029 \$ 2,944,567 \$ 683,924 Due to governmental agencies 4,389,688 441,050,232 441,484,550 3,955,370	เ บเลเ สองฮเจ	Ф	ე,∪∠ყ, 15∪	Φ 4	+ +4 ,∪39,∠61	φ ²	+44,4 ∠9,11/	Φ	4,039,294
Due to governmental agencies <u>4,389,688</u> <u>441,050,232</u> <u>441,484,550</u> <u>3,955,370</u>	Liabilities								
	Funds held for others	\$	639,462	\$	2,989,029	\$	2,944,567	\$	683,924
Total liabilities <u>\$ 5,029,150</u> <u>\$ 444,039,261</u> <u>\$ 444,429,117</u> <u>\$ 4,639,294</u>									
	Total liabilities	\$	5,029,150	\$ 4	144,039,261	\$ 4	144,429,117	\$	4,639,294



CAPITAL ASSETS, LONG-TERM DEBT and OTHER INFORMATION



Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule by Function and Activity¹ as of June 30, 2014

	Total Assets	Land	Easements	Buildings	Office Furniture and Equipment
Con and Concernment					
General Government:	\$ 948.128	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
County commissioners Finance	\$ 948,128 3,435,726		5 -	5 -	5 -
Tax administration	3,435,726 3,412,010		-	-	24,345
County Attorney	3,412,010 12,380		-	-	24,345
County Attorney Court facilities	12,300 14,441,523		-	14,441,523	-
Register of deeds	2,452,092		-	14,441,523	944,572
General services	139,465,172		_	132,774,793	184,147
Information Technology	6,771,766		-	132,774,793	1,530,253
Human resources	22,350		-	-	1,530,253
Budget	10,897		-	-	11,550
· ·				447.040.040	2 004 047
Total general government	170,972,044	4,790,491	·	147,216,316	2,694,847
Public Safety:					
Sheriff	50,781,841	1,398,962	_	39,455,838	219,120
County fire protection	1,515,842		_	384,060	6,744
Emergency Management	1,926,092		_	1,144,636	45,635
Animal control	3,792,044		_	3,259,400	20,704
Criminal Justice Partnership	935,318		_	844,521	
Youth home	439,449		_	367,000	_
Emergency medical services	6,573,785		-	1,947,348	-
Total public safety	65,964,371			47,402,803	292,203
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			-		
Environmental Protection:					
Environmental engineering	1,817,314	1,523,280	-	77,873	7,315
Open Space and Real Estate	1,999,515	647,751	1,351,764	-	-
Total Environmental Protection	3,816,829	2,171,031	1,351,764	77,873	7,315
Face and Physical Baseless and	_				
Economic and Physical Development					
Cooperative extension	34,495		-	-	-
Planning	6,500		-	-	-
Soil and Erosion	29,732	<u>-</u>	- <u>-</u>	·	<u>-</u>
Total Economic and Physical	70,727	6,500			
Development	10,121	6,500	·	·	
Human Services:					
Public health	747,888	_	_	_	-
Mental health	713,710		_	_	_
Social services	3,801,913		_	3,101,314	_
Other human services	601,832		_		_
Total human services	5,865,343		·	3,101,314	·
Total Haman Solvious	0,000,040			0,101,014	

\$ 948,128 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	Machinery and Equipment	Computer Hardware	Vehicles	Computer Software	Construction in Progress
43,381 - - 3,392,345 - 111,860 9,473 287,615 2,978,717 - - 12,380 - - - 31,650 110,272 - 1,365,598 - 832,698 19,055 855,238 8,750 - 133,904 3,291,649 - 1,815,960 - - 10,820 - - - - 10,897 - - - 2,101,621 3,464,546 1,142,853 9,561,370 - 1,142,351 248,037 6,570,510 1,747,023 - 24,811 - 1,034,138 66,089 - 557,492 5,336 95,993 77,000 - 109,351 - 364,566 38,023 - - 90,797 - - - 6,195 - 66,254 - - 1,189,740 40,330 2,660,546 735,821 - - - - - -	\$ 0/8 128	\$ -	¢ -	¢ -	\$ -
111,860 9,473 287,615 2,978,717 - - 12,380 - - - - - - - - 31,650 110,272 - 1,365,598 - 832,698 19,055 855,238 8,750 - - 10,820 - - - - 10,897 - - - 2,101,621 3,464,546 1,142,853 9,561,370 - 1,142,351 248,037 6,570,510 1,747,023 - 24,811 - 1,034,138 66,089 - 557,492 5,336 95,993 77,000 - 109,351 - 364,566 38,023 - - 90,797 - - 6,195 - 66,254 - - 1,189,740 40,330 2,660,546 735,821 - - - 193,051 - - - - 29,732 - - - <td< td=""><td></td><td>Ψ -</td><td>Ψ -</td><td></td><td>Ψ -</td></td<>		Ψ -	Ψ -		Ψ -
- 12,380		9 473	287 615		_
31,650	-		201,010		_
832,698 19,055 855,238 8,750 - 133,904 3,291,649 - 1,815,960 - - 10,820 - - - - 10,897 - - - 2,101,621 3,464,546 1,142,853 9,561,370 - 1,142,351 248,037 6,570,510 1,747,023 - 24,811 - 1,034,138 66,089 - 557,492 5,336 95,993 77,000 - 109,351 - 364,566 38,023 - - - 90,797 - - 6,195 - 66,254 - - 1,189,740 40,330 2,660,546 735,821 - 3,029,940 293,703 10,882,804 2,663,956 - 15,795 - 193,051 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	_	-	_	-	_
133,904 3,291,649 - 1,815,960 - - 10,820 - - - - 10,897 - - - 2,101,621 3,464,546 1,142,853 9,561,370 - 1,142,351 248,037 6,570,510 1,747,023 - 24,811 - 1,034,138 66,089 - 557,492 5,336 95,993 77,000 - 109,351 - 364,566 38,023 - - - 90,797 - - 6,195 - 66,254 - - 1,189,740 40,330 2,660,546 735,821 - 3,029,940 293,703 10,882,804 2,663,956 - 15,795 - 193,051 - - - - - - - 15,795 - 193,051 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	31,650	110,272	-	1,365,598	-
- 10,820	832,698		855,238		-
- 10,897 - <td>133,904</td> <td>3,291,649</td> <td>-</td> <td>1,815,960</td> <td>-</td>	133,904	3,291,649	-	1,815,960	-
2,101,621 3,464,546 1,142,853 9,561,370 - 1,142,351 248,037 6,570,510 1,747,023 - 24,811 - 1,034,138 66,089 - 557,492 5,336 95,993 77,000 - 109,351 - 364,566 38,023 - - - 90,797 - - 6,195 - 66,254 - - 1,189,740 40,330 2,660,546 735,821 - 3,029,940 293,703 10,882,804 2,663,956 - 15,795 - 193,051 - - - - - - - 15,795 - 193,051 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - </td <td>-</td> <td>10,820</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	-	10,820	-	-	-
1,142,351 248,037 6,570,510 1,747,023 - 24,811 - 1,034,138 66,089 - 557,492 5,336 95,993 77,000 - 109,351 - 364,566 38,023 - - - 90,797 - - 6,195 - 66,254 - - 1,189,740 40,330 2,660,546 735,821 - 3,029,940 293,703 10,882,804 2,663,956 - 15,795 - 193,051 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	-	10,897	-	-	-
24,811 - 1,034,138 66,089 - 557,492 5,336 95,993 77,000 - 109,351 - 364,566 38,023 - - 90,797 - - 6,195 - 66,254 - - 1,189,740 40,330 2,660,546 735,821 - 3,029,940 293,703 10,882,804 2,663,956 - 15,795 - 193,051 - - - - - - - 15,795 - 193,051 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	2,101,621	3,464,546	1,142,853	9,561,370	
24,811 - 1,034,138 66,089 - 557,492 5,336 95,993 77,000 - 109,351 - 364,566 38,023 - - 90,797 - - 6,195 - 66,254 - - 1,189,740 40,330 2,660,546 735,821 - 3,029,940 293,703 10,882,804 2,663,956 - 15,795 - 193,051 - - - - - - - 15,795 - 193,051 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -					
557,492 5,336 95,993 77,000 - 109,351 - 364,566 38,023 - - - 90,797 - - 6,195 - 66,254 - - 1,189,740 40,330 2,660,546 735,821 - 3,029,940 293,703 10,882,804 2,663,956 - 15,795 - 193,051 - - - - - - - 15,795 - 193,051 - - - - - - - - - 29,732 - - - - 29,732 - - - - 64,227 - - - - 64,227 - - - - 665,221 - 33,230 52,110 399,348 215,911 - - - 601,832 - -	1,142,351	248,037	6,570,510	1,747,023	-
109,351 - 364,566 38,023 - - - 90,797 - - 6,195 - 66,254 - - 1,189,740 40,330 2,660,546 735,821 - 3,029,940 293,703 10,882,804 2,663,956 - 15,795 - 193,051 - - - - - - - 15,795 - 193,051 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <t< td=""><td>24,811</td><td>-</td><td>1,034,138</td><td>66,089</td><td>-</td></t<>	24,811	-	1,034,138	66,089	-
90,797	557,492	5,336	95,993	77,000	-
6,195 - 66,254 - - 1,189,740 40,330 2,660,546 735,821 - 3,029,940 293,703 10,882,804 2,663,956 - 15,795 - 193,051 - - - - - - - 15,795 - 193,051 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 29,732 - - - - 64,227 - - - - 64,227 - - - - 665,221 - - 33,230 52,110 399,348 215,911 - - - 601,832 - -	109,351	-		38,023	-
1,189,740 40,330 2,660,546 735,821 - 3,029,940 293,703 10,882,804 2,663,956 - 15,795 - 193,051 - - - - - - - 15,795 - 193,051 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td< td=""><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td></td<>	-	-		-	-
3,029,940 293,703 10,882,804 2,663,956 - 15,795 - 193,051 - - 15,795 - 193,051 - - - - 34,495 - - - - 29,732 - - - - 64,227 - - 77,205 5,700 461,755 203,228 - 42,324 6,165 - 665,221 - 33,230 52,110 399,348 215,911 - - - 601,832 - -		-		-	-
15,795 - 193,051	1,189,740		2,660,546	735,821	
- - <td>3,029,940</td> <td>293,703</td> <td>10,882,804</td> <td>2,663,956</td> <td></td>	3,029,940	293,703	10,882,804	2,663,956	
- - <td>15 795</td> <td>_</td> <td>193 051</td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td>	15 795	_	193 051	_	_
34,495	-	_	-	-	-
34,495	15,795		193,051		
77,205 5,700 461,755 203,228 - 42,324 6,165 - 665,221 - 33,230 52,110 399,348 215,911 601,832 -					
64,227 77,205 5,700 461,755 203,228 - 42,324 6,165 - 665,221 - 33,230 52,110 399,348 215,911 - - 601,832	-	-	34,495	-	-
64,227	-	-	20 732	-	-
77,205 5,700 461,755 203,228 - 42,324 6,165 - 665,221 - 33,230 52,110 399,348 215,911 601,832 -			29,132		
42,324 6,165 - 665,221 - 33,230 52,110 399,348 215,911 - - - 601,832 - -			64,227		
42,324 6,165 - 665,221 - 33,230 52,110 399,348 215,911 - - - 601,832 - -	77,205	5,700	461,755	203,228	_
33,230 52,110 399,348 215,911 - - 601,832 -			-		-
- 601,832			399,348		-
	-	-		· -	-
1,102,000	152,759	63,975	1,462,935	1,084,360	

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule by Function and Activity¹ as of June 30, 2014

		Total Assets		Land	E	Easements	Buildings	Office Furniture I Equipment
Education:								
Public school building	\$_	8,080,942	\$		\$		\$ 8,080,942	\$ -
Cultural and Recreational: Library		6,877,064					 6,111,610	 18,347
Capital Projects: Construction in progress		243,406,669					 	
Total Capital Assets	\$ 5	505,053,989	\$ 8	8,366,984	\$	1,351,764	\$ 211,990,858	\$ 3,012,712

¹ This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds.

Machinery and Equipment	Computer Hardware	Vehicles	Computer Software	Construction in Progress
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
170,591	16,873	180,867	378,776	
				243,406,669
\$5,470,706	\$ 3,839,097	\$ 13,926,737	\$ 13,688,462	\$ 243,406,669

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity¹

Year Ended June 30, 2014

General Government: Board of county commissioners \$948,128 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 948,128 Finance 3,435,726 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 948,128 Tax administration 3,412,010 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 3,412,010 County attorney 12,380 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 12,380 Court facilities 14,441,523 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		Capital Assets July 1, 2013	Additions	Transfers and Deletions	Capital Assets June 30, 2014
Finance 3,435,726 - - 3,435,726 Tax administration 3,412,010 - - 3,412,010 County attorney 12,380 - - 12,380 Court facilities 14,441,523 - - 14,441,523 Board of elections 25,850 - (25,850) - Register of deeds 1,527,520 924,572 - 2,452,092 General services 135,106,598 4,405,463 (46,889) 139,465,172 Information Technology 12,814,288 1,759,299 (7,801,821) 6,771,766 Human Resources 22,350 - - 22,350 Budget - 10,897 - 10,897 Total general government 171,746,373 7,100,231 (7,874,560) 170,972,044 Public Safety: County sheriff 49,998,917 1,204,729 (421,805) 50,781,841 Fire marshal 709,001 2,063,136 (29,339) 2,742,798 Emerge	General Government:				
Tax administration 3,412,010 - - 3,412,010 County attorney 12,380 - - 12,380 Court facilities 14,441,523 - - 14,441,523 Board of elections 25,850 - (25,850) - Register of deeds 1,527,520 924,572 - 2,452,092 General services 135,106,598 4,405,463 (46,889) 139,465,172 Information Technology 12,814,288 1,759,299 (7,801,821) 6,771,766 Human Resources 22,350 - - 22,350 Budget - 10,897 - 10,897 Total general government 171,746,373 7,100,231 (7,874,560) 170,972,044 Public Safety: County sheriff 49,998,917 1,204,729 (421,805) 50,781,841 Fire marshal 709,001 2,063,136 (29,339) 2,742,798 Emergency management 699,136 - - 699,136 <	Board of county commissioners	\$ 948,128	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 948,128
County attorney 12,380 - - 12,380 Court facilities 14,441,523 - - 14,441,523 Board of elections 25,850 - (25,850) - Register of deeds 1,527,520 924,572 - 2,452,092 General services 135,106,598 4,405,463 (46,889) 139,465,172 Information Technology 12,814,288 1,759,299 (7,801,821) 6,771,766 Human Resources 22,350 - - 22,350 Budget - 10,897 - 10,897 Total general government 171,746,373 7,100,231 (7,874,560) 170,972,044 Public Safety: County sheriff 49,998,917 1,204,729 (421,805) 50,781,841 Fire marshal 709,001 2,063,136 (29,339) 2,742,798 Emergency management 699,136 - - 699,136 Criminal justice partnership 941,318 - (6,000) 935,318 <t< td=""><td>Finance</td><td>3,435,726</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>3,435,726</td></t<>	Finance	3,435,726	-	-	3,435,726
Court facilities 14,441,523 - - 14,441,523 Board of elections 25,850 - (25,850) - Register of deeds 1,527,520 924,572 - 2,452,092 General services 135,106,598 4,405,463 (46,889) 139,465,172 Information Technology 12,814,288 1,759,299 (7,801,821) 6,771,766 Human Resources 22,350 - - - 22,350 Budget - 10,897 - 10,897 Total general government 171,746,373 7,100,231 (7,874,560) 170,972,044 Public Safety: County sheriff 49,998,917 1,204,729 (421,805) 50,781,841 Fire marshal 709,001 2,063,136 (29,339) 2,742,798 Emergency management 699,136 - - 699,136 Criminal justice partnership 941,318 - (6,000) 935,318 Animal control 3,859,828 - (67,784)	Tax administration	3,412,010	-	-	3,412,010
Board of elections 25,850 - (25,850) - Register of deeds 1,527,520 924,572 - 2,452,092 General services 135,106,598 4,405,463 (46,889) 139,465,172 Information Technology 12,814,288 1,759,299 (7,801,821) 6,771,766 Human Resources 22,350 - - 22,350 Budget - 10,897 - 10,897 Total general government 171,746,373 7,100,231 (7,874,560) 170,972,044 Public Safety: County sheriff 49,998,917 1,204,729 (421,805) 50,781,841 Fire marshal 709,001 2,063,136 (29,339) 2,742,798 Emergency management 699,136 - - 699,136 Criminal justice partnership 941,318 - (6,000) 935,318 Animal control 3,859,828 - (67,784) 3,792,044 Youth home 433,254 6,195 - 439,449	County attorney	12,380	-	-	12,380
Register of deeds 1,527,520 924,572 - 2,452,092 General services 135,106,598 4,405,463 (46,889) 139,465,172 Information Technology 12,814,288 1,759,299 (7,801,821) 6,771,766 Human Resources 22,350 - - 22,350 Budget - 10,897 - 10,897 Total general government 171,746,373 7,100,231 (7,874,560) 170,972,044 Public Safety: County sheriff 49,998,917 1,204,729 (421,805) 50,781,841 Fire marshal 709,001 2,063,136 (29,339) 2,742,798 Emergency management 699,136 - - 699,136 Criminal justice partnership 941,318 - (6,000) 935,318 Animal control 3,859,828 - (67,784) 3,792,044 Youth home 433,254 6,195 - 439,449 Emergency medical services 5,438,117 1,479,531 (343,863) <td< td=""><td>Court facilities</td><td>14,441,523</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>14,441,523</td></td<>	Court facilities	14,441,523	-	-	14,441,523
General services 135,106,598 4,405,463 (46,889) 139,465,172 Information Technology 12,814,288 1,759,299 (7,801,821) 6,771,766 Human Resources 22,350 - - - 22,350 Budget - 10,897 - 10,897 Total general government 171,746,373 7,100,231 (7,874,560) 170,972,044 Public Safety: County sheriff 49,998,917 1,204,729 (421,805) 50,781,841 Fire marshal 709,001 2,063,136 (29,339) 2,742,798 Emergency management 699,136 - - 699,136 Criminal justice partnership 941,318 - (6,000) 935,318 Animal control 3,859,828 - (67,784) 3,792,044 Youth home 433,254 6,195 - 439,449 Emergency medical services 5,438,117 1,479,531 (343,863) 6,573,785 Total public safety 62,079,571 4,753,591	Board of elections	25,850	-	(25,850)	-
Information Technology 12,814,288 1,759,299 (7,801,821) 6,771,766 Human Resources 22,350 - - 22,350 Budget - 10,897 - 10,897 Total general government 171,746,373 7,100,231 (7,874,560) 170,972,044 Public Safety: County sheriff 49,998,917 1,204,729 (421,805) 50,781,841 Fire marshal 709,001 2,063,136 (29,339) 2,742,798 Emergency management 699,136 - - 699,136 Criminal justice partnership 941,318 - (6,000) 935,318 Animal control 3,859,828 - (67,784) 3,792,044 Youth home 433,254 6,195 - 439,449 Emergency medical services 5,438,117 1,479,531 (343,863) 6,573,785 Total public safety 62,079,571 4,753,591 (868,791) 65,964,371 Environmental Protection: Environmental engineering <td>Register of deeds</td> <td>1,527,520</td> <td>924,572</td> <td>-</td> <td>2,452,092</td>	Register of deeds	1,527,520	924,572	-	2,452,092
Human Resources 22,350 - - 22,350 Budget - 10,897 - 10,897 Total general government 171,746,373 7,100,231 (7,874,560) 170,972,044 Public Safety: County sheriff 49,998,917 1,204,729 (421,805) 50,781,841 Fire marshal 709,001 2,063,136 (29,339) 2,742,798 Emergency management 699,136 - - 699,136 Criminal justice partnership 941,318 - (6,000) 935,318 Animal control 3,859,828 - (67,784) 3,792,044 Youth home 433,254 6,195 - 439,449 Emergency medical services 5,438,117 1,479,531 (343,863) 6,573,785 Total public safety 62,079,571 4,753,591 (868,791) 65,964,371 Environmental Protection: Environmental engineering 1,828,114 - (10,800) 1,817,314 Open Space 1,999,515<	General services	135,106,598	4,405,463	(46,889)	139,465,172
Budget - 10,897 - 10,897 Total general government 171,746,373 7,100,231 (7,874,560) 170,972,044 Public Safety: County sheriff 49,998,917 1,204,729 (421,805) 50,781,841 Fire marshal 709,001 2,063,136 (29,339) 2,742,798 Emergency management 699,136 - - 699,136 Criminal justice partnership 941,318 - (6,000) 935,318 Animal control 3,859,828 - (67,784) 3,792,044 Youth home 433,254 6,195 - 439,449 Emergency medical services 5,438,117 1,479,531 (343,863) 6,573,785 Total public safety 62,079,571 4,753,591 (868,791) 65,964,371 Environmental Protection: Environmental engineering 1,828,114 - (10,800) 1,817,314 Open Space 1,999,515 - - 1,999,515	Information Technology	12,814,288	1,759,299	(7,801,821)	6,771,766
Public Safety: County sheriff 49,998,917 1,204,729 (421,805) 50,781,841 Fire marshal 709,001 2,063,136 (29,339) 2,742,798 Emergency management 699,136 - - 699,136 Criminal justice partnership 941,318 - (6,000) 935,318 Animal control 3,859,828 - (67,784) 3,792,044 Youth home 433,254 6,195 - 439,449 Emergency medical services 5,438,117 1,479,531 (343,863) 6,573,785 Total public safety 62,079,571 4,753,591 (868,791) 65,964,371 Environmental Protection: Environmental engineering 1,828,114 - (10,800) 1,817,314 Open Space 1,999,515 - - 1,999,515	Human Resources	22,350	-	-	22,350
Public Safety: County sheriff 49,998,917 1,204,729 (421,805) 50,781,841 Fire marshal 709,001 2,063,136 (29,339) 2,742,798 Emergency management 699,136 - - 699,136 Criminal justice partnership 941,318 - (6,000) 935,318 Animal control 3,859,828 - (67,784) 3,792,044 Youth home 433,254 6,195 - 439,449 Emergency medical services 5,438,117 1,479,531 (343,863) 6,573,785 Total public safety 62,079,571 4,753,591 (868,791) 65,964,371 Environmental Protection: Environmental engineering 1,828,114 - (10,800) 1,817,314 Open Space 1,999,515 - - 1,999,515	Budget		10,897		10,897
County sheriff 49,998,917 1,204,729 (421,805) 50,781,841 Fire marshal 709,001 2,063,136 (29,339) 2,742,798 Emergency management 699,136 - - 699,136 Criminal justice partnership 941,318 - (6,000) 935,318 Animal control 3,859,828 - (67,784) 3,792,044 Youth home 433,254 6,195 - 439,449 Emergency medical services 5,438,117 1,479,531 (343,863) 6,573,785 Total public safety 62,079,571 4,753,591 (868,791) 65,964,371 Environmental Protection: Environmental engineering 1,828,114 - (10,800) 1,817,314 Open Space 1,999,515 - - 1,999,515	Total general government	171,746,373	7,100,231	(7,874,560)	170,972,044
Fire marshal 709,001 2,063,136 (29,339) 2,742,798 Emergency management 699,136 - - 699,136 Criminal justice partnership 941,318 - (6,000) 935,318 Animal control 3,859,828 - (67,784) 3,792,044 Youth home 433,254 6,195 - 439,449 Emergency medical services 5,438,117 1,479,531 (343,863) 6,573,785 Total public safety 62,079,571 4,753,591 (868,791) 65,964,371 Environmental Protection: Environmental engineering 1,828,114 - (10,800) 1,817,314 Open Space 1,999,515 - - - 1,999,515	Public Safety:				
Emergency management 699,136 - - 699,136 Criminal justice partnership 941,318 - (6,000) 935,318 Animal control 3,859,828 - (67,784) 3,792,044 Youth home 433,254 6,195 - 439,449 Emergency medical services 5,438,117 1,479,531 (343,863) 6,573,785 Total public safety 62,079,571 4,753,591 (868,791) 65,964,371 Environmental Protection: Environmental engineering 1,828,114 - (10,800) 1,817,314 Open Space 1,999,515 - - - 1,999,515	County sheriff	49,998,917	1,204,729	(421,805)	50,781,841
Criminal justice partnership 941,318 - (6,000) 935,318 Animal control 3,859,828 - (67,784) 3,792,044 Youth home 433,254 6,195 - 439,449 Emergency medical services 5,438,117 1,479,531 (343,863) 6,573,785 Total public safety 62,079,571 4,753,591 (868,791) 65,964,371 Environmental Protection: Environmental engineering 1,828,114 - (10,800) 1,817,314 Open Space 1,999,515 - - 1,999,515	Fire marshal	709,001	2,063,136	(29,339)	2,742,798
Animal control 3,859,828 - (67,784) 3,792,044 Youth home 433,254 6,195 - 439,449 Emergency medical services 5,438,117 1,479,531 (343,863) 6,573,785 Total public safety 62,079,571 4,753,591 (868,791) 65,964,371 Environmental Protection: Environmental engineering 1,828,114 - (10,800) 1,817,314 Open Space 1,999,515 1,999,515	Emergency management	699,136	-	-	699,136
Youth home 433,254 6,195 - 439,449 Emergency medical services 5,438,117 1,479,531 (343,863) 6,573,785 Total public safety 62,079,571 4,753,591 (868,791) 65,964,371 Environmental Protection: Environmental engineering 1,828,114 - (10,800) 1,817,314 Open Space 1,999,515 - - 1,999,515	Criminal justice partnership	941,318	-	(6,000)	935,318
Emergency medical services 5,438,117 1,479,531 (343,863) 6,573,785 Total public safety 62,079,571 4,753,591 (868,791) 65,964,371 Environmental Protection: Environmental engineering 1,828,114 - (10,800) 1,817,314 Open Space 1,999,515 - - 1,999,515	Animal control	3,859,828	-	(67,784)	3,792,044
Total public safety 62,079,571 4,753,591 (868,791) 65,964,371 Environmental Protection: Environmental engineering 1,828,114 - (10,800) 1,817,314 Open Space 1,999,515 - - 1,999,515	Youth home	433,254	6,195	-	439,449
Environmental Protection: 1,828,114 - (10,800) 1,817,314 Open Space 1,999,515 1,999,515 - 1,999,515	Emergency medical services	5,438,117	1,479,531	(343,863)	6,573,785
Environmental engineering 1,828,114 - (10,800) 1,817,314 Open Space 1,999,515 1,999,515 - 1,999,515	Total public safety	62,079,571	4,753,591	(868,791)	65,964,371
Open Space 1,999,515 - - 1,999,515	Environmental Protection:				
	Environmental engineering	1,828,114	-	(10,800)	1,817,314
Total Environmental Protection 3,827,629 - (10,800) 3,816,829	Open Space	1,999,515	-	-	1,999,515
	Total Environmental Protection	3,827,629	-	(10,800)	3,816,829

¹ This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds.

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity¹

Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Capital Assets July 1, 2013	Additions	Transfers and Deletions	Capital Assets June 30, 2014
Economic and Physical Development:				
Cooperative extension	\$ 34,495	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 34,495
Planning	6,500	-	-	6,500
Soil and Erosion	29,732			29,732
Total Economic and Physical Development	70,727	-	-	70,727
Human Services:				
Public health	747,888	-	-	747,888
Mental health	713,710	-	-	713,710
Social services	3,820,617	-	(18,704)	3,801,913
Other human services	413,071	188,761	-	601,832
Total human services	5,695,286	188,761	(18,704)	5,865,343
Education:				
DPS Building	8,080,942			8,080,942
Cultural and Recreational:				
Library	6,860,191	16,873		6,877,064
Capital Projects:				
Construction in progress	240,516,504	14,144,131	(11,253,966)	243,406,669
Total Capital Assets	\$498,877,223	\$ 26,203,587	\$ (20,026,821)	\$ 505,053,989

¹ This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds.

Gross Bonded Debt and Other Long-Term Debt Year Ended June 30, 2014

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date		Amount Outstanding 6-30-13	<u></u>	Issued Ouring Year	Adjusted During Year		Defeased During Year
General Long-Term Debt									
Bonded Debt:									
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT, SERIES 2004A (2/3 Bonds)	4.00%-5.00%	5/1/04	\$	800,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT, SERIES 2004B	4.00%-5.00%	5/1/04		3,200,000		-	-		-
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT, SERIES 2006A	4.00%-5.00%	5/1/06		2,750,000		-	-		-
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT, SERIES 2006B	4.00%-5.00%	5/1/06		12,000,000		-	-		-
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT, SERIES 2008A	3.50%-5.00%	5/1/08		10,100,000		-	-		-
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT, SERIES 2008B	3.50%-5.00%	5/1/08		28,840,000		-	-		-
REFUNDING, SERIES 2009	2.00%-5.00%	11/3/09		42,904,337		-	-		-
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT, SERIES 2010A	2.00%-5.00%	11/10/10		19,380,000		-	-		-
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT, SERIES 2010B	3.51%-5.23%	11/10/10		34,020,000		-	-		-
REFUNDING, SERIES 2011	3.00%-5.00%	6/08/11		61,750,000		-	-		-
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT, SERIES 2012	3.00%-5.00%	04/25/12		56,140,000		-	-		-
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT REFUNDING, SERIES 2014	2.00%-5.00%	06/3/14		-		44,635,000	-		-
UNAMORITZED BOND PREMIUM				21,215,520		7,025,669	-		-
Total Bonded Debt				293,099,857		51,660,669			-
Other Long-Term Debt Installment Purchase Agreements: Certificates of Participation									
COPs 2009 FIXED				55,660,000		-	-		-
LOBS 2012	2.00%-5.00%	03/29/12		60,590,000		-	-		-
LOBS 2013	1.50%-5.00%	03/28/13		112,470,000		-	-		-
UNAMORITZED BOND PREMIUM				16,306,572		-	-		-
Total Certificates Of Participation				245,026,572					
Other Financing Agreements				43,123,317		23,706,685	-		51,200,000
Total Installment Purchase Agreements				288,149,889	-	23,706,685		-	51,200,000
Earned Vacation Pay				6,941,126		-	3,969,264		-
Net OPEB Obligation				40,984,987		-	8,075,269		_
Total Other Long-Term Debt			-	336,076,002		23,706,685	12,044,533		51,200,000
Total General Long-Term Debt			\$	629,175,859	\$	75,367,354	\$ 12,044,533	\$	51,200,000

Due Fiscal Year 2013-2014				Amount	Due Fisca 2014 - 2	r 		Long-Term		
	Principal Interest		Interest	Outstanding 6-30-14		 Principal	 Interest	Principal Due Thereafter		
\$	800,000	\$	32,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$		
	3,200,000		136,000		-	-	-			
	750,000		127,500		2,000,000	1,000,000	90,000		1,000,000	
	4,000,000		490,000		8,000,000	4,000,000	330,000		4,000,000	
	400,000		443,250		9,700,000	400,000	427,250		9,300,000	
	1,050,000		1,289,438		27,790,000	1,050,000	1,254,000		26,740,000	
	118,468		2,087,333		42,785,869	5,580,597	2,082,594		37,205,272	
	3,190,000		889,250		16,190,000	3,215,000	729,125		12,975,000	
	-		1,480,630		34,020,000	-	1,480,630		34,020,000	
	-		2,741,750		61,750,000	3,905,000	2,673,650		57,845,000	
	8,410,000		2,458,519		47,730,000	2,920,000	2,122,119		44,810,000	
	-		-		44,635,000	2,230,000	1,685,790		42,405,000	
	1,582,828		-		26,658,361	1,924,868			24,733,493	
	23,501,296		12,175,670		321,259,230	26,225,465	 12,875,158		295,033,765	
	3,095,000		2,600,156		52,565,000	3,095,000	2,483,806		49,470,000	
	3,190,000		2,333.075		57,400,000	3,190,000	2,463,600		54,210,000	
	3,750,000		5,672,063		108,720,000	3,745,000	4,752,288		104,975,000	
	307,715		3,072,003		15,998,853	627,031	4,732,200		15,371,822	
	10,342,715		10,605,294		234,683,853	 10,657,031	 9,473,469		224,026,822	
	10,342,713		10,003,294		234,003,033	 10,037,031	 9,473,409		224,020,022	
	2,308,348		534,531		13,321,654	1,828,897	182,899		11,492,757	
	63,851,067		11,139,825		248,005,507	12,485,928	 9,656,368		235,519,579	
	3,850,737		-		7,059,653	4,448,760	-		2,610,893	
	2,494,942		-		46,565,314	-	-		46,565,314	
	70,196,746		11,139,825		301,630,474	16,934,688	 9,656,368		284,695,786	
\$	93.698.042	\$	23,315,495	\$	622.889.704	\$ 43,160,153	\$ 22,531,526	\$	579.729.551	

Gross Bonded Debt and Other Long-Term Debt Year Ended June 30, 2014 (continued)

Description	Interest Rate	Issue Date	 Amount Outstanding 6-30-13	 Issued During Year	 Adjusted During Year	Defeased Ouring Year
Proprietary Debt						
Enterprise Fund: Refunding, Series 2009 Enterprise Revolving Loan Enterprise Revolving Loan II Revenue Bonds Refunding, Series 2012 Unamortized Bond Premium Total Enterprise Fund Bonded Debt	3.00%-4.75% 2.22% 2.22% 2.49%	12/1/02 7/1/10 7/1/10 08/23/12	\$ 2,015,663 3,157,553 10,250,714 10,845,000 765,140 27,034,070	\$ 394,029 - 394,029	\$ - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - -
Earned Vacation Pay Total Proprietary Debt			\$ 104,501 27,138,571	\$ 394,029	\$ 42,449 42,449	\$ <u>-</u>
Total General Long-Term and Proprietary Debt			\$ 656,314,430	\$ 75,761,383	\$ 12,086,982	\$ 51,200,000

Due Fiscal Year 2013-2014				Amount	 Due Fis 2014		ear		Long-Term	
	Principal		Interest	_	Outstanding 6-30-14	 Principal Interest		Principal Due Thereafter		
\$	711,532 657,196 532,236 655,000 100,275 2,656,239	\$	87,567 70,098 333,752 270,041 - 761,458	\$	1,304,131 2,500,357 10,112,507 10,190,000 664,865 24,771,860	\$ 699,403 138,909 532,237 670,000 100,275 2,140,824	\$	59,106 55,508 224,498 253,731 - 592,843	\$	604,728 2,361,448 9,580,270 9,520,000 564,590 22,631,036
\$	42,569 2,698,808	\$	- 761,458	\$	104,381 24,876,241	\$ 63,936 2,204,760	\$	592,843	\$	40,445 22,671,481
\$	96,396,850	\$	24,076,953	\$	647,765,945	\$ 45,364,913	\$	23,124,369	\$	602,401,032

Analysis of Current Tax Levy Year Ended June 30, 2014

Property Valuations						
Real property	\$ 2	25,254,108,336				
Personal property		3,300,458,222				
Public service		489,915,862				
DMV-registered vehicles		2,980,521,352				
Total subject to tax	\$ 3	32,025,003,772				
Real property/personal property/corporate excess levy	\$	356,535,360				
DMV -registered vehicles levy		30,830,373				
Gross Levy	\$	387,365,733				
Abatements/discoveries		267,600				
Net Levy		387,633,333				
Uncollected at June 30, 2014		2,564,474				
Current year taxes collected	\$	385,068,859				
Percent of current taxes collected		99.34%				

This schedule includes current year levy and collections for the Agency Funds and excludes current year levy and collections of Special Revenue Funds.

Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable By Fund Year Ended June 30, 2014

Year of Levy	Uncollected Balance July 1, 2013	Current Year Gross Levy	Collections	Abatements/ Discoveries	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2014
2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 and prior	\$ - 4,009,648 886,255 766,532 365,156 185,102 317,736	\$ 387,365,733 - - - - - -	\$ 385,068,859 2,649,446 (67,418) 137,951 44,992 18,419 9,590	\$ 267,600 (300,482) (613,214) (71,225) (110,382) (6,337) (69,421)	\$ 2,564,474 1,059,720 340,459 557,356 209,782 160,346 238,725
	\$ 6,530,429	\$ 387,365,733	\$ 387,861,839	\$ (903,461)	5,130,862
Less allowance fo	(12,979) \$ 5,117,883				
Receivable by fur General Fund Capital financing	nd, net:			\$ 2,849,177 295,595	2 444 772
General Fund					3,144,772
City of Durham City of Chapel Hil City of Raleigh	II			1,949,726 19,931 3,454	
Agency funds					1,973,111
					\$ 5,117,883

Note: This schedule includes the general fund and agency funds.

Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable by Levy Year Year Ended June 30, 2014

Fiscal Year		ncollected Balance ne 30, 2013		Additions		Collections	 atements/ scoveries	Uncollected Balance une 30, 2014
2013-2014 2012-2013 2011-2012 2010-2011 2009-2010 2008-2009 2007 and prior	\$	4,009,648 886,255 766,532 365,156 185,102 317,736	\$	387,365,733 - - - - - -	\$	385,068,859 2,649,446 (67,418) 137,951 44,992 18,419 9,590	\$ 267,600 (300,482) (613,214) (71,225) (110,382) (6,337) (69,421)	\$ 2,564,474 1,059,720 340,459 557,356 209,782 160,346 238,725
	\$	6,530,429	\$	387,365,733	\$	387,861,839	\$ (903,461)	5,130,862
Less allowance fo	Ad val	orem taxes red			le			\$ (12,979) 5,117,883
	\$ 244,880,405							
	Taxes	- ad valorem -	age	ency funds				 142,981,434
Total collecti	ons ar	nd credits						\$ 387,861,839

Note: This schedule includes the general fund and agency funds.

STATISTICAL SECTION (TAB)

FINANCIAL TRENDS INFORMATON

Schedule of Net Position by Component

This schedule is a summary of the County's net position for the last 10 fiscal years. Information can be obtained from the Statement of Net Position in the financial statements for each of the fiscal years. The Net Position must be presented in the three different components and in the aggregate.

Schedule of Changes in Net Position

This schedule is a summary of the changes in net position for the last 10 fiscal years. Information can be obtained from the Statement of Activities in the financial statements for each of the fiscal years.

Schedule of Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

This schedule is a summary of the governmental funds fund balances for the last 10 fiscal years. Information can be obtained from the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet in the financial statements for each of the fiscal years. The General Fund is reported in five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent; nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance. The remaining Governmental Funds are grouped together but split out into the appropriate fund balance classifications.

Schedule of Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

This schedule is required to show three items: the net change in fund balance over the last 10 fiscal years, provide the debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures ratio, and debt service must be broken out into principal and interest. The schedule also shows the revenues by source and expenditures by function. This information can be obtained from the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances in the financial statements for each of the fiscal years.

Government-wide Expenses by Function

This schedule is a summary of the expenses by functional area for the last 10 fiscal years. Information can be obtained from the Statement of Activities in the financial statements for each of the fiscal years.

Government-wide Revenues

This schedule is a summary of the revenues by source for the last 10 fiscal years. Information can be obtained from the Statement of Activities in the financial statements for each of the fiscal years.

General Government Expenditures by Function

This schedule is a summary of general government expenditures by function for the last 10 fiscal years for all governmental fund types consisting of General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Fund and Community Health Trust Fund. This information can be obtained from the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances in the financial statements for each of the fiscal years.

General Government Revenues by Source

This schedule is a summary of general government revenues by source for the last 10 fiscal years for all governmental fund types consisting of General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Fund and Community Health Trust Fund. This information can be obtained from the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances in the financial statements for each of the fiscal years.



Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 58,793,546	\$ 63,614,759	\$ 80,186,886	\$ 126,736,015	\$ 50,531,593	\$ 34,361,023	\$ 70,418,094	\$ 20,244,058	\$ 7,789,264	\$ 20,701,314
Restricted	99,001,424	130,208,539	110,473,407	148,287,555	268,604,489	176,971,865	122,052,513	95,772,487	81,325,452	52,415,572
Unrestricted	(79,696,301)	(98,865,832)	(82,503,842)	(134,159,338)	(197,614,990)	(141,958,766)	(159,248,940)	(109,675,884)	(94,227,528)	(69,263,012)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 78,098,669	\$ 94,957,466	\$ 108,156,451	\$ 140,864,232	\$ 121,521,092	\$ 69,374,122	\$ 33,221,667	\$ 6,340,661	\$ (5,112,812)	\$ 3,853,874
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position	\$ 20,812,310 750,592 10,471,031 \$ 32,033,933	\$ 24,680,549 963,121 10,636,796 \$ 36,280,466	\$ 27,357,125 2,180,110 10,104,513 \$ 39,641,748	\$ 28,475,844 6,217,552 8,481,270 \$ 43,174,666	\$ 31,884,317 6,263,697 8,850,009 \$ 46,998,023	\$ 34,304,997 6,303,037 10,980,746 \$ 51,588,780	\$ 37,969,224 7,635,822 13,012,822 \$ 58,617,868	\$ 46,827,067 8,650,213 15,010,061 \$ 70,487,341	\$ 44,714,405 6,232,518 19,318,687 \$ 70,265,610	\$ 47,154,452 7,854,466 21,724,599 \$ 76,733,537
Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 79,605,856 99,752,016 (69,225,270)	\$ 88,295,308 131,171,660 (88,229,036)	\$ 107,544,011 112,653,517 (72,399,329)	\$ 155,211,859 154,505,107 (125,678,068)	\$ 82,415,910 274,868,186 (188,764,981)	\$ 68,666,020 183,274,902 (130,978,020)	\$ 108,387,318 129,688,335 (146,236,118)	\$ 67,071,125 104,422,700 (94,665,823)	\$ 52,503,669 87,557,970 (74,908,841)	\$ 67,855,766 60,270,058 (47,538,413)
Total primary government net position	\$ 110,132,602	\$ 131,237,932	\$ 147,798,199	\$ 184,038,898	\$ 168,519,115	\$ 120,962,902	\$ 91,839,535	\$ 76,828,002	\$ 65,152,798	\$ 80,587,411

	2025	2000	2007	2000	2000	2010	0011	2010		2011
-	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Expenses										
Governmental activities:	0 00 054 040	0 00 440 740	0 01 000 101	6 50 000 540	0 47,000,404	A 40.005.740	A 45 000 054		A 57.004.407	• 55 770 004
General government	\$ 26,351,619	\$ 28,142,742	\$ 61,082,121	\$ 53,369,519	\$ 47,393,464	\$ 12,365,748	\$ 45,989,651	\$ 50,482,000	\$ 57,034,487	\$ 55,772,804
Public safety	45,099,164	52,182,047	49,069,987	51,025,747	52,889,080	55,255,454	53,964,797	54,806,448	57,767,228	61,569,018
Transportation	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500
Economic and physical development	2,243,791	3,246,027	10,262,137	4,483,362	6,746,267	28,751,080	5,272,311	4,616,413	4,916,125	5,490,387
Environmental protection	2,760,078	2,817,714	3,022,401	3,261,121	3,800,698	2,456,029	3,542,985	3,694,850	3,632,359	3,657,826
Human services	341,183,062	344,328,289	371,034,045	405,376,336	437,677,600	108,607,392	109,093,936	115,743,251	88,141,193	85,440,041
Education	104,106,885	105,485,526	106,234,157	117,349,760	143,520,618	176,005,516	185,533,592	159,834,958	151,919,349	148,666,331
Cultural and recreational	7,375,565	11,569,884	12,136,121	10,909,020	11,998,176	25,220,574	12,510,214	12,075,639	11,688,669	12,671,110
Nondepartmental	11,197,360	15,342,913	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	16,740,531	11,422,405	15,535,909	14,218,611	14,785,542	11,499,010	17,368,443	17,226,788	19,814,600	22,953,477
Total governmental activities	557,070,555	574,550,047	628,389,378	660,005,976	718,823,945	420,173,303	433,288,429	418,492,847	394,926,510	396,233,494
Business-type activities:										
Sewer utility	5,306,714	4,210,944	5,124,493	5,870,964	5,277,448	5,061,620	5,356,000	5,563,907	5,761,082	6,387,907
Total primary government expenses	562,377,269	578,760,991	633,513,871	665,876,940	724,101,393	425,234,923	438,644,429	424,056,754	400,687,592	402,621,401
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	7,419,425	8,427,778	8,787,807	9,670,581	8,052,809	8,835,568	8,399,578	9,276,517	9,250,904	9,710,327
Public safety	7,100,689	7,958,685	9,458,116	9,205,688	(272,050)	7,062,164	6,608,128	7,873,528	8,376,150	8,861,551
Transportation	15,323	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic and physical development	10,588	10,588	5,956	15,523	25,867	47,284	21,352	13,564	24,524	18,654
Environmental protection	5,824,811	7,183,222	2,858,342	2,652,468	2,279,440	2,464,213	2,228,883	2,095,494	2,441,809	2,898,313
Human services	28,870,290	27,649,080	4,470,817	6,478,384	4,895,166	4,804,562	4,890,085	4,580,101	4,750,608	4,354,144
Cultural and recreational	279,545	260,841	289,708	233,515	236,530	234,076	270,157	284,754	298,180	299,711
Operating grants and contributions:		,-			,	- /	-, -			
General government	2,463,328	2,590,512	2,505,275	2,240,883	1,795,706	3,160,839	3,524,446	3,349,194	2,807,583	4,464,142
Public safety	2,148,442	3,231,746	4,262,803	2,604,222	4,970,328	5,445,725	4,522,824	4,544,100	4,483,911	4,549,651
Economic and physical development	380,608	440,969	551,745	711,079	1,685,798	1,453,149	1,086,038	857,200	732,984	588,110
Environmental protection	-	440,000	001,140	10,476	45,221	45,083	41,268	103,703	62,078	52,678
Human services	273,354,673	275,404,044	328,749,307	352,332,661	390,413,674	69,803,505	66,461,771	70,908,533	44,706,570	40,084,357
Cultural and recreational	250,378	386,952	297,356	263,204	362,201	322,150	268,013	246,509	223,253	266,690
Capital grants and contributions:	230,376	300,932	291,330	203,204	302,201	322,130	200,013	240,309	223,233	200,090
General government	416,024		45,271	113,804	5,319,847	1,000,000	6,079,370	1,213,509	1,044,849	1,123,462
Public safety	24,580	-	45,271	113,004	3,313,047	1,000,000	0,079,370	1,213,309	257,499	1,341,125
	24,360	225 220	440.544	-	504.007	250.004	4 200 252	2 404 675	257,499	1,341,123
Environmental protection	440.007	335,000	419,511	500,000	501,087	250,691	1,390,353	3,191,675	400.470	4 400 200
Education	140,637	2,565,712	8,083,680	26,352,299	13,481,375	1,063,268	1,086,766	172,946	102,473	1,469,322
Cultural and recreational	-								96,181	
Total governmental activities program revenues	328,699,341	336,445,129	370,785,694	413,384,787	433,792,999	105,992,277	106,879,032	108,711,327	79,659,556	80,082,237
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services: sewer utility	5,376,090	7,650,033	7,848,710	8,333,612	8,595,153	9,563,353	10,594,336	11,181,310	11,748,514	12,007,107
Capital grants and contributions: sewer utility		159,600		126,416	164,857	32,330	1,784,691	6,260,051	471,600	780,802
Total business-type activities program revenues	5,376,090	7,809,633	7,848,710	8,460,028	8,760,010	9,595,683	12,379,027	17,441,361	12,220,114	12,787,909
Total primary government program revenues	334,075,431	344,254,762	378,634,404	421,844,815	442,553,009	115,587,960	119,258,059	126,152,688	91,879,670	92,870,146

Changes in Net Position (continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	\$(228,371,214)	\$ (238,104,918)	\$ (257,603,684)	\$ (246,621,189)	\$ (285,030,946)	\$ (314,181,026)	\$ (326,409,397)	\$ (309,781,520)	\$ (315,266,954)	\$ (316,151,257)
Business-type activities	69,376	3,598,689	2,724,217	2,589,064	3,482,562	4,534,063	7,023,027	11,877,454	6,459,032	6,400,002
Total primary government net expense	(228,301,838)	(234,506,229)	(254,879,467)	(244,032,125)	(281,548,384)	(309,646,963)	(319,386,370)	(297,904,066)	(308,807,922)	(309,751,255)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Positi	ion									
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	165,038,984	174,904,779	180,257,334	197,270,197	204,580,914	208,903,551	222,573,221	224,187,284	229,853,877	244,922,483
Property taxes, levied for fire districts	3,739,469	3,985,570	4,067,755	4,857,931	5,461,784	5,664,512	5,669,812	5,803,682	6,064,378	6,661,282
Property taxes, levied for other districts purposes	324,597	327,758	323,940	671,192	656,807	714,072	723,815	713,502	739,049	736,793
Local option sales tax	45,384,056	49,624,207	55,347,250	56,069,488	47,108,208	41,675,831	44,546,245	51,371,060	59,047,561	61,414,402
Occupancy tax	2,433,608	2,210,411	2,466,816	2,640,307	2,211,214	1,932,872	2,116,103	2,246,761	2,436,586	2,592,696
Animal tax	482,165	443,996	437,639	405,546	938,241	907,395	1,184,766	915,504	540,618	(1,277,314)
Gross receipts tax	185,738	199,465	204,714	220,678	230,687	329,430	333,207	345,126	347,226	406,605
Investment and interest income	9,320,860	10,141,571	13,321,460	7,650,534	3,123,327	3,216,562	7,335,369	9,886,557	1,977,962	5,086,255
Other revenues	11,139,896	12,923,685	14,127,991	813,880	1,096,491	1,047,400	5,774,404	8,604,913	4,709,427	4,574,741
Amortization of bond premium	193,174	202,273	247,770	251,141	280,133	-	-	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	238,242,547	254,963,715	270,802,669	270,850,894	265,687,806	264,391,625	290,256,942	304,074,389	305,716,684	325,117,943
Business-type activities:										
Investment and interest income	626,115	611,070	603,131	847,304	306,961	52,902	5,121	(7,981)	29,074	42,036
Other revenues	-	2,940	100	62,716	-	3,792	940	-	493	25,889
Amortization of bond premium	33,834	33,834	33,834	33,834	33,834	-	-	-	-	-
Total business-type activities	659,949	647,844	637,065	943,854	340,795	56,694	6,061	(7,981)	29,567	67,925
Total primary government	238,902,496	255,611,559	271,439,734	271,794,748	266,028,601	264,448,319	290,263,003	304,066,408	305,746,251	325,185,868
Change in Net Position										
Government activities	9,871,333	16,858,797	13,198,985	24,229,705	(19,343,140)	(49,789,401)	(36,152,455)	(5,707,131)	(9,550,270)	8,966,686
Business-type activities	729,325	4,246,533	3,361,282	3,532,918	3,823,357	4,590,757	7,029,088	11,869,473	6,488,599	6,467,927
Total primary government	\$ 10,600,658	\$ 21,105,330	\$ 16,560,267	\$ 27,762,623	\$ (15,519,783)	\$ (45,198,644)	\$ (29,123,367)	\$ 6,162,342	\$ (3,061,671)	\$ 15,434,613

⁽¹⁾ Investment and rental income were combined and reported until Fiscal Year 2007. Therefore, the amounts in "Investments" for Fiscal Years 2005 and 2006 represent both investments and rental income. As of Fiscal Year 2007, rental income is reported as program revenue of the function that generates the revenue.

⁽²⁾ As of Fiscal Year 2007, the County no longer reports "Nondepartmental" revenues and expenses. These revenues and expenses are now reported in the function they pertain to, general government.

⁽³⁾ As of Fiscal Year 2010, the amortization of the bond premium is no longer reported under "General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets" but rather as a component of interest and fiscal charges expense.

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

General Fund All Other Governmental Funds														All ernmental Funds
June 30	Nonspendable	Restricted	Committed	Assigned	Unassigned	Total	Nonspendable	Restricted	Committed	Assigned	Unassigned	Total		Total
2014	\$ 1,015,631	\$ 30,579,201	\$ 59,573,800	\$ 13,961,475	\$ 42,228,729	\$ 147,358,836	\$ 5,000	\$ 3,720,664	\$ -	\$ 45,814,049	\$ -	\$ 49,539,713	\$ 1	196,898,549
2013	1,002,364	30,539,412	51,109,294	16,348,230	35,630,010	134,629,310	-	10,529,068	-	56,003,778	(232,519)	66,300,327	2	200,929,637
2012	1,055,346	30,431,788	47,694,892	11,612,648	45,477,059	136,271,733	-	21,048,123	-	46,976,875	-	68,024,998	2	204,296,731
2011	869,092	25,392,181	33,904,565	8,148,653	49,205,996	117,520,487	-	33,189,054	-	51,139,509	-	84,328,563	2	201,849,050
2010	810,373	27,702,979	26,675,483	6,203,505	40,241,722	101,634,062	-	41,636,490	-	76,976,301	-	118,612,791	2	220,246,853
2009	790,316	27,353,153	18,151,896	7,592,000	38,300,379	92,187,744	33,922	82,039,274	-	93,713,294	-	175,786,490	2	267,974,234
2008	802,015	32,479,932	12,053,302	17,548,466	32,229,265	95,112,980	-	20,341,463	-	98,329,236	-	118,670,699	2	213,783,679
2007	767,010	27,586,231	12,865,309	19,209,735	32,375,511	92,803,796	-	333,754	-	105,117,653	-	105,451,407	1	198,255,203
2006	677,533	25,557,710	4,912,289	14,232,400	29,881,008	75,260,940	-	1,108,764	-	130,877,671	-	131,986,435	2	207,247,375
2005	469,045	31,151,323	4,547,678	14,990,000	16,378,545	67,536,591	-	2,742,602	-	90,120,604	-	92,863,206	1	160,399,797

Note: GASB Statement No. 54, presenting restated Fund Balances, was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2011.

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Revenues										2017
Taxes	\$ 217.778.065	\$ 231.888.087	\$ 243.726.551	\$ 262.694.951	\$ 259.542.906	\$ 260.158.664	\$ 277,130,082	\$ 285.218.594	\$ 299.126.290	\$ 317,692,860
Licenses and permits	4,065,033	5,312,774	880,944	1,049,599	744,881	688,093	703,439	794,976	826,580	1,357,467
Intergovernmental	92,975,384	97,702,568	126,958,857	132,739,075	129,353,073	82,439,834	84,463,129	84,587,369	54,163,701	54,190,412
Investments	9,297,592	10,073,093	12,776,308	7,764,319	3,039,158	5,021,717	3,617,037	2,543,564	4,637,119	4,600,076
Rent	0,201,002	10,070,000	1.985.592	2.088.862	607,818	507.071	555.648	591,285	824.104	1.077.167
Charges for services	43,684,623	44,676,761	21,906,991	23,815,640	20,891,632	22,062,286	21,226,569	22,667,005	23,350,074	23,450,422
Other revenues	11,139,896	12,923,685	14,127,991	659,642	943,020	753,316	5,519,764	8,282,993	4,372,836	4,563,275
Total revenues	378,940,593	402,576,968	422,363,234	430,812,088	415,122,488	371,630,981	393,215,668	404,685,786	387,300,704	406,931,679
Total Tovolidos	010,040,000	402,010,000	422,000,204	400,012,000	410,122,400	07 1,000,001	000,210,000	404,000,700	001,000,104	400,001,010
Expenditures										
General government	24,030,548	25,873,688	53,083,781	40,055,970	43,642,897	47,288,312	85,546,409	74,378,948	69,537,969	51,067,380
Public safety	42,812,116	45,997,598	48,084,025	49,037,837	51,260,744	51,139,790	52,050,280	53,832,256	56,386,531	60,700,087
Transportation	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500
Economic and physical development	2,986,331	2,725,118	3,250,610	4,468,630	6,726,068	5,378,982	5,158,399	4,606,868	4,914,778	5,479,543
Environmental protection	2,403,268	2,821,303	2,991,804	10,742,700	8,853,660	30,505,276	26,494,114	20,700,688	20,301,762	13,469,306
Human services	155,505,806	158,201,370	156,237,699	172,690,598	162,360,553	107,552,239	108,524,800	109,066,287	91,592,879	85,339,186
Education	83,044,943	89,560,342	96,175,984	135,475,191	154,707,374	143,481,659	185,338,838	159,632,934	151,717,325	148,464,307
Cultural and recreational	7,492,517	8,188,661	9,894,487	11,508,607	14,618,455	20,714,654	13,687,066	12,032,600	11,454,684	12,348,532
Nondepartmental	11,197,360	15,342,913	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital projects	41,033,820	37,337,665	23,050,573	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:										
Principal retirement	21,476,140	23,163,537	25,140,527	25,249,056	27,266,955	25,431,125	53,158,145	109,738,119	34,520,922	34,261,816
Interest and fiscal charges	13,440,112	12,771,432	14,362,230	13,257,396	14,376,279	16,568,325	16,477,835	17,434,904	19,468,651	23,354,161
Debt issuance costs	-	-	123,167	83,939	1,546,769	994,584	1,060,066	1,115,755	818,130	644,769
Amortization of lease discount	1,150,000	1,150,000	1,150,000	1,150,000	-	-	-	-	· -	-
Total expenditures	406,585,461	423,146,127	433,557,387	463,732,424	485,372,254	449,067,446	547,508,452	562,551,859	460,726,131	435,141,587
Excess of revenues over (under)										
expenditures	(27,644,868)	(20,569,159)	(11,194,153)	(32,920,336)	(70,249,766)	(77,436,465)	(154,292,784)	(157,866,073)	(73,425,427)	(28,209,908)
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-						
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in	39,523,513	43,462,928	49,535,192	54,831,910	50,509,388	52,852,625	52,214,136	114,501,549	61,645,051	73,181,182
Transfers out	(39,523,513)	(43,462,928)	(49,493,211)	(54,677,672)	(50,349,388)	(52,558,541)	(51,959,497)	(114,179,629)	(61,308,460)	(73,169,716)
Costs on issuance of debt	-	(1,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Premium on issuance of debt	-	982,737	-	404,574	1,207,038	-	3,738,451	7,299,951	-	-
Issuance of bonds	-	60,605,000	-	46,190,000	-	-	60,000,000	49,105,000	-	-
Premium on issuance of refinancing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,025,669
Issuance of refunding bonds	-	-	-	-	-	49,171,920	71,955,824	73,276,601	125,002,399	44,635,000
Payment to refunded debt escrow agent	-	-	-	-	-	(48,776,331)	(71,425,002)	(72,630,409)	(124,462,399)	(51,200,000)
Issuance of installment purchases	1,410,000	5,830,000	2,160,000	1,700,000	123,073,283	29,019,411	71,371,069	102,940,691	66,114,555	23,706,685
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,410,000	67,416,737	2,201,981	48,448,812	124,440,321	29,709,084	135,894,981	160,313,754	66,991,146	24,178,820
Net change in fund balances	\$ (26,234,868)	\$ 46,847,578	\$ (8,992,172)	\$ 15,528,476	\$ 54,190,555	\$ (47,727,381)	\$ (18,397,803)	\$ 2,447,681	\$ (6,434,281)	\$ (4,031,088)
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures	9.35%	9.20%	9.75%	9.69%	9.80%	9.95%	15.00%	24.92%	13.08%	14.02%
nonoapital experialtales	3.3376	3.2076	3.7376	5.0576	3.00 /6	3.9376	13.00 /6	27.32/0	13.00 /6	17.02/0

- (1) Investment and rental income were combined and reported until Fiscal Year 2007. Therefore, the amounts in "Investments" for Fiscal Years 2002 through 2006 represent both investments and rental income.
- (2) As of Fiscal Year 2007, the County no longer reports "Nondepartmental" expenditures. These expenditures are now reported in general government.
- (3) As of Fiscal Year 2008, the County no longer reports "Capital project" expenditures separately in one line item. These expenditures are now reported in the functional areas they pertain to.
- (4) As of Fiscal Year 2014, the County reports the premium on the issuance of refunding bonds in a separate line item. Prior to fiscal year 2014 they were included in the "issuance of refunding bonds" with the new refunding debt issued.

Government-wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended	General Government	Public Safety	Transportation	Economic and Physical Development	Environmental Protection	Human Services
2005	\$ 26,351,619	\$ 45,099,164	\$ 12,500	\$ 2,243,791	\$ 2,760,078	\$ 341,183,062
2006	28,142,742	52,182,047	12,500	3,246,027	2,817,714	344,328,289
2007	61,082,121	49,069,987	12,500	10,262,137	3,022,401	371,034,045
2008	53,369,519	51,025,747	12,500	4,483,362	3,261,121	405,376,336
2009	47,393,464	52,889,080	12,500	6,746,267	3,800,698	437,677,600
2010	12,365,748	55,255,454	12,500	28,751,080	2,456,029	108,607,392
2011	45,989,651	53,964,797	12,500	5,272,311	3,542,985	109,093,936
2012	50,482,000	54,806,448	12,500	4,616,413	3,694,850	115,743,251
2013	57,034,487	57,767,228	12,500	4,916,125	3,632,359	88,141,193
2014	55,772,804	61,569,018	12,500	5,490,387	3,657,826	85,440,041

- (1) As of Fiscal Year 2007, the County no longer reports "Nondepartmental" expenses. These expenses are now reported in the function they pertain to, general government.
- (2) As of Fiscal Year 2010, the County no longer reports direct costs in the statement of activities' expenses with full note disclosure. The direct costs are now only disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

E	ducation	Cultural and Recreational	No	ndepartmental Charges	nterest and scal Charges	Sewer Utility	Total
\$ 1	04,106,885	\$ 7,375,565	\$	11,197,360	\$ 16,740,531	\$ 5,306,714	\$ 562,377,269
1	105,485,526	11,569,884		15,342,913	11,422,405	4,210,944	578,760,991
1	106,234,157	12,136,121		-	15,535,909	5,124,493	633,513,871
1	17,349,760	10,909,020		-	14,218,611	5,870,964	665,876,940
1	143,520,618	11,998,176		-	14,785,542	5,277,448	724,101,393
1	176,005,516	25,220,574		-	11,499,010	5,061,620	425,234,923
1	85,533,592	12,510,214		-	17,368,443	5,356,000	438,644,429
1	159,834,958	12,075,639		-	17,226,788	5,563,907	424,056,754
1	151,919,349	11,688,669		-	19,814,600	5,761,082	400,687,592
1	148,666,331	12,671,110		-	22,953,477	6,387,907	402,621,401

Government-wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Taxes		Investment and Rental Income	
2005	\$	54,896,761	\$	278,597,429	\$	581,241	\$	217,588,617	\$	9,946,975
2006		59,140,227		282,054,223		3,060,312		231,696,186		10,752,641
2007		33,719,456		336,366,486		6,204,903		243,105,448		-
2008		36,589,771		358,162,525		27,092,519		262,135,339		-
2009		23,812,915		399,272,928		19,467,166		261,187,855		-
2010		33,011,220		80,230,451		2,346,289		260,127,663		-
2011		33,012,519		75,904,360		10,341,180		277,147,169		-
2012		35,305,268		80,009,239		10,838,181		285,582,919		-
2013		36,890,689		53,016,379		1,972,602		299,029,295		-
2014		38,149,807		50,005,628		4,714,711		315,456,947		-

- (1) As of Fiscal Year 2007, investment income and rental income are reported separately with rental income being reported as program revenue of the function that generates the revenue.
- (2) As of Fiscal Year 2010, the amortization of the bond premium is no longer reported under "General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets" but rather as a component of interest and fiscal charges expense.
- (3) As of Fiscal Year 2010, the County no longer reports revenues from direct costs in the statement of activities' operating grants and contributions program revenues with full note disclosure. The direct costs are now only disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Investment and Interest Income	Other Revenues	Aı	mortization of Bond Premium	Total		
\$ -	\$ 11,139,896	\$	227,008	\$	572,977,927	
-	12,926,625		236,107		599,866,321	
13,924,591	14,128,091		281,604		647,730,579	
8,497,838	876,596		284,975		693,639,563	
3,430,288	1,096,491		313,967		708,581,610	
3,269,464	1,051,192		-		380,036,279	
7,340,490	5,775,344		-		409,521,062	
9,878,576	8,604,913		-		430,219,096	
2,007,036	4,709,920		-		397,625,921	
5,128,291	4,600,630		-		418,056,014	

General Government Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	General Government	Public Safety	Transportation	Environmental Protection	Education	Human Services	
2005	\$ 24,030,548	\$ 42,812,116	\$ 12,500	\$ 2,403,268	\$ 83,044,943	\$ 155,505,806	
2006	25,873,688	45,997,598	12,500	2,821,303	89,560,342	158,201,370	
2007	53,083,781	48,084,025	12,500	2,991,804	96,175,984	156,237,699	
2008	40,055,970	49,037,837	12,500	10,742,700	135,475,191	172,690,598	
2009	43,642,897	51,260,744	12,500	8,853,660	154,707,374	162,360,553	
2010	47,288,312	51,139,790	12,500	30,505,276	143,481,659	107,552,239	
2011	85,546,409	52,050,280	12,500	26,494,114	185,338,838	108,524,800	
2012	74,378,948	53,832,256	12,500	20,700,688	159,632,934	109,066,287	
2013	69,537,969	56,386,531	12,500	20,301,762	151,717,325	91,592,879	
2014	51,067,380	60,700,087	12,500	13,469,306	148,464,307	85,339,186	

- (1) General government expenditures include all governmental fund types consisting of General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, and Capital Projects Fund.
- (2) As of Fiscal Year 2007, the County no longer reports "Nondepartmental" expenditures. These expenditures are now reported in general government.
- (3) As of Fiscal Year 2008, the County no longer reports capital project expenditures separately but rather in the functional area in which they were expended.
- (4) As of Fiscal Year 2010, the County no longer reports direct costs in the basic financial statements with full note disclosure. The direct costs are now only disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic and Physical evelopment	D	Non- epartmental Charges	R	Cultural and ecreational	 General ebt Service	Capital Projects		Total
\$ 2,986,331	\$	11,197,360	\$	7,492,517	\$ 36,066,252	\$ 41,033,820)	\$ 406,585,461
2,725,118		15,342,913		8,188,661	37,084,969	37,337,669	5	423,146,127
3,250,610		-		9,894,487	40,775,924	23,050,573	3	433,557,387
4,468,630		-		11,508,607	39,740,391		-	463,732,424
6,726,068		-		14,618,455	43,190,003		-	485,372,254
5,378,982		-		20,714,654	42,994,034		-	449,067,446
5,158,399		-		13,687,066	70,696,046		-	547,508,452
4,606,868		-		12,032,600	128,288,778		-	562,551,859
4,914,778		-		11,454,684	54,807,703		-	460,726,131
5,479,543		-		12,348,532	58,260,746		-	435,141,587

General Government Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	General Property Taxes		Other Local Taxes		Licenses and Permits		Intergovernmental Revenues	
2005	\$	165,160,775	\$	52,617,290	\$	4,065,033	\$	92,975,384
2006		175,025,932		56,862,155		5,312,774		97,702,568
2007		180,787,796		62,938,755		880,944		126,958,857
2008		197,270,197		65,424,754		1,049,599		132,739,075
2009		203,361,955		56,180,951		744,881		129,353,073
2010		209,175,709		50,982,955		688,093		82,439,834
2011		223,069,172		54,060,910		703,439		84,463,129
2012		223,996,640		61,221,954		794,976		84,587,369
2013		236,671,981		62,454,309		826,580		54,163,701
2014		253,158,020		64,534,840		1,357,467		54,190,412

- (1) General government revenues include all governmental fund types consisting of General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, and Capital Projects Fund.
- (2) Investment and rental income were combined and reported until Fiscal Year 2007. Therefore, the amounts in investment income for Fiscal Years 2002 through 2006 represent both investments and rental income.
- (3) As of Fiscal Year 2010, the County no longer reports revenues from direct costs in the basic financial statements with full note disclosure. These revenues are now only disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Rental Investment Income Income		Charges for Services	Other Revenues	Total		
\$ -	\$ 9,297,592	\$ 43,684,623	\$ 11,139,896	\$	378,940,593	
-	10,073,095	44,676,760	12,923,685		402,576,969	
1,985,592	12,776,308	21,906,991	14,127,991		422,363,234	
2,088,862	7,764,319	23,815,640	659,642		430,812,088	
607,818	3,039,158	20,891,632	943,020		415,122,488	
507,071	5,021,717	22,062,286	753,316		371,630,981	
555,648	3,617,037	21,226,569	5,519,764		393,215,668	
591,285	2,543,564	22,667,005	8,282,993		404,685,786	
824,104	4,637,119	23,350,074	4,372,836		387,300,704	
1,077,167	4,600,076	23,450,422	4,563,275		406,931,679	



REVENUE CAPACITY INFORMATON

Principal Property Taxpayers

This schedule lists the largest taxpayers in the County. The GASB requires the ten largest be listed, unless less than ten are needed to reach 50% of the County's equalized assessed valuation. This information is to be presented for the current levy year and the levy year nine years prior. This information can be obtained from the County Tax Assessor's Office.

Schedule of Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property

This schedule presents real estate classes by type for the last 10 levy years as well as the county-wide tax rate, the range of special tax districts tax rates and the average County Tax Rate. This information can be obtained from the County Tax Assessor's Office.

Property Tax Levies and Collections

This schedule presents information for levies (original, adjustments and adjusted levies), amounts collected within the fiscal year of the levy with the percentage collection of original levy, and total amounts collected as of this fiscal year end with a percentage collection of adjusted levy. This information is provided for the last 10 fiscal years.

Property Tax Levies Direct and Overlapping Local Government Jurisdictions

This schedule lists the final adjusted tax levy direct and overlapping for all local government jurisdictions for the last 10 fiscal years.

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates

This schedule presents information for direct and overlapping property tax rates for the last 10 fiscal years.



Principal Property Taxpayers June 30, 2014 Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	Fiscal Year 2014			Fiscal Year 2005					
	Assessed		Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed	Assessed		Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed			
Taxpayer	Valuation	Rank	Valuation	Valuation	Rank	Valuation			
International Business Machine	\$561,513,886	1	1.93%	\$541,112,647	2	2.63%			
Cree Inc	375,675,811	2	1.29%	119,489,018	6	0.58%			
GlaxoSmithKline	355,899,743	3	1.23%	568,256,555	1	2.76%			
AW North Carolina Inc	290,193,302	4	1.00%	225,450,525	4	1.09%			
Merck Sharp & Dohme Corp	231,107,258	5	0.80%						
Duke Energy Corp	200,234,727	6	0.69%	166,542,350	5	0.81%			
SouthPoint Mall LLC	171,969,004	7	0.59%	82,926,225	9	0.40%			
EMC Corporation	168,490,898	8	0.58%						
EISAI Inc	114,111,026	9	0.39%						
Highwoods/Forsyth Limited Part	107,458,678	10	0.37%	100,250,001	7	0.49%			
Verizon South Inc	-		-	229,779,772	3	1.12%			
State Street Bank & Trust	-		-	83,584,221	8	0.41%			
Vac Ltd Partnership				66,579,433	10	0.32%			
	\$2,576,654,333		8.87%	\$2,183,970,747		10.61%			

Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property¹ Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Property	Personal Property	Public Service Companies	Registered Vehicles	Total	County Direct Tax Rate ³	Special Tax Districts Tax Rate ³	Average County Tax Rate ³
2005	\$16,281,035,800	\$2,323,311,138	\$523,810,967	\$1,473,351,385	\$20,601,509,290	0.7900	0.0600-0.2000	0.7690
2006	16,769,216,308	2,465,434,636	515,456,602	1,530,608,393	21,280,715,939	0.8090	0.0570-0.2500	0.7990
2007	17,319,467,597	2,518,003,626	517,286,245	1,680,614,666	22,035,372,134	0.8090	0.0570-0.2500	0.8765
2008	18,068,249,108	2,837,548,386	514,897,106	1,715,889,532	23,136,584,132	0.8340	0.0570-0.2500	0.9190
2009	23,508,752,957	2,824,338,529	517,202,960	1,690,561,506	28,540,855,952	0.7081	0.0570-0.2500	0.7981
2010	23,976,021,000	2,905,267,206	524,524,630	1,627,078,510	29,032,891,346	0.7081	0.0570-0.2500	0.8359
2011	24,353,954,146	3,074,419,178	501,907,483	1,530,317,547	29,460,598,354	0.7459	0.0599-0.2500	0.7981
2012	24,580,465,174	3,166,306,877	471,720,126	1,623,871,164	29,842,363,341	0.7459	0.0599-0.2500	0.7745
2013	24,909,554,030	3,304,053,564	494,110,311	1,739,032,299	30,446,750,204	0.7444	0.0599-0.1524	0.7734
2014	25,254,108,336	3,300,458,222	489,915,862	2,980,521,352	32,025,003,772	0.7744	0.0600-0.1518	0.8047

⁽¹⁾ All taxable property is subject to the County direct rate. Most property in unincorporated areas is subject to one of the seven fire district taxes. The County's property tax is levied each July 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and personal property located in the County except for certain registered motor vehicles which are assessed and collected throughout the year. Assessed valuations are established by the Board of County Commissioners at 100% of estimated market value for real property and 100% of estimated actual value for personal property. Public service company property is certified by the State of North Carolina at 100% of actual value, with no distinction between real and personal property values.

⁽²⁾ A revaluation of real property is required by N.C. General Statutes at least every eight years. The last revaluation was occurred on January 1, 2008.

⁽³⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Taxes Levied for the				Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy			Collections		Total Collections to Date		
Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year (Original Levy)	Total Adjustments Adjusted Levy		Amount		Percentage of Original Levy	in Subsequent Years			Amount	Percentage of Adjusted Levy	
2005	\$ 254,087,231	\$ 6,044,986	\$ 260,132,217	\$	255,882,258	98.37%	\$	4,030,761	\$	259,913,019	99.92%	
2006	268,261,053	7,235,630	275,496,683		271,744,257	98.64%		3,528,401		275,272,658	99.92%	
2007	279,649,301	9,638,188	289,287,489		285,179,105	98.58%		3,097,327		288,276,432	99.65%	
2008	300,961,051	16,452,438	317,413,489		313,396,710	98.73%		2,984,489		316,381,199	99.67%	
2009	331,748,220	5,476,495	337,224,715		331,357,242	98.26%		4,796,649		336,153,891	99.68%	
2010	329,213,965	13,906,211	343,120,176		338,558,945	98.67%		3,839,537		342,398,482	99.79%	
2011	358,766,287	4,398,601	363,164,888		358,623,043	98.75%		2,953,608		361,576,651	99.56%	
2012	353,038,243	3,837,833	356,876,076		352,704,112	98.83%		3,051,031		355,755,143	99.69%	
2013	360,277,056	7,885,151	368,162,207		364,152,559	98.91%		2,669,340		366,821,899	99.64%	
2014	387,365,732	267,700	387,633,332		385,068,858	99.34%		-		385,068,858	99.34%	

⁽¹⁾ Amounts included above for fiscal years 2004 through 2011 represent taxes in the General Fund, the Special Tax District Funds and the Agency Funds.

⁽²⁾ Amounts included above for fiscal year 2012 represent taxes in the General Fund and the Agency Funds.

Property Tax Levies Direct and Overlapping Local Government Jurisdictions Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fire	Tax Districts	:		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Durham County	Bethesda	Lebanon	F	Parkwood	Redwood		Eno	New Hope
2005	\$ 163,927,481	\$ 999,637	\$ 630,488	\$	1,113,464	\$ 470,247	\$	18,237	\$ 39,978
2006	174,366,392	1,005,133	711,260		1,123,278	581,169		16,126	38,913
2007	180,373,799	1,005,468	735,683		1,124,990	593,633		16,905	42,190
2008	198,126,081	1,412,365	945,480		1,126,263	672,045		17,304	43,986
2009	205,500,231	1,563,641	1,078,805		1,399,989	744,154		23,125	52,735
2010	209,323,910	1,602,205	1,071,167		1,472,700	738,849		23,983	44,825
2011	223,648,890	1,502,509	1,070,918		1,550,213	728,283		24,035	57,296
2012	224,310,246	1,603,344	1,073,640		1,461,650	766,788		24,336	74,677
2013	229,802,881	1,760,488	1,075,946		1,522,095	764,284		24,325	76,341
2014	234,323,543	2,220,189	1,033,842		1,546,613	733,673		30,882	82,004

Notes

Effective July 1, 1988, the County collects all the County, City of Durham, and Fire Districts taxes levied within Durham County. Effective July 1, 1995, the County collects Town of Chapel Hill taxes levied within Durham County. Effective July 1, 2002, the County collects City of Raleigh taxes levied within Durham County. Effective July 1, 2011, the County collects Town of Morrisville taxes levied within Durham County.

The following property tax provisions apply to the County of Durham, City of Durham, Town of Chapel Hill, City of Raleigh and Town of Morrisville:

- a. Taxes are due September 1 of each year.
- b. Taxes are considered delinquent on January 6 (lien date) of the subsequent year.
- c. Discount on all County tax levies are at the discretion of the Board of Commissioners.
- d. Penalties are applied to delinquent taxes at the rate of two percent (2%) in January, and 3/4 of 1% per month thereafter until collected or foreclosure proceedings are consummated.
- e. Procedures allowed for collection of delinquent taxes include the use of garnishment, the North Carolina Debt Set Off Program and the sale of taxable property.

Bahama	Special Park District	Butner Safety District	City of Durham	City of Raleigh	Town of Chapel Hill	Town of Morrisville	Total Tax Levies
\$466,101	\$ 313,982	\$ 11,710	\$ 90,893,322	\$ 196,329	\$ 1,748,777	\$ - :	\$ 260,829,753
495,685	312,622	15,152	95,880,460	249,910	1,458,824	-	276,254,924
545,082	306,857	16,189	102,559,123	323,866	1,512,542	-	289,156,326
696,347	657,705	16,203	110,402,329	351,249	2,946,132	-	317,413,489
662,490	666,263	20,319	122,039,098	419,553	3,054,312	-	337,224,715
714,101	722,154	17,585	124,304,979	452,134	2,631,582	-	343,120,175
749,909	709,205	17,631	12,983,774	485,766	2,636,459	-	246,164,888
806,759	696,499	17,059	129,390,469	550,646	2,614,275	10,440	363,400,828
854,020	746,927	315	135,132,373	595,878	2,619,338	11,738	374,986,949
802,114	735,854	3	132,998,548	623,283	2,689,258	16,747	377,836,553

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$100 of assessed value)

	2005	2006	2007	2008 ²	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
County direct rate										
Operating rate	\$ 0.7019	\$ 0.7144	\$ 0.7536	\$ 0.7801	\$ 0.6594	\$ 0.6604	\$ 0.6911	\$ 0.6865	\$ 0.6850	\$ 0.6850
Capital rate	0.0881	0.0946	0.0554	0.0539	0.0487	0.0477	0.0548	0.0594	0.0594	0.0894
Total general fund direct rate	0.7900	0.8090	0.8090	0.8340	0.7081	0.7081	0.7459	0.7459	0.7444	0.7744
									,	
Fire district rates	0.0600-0.1100	0.0570-0.1100	0.0570-0.1100	0.0570-0.1150	0.0570-0.1100	0.0570-0.1100	0.0599-0.1100	0.0599-0.1125	0.0599-0.1150	0.0600-0.1300
Other special district rates	0.1287-0.2000	0.1287-0.2500	0.1287-0.2500	0.1474-0.2500	0.1461-0.2500	0.1461-0.2500	0.1460-0.2500	0.1474-0.2500	0.1374-0.1524	0.1518-0.1668
Municipality Rates										
City of Durham	0.5830	0.5830	0.6030	0.6180	0.5400	0.5400	0.5519	0.5575	0.5675	0.5675
City of Durham BID	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.6375	0.6375
Town of Chapel Hill	0.5750	0.5220	0.5220	0.5220	0.5810	0.4940	0.4940	0.4940	0.4940	0.5140
City of Raleigh	0.3950	0.3950	0.4350	0.4350	0.3735	0.3735	0.3735	0.3735	0.3826	0.3826
Town of Morrisville	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3665	0.3665	0.3900

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ All taxable property is subject to the County direct rate. Most property in unincorporated areas is also subject to one of the seven fire district taxes.

⁽²⁾ A revaluation of real property is required by N. C. General Statues at least every eight years. Revaluation of taxable property occurred on January 1, 2008.

DEBT CAPACITY INFORMATION

Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita

This information is presented for the last 10 fiscal years and includes population, taxable property assessed value, debt limit, gross bonded debt, net bonded debt, ratio of net bonded debt to taxable property assessed value and the net bonded debt per capita.

Legal Debt Margin Information

This schedule presents the computation of the legal debt margin and the total debt applicable to limit as a percentage of debt limit for the last 10 fiscal years.

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

This schedule presents the direct and overlapping debt for the County and the municipalities within the County as of fiscal year end.

Ratio of Annual Debt Service for Bonded Debt to Total General Government Expenditures

This schedule presents the debt service expenditures, general governmental expenditures and the ratio of total debt service to general governmental expenditures for the last 10 fiscal years.

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding

This schedule presents the general bonded debt outstanding, the percentage of actual taxable value of property and per capita for the last 10 fiscal years.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

This schedule presents a summary of outstanding debt by type and the percentage of personal income and per capita for the last 10 fiscal years.

Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Population Estimate (1)		Taxable Property Assessed Value	Debt Limit	Gross Bonded Debt
2005	246,924	(1) \$	20,601,509,290	\$ 1,648,120,743	\$ 221,945,003
2006	249,654	(1)	21,280,715,939	1,702,457,275	265,660,004
2007	254,902	(1)	22,035,372,134	1,762,829,771	247,445,003
2008	261,206	(1)	23,136,584,132	1,850,926,731	275,570,001
2009	265,670	(1)	28,540,855,952	2,283,268,476	255,335,000
2010	267,849	(1)	29,032,891,346	2,322,631,308	233,930,000
2011	272,156	(1)	29,460,598,354	2,356,847,868	272,680,000
2012	275,960	(1)	29,842,363,341	2,387,389,067	298,585,000
2013	277,588	(1)	30,446,750,204	2,435,740,016	273,900,000
2014	284,437	(1)	32,025,003,772	2,562,000,302	295,905,000

NOTE:

- (1) Estimate from Durham City/County Planning Department
- (2) All other population estimates are based upon estimates reported by the North Carolina Department of Administration, Division of Management and Budget, Research and Planning Department.
- (3) Estimate from Durham Chamber of Commerce

E	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Taxable Property Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
\$	221,945,003	1.0	873
	265,660,004	1.2	1,041
	247,445,003	1.1	950
	275,570,001	1.2	1,037
	255,335,000	0.89	961
	233,930,000	0.81	873
	272,680,000	0.93	1,002
	298,585,000	1.00	1,082
	273,900,000	0.90	987
	295,905,000	0.92	1,040

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Years

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Assessed Value of Property	\$ 20,601,509,290	\$ 21,280,715,939	\$ 22,035,372,134	\$ 23,136,584,132	\$ 28,540,855,952
Debt Limit, 8% of Assessed Value (Statutory Limitation)	1,648,120,743	1,702,457,275	1,762,829,771	1,850,926,731	2,283,268,476
Amount of Debt Applicable to Limit General Obligation Bonds Total net debt applicable to limit	221,945,003 221,945,003	265,660,003 265,660,003	247,445,003 247,445,003	275,570,002 275,570,002	255,335,002 255,335,002
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 1,426,175,740	\$ 1,436,797,272	\$ 1,515,384,768	\$ 1,575,356,729	\$ 2,027,933,474
Total net debt applicable to limit as a percentage of debt limit	13.47%	15.60%	14.04%	14.89%	11.18%

Note: The County is subject to the Local Government Bond Act of North Carolina which limits the amount of net bonded debt the County may have outstanding to 8 percent of the appraised value of property subject to taxation. The legal debt margin is the difference between the debt limit and the County's net debt outstanding applicable to the limit, and represents the County's legal borrowing authority.

Fis	cal Y	'ear						
 2010		2011	2012		2013			2014
\$ 29,032,891,346	\$	29,460,598,354	\$	29,842,363,341	\$	30,446,750,204	\$	32,025,003,772
2,322,631,308		2,356,847,868		2,387,389,067		2,435,740,016		2,562,000,302
233,930,000 233,930,000		272,680,000 272,680,000	_	298,585,000 298,585,000		273,900,000 273,900,000	_	295,905,000 295,905,000
\$ 2,088,701,308	\$	2,084,167,868	\$	2,088,804,067	\$	2,161,840,016	\$	2,266,095,302
10.07%		11.57%		12.51%		11.25%		11.55%

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2014

	 Debt Dutstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	 Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Municipality:			
City of Durham	\$ 241,495,744	100%	\$ 241,495,744
Town of Chapel Hill	28,141,000	0%	-
City of Raleigh	320,200,001	0%	-
Overlapping debt	589,836,745		241,495,744
Direct debt	569,264,737		569,264,737
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 1,159,101,482		\$ 810,760,481

Source: Overlapping debt provided by each municipality. **Note:** Percentage of overlap based on assessed property values.

Ratio of Annual Debt Service for Debt to Total Expenditures - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Debt Service	Exp	penditures			_		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest and Fiscal Charges	Ex	Other spenditures	E	Total Debt Service openditures		Total overnmental expenditures	Ratio of Total Debt Service to Total Governmental Expenditures
2005	\$ 21,476,140	\$ 13,440,112	\$	1,150,000	\$	36,066,252	\$	406,585,461	8.87%
2006	23,163,537	12,771,432		1,150,000		37,084,969		423,146,127	8.76%
2007	25,140,527	14,362,230		1,273,167		40,775,924		433,557,387	9.40%
2008	25,249,056	13,257,396		1,233,939		39,740,391		463,732,424	8.57%
2009	27,266,955	14,376,279		1,546,769		43,190,003		485,372,254	8.90%
2010	25,431,125	16,568,325		994,584		42,994,034		449,067,446	9.57%
2011	53,158,145	16,477,835		1,060,066		70,696,046		547,508,452	12.91%
2012	109,738,119	17,434,904		1,115,755		128,288,778		562,551,859	22.80%
2013	34,520,922	19,468,651		818,130		54,807,703		460,726,131	11.90%
2014	34,261,816	23,354,161		644,769		58,260,746		435,141,587	13.39%

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	General Obligation	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of	Per
<u>Year</u>	 Bonds	Property ¹	Capita ²
2005	\$ 221,945,003	1.08%	898.84
2006	265,660,003	1.25%	1,064.11
2007	247,445,003	1.12%	970.75
2008	275,570,002	1.19%	1,054.99
2009	255,335,002	0.89%	961.10
2010	233,930,000	0.82%	873.37
2011	272,680,000	0.93%	1,001.93
2012	298,585,000	1.00%	1,081.99
2013	273,900,000	0.90%	986.71
2014	295,905,000	0.96%	1,040.32

Notes: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See Schedule of Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property for property assessed/actual value data.

⁽²⁾ Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics.



Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Governmental Activities											
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds		Certificates of Participation		Limited Obligation Bonds		Installment Purchases		Total Governmental Activities				
2005	\$	217,267,904	\$	24,560,000	\$	_	\$	23,807,269	\$	265,635,173			
2006		261,832,322		22,325,000		-		30,123,804		314,281,126			
2007		250,643,354		19,985,000		-		27,018,746		297,647,100			
2008		270,784,681		17,525,000		-		23,506,871		311,816,552			
2009		251,040,046		132,775,000		-		23,806,105		407,621,151			
2010		228,692,055		132,724,828		-		46,985,373		408,402,256			
2011		274,834,584		175,502,889		-		41,513,714		491,851,187			
2012		309,594,156		146,886,804		67,752,814		17,613,939		541,847,713			
2013		293,099,857		55,660,000		189,366,572		43,123,317		581,249,746			
2014		321,259,230		52,565,000		182,118,853		13,321,654		569,264,737			

Notes: Details regarding the county's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) See Schedule for demographic and economic statistics for personal income and population data.

		Business-T	ype A	Activities						
 General Obligation Bonds		Refunding Revenue Bonds		State Revolving Loans		Total Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income ¹	Per Capita¹
\$ 6,280,895	\$	23,245,000	\$	-	\$	29,525,895	\$	295,161,068	3.75%	1,188.86
5,778,015		21,935,000		-		27,713,015		341,994,141	4.35%	1,362.06
5,279,734		20,580,000		-		25,859,734		323,506,834	3.86%	1,235.88
4,785,321		19,155,000		-		23,940,321		335,756,873	3.82%	1,285.41
4,294,956		17,660,000		-		21,954,956		429,576,107	4.51%	1,616.95
4,010,321		16,641,908		-		20,652,229		429,054,485	4.20%	1,601.85
3,671,868		14,926,976		-		18,598,844		510,450,031	4.89%	1,875.58
2,911,318		14,315,087		-		17,226,405		559,074,118	5.49%	2,025.92
2,357,603		11,268,200		13,408,267		27,034,070		608,283,816	5.76%	2,191.32
1,304,131		10,854,865		12,612,864		24,771,860		594,036,597	5.19%	2,088.46



OPERATING INFORMATION

Full-time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function

The County is required to present the number of employees by each function for the last 10 fiscal years.

Operating Indicators by Function

This schedule shows various operating indicators of the County by function for the last 10 fiscal years.

Capital Asset Statistics by Function

This schedule shows various capital assets statistics by function for the last 10 fiscal years.

Full-time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2005	2006	2007	2008
Constal reversest	040	240	0.40	050
General government	213	216	243	252
Public safety	585	585	590	600
Economic and physical development	8	8	30	33
Environmental protection	29	28	11	13
Human services	659	644	651	677
Cultural and recreational	74	73	90	99
Utilities	5	5	4	6
Total	1,573	1,559	1,619	1,680

Source: Durham County Human Resources Department

2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
248	245	247	253	264	258
624	599	610	616	644	673
31	32	30	30	30	29
14	18	18	16	16	19
692	700	681	700	610	624
98	105	101	105	105	104
21	18	20	21	21	20
1,728	1,717	1,707	1,741	1,690	1,727

Operating Indicators By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Function/Program										
General Administration										
Registered voters (6)	201,880	199,756	195,050	182,192	180,403	181,012	156,879	146,097	161,350	154,645
Taxable real estate parcels (7)	104,350	103,757	102,556	86,008	87,245	105,618	104,548	100,427	92,600	89,785
Tax bills (7)**	143,659	377,327	317,556	240,597	237,229	271,331	300,886	267,305	327,282	310,855
Human Services										
Adult care home residents served through										
on-site inspections (8)	941	885	875	845	853	826	811	889	886	884
Persons testing for HIV/STD (9)	38,482	52,251	43,265	53,584	66,169	65,924	67,765	60,122	62,013	64,698
Food assistance individuals (8)	43,289	49,281	44,238	42,034	34,178	29,727	23,730	22,527	21,706	20,291
Education										
Students attending public school (1)	33,295	32,484	32,671	32,566	32,551	31,938	31,732	32,749	31,981	31,719
Public school teachers (2)	2,318	2,247	2,300	2,245	2,671	2,326	2,368	2,419	2,368	2,293
Community college students-average semester (3)	20,470	22,974	24,416	24,769	25,561	25,810	25,509	25,444	24,849	25,230
Community college faculty (3)	328	322	337	162	161	150	154	148	139	139
Community Development and Cultural (5)										
Residential permits issued - new ***	1,270	1,141	856	997	993	883	1,713	2,153	2,284	2,058
Commercial permits issued - new ***	135	83	109	93	73	81	209	274	229	301
Building permits - additional, alterations ***	2,320	2,362	2,533	2,368	2,212	2,230	1,694	1,705	1,739	1,581
Inspections performed	38,801	31,589	27,635	26,086	26,295	25,183	*	*	*	*
Environmental Services										
Animal control service calls (10)	11,859	11,111	15,682	13,911	15,628	18,152	16,213	12,390	12,526	11,405
Animals impounded (10)	3,025	3,361	6,315	6,397	6,921	7,148	6,755	6,684	6,613	6,906
Sanitation inspections (9)	7,243	5,841	7,040	6,876	7,462	6,860	7,606	8,130	8,419	8,433
Public Safety										
Detention intake (11)	11,967	12,350	12,457	12,267	11,926	12,219	12,395	12,456	12,743	12,672
Civil processes served (11)	28,482	35,842	33,181	32,472	35,210	33,727	33,643	32,967	33,174	34,281
Pistol permits processed (11)	1,446	1,715	1,938	1,923	1,726	1,774	1,687	1,051	1,261	1,373
Average daily jail population (11)	521	560	551	554	582	598	629	597	549	509
Fire/medical incidents responded to by										
contracting fire departments (4)	9,152	11,096	11,870	12,402	11,733	12,344	11,925	10,000	6,239	7,599
Durham EMS trips (4)	32,882	28,337	27,742	26,696	27,405	26,260	25,111	23,132	21,766	19,839

^{*} Information not available.

^{**} Includes only those bills that were billed and to be collected, excludes corrected bills.

^{***}Community Development and Cultural permits are for the complete previous calendar year ending during each fiscal year.

⁽¹⁾ North Carolina Department of Public Instruction--2000-2005 Final Average Daily Membership. Durham County Public Schools--2006-2009.

⁽²⁾ Durham County Pubic Schools.

⁽³⁾ Durham Technical Community College.

⁽⁴⁾ Durham County Emergency Management Department.

⁽⁵⁾ Durham City/County Planning Department.

⁽⁶⁾ Durham County Board of Elections. (7) Durham County Tax Department.

⁽⁸⁾ Durham County Department of Social Services.

⁽⁹⁾ Durham County Public Health Department.

⁽¹⁰⁾ Durham County Animal Control.

⁽¹¹⁾ Durham County Sheriff Department.

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Function/Program										
General Government (1)										
Rentable square footage	767,652	767,652	766,682	733,361	733,361	744,461	726,461	726,461	721,454	*
Human Services (2)										
Number of centers	2	4	4	4	4	4	6	6	6	6
Education (3)										
Number of schools	56	56	56	55	53	53	46	46	46	46
Number of higher education institutions	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5
Community Development and Cultural (4)										
Libraries - branches	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	8
Volume of library books	704,947	698,715	704,093	661,687	603,930	565,245	609,544	584,299	514,958	496,926
Number of County parks	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		60
Public Safety										
Sheriff - Stations (5)	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Detention capacity (5)	736	736	736	736	736	736	736	736	736	736
Fire protection - City Stations (6)	16	16	16	15	15	15	15	15	14	14
Fire protection - Volunteer Stations (6)	12	12	12	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
EMS - Stations (7)	11	9	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6

^{*}Information not available.

⁽¹⁾ Durham County Open Space Department

⁽²⁾ Durham County Public Health and Social Services Departments

⁽³⁾ Durham Public Schools

⁽⁴⁾ Durham County Public Library

⁽⁵⁾ Durham County Sheriff's Department

⁽⁶⁾ Durham County Fire Department

⁽⁷⁾ Durham County Emergency Medical Services



DEMOGRAPHIC & ECONOMIC INFORMATION

Property Value and Construction

This information is presented for the last 10 fiscal years and includes the building value of permits issued and the total assessed valuation.

Demographic and Economic Statistics

This information is presented for the last 10 fiscal years and includes population, personal income for the County, school enrollment and the unemployment rate.

Principal Employers

This schedule presents the 10 largest employers, including the number of employees located inside the County boundaries. This is shown for the current year and nine years ago.



Property Value and Construction Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Pe	Building Value of ermits Issued (1)	 Assessed Valuation (2)
2005	\$	897,110,133	\$ 20,601,509,290
2006		833,845,052	21,280,715,939
2007		908,064,082	22,035,372,939
2008		937,163,464	23,136,584,132
2009		832,707,556	28,540,855,952
2010		854,185,593	29,032,891,346
2011		918,447,009	29,460,598,354
2012		782,358,521	29,842,363,341
2013		912,531,665	30,444,978,195
2014		1,107,015,215	30,796,658,950

NOTES:

(1) Source: City of Durham/Durham County Inspections Department

(2) Last revaluation of taxable property occurred on January 1, 2008

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Year	Population Estimates ¹	(t	Personal Income ² housands of dollars)	P	Per Capita ersonal ncome ³	School Enrollment ⁴	Unemployment Rate ⁵
2005	246,924	\$	8,235,669	\$	33,505	30,947	4.6%
2006	249,654		8,784,739		37,262	31,719	3.9%
2007	254,902		9,526,901		36,388	31,981	3.8%
2008	261,206		10,204,867		38,923	32,749	5.5%
2009	265,670		10,435,368		39,383	32,854	8.0%
2010	267,849		10,190,008		38,795	32,551	7.8%
2011	271,238		10,567,605		38,654	32,566	8.4%
2012	275,960		11,454,941		40,963	32,671	8.2%
2013	277,588		*		*	32,484	7.6%
2014	284,437		*		*	33,296	5.3%

^{*} Information not yet available

⁽¹⁾ The 2001-2004 and 2009-2014 estimates are from the Durham City/County Planning Department. 2005-2008 estimates are provided by the North Carolina Department of Administration, Division of Management and Budget, Research and Planning Service.

⁽²⁾ Bureau of Economic Analysis.

⁽³⁾ All per capita income data is for the calendar year ended in each fiscal year. 2007-2014 is actual per capita income provided by Bureau of Economic Analysis. 2005 and 2006 is projected per capita income provided by Woods & Poole Economics, Inc.

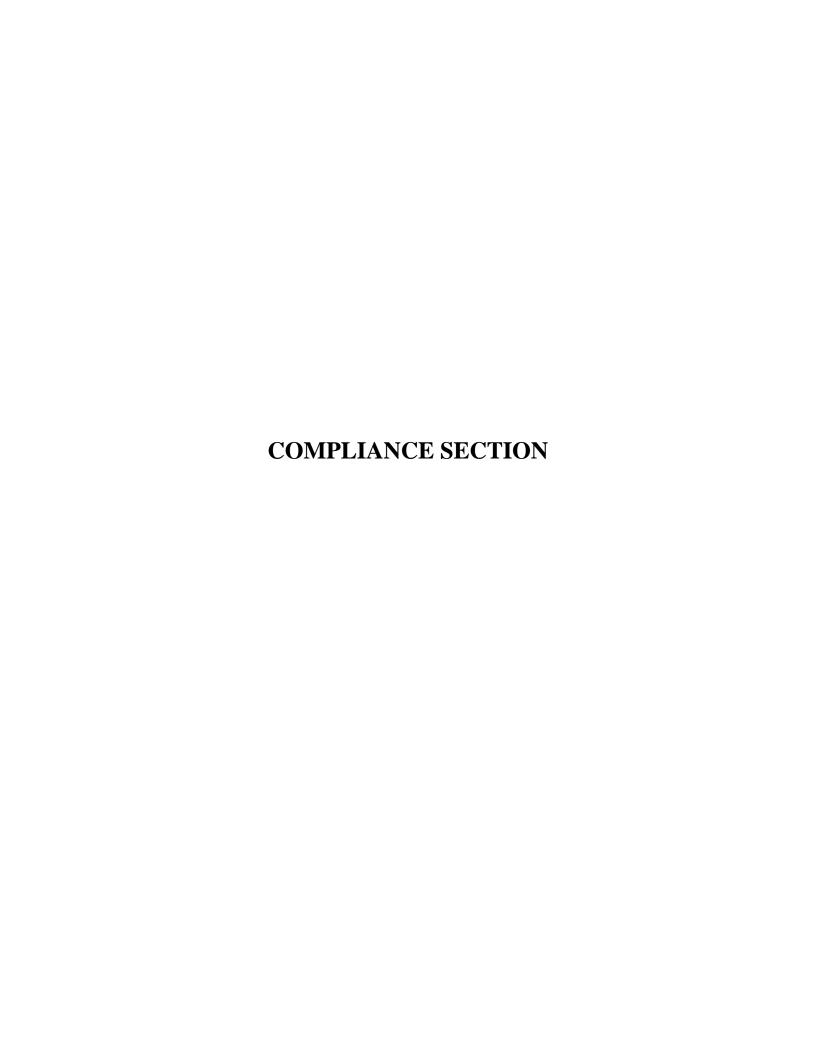
⁽⁴⁾ North Carolina Department of Public Instruction, 2000-2005 Final Average Daily Membership. Durham County Public Schools, 2006-2014 Final Average Daily Membership.

⁽⁵⁾ North Carolina Employment Security Commission.

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2014	l .		2005	
			Percentage of Total County			Percentage of Total County
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Duke University & Health System	35,998	1	19.47%	26,324	1	15.54%
International Business Machines (IBM)	7,000	2	3.79%	11,527	2	6.81%
Durham Public Schools	4,600	3	2.49%	5,076	4	3.00%
GlaxoSmithKline	3,700	4	2.00%	5,179	3	3.06%
Blue Cross Blue Shield of North Carolina	3,200	5	1.73%			
Durham City Government	2,401	6	1.30%	2,202	7	1.30%
Fidelity Investments	2,400	7	1.30%			
Quintiles Transnational Corp.	2,300	9	1.24%			
Lenovo Group, Ltd.				2,300	6	1.36%
Veterans Affairs (VA) Medical Center	2,162	10	1.17%	2,086	8	1.23%
Nortel Networks				2,600	5	1.54%
Research Triangle Institute	2,300	8	1.24%	2,003	9	1.18%
Durham County Government				1,774	10	1.05%
	66,061		35.73%	61,071		36.07%

Source: Durham Chamber of Commerce and Bureau of Labor Statistics





Report of Independent Auditor on the Revenue Bond Covenant Compliance

Board of County Commissioners Durham County, North Carolina Durham North Carolina

Report on the Schedule

We have audited the accompanying schedule of debt covenant compliance (the "schedule") of Durham County, North Carolina (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014 as defined in the official statement for the Trust Agreement, dated December 1, 2002, with First-Citizens Bank & Trust Company.

Management's Responsibility for the Schedule

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this schedule in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the schedule that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the schedule based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards* issued by the comptroller general of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the schedule. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the schedule, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the schedule in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the schedule.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the schedule referred to above is presented fairly, in all material respects as, described in the Trust Agreement referred to in the first paragraph, of the County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 20, 2014 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. We did not audit the financial statements of the Durham County ABC Board (the "Board"). Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Board is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Restricted Use

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing. This communication is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Raleigh, North Carolina November 20, 2014

Charry Bollant UP

Schedule of Debt Covenant Compliance Year Ended June 30, 2014

	En	terprise Fund Sewer Utility Fund
Operating revenues		
Charges for services	\$	11,666,172
Total operating revenues	Ψ	11,666,172
Operating expenses		
Personnel services		1,685,154
Utilities		660,258
Maintenance and other		2,588,523
Depreciation		743,285
Total operating expenses		5,677,220
Operating income (loss)		5,988,952
Add:		
Depreciation expense		743,285
Income available for debt service	\$	6,732,237
Fiscal year revenue bond debt payments	\$	925,041
Fiscal year total debt payments	\$	3,317,422
Senior lien debt service coverage		7.28
Total debt service coverage		2.03
Series 2003 Revenue Bond Covenant Requirement		
Senior lien debt service coverage		1.20
Total debt service coverage		1.00



Acknowledgments

The preparation of the annual financial report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. The audit process was effectively managed by Larry DeWalt, Senior Accountant, under the guidance and direction of Susan F. Tezai, CPA, Deputy Chief Financial Officer.

Additional support in the audit process and related accounting activities was provided by:

Jessica Brown-Linton, Assistant Chief Financial Officer
Dennis Roberts, Senior Accountant
Sarah Hill, Accountant
Dave Jerrido, Accountant
Kimerly Mann, Accountant
Kimberly Thompson, Accountant
Tiffany Long, Accountant
Catherine Davis, Compliance Manager