# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023



**COUNTY OF DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA** 

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Durham County Finance Team

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### County of Durham, North Carolina



# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

**Crystally Wright Deputy Chief Financial Officer** 

**Prepared by the Durham County Finance Department** 

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# INTRODUCTORY SECTION (TAB)



### Letter of Transmittal

January 26, 2024

Residents of Durham County
The Honorable Chair and Members of the Board of County Commissioners
Durham County
Durham, North Carolina

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards (GAAS) by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the annual comprehensive financial report of Durham County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Durham County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of Durham County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of Durham County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, Durham County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Durham County's financial statements have been audited by Cherry Bekaert LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of Durham County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion and that Durham County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report. The County is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act, requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)

Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and North Carolina state law for state funds. Information related to this single audit, including the schedule of financial assistance, findings and questioned costs, and the independent auditors' report on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, are presented in a separate document.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Durham County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### **Profile of the Government**

Durham County, incorporated in 1881, is located in the piedmont part of the state and considered to be one of the top growth areas in the state and country. Durham County currently occupies a land area of 299 square miles and serves a population of 332,680. Durham County is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries.

Durham County has operated under the commissioner-manager form of government since 1930. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing board consisting of the chair, vicechair and three other members. The governing board is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the government's manager (county manager), attorney, and tax administrator. The county manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the governing board, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for hiring the heads of the various departments. Effective with the 2004 election, the board members currently serve four-year terms. The chair and the vice chair of the board are voted upon by the board in their first meeting which is in December after being sworn into office.

Durham County provides a full range of services, including sheriff and fire protection, emergency medical, human services (public health and social services), elections, register of deeds, animal control, youth home, criminal justice, and cultural and recreational. Funding is provided for the educational services of Durham Public Schools and Durham Technical Community College. Funding is provided for the cultural and recreational services of the North Carolina Museum of Life and Science. Also, the County funds services in conjunction with the City of Durham through interlocal agreements, including economic and physical development, emergency communications, environmental engineering, and inspections. Solid waste services are provided through contracting with a private company. Mental health services that include substance abuse and developmental disabilities are provided through a contract with a Managed Care Organization (MCO), Alliance Behavioral Healthcare, Inc. In accordance with standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) defining the governmental reporting entity, this report includes all funds and component units (except as noted below) that are controlled by or dependent upon the County's governing body. Component units are legally separate entities for which Durham County is financially accountable. The Durham County Board of Alcoholic Beverage Control (ABC Board) is a component unit of Durham County. The ABC Board is presented as a proprietary fund in its own financial statement. Additional

information on the ABC Board can be found in Note A.1 in the notes to the financial statements. The Durham County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority (the "Authority") exists to issue and service revenue bond debt for private businesses for economic development purposes. The Authority is governed by a sevenmember board, all of whom are appointed by the County Commissioners. The County Commissioners can remove any board member of the Authority with or without cause. The Authority has no financial transactions or account balances; therefore, it is not presented in the financial statements. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements. Other governmental type entities within the County that have substantial autonomy and separate governmental characteristics are the Durham Public School Administrative Unit, Durham Technical Community College, Raleigh-Durham Airport Authority, the Special Airport District of Durham and Wake Counties, Central Pines Regional Council, GoTriangle, Durham and Wake Counties Research and Production Service District and Advisory Committee, Durham Convention and Visitors Bureau, and Alliance Behavioral Healthcare, Inc. These entities have not met the established criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity and are excluded from this report.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for Durham County's financial planning and control. All agencies of Durham County are required to submit requests for appropriation to the county manager on or before March 15th of each year. The county manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The county manager then presents this proposed budget to the commissioners for review prior to May 31 of each year. The board is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than June 30, the close of Durham County's fiscal year. The adopted budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., sheriff). However, the appropriations are formally budgeted and approved on a functional basis. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, this comparison is presented as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. For other major funds and nonmajor governmental funds with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the other supplementary section of this report.

#### **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the County of Durham operates.

#### **Local Economy**

#### **Economic Development**

Durham County helped recruit the following projects to the County in 2023: Kempower, who pioneers a cutting-edge EV charging technology, will invest \$41,000,000 and create over 300 jobs; Eli Lilly, who creates medicines to improve people's lives, will invest \$450,000,000 and create 100 jobs to expand their current operations in the Research Triangle Park; and Catalent, a Contract Research Organization advancing Life Sciences innovations, will invest \$40,000,000 and create 200 new jobs. In addition to that, 2023 has also seen the following notable commercial announcements to date: United Therapeutics will invest \$500,000,000 and create 200 jobs and Fidelity will create 350 jobs.

Developer, Longfellow has unveiled plans for the next phase of the Durham Innovation District. The project calls for a 7-story office and lab building at the site of the historic Imperial Building in downtown Durham. Earlier this year, Longfellow filed plans with the city of Durham showing 196,000 square feet of commercial space at 518 W. Morgan and 215 Morris streets.

A joint venture between Harrison Street, an investment management firm, national developer Sterling Bay, and real estate firm Acram Group is planning to transform Heritage Square, a nearly 10-acre site just south of the Durham Freeway. *Triangle Business Journal* reported that Chicago-based Sterling Bay had acquired the property for more than \$62 million. The joint venture is considering a development with multi-story Class A office space, purpose-built laboratory space, and residential units. The project would be delivered over multiple phases, the companies said, adding community input will be "pivotal" to ensure the development is respectable to the area's history.

Durham is home to the famous Research Triangle Park, formed in 1959 by business leaders, government officials, and leaders from Duke University (Durham), North Carolina State University (Raleigh), and the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill. The Research Triangle Park (RTP) consists of 7,000 acres of land, of which 80% is within Durham County. In its sixty-fourth year, RTP is the longest-operating research park in the country. RTP is also the nation's largest and most successful research and development-oriented business park. There are more than 375 tenant companies and organizations located in RTP that represent some of the world's largest and most prestigious corporate and government organizations in scientific and technological research. Businesses in RTP employ approximately 60,000 full-time employees. In addition, RTP's first live, work, and play development is under way in Hub RTP, a \$1.5 billion, 100-acre project that will bring office space, retail experiences, lab space, hotel rooms, apartment units, and 16 acres of greenspace. The following project announcements have occurred this year:

- A prolific life science and creative office developer in the Triangle is the latest company to tackle a portion of a major project in Research Triangle Park. Longfellow Real Estate Partners has signed on to develop 220,000 square feet of office and life science space at Hub RTP. The building will feature state-of-the-art lab space and Class A office space, according to the company.
- A Charlotte-based developer has unveiled plans for its portion of a huge development in Research Triangle Park, revealing a major expansion to the initial plans announced late last year. White Point Partners unveiled new plans, which show a 125,000-square-foot mixed-use complex dubbed the Horseshoe at Hub RTP.
- Renaissance Hotels, a luxury hotel brand under Marriott International, is
  planning a new location in RTP. The hotel is a part of the Hub RTP
  development, bringing residential, retail, office, and hospitality space to a region
  known for research and tech campuses. Site plans filed with the City of Durham
  show a Renaissance RTP Hotel with 17 levels and 254 rooms across 283,000
  square feet.

#### **Research and Development**

Duke University surpassed \$1.39 billion in total research expenditures in fiscal year 2022-23, with more than \$901 million in federally sponsored research spending. Duke's Office for Translation & Commercialization (OTC) helped launch 15 new startups, and 325 New Invention Disclosures were submitted. Duke research faculty were awarded 12,364 grants and authored 11,390 publications.

Microsoft is teaming up with Duke University on a new research partnership that will result in the tech giant creating an "innovation hub" at the recently overhauled Chesterfield building in downtown Durham. The 5,000-square-foot space, slated to open by the end of summer, will put Duke researchers next to Microsoft employees, allowing for collaboration on a few research areas related to health care and machine learning.

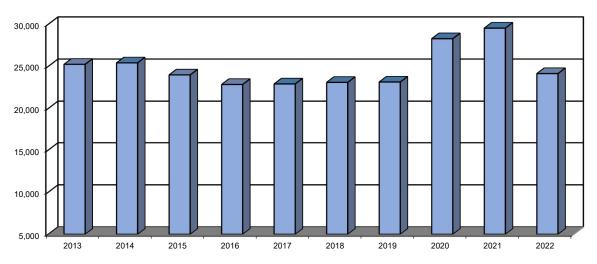
North Carolina Central University (NCCU) is planning new buildings and a university expansion in its 'Millennial Campus' project. NCCU students will soon have more affordable places to live, plus spaces to learn and watch athletic events as part of the university's planned Millennial Campus. The 30-acre district will take up over a quarter of the campus along Fayetteville, Lawson and Lincoln streets, and Alston Avenue. The district has been five years in the making, starting when the UNC System approved it in 2018. The university plans to use the district to repurpose aging buildings, construct new recreational and research facilities, and acquire more land for the construction.

The historically Black university in Durham brought in \$53.1 million in sponsored research funding during the 2022-23 academic year, up from \$26.9 million during the previous year. It is a continuation of a mostly upward trend, aside from a few dips, for the university, which generated about \$22 million in research funding in 2017. Most of the funding came from federal grants from agencies like the U.S. Department of Commerce and the National Institutes of Health. The grants cover research in areas such as health equity that were emphasized during the Covid-19 pandemic or workforce development. The university also received grants from nonprofits, medical clinics, public health departments, and faith-based organizations.

#### **Health Care**

The City of Durham is called the City of Medicine because of its vibrant healthcare industry, which includes more than 1,200 medical- and health-related companies that are located in Durham County. There is a wide spectrum of major medical centers in the area, including Duke University Medical Center. In July 2023, US News & World Report ranked Duke University School of Nursing #4 "best graduate nursing school" and #1 "best nursing school for Nurse Practitioner: Family." Duke is also nationally ranked as high performing in 11 adult specialties and 9 children's specialties. US News & World Report "Best Regional Hospitals" ranked Duke #1 as "Best Hospitals in Raleigh-Durham, NC." Duke is a world- class academic and health care system that educates future clinical and scientific leaders while transforming medicine locally and globally through innovative medical research. The result is that Durham County has four times the national average of physicians, three times the national average of nurses, and nearly one third of all workers in the labor force work in a health or medical-related industry.

#### **Manufacturing**



Source: Employment Security Commission (ESC)

Durham County has enjoyed a modest manufacturing environment over the years. The manufacturing sector experienced a decrease in employment from 29,537 in 2021 to 24,139 in 2022, which is a loss of 5,398 (18.28 percent) manufacturing jobs. However, the local economy continues to remain stable with increased per capita income, retail sales, and decreasing unemployment (see pages xv – xvii).

#### **Telecommunications**

Durham's telecommunications infrastructure is among the most advanced in the nation, providing high-speed multimedia transmission. Frontier Communications, formally Verizon, is the nation's largest provider of communication services and is the provider of phone service to Durham County, which has been a 100% fiber optic, SONET-ring-based telecom system since 1993. Frontier Communications continues to be one of the largest operational fiber optic networks in the world providing digital switching and high bandwidth options to virtually all Durham business centers.

#### **Quality of Life**

Quality of life is measured, in part, by a community's educational access and attainment, healthcare, housing, leisure and social interactions, living environment, and transportation. Durham County offers many attributes that contribute to a great quality of life.

With respect to education, Durham is home to 55 public high schools and three institutions of higher education (Durham Technical Community College, Duke University, and North Carolina Central University). Almost 60% of Durham County residents have an associate's degree or higher. Durham is ranked among the South's best college towns. WalletHub ranks Durham at #6 in Most Educated City in America.

US News and World Report ranks Duke University #7 in this year's list of America's Top Colleges in the nation. Duke also ranks #1 in Nursing Programs and #2 in Biomedical Studies. The university has consistently ranked on the top 10 list for several years.

In the newest edition of U.S. News & World Report's 2023 Best College rankings, North Carolina Central University earned the #14 spot among the top 20 historically Black colleges and universities (HBCUs). The university was also the second-highest ranked HBCU in the state of North Carolina and among the top 5 public HBCUs in the nation. Indeed, NCCU continues to soar.

For the fourth year in a row, North Carolina School of Science and Mathematics is ranked the #1 public high school in North Carolina, and for the third year running as one of the top two public high schools in all of America, by the Niche.com school ranking site.

Healthcare services are widely available to the citizens of Durham County. Within the County, Duke University Health System and Lincoln Community Hospital provide excellent services to the community. For the underserved community, Project Access of Durham provides access to an organized system of comprehensive care and collaborates with community partners to address barriers to health.

Housing is a basic need for all citizens. Within Durham County, there are a total of 140,637 occupied dwellings. Fifty-five percent of the households own their homes in the County.

Durham's leisure and social climate is very full and vibrant. Residents enjoy the many restaurants and other dining experiences; we are a world-class foodie's haven. We have award-winning restaurants and chefs in our community. Once again, the Fairview Dining Room and the Washington Duke Inn and Golf Club are among the 2023 Forbes Travel Guide Star Award Winners. And where else will you find two James Beard Award nominees in the same city? Durham, of course, bartender/owner Shannon Healy, and Chef Carrie Schleiffer of Alley Twenty-Six, and Chef Ricky Moore of Saltbox Seafood Joint.

Durham is a coffee lover's dream location. Press Coffee, Crepes and Cocktails is a European-inspired coffeehouse serving quality coffee and a variety of sweet and savory crepes in the heart of downtown. Liturgy Beverage Company is a specialty coffee shop focused on connecting farmers' work with the habits and rituals of their community in Durham. Beyu Caffé, in the heart of downtown Durham, is known for its unique coffee blends, food, and live music. It now features locations in RTP and RDU International Airport.

Enhancing the leisure and social climate is the Durham Performing Arts Center (DPAC). DPAC is a highly respected and utilized entertainment venue. DPAC recently welcomed its six millionth guest at a performance of Broadway's *MJ the Musical*. Over the past 10 years, DPAC has continuously ranked among the top ten theatres in the country in terms of ticket sales and attendance, according to reports that track live entertainment events and venues.

DPAC officials announced that the recently completed 2022 - 2023 season was a record-breaking year for attendance and events. From July 1, 2022, to June 30, 2023, DPAC welcomed over 565,000 guests and hosted 252 events, making this year the theater's biggest season ever. In addition to welcoming a record number of guests and events, DPAC wrapped up the year by being nationally recognized as the #1 theater in the U.S. by *VenuesNow* in their recently released 2023 mid-year rankings. DPAC was also ranked as the #2 and #3 theater in the nation by *Pollstar* and *Billboard Magazine*.

Our Durham Bulls baseball team is a minor league team and affiliate of the Tampa Bay Rays. Throughout the season, fans filled the Bulls' stadium to unwind and enjoy one of America's favorite pastimes. The average attendance for the 2022 season was 6,736 in a stadium that holds 7,500. Outside of Durham, the Bulls are more widely known for the hit movie, "Bull Durham." Next year, "Bull Durham, The Musical," will debut and continue to delight fans and followers.

Natural living within the County starts with two county-operated parks (Little River Regional Park and Hollow Rock Nature Park) and one trail (New Hope Creek Preserve) that are managed by the Durham County Open Space Program in partnership with Orange County. In addition, there are a plethora of other parks (68) and trails within the city that County residents appreciate.

Transportation access is prolific and relatively easy to navigate. The County boasts an average working commute of 22 minutes for its residents. Raleigh-Durham International Airport (RDU) is a major factor affecting living and business choices and is only 15 minutes from downtown Durham. Amtrak rail services has a hub in the heart of Durham, GoDurham provides local public transportation, and GoTriangle offers cross-county regional public transportation.

With all of these accolades and attributes, by any measure, Durham County is indeed a fantastic place to live, grow, and thrive!

#### **Major Employers**

Listed below are the largest business and institutional employers in Durham County.

ly of institution
International Business Machines (IBM)
IQVIA Rds Inc
KBI Biopharma Inc
Labcorp
NC Health Affiliates LLC
Netapp Inc
North Carolina Central University
Private Diagnostic Clinic
RTI International

US Department of Veterans Affairs

Wolfspeed Inc

Company or Institution

#### **Capital Investment**

Fidelity Investments

**Environmental Protection Agency** 

Many companies are either locating to Durham County or expanding their already existing operations in the County. Economic development announcements for 2022 were over \$3.6 billion. Economic development announcements occurring in 2023 amounted to over \$1.76 billion.

#### **Economic Development Statistics**

#### Per Capita Income Trends from 2015 to 2022

Per capita income data for the last seven calendar years for the Durham Metropolitan Statistical Area, the Raleigh Metropolitan Statistical Area, North Carolina, and the United States are presented in the following table. In 2022, the data are presented for Durham and Wake Counties to be more in line with presenting relevant information.

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Durham	48,389	49,315	52,277	52,727	54,423	56,703	54,093	60,330
Wake	49,714	50,444	52,444	56,207	57,851	60,884	60,884	71,205
North Carolina	40,759	42,244	44,233	46,216	47,766	50,305	56,173	58,109
<b>United States</b>	48,451	49,246	51,731	54,606	56,490	58,510	64,143	65,470

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis

Note: The Bureau of Economic Analysis makes comprehensive revisions to the per capita income estimates annually. The latest revision was November 2022 for county data and September 2023 for state and national data.

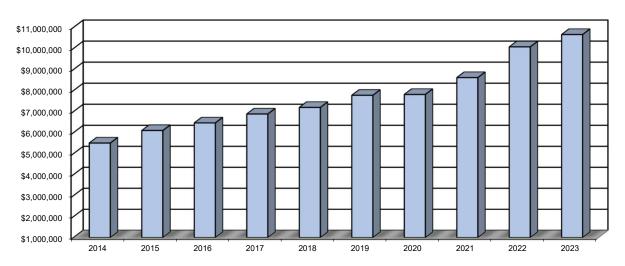
#### **Retail Sales**

Total retail sales in the County for the past ten fiscal years are shown in the following table.

#### Durham County Retail Sales from 2014 to 2023 Percent Growth Over Previous Year

Year Ended	<b>Total Taxable</b>	<b>Percent Growth Over</b>
June 30,	<b>Sales</b> (000's)	<b>Previous Year</b>
2014	5,501,325	12.21%
2015	6,097,770	10.84%
2016	6,458,506	5.92%
2017	6,884,030	6.59%
2018	7,195,550	4.53%
2019	7,771,144	8.00%
2020	7,811,731	0.50%
2021	8,612,784	10.25%
2022	10,073,809	16.96%
2023	10,661,429	5.83%

#### Durham County Retail Sales from 2014 to 2023 Annual Retail Sales

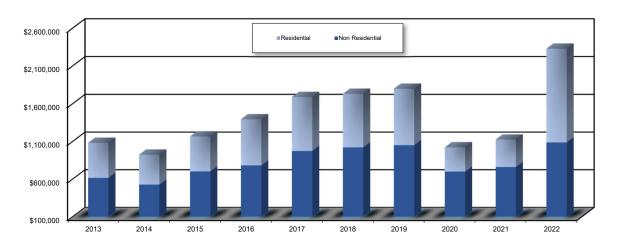


Durham's retail sales have gradually increased over the last ten years. One of the main reasons for this growth is due to new businesses, small and large, continuing to develop in the area. In fiscal year 2023, the total taxable retail sales reported were over \$10.66 billion, an increase of over \$.59 billion (5.83%), reflecting continued growth in the County's economy.

#### **Construction Activity**

The following table illustrates construction activity in Durham County for the past ten calendar years with reference to the value of all building permits issued in the County.

#### **Durham County Construction Permit Values from 2013 to 2022**



The total number of occupied dwelling units in 2022 for Durham County was 140,637, which included 4,335 (an increase of 2,112 over the prior year) permits issued for new residences and improvements, repairs, and expansions of existing residences. From

calendar year 2021 to 2022, there was an overall increase (\$167.1 million) in the value of all construction building permits issued in the County. The increase was in the value of residential construction. The increase in the number and value of permits issued is an indication of the continued economic growth in the County.

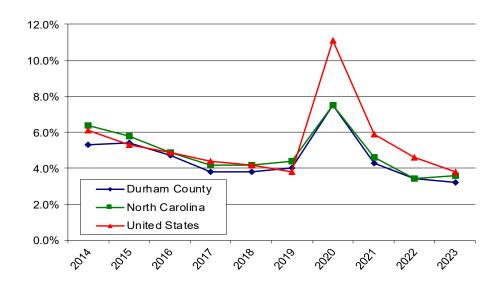
#### **Unemployment**

The percentage of unemployment in the County, State, and the United States for the past ten fiscal years (as of June 30) as follows.

#### **Unemployment Trends**

	County	State	National
2014	5.3%	6.4%	6.1%
2015	5.4%	5.8%	5.3%
2016	4.7%	4.9%	4.9%
2017	3.8%	4.2%	4.4%
2018	3.8%	4.2%	4.2%
2019	4.0%	4.4%	3.8%
2020	7.5%	7.5%	11.1%
2021	4.3%	4.6%	5.9%
2022	3.4%	3.4%	4.6%
2023	3.2%	3.6%	3.8%

#### **Unemployment Trends – Local, State and National Levels**



As of June 2023, the County's unemployment rate was 3.2%, a decrease of 0.2% from June 2022. The County's unemployment rate compares favorably to the State and National rates

of 3.6% and 3.8%, respectively. The County's primary commitments remain job creation and maintaining a strong economy.

#### **Long-term Financial Planning**

The Board of County Commissioners continues to reaffirm the County's financial stability as one of its highest priorities. The Board recognizes that it is difficult to execute short-and long-term plans if the focus is on day-to-day viability. Consequently, the County's annual budget and financial decisions made throughout the fiscal year support an underlying philosophy to maintain a strong fund balance and the planned expansion of programs and services. In addition, the County has implemented a multi-year budget forecast (5 years) for the County's general fund and debt service fund. Listed below are several of the County's major accomplishments for the year.

#### **Facility Master Plan**

The Facility Master Plan, originally approved in fiscal year 2000, was centered on sound planning and solid financial research and laid the groundwork for the future building needs of the County. The most recent Master Plan, amended in fiscal year 2022, reflects the changes in facility needs and options for the County. The Facility Master Plan, as currently amended, serves as the basis for the facility projects included in the Capital Improvement Plan.

#### **Capital Improvement Plan**

The County maintains a 10-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP), which is fully updated every two years. During 2019-2020 fiscal year, the Board of County Commissioners (BOCC) updated the 2020-2029 Capital Improvement Plan (CIP). The plan itself provides a blueprint which the County uses to meet the growing facility needs of the schools, libraries, museums, court system, public safety, human service agencies, general government needs, and open space. The CIP also provides a financial overview of the financing options for existing capital projects as well as those capital projects not implemented but projected in the 10-year plan. Annually, the financing options are reviewed, as are the projects and their estimated costs.

Accomplishments during the past fiscal year include the completion of the following construction projects: 115 N. Queen St. Deck (former 300 E. Main St. site), Stanford L. Warren Library Water Intrusion Repairs, EMS Station #1 Renovation, Judicial Building Annex Water Intrusion Repairs, Administration Building 1 Renovation (Subway Restaurant HVAC modifications), Fire Station #18 (County EMS and City Fire Station Colocation - Herndon Rd.), Detention Center Padded Cells, and the Administration II TV Studio Improvements. Several projects are currently in the construction phase including the following: 300 E. Main St. Affordable Housing Wrap; 500 E. Main St. Parking Deck and Market-Rate Housing Development; Extensions to the County Fiber Network through collaboration with the Duke Fiber Project; Stanford L. Warren Library Interior Improvements; the New Durham County Youth Home; and the leasehold improvements in Administration II – Anjappar Indian Restaurant. Other projects are in various stages of design, bidding, preliminary activities, and/or regulatory approvals include the following: Triangle Wastewater Treatment Plant Administration II Building; Fire Station #19 (County EMS and City Fire Station Co-location – Hwy 54 & Davis Dr.); Emergency Operations Center, Sheriff's Training Facility (Electra Road); Redwood Solid Waste Convenience

Center Upgrades; (Shoppes at Hope Valley Renovations including) - Board of Elections Renovation,; Project Build and Community Intervention and Support Services; Bull City United Renovation (former Boys and Girls Club location); and the DSS Main St. Hazardous Materials Mitigation. Phase I of the Comprehensive Facilities Assessment is underway, which will identify projects in accordance with the Renewable Energy Plan Implementation. Feasibility studies and updates for the Animal Shelter, Fleet Maintenance Facility, and others have also been completed and will be used in upcoming 2022-2031 CIP discussions/presentations to the BOCC. County staff is also working in partnership with the City of Durham Fire Department to ensure alignment and schedules for budgeting and project delivery for three potential Fire/EMS Co-locations including Kemp Road (Far East), Martin Luther King Jr. Blvd. (southern Durham) and a Duke West location.

In 2008, the County adopted a High-Performance Building Policy incorporating sustainable design into County building projects. The Policy requires that new construction over 10,000 square feet shall achieve a minimum rating of LEED (Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design) "Gold", that new construction between 4,000 and 10,000 square feet shall achieve a minimum rating of LEED "Silver", and that renovation projects obtain a "Certified" rating. Currently, the County has twelve LEED certified buildings that have been completed which include the following: Triangle Wastewater Treatment Plant Administrative Building I - "Certified", East Regional Library -"Certified", North Regional Library – "Silver", South Regional Library – "Gold", Animal Control Office Building - "Silver", Southwest Library Renovation and Addition - "Silver", the Criminal Justice Resource Center Third Floor Renovation – "Silver", Durham County Courthouse - "Gold", the Human Services Facility - "Silver", the Main Library Renovation - "Gold", Administration II Building Renovation - "Silver", and Fire/EMS The County is also seeking various levels of LEED Station #17 – LEED Gold. Certification for the Judicial Building Annex Renovation, Administration I Renovation, the new EMS Station 1, and the new Youth Home that were recently completed or nearing completion and under the construction phase review by the United States Green Building Council (USGBC). Additional projects identified in the CIP will also be designed using sustainable design and construction guidelines, including the Fire/EMS Station #19, Emergency Operations Center, TWWTP Administration Building II, Sheriff's Training Facility (Electra Road), and others.

#### **Awards and Acknowledgements**

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded Durham County the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for its annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This was the eighteenth consecutive year that the government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government published an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the Manager and the Board of County Commissioners for their unfailing support in maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Durham County's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Dr. Kimberly J. Sowell County Manager

Tiffany Murray Chief Financial Officer

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# **Durham County Board of County Commissioners**



Brenda A. Howerton Chair



Wendy Jacobs Vice Chair



Heidi Carter



Nida Allam



Nimasheena Burns

### **Durham County Administration**

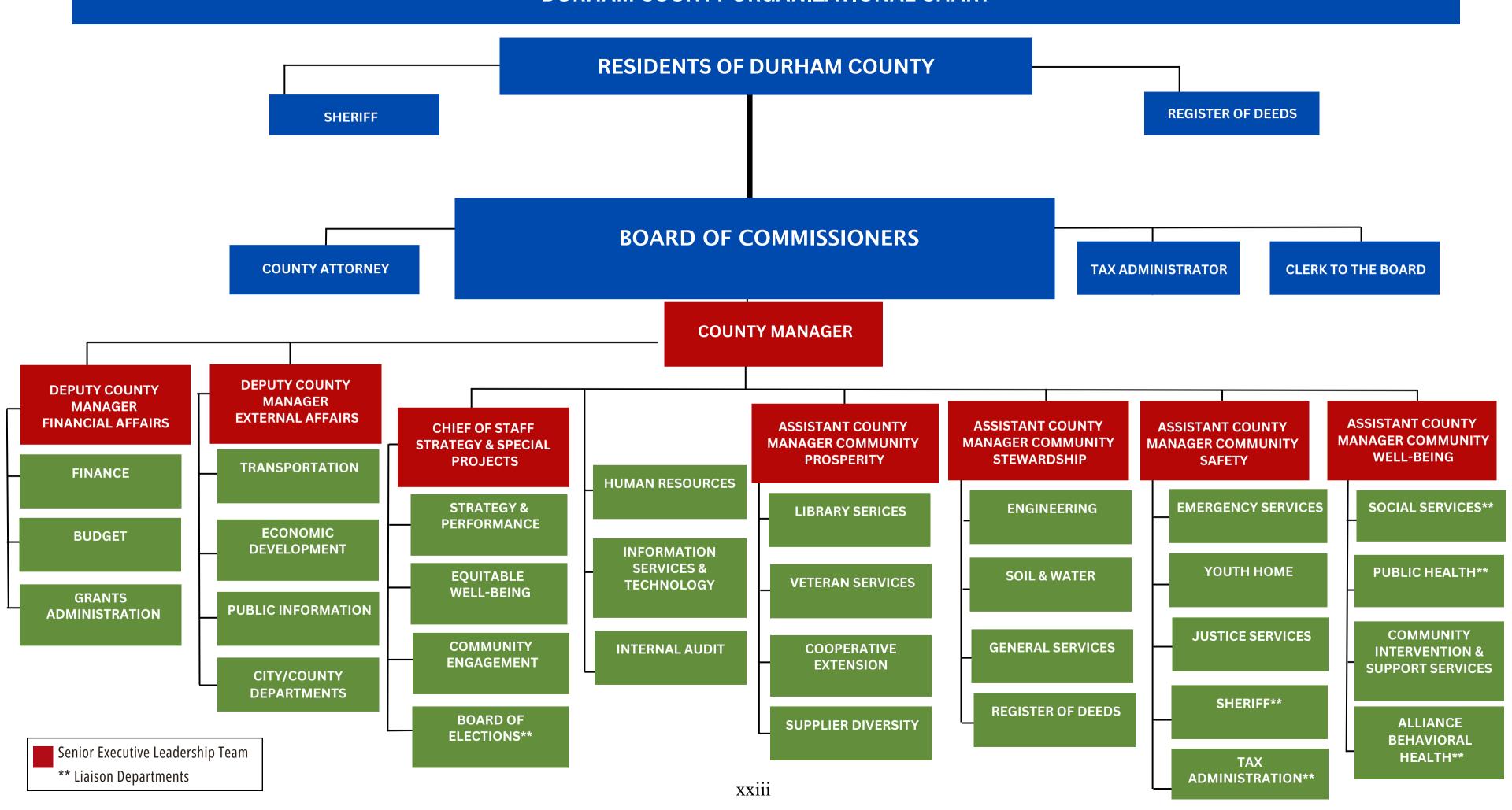


Dr. Kimberly J. Sowell County Manager



Tiffany Murray Chief Financial Officer

### **DURHAM COUNTY ORGANIZATIONAL CHART**





#### Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## County of Durham North Carolina

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





#### **Report of Independent Auditor**

To the Board of County Commissioners Durham County, North Carolina

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Durham County, North Carolina (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Durham County ABC Board (the "ABC Board"), which is the County's discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the ABC Board is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions. The financial statements of the ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
  or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
  period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 22, 2024 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Raleigh, North Carolina

Cherry Bekaert LLP

January 22, 2024

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Durham County, North Carolina (the "County"), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages vii-xviii.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Durham County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the 2023 fiscal year by \$168,150,880 (total net position). However, of this amount, unrestricted net position has a deficit balance of (\$198,524,346) (unrestricted net position) for governmental activities which is primarily because of the debt the County has issued on behalf of the school system, Durham Technical Community College and the Museum of Life and Science to fund capital outlay as required by State law. The assets funded by the County are owned by the Durham Public School System, Durham Technical Community College and the Museum of Life and Science and are capitalized in their financial statements. Therefore, the County, as the issuing government, has incurred a liability without a corresponding increase in assets.
- The government's total net position decreased by \$4,061,853, a decrease of 2.36 percent, due to a decrease in the governmental activities' net position and an increase in the business-type activities' net position of \$15.06 million and \$10.99 million, respectively.
- As of the close of the 2023 fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$419,977,241, an increase of \$40,154,936 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 21.97 percent of this total amount, or \$92,286,303, is *restricted or non-spendable*.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance available for appropriation for the general fund was \$214,800,957 or 34.16 percent of total general fund expenditures, compared to fiscal year 2022 which was \$263,215,448 or 46.52 percent of total general fund expenditures, which reflects a decrease of 26.56 percent. The net change in fund balance for fiscal year 2023 in the general fund was a decrease of \$18,688,550. The primary reasons for the decrease were the excess revenues over expenditures of over \$92.7 million, less transfers out of over \$126.8 million plus transfers in of over \$2.2 million, leases issued of \$5.2 million, and subscription liabilities issued of \$8.0 million due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 96.
- The County's total governmental activities long-term liabilities increased by \$115,037,620 (13.17 percent) during the 2023 fiscal year. The key factors in this increase were issuances of Limited Obligation Bonds (LOBs) and premiums of \$192,465,000 and \$26,796,243, respectively; Direct Installments Notes of \$41,257,556 and Bond Anticipation Notes (BANs) of \$14,080,038; the increase in the LGERS pension obligation of \$59,215,508, the net increase in lease liability of \$4,657,139, and the recording of the net subscription liability of \$4,370,984 in accordance with GASB Statement No. 96. These increases were offset by the annual reductions in debt (including premiums) in the amount of \$22,330,000 in General Obligation Bonds (GO Bonds) and \$14,470,000 in LOBs, the amortization of bond premiums of \$5,402,686, the net decrease in the OPEB obligation of \$44,014,942, and decreases in Direct Installment Notes of \$140,522,358. Durham County continues to maintain its AAA bond rating

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Durham County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of Durham County.

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The first two statements in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the County's financial status.

The next statements are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the County's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; 3) the proprietary fund statements; and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the County's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Following the notes is the required supplementary information.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances, using the full-accrual basis of accounting, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the County's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the total of the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources and the total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the County's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: 1) governmental activities; 2) business-type activities; and 3) component units. The governmental activities include general government, public safety, transportation, economic and physical development, environmental protection, human services, education, cultural and recreational and interest and fiscal charges.

Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the County charges customers to provide. These include sewer utility and stormwater services offered by Durham County. The final category is the component units. Durham County ABC Board is legally separate from the County; however, the County is financially accountable for the Board by appointing its members. Also, the ABC Board is required to distribute its profits to the County.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 31-33 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the County's most significant activities. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Durham County, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the County's budget ordinance. All the funds of Durham County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next fiscal year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting. This method also has a current financial resource focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The County maintains sixteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) fund, the capital projects fund, and the debt service fund, all of which are major funds. Data from the other ten governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

Durham County adopts an annual budget for its general fund, as required by General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the County, the management of the County, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the general fund and the community health trust fund demonstrates how well the County complied with the budget ordinance and whether the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the Statement of

Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 34-38 of this report.

**Proprietary funds.** Durham County has two kinds of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer utility and stormwater operations. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the sewer utility which is a major fund of the County and the stormwater which is a non-major fund of the County.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 41-43 of this report.

*Fiduciary funds*. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the County's own programs. Durham County has eleven fiduciary funds, two of which are private-purpose trust funds and nine of which are custodial funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 44-45 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 47-129 of this report.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning Durham County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits and other postemployment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 131-137 of this report.

Following the required supplementary information, combining statements referred to earlier are provided to show details in connection with non-major governmental funds. Budgetary information for each fund as required by the North Carolina General Statutes and detailed comparative statements, including annually budgeted funds, can also be found in this section. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 141-165 of this report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$168,150,880 as of June 30, 2023. Net position is reported in three categories: net investment in capital assets, restricted net position and unrestricted net position.

The County's net position decreased by \$4,061,853 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. One of the largest portions, in the amount of \$176,130,168, reflects the County's net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

#### **DURHAM COUNTY'S NET POSITION**

	Governmental					Busines	s - tyj	pe					
		Act	ctivities			Activ	ities		Total				
		2023		2022		2023	2022		2023			2022	
Current and other assets	\$	547,734,145	\$	477,363,656	\$	59,395,536	\$	49,950,766	\$	607,129,681	\$	527,314,422	
Capital assets		558,202,614		506,773,399		72,070,060		71,916,087		630,272,674		578,689,486	
Total assets		1,105,936,759		984,137,055		131,465,596		121,866,853		1,237,402,355		1,106,003,908	
Total deferred outflows of resources		98,792,167		88,044,698		1,004,256		759,362		99,796,423		88,804,060	
Long-term liabilities outstanding		976,873,171		861,344,622		11,685,589		12,176,548		988,558,760		873,521,170	
Other liabilities		103,323,554		72,510,218		1,071,730		1,141,793		104,395,284		73,652,011	
Total liabilities		1,080,196,725		933,854,840		12,757,319		13,318,341		1,092,954,044		947,173,181	
Total deferred inflows of resources		76,046,820		74,785,402		47,034		636,652		76,093,854		75,422,054	
Net position:													
Net investment in capital assets		114,466,733		108,073,865		61,663,435		60,383,228		176,130,168		168,457,093	
Restricted		132,542,994		115,860,818		8,746,694		7,265,351		141,289,688		123,126,169	
Unrestricted		(198,524,346)		(160,393,172)		49,255,370		41,022,643		(149,268,976)		(119,370,529)	
Total net position	\$	48,485,381	\$	63,541,511	\$	119,665,499	\$	108,671,222	\$	168,150,880	\$	172,212,733	

The second portion of the County's net position, in the amount of \$141,289,688, represents resources that are subject to external legal restrictions that limit the County's ability to access and use these funds beyond the purpose for which they were provided. Unexpended bond proceeds, grant funding and statutorily restricted revenues are included in this category. The debt related to the unspent/unexpended bond proceeds is not included in the restricted net position.

The remaining portion of net position is unrestricted net position. This balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. At June 30, 2023, the unrestricted net position is a deficit of (\$149,268,976). The unrestricted deficit is attributable primarily to the general obligation bonds issued by the County for the public schools, Durham Technical Community College, and the Museum for Life and Science. Even though the debt has been issued to finance the acquisition, construction and renovation for the public schools, Durham Technical Community College and the Museum of Life and Science, the Governmental

Accounting Standards Board has determined that it is not capital debt of the County since it is not financing assets owned by the County. Therefore, this debt is reflected within the unrestricted portion of net position rather than as part of the category net investment in capital assets. The unrestricted net position for the governmental activities had a deficit balance of (\$198,524,346) while the other two categories of net position, net investment in capital assets and restricted net position, and all three categories of net position of the business-type activities were positive. The unrestricted net position for the business-type activities had a positive balance of \$49,255,370.
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#### **DURHAM COUNTY'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

	Govern	mental	Busines	s - type		
	Activ	vities	Activ	vities	То	otal
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 40,510,153	\$ 40,882,755	\$ 22,877,089	\$ 18,154,933	\$ 63,387,242	\$ 59,037,688
Operating grants and contributions	73,948,904	90,995,806	-	-	73,948,904	90,995,806
Capital grants and contributions	4,467,661	1,157,830	869,362	892,852	5,337,023	2,050,682
General revenues:						
Taxes	504,186,784	472,061,009	-	-	504,186,784	472,061,009
Investment and interest income	10,368,982	(3,572,981)	635,861	65,231	11,004,843	(3,507,750)
Other revenues	1,042,545	16,502,446	-	13,431	1,042,545	16,515,877
Total revenues	634,525,029	618,026,865	24,382,312	19,126,447	658,907,341	637,153,312
Expenses:						
General government	123,351,253	114,410,610	_	_	123,351,253	114,410,610
Public safety	95,153,607	81,778,636	_	_	95,153,607	81,778,636
Transportation	912,757	800,206	_	_	912,757	800,206
Economic and physical development	16,179,664	16,303,883	_	_	16,179,664	16,303,883
Environmental Protection	13,452,988	12,584,107	-	_	13,452,988	12,584,107
Human services	101,071,341	110,942,747	-	_	101,071,341	110,942,747
Education	259,618,044	245,537,946	-	_	259,618,044	245,537,946
Cultural and recreational	17,445,261	16,313,104	-	_	17,445,261	16,313,104
Interest and fiscal charges	22,396,244	14,794,595	-	-	22,396,244	14,794,595
Sewer utility	-	-	12,110,564	10,470,472	12,110,564	10,470,472
Stormwater	-	_	1,277,471	1,220,996	1,277,471	1,220,996
Total expenses	649,581,159	613,465,834	13,388,035	11,691,468	662,969,194	625,157,302
Increase (decrease) in net position	(15,056,130)	4,561,031	10,994,277	7,434,979	(4,061,853)	11,996,010
Net position, beginning	63,541,511	58,980,480	108,671,222	101,236,243	172,212,733	160,216,723
Net position, ending	\$ 48,485,381	\$ 63,541,511	\$ 119,665,499	\$108,671,222	\$168,150,880	\$172,212,733

Because the County funds Durham Public Schools,' Durham Technical Community College's, and the Museum of Life and Science's capital needs but does not carry the resulting assets on the County's financial statements, the County reports a net deficit on the statement of net position for governmental activities. Despite this deficit reported in governmental activities, the County's finances are strong as evidenced by:

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining an overall collection percentage of 99.52 percent for the current levy year.
- Planning and management of revenues and expenses through the use of financial models for capital and debt service.

- Continued low cost of bonded debt that is a direct result of the County's high bond rating by the rating agencies of Moody's and Standard and Poor's. The County considers this unique achievement to be a key factor in keeping the interest costs low on the County's outstanding debt.
- Management's proactive stance on monitoring spending across County departments to ensure compliance with the budget.
- A multi-year budget forecast (5 years) for the County's general fund and debt service fund.

Governmental activities. The governmental activities net position decreased by \$15,056,130 (23.69 percent). Revenues increased in fiscal year 2023 compared to fiscal year 2022 by over \$16.5 million (2.67 percent). Expenses increased by over \$36.12 million (5.89 percent). The general revenues accounted for the bulk of the increase in revenues. In fiscal year 2023, property taxes levied for general purposes and for fire districts increased by over \$17.92 million (5.24 percent) and \$1.08 million (10.84 percent), respectively. This increase was primarily because of the increase in assessed property values and the County's continued collection efforts including participation in the North Carolina Local Government Debt Setoff Clearinghouse Program. In addition, local option sales taxes increased for the thirteenth consecutive year by over \$11.42 million (9.96 percent) as a result of increased spending and collections, especially collections of sales taxes from online purchases, which became more prevalent during the pandemic. Investment and interest income increased by over \$13.94 million (390.21 percent), which is primarily because of improved market conditions.

Charges for services decreased for general government by \$373 thousand. This decrease was attributable to the decline in general government of \$2.5 million and environmental protection of \$18 thousand. The decrease in the general government charges for services was due mainly to a \$689 thousand decrease in revenue related to not having mid-term election activity in 2023 and over \$3.31 million in decreased charges for register of deeds due to a cooling housing market and higher interest rates. Environmental protection decreased due to the loss of households that were annexed by the City of Durham. Charges for public safety increased by \$2 million due to greater level of services provided and a higher fee structure for emergency medical services. There were slight increases in revenue for economic and physical development, cultural and recreational, and human services functions. There was a minor decrease in the transportation function.

The operating grant program revenues for the general government function decreased by \$17.05 thousand (18.73 percent). The human services function decreased by over \$18.45 million primarily due to waning federal and state grants related to Covid-19, while general government increased by just over \$1.28 million. Decreases in the public safety, economic development, environmental protection, and cultural and recreational functions were insignificant.

The capital grants and contributions for education increased by \$3.31 million due to more construction activity that is funded with Public School Building Capital Fund (PSBCF) revenue sources.

In certain functional areas, increases in the governmental activities' expenses closely paralleled inflation and growth in the demand for services. The County's total governmental activities' expenses increased by over \$36.12 million (5.89 percent).

Education expenses increased by \$14.1 million (5.73 percent). This increase in expenditures were for education-related construction (\$13.88 million) primarily for Durham Public Schools (DPS) and Durham Technical Community College (DTCC), which is less than the \$63.51 million spent in fiscal year 2022.

Human services expenses decreased by almost \$9.9 million (8.90 percent) due in large part to decreases in social services and mental health spending for emergency rental and energy assistance programs as federal and state funding declined.

Interest and fiscal charges increased by over \$7.6 million (51.38 percent) due to increased debt and cost of borrowing.

Public safety expenses increased by \$13.4 million (16.36 percent) which is mainly due to increases (\$11.6 million) in the offices of the Sheriff and Emergency Services for various operational costs.

General government expenses increased by over \$8.9 million (7.81 percent) due to increases in operational expenditures for several departments totaling \$5.07 million and \$1.2 million in capital-related projects.

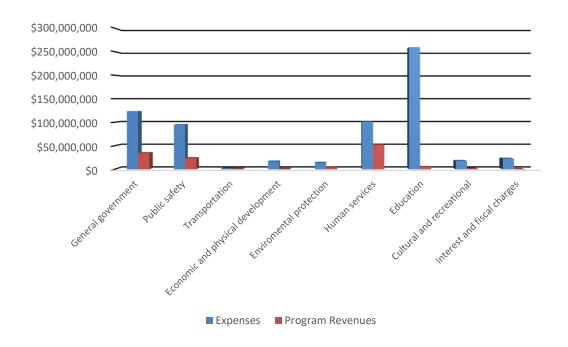
Economic and physical development expenses decreased by almost \$125 thousand (.76 percent) due to decreases in cooperative extension policy payments of over \$277 thousand and less reliance on contractors (\$453 thousand). These decreases were offset by increases in planning and other expenditures of \$346 thousand and \$188 thousand, respectively.

Environmental protection expenses increased by \$869 thousand (6.9 percent) due to increased spending for personnel and contractor costs (\$836 thousand) in the Solid Waste unit.

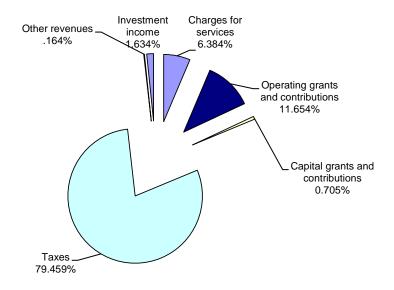
Cultural and recreational expenses increased by almost \$1.13 million (6.94 percent) due to increased spending on the construction costs of the County's library system of almost \$1.03 million.

Transportation increased almost \$113 thousand due to an increase in expenditures of \$93 thousand for new positions.

#### **Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities**



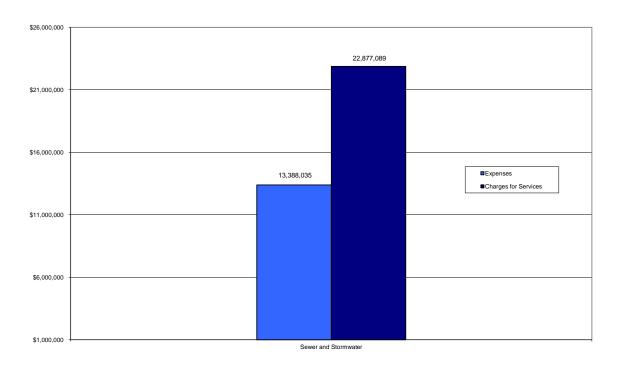
#### **Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities**



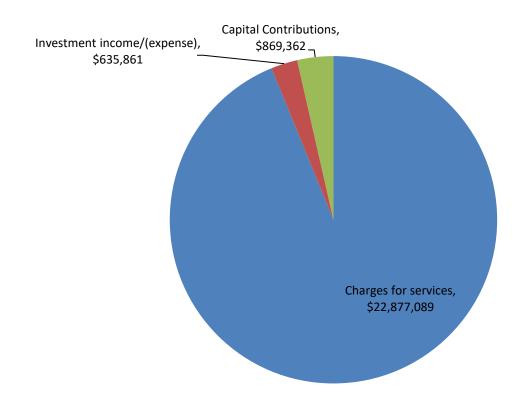
**Business-type activities.** Business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$10,994,277 accounting for 270.67 percent of the total growth in the government's net position. Key elements of this are as follows:

- Expenses increased \$1,696,567 (14.51 percent) primarily because of increases in operating expenses related to increases in maintenance expense of \$321 thousand, utilities of \$74 thousand, and depreciation expense of \$1.45 million. These increases were partially offset by reductions in interest and fiscal charges of \$76 thousand and loss on disposal of capital assets of \$85 thousand. The operating margin year-over-year increase was \$923 thousand. Depreciation expense rose sharply (40.91 percent) in fiscal year 2023 due to the net addition (\$2.3 million) of capital equipment for sewer utility in the prior fiscal year. There were no debt issuance costs for fiscal year 2023.
- Charges for services increased by \$4,722,156 (26.01 percent). The sewer rates were increased for fiscal year 2023 in the sewer utility fund. The consumption rate charge was increased by 10 percent for all customers, both residential and industrial, effective July 1, 2022 and contributed \$1.9 million to the increase. The rate increase was necessary to maintain operational expenses, capital costs, and funds to service debt. All monitoring fees were increased due to the increase of the contracted laboratory, except for total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH), which was decreased. There were increases for monthly service fees, construction inspection fees, several development review fees, several industrial user fees, and several reclaimed water inspection fees. New fees were implemented for construction inspection, industrial user, and reclaimed water. The new fees and increases were necessary to cover the cost to perform required inspections per standards and regulations and contributed \$2.2 million to the increase. There was no increase in system development fees, which is paid by new development, to recover a proportional share of the costs of capital facilities constructed to provide service capacity for new customers connecting to the system. The stormwater utility fee rate doubled, which contributed to the increase in the amount of \$869,368.
- Investment and interest income increased by \$570,630 (874.78 percent) primarily because of improved market conditions because of an opened economy upon vaccines and treatments for Covid-19 becoming widely available.
- There were capital contributions for sewer utility for the partial funding of the purchase of capital equipment in the amount of \$869,362. There were no capital contributions to Stormwater in fiscal year 2023.

#### **Expenses and Charges for Service Revenues – Business-type Activities**



#### **Revenues by Source –Business-type Activities**



#### Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, Durham County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of Durham County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. Specifically, the fund balance available for appropriation can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$419,977,241, an increase of \$40,154,936 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 78.03 percent of this total amount (\$327,690,938) constitutes *unrestricted fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is *restricted* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it is 1) non-spendable (\$2,461,304), 2) restricted by revenue source for specific purposes, programs, and services (\$8,042,181), or 3) because it is restricted by State Statute (\$81,782,818).

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, Durham County's fund balance available for appropriation in the general fund was \$214,800,957, while total fund balance reached \$287,122,391. The Board of County Commissioners of Durham County has determined that the County should maintain an available fund balance of 35 percent of general fund expenditures in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting cash flow needs of the County. As of June 30, 2023, the County has an available fund balance of 34.16 percent of general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 44.73 percent of that same amount. The percentage of available fund balance to total general fund expenditures decreased from 46.52 percent for fiscal year 2022 to 34.16 percent for fiscal year 2023, a decrease of 26.56 percent. The net change in the general fund balance for fiscal 2023 was a decrease of \$18,688,550. The primary reason for the decrease is that transfers out (\$126.8 million) are greater than the sum of excess revenues over expenditures (\$92.7 million) and other financing sources (\$15.4 million).

Key factors in the increase of the fund balance in the County's general fund during the current fiscal year are as follows:

• The general fund taxes increased by 6.12 percent or \$28,309,128. This increase is the result of increased collections in the current year levies of \$16,958,437 (4.98 percent) and decreased collections in the prior years' levies of \$1,1463,879 (71.55 percent), increased local option sales tax revenue of \$11,419,763, and increased occupancy tax revenue in the amount of \$1,467,784. The increase in tax levies is primarily because of the natural year-over-year growth in assessed property values and efficient collection methods of staff. The positive change in the local option sales tax is mainly due to increased spending as well as continued collections of taxes from online sales. This is the thirteenth consecutive year of increased local option sales tax collections, which is excellent. The increase in occupancy tax is a due to the rise in local tourism and business travel as vaccines and treatments have become widely available to substantially reduce illness and death caused by the Covid-19 pandemic. Other tax revenues did not change materially since the prior year.

- Intergovernmental revenues of the general fund decreased by 21.54 percent or \$19,600,320. The decrease is primarily because of decreases in Social Services (\$16.8 million), Public Health (\$2.7 million), and Finance (\$994 thousand). These decreases are due mainly to the slowdown of state and federal revenues for Covid and emergency rental assistance spending.
- Charges for services decreased by \$63,229 (0.16 percent). This is attributable to decreases in elections registration lists charges of \$689 thousand, Register of Deeds of \$3.3 million; increases in general government of \$1.4 million and emergency medical services of \$2.3 million. Elections registration lists charges declined because of no election activity. The Register of Deeds experienced decreased real estate transactions due to rising interest rates and a cooling of the housing market. General government and emergency medical services increased due primarily to increased service levels and a new fee structure for emergency medical services. Changes in other charges for service revenues were immaterial.
- Investment earnings increased by \$3.56 million (167.28 percent) mainly due to improved market conditions and rent increased by \$74,301 (40.68 percent), which is due to the increase in rentals of County property for outside events.
- Licenses and permits decreased by \$59,894 (13.99 percent) mainly because of decreases in cablevision and franchise fees and other licenses and permits of \$34 and \$23 thousand, respectively. The change in wine and beer license revenue was immaterial.
- Other revenues decreased by \$15,459,874 (93.68 percent) primarily because of the sales of real property (the American Tobacco parking garage and 500 E. Main surface lot) in the amount of \$14,750,664 in the previous fiscal year and no sales in fiscal year 2023. Additionally, there was a \$752 thousand net decrease in miscellaneous and other revenues combined with a \$65 thousand increase in proceeds from sale of confiscated property.
- General government expenditures increased by \$5,066,730 (6.94 percent) mostly because of increases the following areas: County Manager (\$1,029,934) due to six new positions, funding for a Master Aging Plan and lobbyist advocating for Durham County citizens; Finance (\$1,439,647) due to three new positions, acquiring financial reporting software, and increased costs of contracted services; Risk Management (\$1,083,770) due to higher insurance premiums and claims settlements; General Services (\$1,232,981) due purchases of protective equipment, starting a motor pool operation, and creating four new positions, and Other (\$1,071,403) due mostly for the purchase of vehicles for various departments. These increases were offset by decreases in Board of Elections (\$1.1 million) due to it not being a presidential election year in fiscal year 2023 along with Information Systems and Technology (\$725,353) due to needing less part-time or contractual staff after having remediated most of the vulnerabilities found during the March 2020 cyberattack. Other increases in expenditures included Human Resources (over \$370 thousand), Legal (\$323 thousand), and Board of County Commissioners (\$160 thousand). Variances in expenditures for other departments within the general government functional area were less significant.
- Public safety increased by \$11,642,417 (15.30 percent) with the bulk of the change due to increases in the County Sheriff and Office of Emergency Services by \$4.0 million and \$6.6 million, respectively. The expenditure change in the County Sheriff is due to a 5% pay adjustment to incentivize retention and address the vacancies due to of officers leaving for more competitive

salaries, increased funding for replacement of emergency vehicles, funding for a security contract for the courthouse, the purchases of security body scanners, and payment of night shift differential. The increase for the Office of Emergency Services is due to salary adjustments for front-line EMS employees to enhance retention, the addition of an assistant fire marshal position, two new part-time fire inspector positions, funding for additional emergency and fire equipment, and leasing a new building for emergency services operations.

- Transportation expenditures increased by \$93,191 (11.38 percent) primarily due to the funding for two positions (transportation planner and administrative support).
- Economic and physical development decreased by \$122,400 (1.36 percent) primarily because of decreases in cooperative extension (\$277 thousand) due to less reliance on contracted service providers and economic development (\$453 thousand) due to certain businesses not meeting performance criteria to receive the incentive payments. Planning and Other expenditures increased by \$346 thousand and \$188 thousand, respectively. Other variances were insignificant.
- Human services' expenditures decreased by \$9,924,614 (8.38 percent). This change is due to the decrease in Social Services of \$14.5 million as a result of a decrease in funding for the tenant rental assistance and the low income energy assistance programs coupled with increased personnel costs; a decrease in Mental Health of \$1.0 million due to a decline in contracted services; the creation of a new department (Community Intervention and Support Services \$4.7 million) that works within the community to prevent violence and provide resources for high-risk community members, and the increase in Public Health of \$567 thousand as a result of six new positions.
- Education increased by \$13,883,032 (7.64 percent) from the prior fiscal year. Of this increase, Durham Public Schools received increased funding for operating expenditures of \$10,945,000. Durham Technical Community College's funding increased \$789,268. Other education increased by \$2,148,764 for mostly the pre-k and early childhood programs.
- Cultural and recreational increased by \$1,095,591 (6.99 percent), with an increase for the library system of \$985 thousand due to the purchase of an integrated library system software, increased demand for digital and print collections, funding for marketing targeted at underserved populations, and a part-time position. Moreover, \$110 thousand of the increase was in other cultural and recreational expenditures to support the NC Museum of Life and Science.
- Environmental protection increased by \$835,941 (15.10 percent) primarily due to the increases in expenditures for solid waste of \$557 thousand and environmental engineering of over \$259 thousand. Solid waste expenditures rose due to higher contracted services and personnel costs. Environmental engineering expenditures increased due to a new position to oversee the implementation of the County's renewable energy plan, funding to support a new Durham Community Cultural Plan, funding to support the Little River Regional Park, and participation in the Triangle's solar program. Other expenditures increased by just over \$19 thousand.

The American Rescue Plan Fund has a total fund balance of zero. This fund is used to account for monies allocated to state and local governments by the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA). ARPA funds can support several priorities including a public health response due to COVID-19, addressing negative economic impacts, replacing public sector revenue loss, and funding premium pay for essential workers. The federal dollars can also address water, sewer, and broadband infrastructure. In fiscal year 2023, the fund recognized revenue of \$50,875, which was expended on general government activities.

The Capital Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$43,178,016. This money is assigned as a financing resource to be used for the acquisition and construction or improvement of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds. The net increase in fund balance during the current year in the capital projects' fund was \$8,947,536 due to funding for the fiscal year of intergovernmental revenues, investment earnings, transfers in, and the premium on the issuance of refinancing being far more than the expenditures for the acquisition and construction or improvement of major capital facilities for the County, School System, Durham Technical Community College and Museum of Life and Science. The County's activity was recorded to construction in progress in capital assets of the County while the Schools System's, Durham Technical Community College's and the Museum of Life and Science's activity was recorded in their capital assets as they hold title to those assets.

The primary revenue activity was the recognition of other financing sources, such as the proceeds from the issuance of bonds of \$78 million, issuance of installment purchases of \$55.3 million, and transfers in (\$24.6 million). The fund also recognized intergovernmental revenues (\$4.47 million) and investments (\$1.2 million). For expenditures, there was construction activity in the amount of \$154,199,899. In addition, there were other financing uses in the transfers out of \$439,378 from the Capital Projects Fund to the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund. The construction activity was primarily for education (\$89,773,459), environmental protection (\$25,337,134), economic and physical development (\$5,088,758), general government (\$10,141,116), public safety (\$20,170,294), and cultural and recreation (\$3,689,138).

The Debt Service Fund has a total fund balance of \$82,123,116, all of which is financing resources to be used for the retirement of the County's general long-term debt other than debt issued for and serviced by proprietary funds. The net increase in fund balance during the current year in the Debt Service Fund was \$46,493,634 because the revenues and other financing sources were more than the annual retirement of the principal and interest of the County's general long-term debt, debt issuance costs and other financing uses.

The primary funding activity was the recognition of other financing sources such as the issuance of refunding bonds (\$192.5 million), the premium on the issuance of refinancing (\$26.8 million), and transfers in (\$105.4 million). The fund also recognized charges for services (\$494 thousand) and investments (\$822 thousand). In the expenditures, there were principal and interest for the retirement of general long-term debt in the amounts of \$37.1 million and \$20.3 million, respectively. In addition, there were debt issuance costs for the refunding of bonds of \$1.6 million. Other financing uses, transfers out were \$2.3 million.

**Proprietary funds.** Durham County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

At the end of the fiscal year, unrestricted net position of the enterprise funds amounted to \$49,255,370. There was an increase in total net position of \$10,994,277. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of Durham County's business-type activities.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The County's annual balanced budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the Budget & Fiscal Control Act of North Carolina General Statutes, and includes all appropriations required for debt service. The General Fund is the most significant fund budgeted.

During the fiscal year, the County revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services or initiate new programs where timing is critical. Amendments to the General Fund budget totaled \$76,793,453 and can be summarized, briefly, as follows:

- \$11,113,732 in increases allocated to general government were primarily to honor commitments from fiscal year 2022 and fund the purchase of eleven ambulances for the Office of Emergency Services.
- \$4,710,064 in increases allocated to public safety were primarily to honor commitments from fiscal year 2022; appropriate unspent restricted funds in fiscal year 2023; support the Youth Home and the Local Re-entry Council, purchase meal prep and life-safety equipment for the Detention Center, and distribute funding to the EMS First Responders CARA grant.
- \$1,458,061 in increases allocated to economic and physical development were primarily to redistribute budgeted personnel expenses from other functional areas, honor commitments from fiscal year 2022, appropriate unspent restricted funds in fiscal year 2023, and fund the Cooperative Extension's Kids Voting Program as well as the food assistance programs. The increase also includes Downtown Durham and the Museum of Durham History funding that would have typically been included in the original budget ordinance; however, recent changes to state statute required funding for these entities to be approved separately to allow for commissioner recusal.

- \$1,361,732 in increases allocated to environmental protection were primarily to redistribute budgeted personnel expenses from other functional areas, honor commitments from fiscal year 2022, appropriate unspent restricted funds in fiscal year 2023, fund miscellaneous legal and design costs related to capital projects, support property management costs for the Shoppes of Hope Valley, fund the contract with Child Care Services Association to operate the childcare/Pre-K programs, and purchase a conservation easement.
- \$17,527,446 in increases allocated to human services were primarily to honor commitments from fiscal year 2022; appropriate unspent restricted funds in fiscal year 2023; recognize extensive grant awards supporting multiple County programs for school health, Covid-19, barriers to accessing vaccines, and maternal and child health; support in-home and community-based services for the elderly and the Low-Income Household Water Assistance program. The increase in the human services functional area also includes Project Access funding that would have typically been included in the original budget ordinance; however, recent changes to state statute required funding for these entities to be approved separately to allow for commissioner recusal.
- \$3,172,897 in increases allocated to cultural and recreational were primarily to redistribute budgeted personnel expenses from other functional areas, honor commitments from fiscal year 2022, appropriate unspent restricted funds in fiscal year 2023, and recognize state-aid coronavirus fiscal recovery funds for libraries. The increase also includes funding for the North Carolina Museum of Life and Science that would have typically been included in the original budget ordinance; however, recent changes to state statute required funding for these entities to be approved separately to allow for commissioner recusal.
- \$1,486,747 in increases to education were primarily to honor commitments from fiscal year 2022; increase Durham Pre-K funds for childcare services; contract with the Boys and Girls Club for youth programming, afterschool care, and a pilot program for homework help and tutorial services, and allocate additional support for Kate's Korner, which provides safe and effective learning centers for Durham Public School students.
- \$328,245 in increases to transportation were primarily to redistribute budgeted personnel expenses from other functional areas, honor commitments from fiscal year 2022, fund repairs to Little Acres drive.
- \$35,334,529 in transfers out to cover operating transactions of other departments.

Of this increase, \$12,239,932 was to be funded from intergovernmental and other revenues. Operating transfers-in increased funding by \$205,500. The remaining \$64,051,021 was to be budgeted from available fund balance. During the year, revenues exceeded budgetary estimates by \$23,500,266 while other financing sources fell short of budgetary estimates by \$24,821. Expenditures were far less than budgetary estimates with a positive variance of \$33,920,442, thus eliminating the need to draw upon existing fund balance.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets.** Durham County's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2023 totaled \$630,272,674 (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). These assets include land, easements, buildings, water systems, improvements, office furniture and equipment, machinery and equipment, computer hardware, computer software, vehicles, construction in progress, and right-to-use leases and subscriptions. The total increase in the County's net capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$49,168,366 (8.46 percent). Governmental activities increased \$49,014,394 (9.63 percent) and business-type activities increased by \$153,972 (.21 percent).

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Construction for the Durham Public School Projects continued in fiscal year 2023 in the amount of \$89,783,458. The County did not capitalize this construction activity because the County does not hold title to these properties.
- Property acquisition for Durham Technical Community College occurred in fiscal year 2023 in the amount of \$20,000. The County did not capitalize this construction activity because the County does not hold title to this property.
- Construction activity for Library (Main and Stanford L. Warren) upgrades continued in the amount of \$1,684,017 during fiscal year 2023.
- Construction for the Museum of Life and Science occurred in fiscal year 2023 in the amount of \$2,005,121. Construction occurred on the Museum of Life and Science exhibit upgrades, classroom expansion, parking deck, and lobby renovations. The County did not capitalize this construction activity because the County does not hold title to this property.
- Construction activity for environmental protection and economic development occurred in the amount of \$30,425,893. Of this amount, the County capitalized \$25,337,135. The remaining amount of \$5,088,758 was not capitalized as the County does not hold title to these properties. Of the construction activity that was capitalized for environmental protection, the major activities were in environmental engineering for the Administration Building refurbishment renovation (\$365,361), the 300 Block Parking Deck (\$4,714,436), and the 500 Block Parking Deck (\$12,774,762). Other activity occurred in the Snow Hill Road Pump Station (\$8,161,373) and the Judicial Annex Building renovations (\$330,158). Additional activity occurred on the DSS main street renovations, judicial annex renovation, open space and farmland preservation, and public safety and service complex.

- Construction activity for general government occurred in the amount of \$10,141,117. Of this amount, the County capitalized \$9,647,554. The remaining amount of \$493,563 was not capitalized as the County does not hold title to these properties. Of the construction activity that was capitalized for general government, the major activities were the IST Hardware/Software (\$2,398,907), HVAC Replacement project (\$319,825), '21 IT hardware replacement (\$1,837,752), County Security Improvements (\$756,325), Detention Center Window replacement (\$591,465), Durham County Stadium Improvements (\$546,707), Duke Fiber project (\$523,959), Parking Resurfacing project (\$457,027), and Tax Department Software replacement (\$1,102,213). Other activity on County-owned projects occurred for the County-owned convenience site upgrades, County Courthouse Elevator Repair project, Elections equipment, and '21 AV Technologies.
- Construction activity for public safety occurred in the amount of \$20,170,294. The County capitalized the entire amount which was mainly for the new Youth home (\$19,356,587), Body Camera project (\$274,436), Sheriff firing range of \$235,335, and the Sheriff IT Life Cycle Replacement project in the amount of \$300,882.
- Major capital asset increases net of disposals occurred in the asset classes of office furniture and equipment (\$945,626), computer hardware (\$7,973,991), vehicles (\$2,258,966), and right-to-use leases and subscriptions (\$10,599,275), in governmental activities.

#### **DURHAM COUNTY'S CAPITAL ASSETS**

(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental					Business	s - tyj	pe				
		Acti	Activities			Activ		Total				
		2023	2022			2023	2022		2023			2022
Land	\$	10,001,626	\$	10,001,626	\$	5,536,715	\$	5,248,865	\$	15,538,341	\$	15,250,491
Easements		3,053,493		2,911,040		5,000		5,000		3,058,493		2,916,040
Improvements - water and sewer lines		-		-		12,450,235		12,159,127		12,450,235		12,159,127
Buildings		323,216,064		280,800,573		33,524,791		35,897,225		356,740,855		316,697,798
Water systems		2,232,848		2,283,455		-		-		2,232,848		2,283,455
Office furniture and equipment		896,869		108,735		-		-		896,869		108,735
Machinery and equipment		3,714,872		4,369,338		7,292,769		2,078,003		11,007,641		6,447,341
Computer hardware		6,727,338		2,756,747		9,779		5,939		6,737,117		2,762,686
Computer software		48,763		111,234		-		-		48,763		111,234
Vehicles		5,376,512		3,936,151		125,509		49,310		5,502,021		3,985,461
Right-to-use leases/subscriptions		11,045,783		3,860,637		-		-		11,045,783		3,860,637
Construction in progress		191,888,446		198,048,684		13,125,262		16,472,619		205,013,708		214,521,303
Total	\$	558,202,614	\$	509,188,220	\$	72,070,060	\$	71,916,088	\$	630,272,674	\$	581,104,308

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note D on pages 80-82 of this report.

**Long-term debt.** At the end of the current fiscal year, Durham County had total debt outstanding of \$722,918,046. Of this amount, \$227,590,505 comprises bonded debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. Also included is \$3,657,718 of bonded debt secured by a pledge of and lien upon, and payable solely from, the net receipts of the enterprise system, and in certain circumstances, by proceeds of the revenue bonds, investment earnings and certain net insurance and other proceeds. The revenue bonds are additionally secured by and payable from money and securities of certain funds, accounts and sub-accounts held by the trustee under the trust agreement and the first supplemental trust agreement. The balance consists of limited obligation bonds in the amount of \$429,558,044, installment notes in the amount of \$2,065,174, BANs in the amount of \$42,976,949, other financing agreements in the amount of \$6,572,553, leases in the amount of \$6,126,119, and subscriptions in the amount of \$4,370,984. The general obligation bond anticipation notes are also backed by the full faith and credit of the government.

The County's total debt, excluding accrued compensated absences, total OPEB liability, net LGERS pension liability, and LEOSSA total pension liability, increased by \$99,047,506 (15.88 percent) during the current fiscal year. The key factors in this increase were issuances of limited obligation installment financing contracts of \$202,950,792, bond anticipation notes of \$14,080,038, and lease and subscription obligations of \$4,657,139 and \$4,370,984, respectively, which were offset by the annual retirements of governmental and business-type activities debt of \$127,011,447.

#### **DURHAM COUNTY'S OUTSTANDING DEBT**

General Obligations, Revenue Bonds, Installment Purchases and Other Financing Agreements

	Governmental Activities			Busines	ss - ty	pe		
				Acti	vities		Total	
	2023	2022		2023		2022	2023	2022
General obligation bonds	\$ 227,590,505	\$ 253,482,741	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 227,590,505	\$ 253,482,741
Revenue bonds	-	-		3,657,718		4,305,000	3,657,718	4,305,000
Limited obligation bonds	429,558,044	226,607,252		-		-	429,558,044	226,607,252
Installment notes payable	2,065,174	101,653,706		-		-	2,065,174	101,653,706
Bond Anticipation Notes	42,976,949	28,896,911		-		-	42,976,949	28,896,911
Leases	6,126,119	1,468,980		-		-	6,126,119	1,468,980
Subscription-based technology	4,370,984	-		-		-	4,370,984	-
Other financing agreements		7,648		6,572,553		7,448,302	6,572,553	7,455,950
Total	\$712,687,775	\$ 612,117,238	\$	10,230,271	\$	11,753,302	\$722,918,046	\$ 623,870,540

The County maintains bond ratings from Moody's Investors Service, Inc. and Standard & Poor's Rating Services of Aaa and AAA, respectively.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 8 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the County is \$3,997,877,854. The amount of debt relevant to the statutory limit is \$198,380,000, which yields a legal debt margin of \$3,799,497,854. The net bonded debt per capita is \$684.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note E on pages 83-97 of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

• The unemployment rate for the County is 3.2 percent as of June 2023, which is a decrease from a rate of 3.4 percent as of June 2022 due to the improved economic conditions as communities learned how to live and work safely during the COVID-19 pandemic, and the access to vaccines and other treatments. The County's unemployment rate is less than the state's unemployment rate of 3.6 percent and the national rate of 3.8 percent as of June 2023.

- The construction activity for non-residential and residential construction was \$2.3 billion for calendar year 2022 compared to almost \$2.2 billion for the calendar year 2021.
- The manufacturing sector employment had a decrease of 18.28 percent (5,398 positions) for calendar year 2022 (24,139) compared to calendar year 2021 (29,537).
- Retail sales are reported on total taxable sales based on sales and use tax returns. The total taxable sales for Durham County for 2023 reported were \$10.661 billion compared to \$10.074 billion reported for fiscal year 2022, an increase of \$.588 billion (5.83 percent). The increase in retail sales is an indication of a thriving economy in the County due to the growth of small and large businesses.
- Economic development announcements for 2022 were over \$3.6 billion, and economic announcements occurring for 2023 amounted to over \$1.76 billion.
- The per capita income for Durham County for 2021 is \$60,330, an increase of 11.53 percent over 2020. Wake County has a per capita income of \$71,205. The per capita for North Carolina increased from 2021 to 2022 to \$58,109, an increase of 3.45 percent, while the per capita for the nation increased to \$65,470, an increase of 2.07 percent. The source for this information is the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA).
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to the national indices.

All these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2024 fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance available for appropriation for the general fund was \$214,800,957 or 34.16 percent of total general fund expenditures, a decrease of \$48.41 million or 18.39 percent, respectively, from the previous fiscal year. The County has appropriated \$29,754,613 million of this amount for spending in the 2023 fiscal year budget.

Property taxes in the current fiscal year 2023 levy are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2019, effective date of the County's last general reappraisal. For fiscal year 2023, the budgeted property tax collection percentage approved by the Board of County Commissioners is being adjusted from 99.10% to 99.50% given the more stable economy after the pandemic. Moreover, the County has taken a conservative approach to property valuation and is relying on the natural year-to year growth of 4.36%, which is anticipated will provide an additional \$15.8 million. The tax rate assessed for the 2023 fiscal year is \$0.7222, which is the same as the prior fiscal year. The tax rate for fiscal year 2024 will increase three cents to \$0.7522. Also, there were various fee adjustments in general fund charges for services for the 2024 fiscal year in the public safety functional area for the emergency medical services division of OES for life support service fees and in the general government functional area for deed registration and transfer fees. Transfers from the special revenue funds are budgeted for the 2023 fiscal year as funding sources for public safety. Also, a transfer from the community health trust fund is budgeted for the 2023 fiscal year as a funding source for health-related spending.

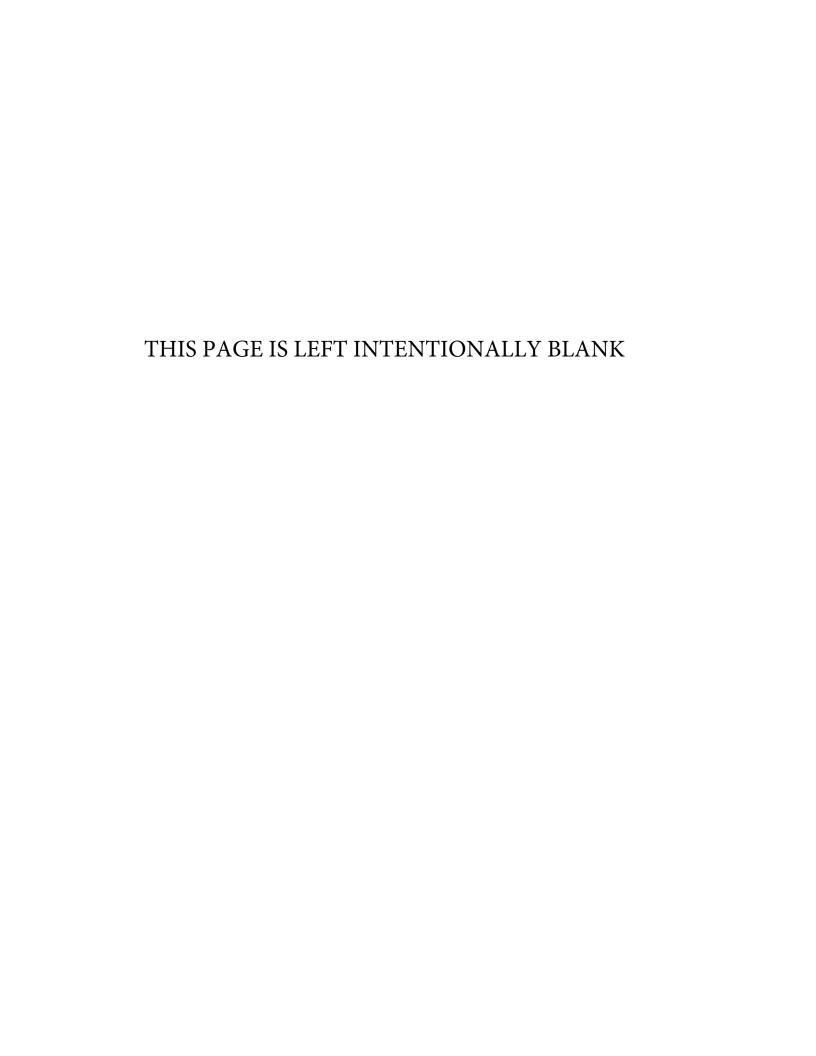
The sewer rates were increased for fiscal year 2024 in the sewer utility fund. The consumption rate charge was increased by 10 percent for all customers, both residential and industrial, effective July

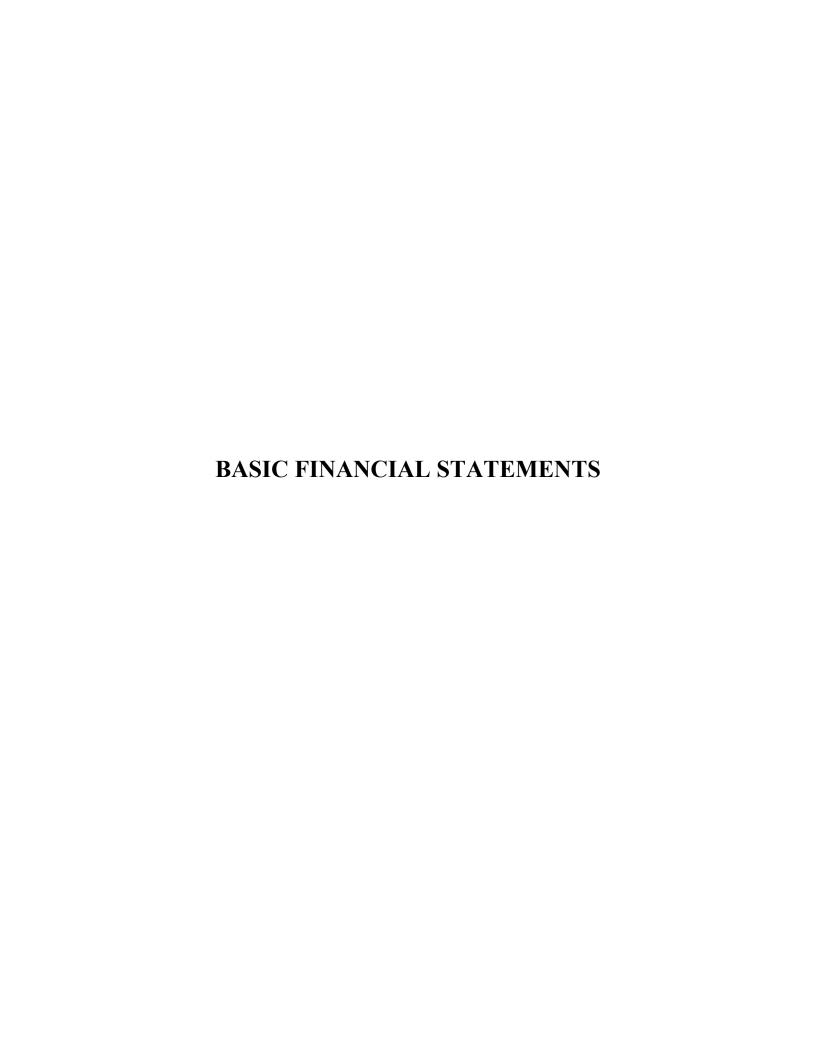
1, 2023. The rate increase was necessary to maintain operational expenses, capital costs, and funds to service debt. There were increases in system development fees, which is paid by new development, to recover a proportional share of the costs of capital facilities constructed to provide service capacity for new customers connecting to the system, based on an updated System Development Fee Study and approval by the Board of County Commissioners. There were no other increases in fees or new fees added this fiscal year.

The County moved stormwater services from the general fund to a new stormwater proprietary (enterprise) fund effective July 1, 2020. In doing so, the stormwater rate structures for its fees and charges for services were evaluated and restructured, effective July 1, 2020, to ensure that the user fees would be sufficient to fund these services. The stormwater rates/fees for fiscal year 2023 increased 100% from \$24 to \$48. The fee increased from \$48 to \$64 for fiscal year 2014. These increases for both years were to cover the cost of complying with Falls Lake and Jordan Lake rules designed to restore water quality in the lakes by reducing the amount of pollution entering upstream.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Chief Financial Officer, 201 East Main Street, 7<sup>th</sup> Floor, Durham, NC 27701. You can also visit our website at <a href="http://www.dconc.gov">http://www.dconc.gov</a>.





### Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total Primary Government	Durham County ABC Board
Assets	\$ 391,590,176	© 40.054.705	\$ 441.544.881	A E 650 220
Cash and cash equivalents / investments  Cash and cash equivalents / investments - restricted  Receivables:	\$ 391,590,176 77,924,874	\$ 49,954,705 8,746,694	\$ 441,544,881 86,671,568	\$ 5,658,329
Stormwater fees receivable	-	158,340	158,340	-
Accounts receivable	846,393	134,152	980,545	-
Accrued interest receivable  Net property taxes receivable	762,372 3,030,698	114,427	876,799 3,030,698	-
Beer and wine tax receivable	950	-	950	-
Occupancy tax receivable	58,152	-	58,152	-
Gross tax receivable	53	-	53	-
Solid waste receivable Animal taxes receivable	34,794 282	-	34,794 282	-
Water services receivable	322	-	322	-
Net emergency medical services receivable	3,291,204	-	3,291,204	-
WSR loan receivable	2,550,000	-	2,550,000	-
Leases	9,224,393	-	9,224,393	0.407.404
Inventory	2,079,918	400.000	2,079,918	9,187,161
Due from other governments - federal and state agencies	35,175,559	189,620	35,365,179	-
Due from other governments - local	11,091,662	70,931	11,162,593	-
Due from other agencies - other	13,541	-	13,541	-
Prepaid expenses	139,495	26,667	166,162	451,532
Investment in joint venture	8,935,897	-	8,935,897	-
Pension assets - ROD Supplemental Plan	423,132	-	423,132	-
Derivative financial instrument	560,278	-	560,278	-
Capital assets:				
Nondepreciable:				
Land	10,001,626	5,536,715	15,538,341	2,930,654
Easements	3,053,493	5,000	3,058,493	-
Construction in progress	191,888,446	13,125,262	205,013,708	193,023
Depreciable:	,,	,		,
Land improvements - sewer lines and systems	_	29,941,988	29,941,988	_
Buildings	473,988,563	56,854,766	530,843,329	9,942,824
Water systems	2,530,425	-	2,530,425	0,012,021
Office furniture and equipment			2,516,354	2.487.116
	2,516,354 17,249,615	10.017.010		2,407,110
Machinery and equipment		10,817,918	28,067,533	-
Computer hardware	25,393,870	51,511	25,445,381	-
Computer software	16,544,851	73,157	16,618,008	-
Vehicles	25,982,740	670,275	26,653,015	348,896
Accumulated depreciation	(221,993,152)	(45,006,532)	(266,999,684)	(3,214,253)
Right of use assets	14,910,257	-	14,910,257	-
Accumulated amortization	(3,864,474)	-	(3,864,474)	1,832,945
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation				
and amortization	558,202,614	72,070,060	630,272,674	14,521,205
Total assets	1,105,936,759	131,465,596	1,237,402,355	29,818,227
Deferred outflows of resources				
Contributions to ROD subsequent to measurement date	28,054	-	28,054	-
Contributions to LGERS subsequent to measurement date Contributions to LEOSSA subsequent to measurement date	15,858,246 363,826	285,001	16,143,247 363,826	-
Contributions to OPEB subsequent to measurement date	4,479,951	-	4,479,951	-
ROD pension deferrals	308,760	-	308,760	-
LGERS pension deferrals	39,558,837	542,901	40,101,738	1,201,662
LEOSSA pension deferrals	1,853,251	-	1,853,251	-
OPEB deferrals	26,039,726	-	26,039,726	40,879
Deferred charges on refundings  Total deferred outflows of resources	10,301,516 98,792,167	176,354 1,004,256	10,477,870 99,796,423	1,242,541
	30,702,107	1,004,200	33,130,420	1,242,041
Liabilities Accounts payable	25,917,501	794,964	26,712,465	1,568,964
* *	25,917,501			1,300,904
Arbitrage rebate payable		13,000	13,000	-
Accrued interest payable	3,434,978	30,666	3,465,644	-
Accrued payroll and related amounts withheld	9,202,721	182,181	9,384,902	217,222
Due to other governments - federal and state agencies	1,706	-	1,706	1,330,944
Due to other governments - local	668,470	-	668,470	1,217,743
Security deposits	38,638	50,919	89,557	-
Retiree and COBRA prepaid benefit contributions	188,576	-	188,576	-
Escrow - register of deeds	561,419	-	561,419	-
Unearned revenue	63,309,545	-	63,309,545	-
Current portion of long-term liabilities:				
Accrued compensated absences due within one year	6,823,365	98,760	6,922,125	_
Bonds and other notes payable due within one year	53,208,931	1,543,033	54,751,964	265,936
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year:	00,200,331	1,040,000	04,701,004	200,900
Net pension liability - LGERS	82,682,124	1,218,341	83,900,465	1,626,424
		1,210,341		1,020,424
Total OPER liability - LEOSSA	8,768,866	-	8,768,866	107 107
Total OPEB liability	161,425,607	-	161,425,607	497,125
Accrued compensated absences	4,485,434	138,217	4,623,651	140,977
Bonds and other notes payable	659,478,844	8,687,238	668,166,082_	1,656,622
Total liabilities	1,080,196,725	12,757,319	1,092,954,044	8,521,957

## Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Deferred inflows of resources		vernmental Activities		Business Type Activities		Total Primary Government		Durham County ABC Board
ROD pension deferrals	\$	7.670	\$		\$	7.670	\$	
LGERS pension deferrals	Ψ	1,165,162	Ψ	47.034	Ψ	1,212,196	Ψ	16.800
LEOSSA pension deferrals		1,307,480		47,034		1,307,480		10,000
OPEB deferrals		64.584.007		_		64.584.007		_
Leases		8,982,501		_		8,982,501		_
Total deferred inflows of resources		76,046,820		47,034		76,093,854		16,800
Net position								
Net investment in capital assets		114,466,733		61,663,435		176,130,168		14,521,205
Restricted for:								
Stabilization by State Statute		81,782,818		-		81,782,818		-
Capital projects		10,895,929		8,746,694		19,642,623		1,835,092
Grants and technology		39,620,719		-		39,620,719		-
Fire services		243,528		-		243,528		-
Unrestricted net position (deficit)		(198,524,346)		49,255,370		(149,268,976)		6,165,714
Total net position	\$	48,485,381	\$	119,665,499	\$	168,150,880	\$	22,522,011

#### Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2023

					Prog	ram Revenues						Net Expe Changes in I				
						Operating		Capital			Primary	Government				Durham
			(	Charges for		Grants and		Frants and		Governmental		iness-type		_	С	ounty ABC
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	<u>c</u>	ontributions	Co	ntributions		Activities		ctivities		Total		Board
Primary government:																
Governmental activities:	•	400 054 050	•	40.050.000	•	45 054 004	•		•	(00.040.540)	•		•	(00 040 540)	•	
General government	\$	123,351,253	\$	18,358,823	\$	15,951,884	\$	-	\$	(89,040,546)	\$	-	\$	(89,040,546)	\$	-
Public safety		95,153,607		17,369,014		6,034,693		-		(71,749,900)		-		(71,749,900)		-
Transportation		912,757		1,881		559,289		-		(351,587)		-		(351,587)		-
Economic and physical development		16,179,664		53,528		320,560		-		(15,805,576)		-		(15,805,576)		-
Environmental protection		13,452,988		3,060,834		20,160		-		(10,371,994)		-		(10,371,994)		-
Human services		101,071,341		1,416,356		50,407,176		-		(49,247,809)		-		(49,247,809)		-
Education		259,618,044		1,881		-		4,467,661		(255,148,502)		-		(255,148,502)		-
Cultural and recreational		17,445,261		247,836		655,142		-		(16,542,283)		-		(16,542,283)		-
Interest and fiscal charges		22,396,244				-				(22,396,244)		_		(22,396,244)		-
Total governmental activities		649,581,159		40,510,153		73,948,904		4,467,661		(530,654,441)				(530,654,441)		
Business-type activities:																
Sewer utility		12,110,564		20,023,410		-		869,362		_		8,782,208		8,782,208		_
Stormwater		1,277,471		2,853,679		_		_		_		1,576,208		1,576,208		_
Total business-type activities		13,388,035		22,877,089		-		869,362		-		10,358,416		10,358,416		-
Total primary government	\$	662,969,194	\$	63,387,242	\$	73,948,904	\$	5,337,023		(530,654,441)		10,358,416		(520,296,025)		
		· · · · · ·														
Component units:					_											
Durham County ABC Board	\$	58,905,606	\$	62,228,353	\$		\$								\$	3,322,747
Total component units	\$	58,905,606	\$	62,228,353	\$	-	\$									3,322,747
		ral revenues:														
		Taxes:														
		Property taxes, levie	d for g	eneral purposes						359,670,953		-		359,670,953		-
		Property taxes, levie	d for fi	re districts						11,010,075		-		11,010,075		-
		Property taxes, levie	d for o	ther districts pur	poses					1,757,764		-		1,757,764		-
		Local option sales ta	ix							126,051,649		-		126,051,649		-
		Occupancy tax								4,806,722		-		4,806,722		-
		Gross receipts tax								697,021		-		697,021		-
		Vehicle registration t	ax							192,600		-		192,600		-
		Investment and intere	st inco	me						10,368,982		635,861		11,004,843		55,009
		Other revenues								1,042,545		-		1,042,545		60,974
		Total general rev	enues						_	515,598,311		635,861		516,234,172		115,983
		Change in net po	osition							(15,056,130)		10,994,277		(4,061,853)		3,438,730
	NI-4	poition boginning								62 544 544		108,671,222		170 010 700		19,083,281
	-	osition, beginning								63,541,511				172,212,733		
	Net po	osition, ending							\$	48,485,381	\$	119,665,499	\$	168,150,880	\$	22,522,011

#### Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Re	American escue Plan Act Fund		Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmenta Funds
Assets  Cash and cash equivalents / investments  Cash and cash equivalents / investments - restricted  Receivables:	\$ 253,676,083 5,288,272	\$	50,000 62,394,400	\$	50,962,184 7,489,054	\$ 82,120,892 -	\$ 4,781,017 2,753,148	\$ 391,590,17 77,924,87
Accounts receivable, net	844,035		-			2,358	-	846,39
Accrued interest receivable	762,372		-			-	-	762,37
Net property taxes receivable Solid waste receivable	2,941,275 34,794						89,423	3,030,69 34,79
Beer & Wine receivable	950				-			95
Occupancy tax receivable	58,152		-		-	-	-	58,15
Gross tax receivable	53		-		-	-	-	5
Animal taxes receivable	282		-		-	-	-	28
Water services receivable	322 3,291,204		-		-	-	-	32 3,291,20
Net emergency medical services receivable WSR loan receivable	3,291,204				2,550,000			2,550,00
Leases	9,224,393		_		-	-		9,224,39
Inventory	2,079,918		-		-	-	-	2,079,91
Due from other governments - federal and state agencies	31,967,224		-		3,158,971	-	49,364	35,175,55
Due from other governments - local	11,091,662		-		-	-	-	11,091,66
Due from agencies - other	13,541		-		-	-	-	13,54
Due from capital project fund Prepaid expenditures	3,047,554 139,495		-			-	-	3,047,55 139,49
Total assets	\$ 324,461,581	\$	62,444,400	\$	64,160,209	\$ 82,123,250	\$ 7,672,952	\$ 540,862,39
iabilities Accounts payable	\$ 10,508,728	\$		\$	15,384,639	\$ -	\$ 24,134	\$ 25,917,50
Accrued payroll and related amounts withheld	9,202,721	•	-	*	,-5 1,000	-	. 2.,	9,202,72
Due to other governments - federal and state agencies	1,706		-		-	-	-	1,70
Due to other governments - local	668,336		-		-	134	-	668,47
Due to general fund	-		-		3,047,554	-	-	3,047,55
Security deposits	38,638		-		-	-	-	38,63
Retiree and COBRA prepaid benefit contributions	188,576		-		-	-	-	188,57
Escrow - register of deeds Unearned revenue	561,419 859,468		62,444,400				5,677	561,41 63,309,54
Total liabilities	22,029,592		62,444,400	_	18,432,193	134	29,811	102,936,13
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				-, -,			
eferred inflows of resources	2.941.275						00.400	3.030.69
Net property taxes receivable Solid waste receivable	2,941,275 34,794		-		-	-	89,423	3,030,69
Animal taxes receivable	282		-		-	-		28
Water services receivable	388		-		-	-	-	38
Net emergency medical services receivable	3,291,203		-		-	-	-	3,291,20
WSR loan receivable	-		-		2,550,000	-	-	2,550,00
Beer & Wine receivable	950		-		-	-	-	95
Occupancy tax receivable	58,152		-		-	-	-	58,15
Gross tax receivable	53 8,982,501							8,982,50
Total deferred inflows of resources	15,309,598		-	_	2,550,000		89,423	17,949,02
und balances Non-spendable:								
Inventories	2,079,918		-		-	-	-	2,079,91
Prepaid expenditures	139,495		-		-	-	-	139,49
Leases	241,891		-		-	-	-	241,89
Restricted:	69,860,130				11.922.688			04 700 04
Stabilization by State Statute Museum	717,871		-		11,922,000	-	-	81,782,81 717,87
Tax technology	86,135		_		-	_	-	86,13
Sheriff	461,982		_		_	_	_	461,9
Fire marshal	-		-		-	-	243,528	243,52
Social services programs	3,279,231		-		-	-	-	3,279,23
Library programs	70,819		-			-	-	70,8
Criminal justice programs	32,784		-		-	-	-	32,78
Environmental protection programs	124,215		-		-	-	-	124,21
Register of deeds	506,532		-		-	-	-	506,53
Special Butner Opioid settlement funds	8,703		-		-	-	2,509,620	8,70 2,509,62
Education	-		-		761	-	2,303,020	2,303,02
Committed:								
Risk management	5,178,793		-		-	-	-	5,178,79
Public health Debt service	672,924 7,841,867		-		-	-	-	672,92 7.841.86
Public arts	504,326		-		-	-	-	504,3
Sheriff inmate	936,246		-		-	-		936,24
Education: Article 46	10,323,605		-		-	-	-	10,323,60
OPEB	72,406,791		-		-	-	-	72,406,79
Self-insured health benefits	1,425,247		-		-	-	-	1,425,24
Reappraisal reserve LEO Special Separation Allowance	769,032 1,681,396		-			-	-	769,03 1,681,39
Assigned, reported in:	1,001,000							1,001,0
General fund	29,754,613		-		-	-	-	29,754,6
Capital projects fund	-		-		31,254,567	-	-	31,254,56
Debt service Assigned, reported in nonmajor:	-		-		-	82,123,116	-	82,123,11
Special revenue	-				-		4,800,570	4,800,57
Unassigned, general	78,017,845		-		-			78,017,84
Total fund balances	287,122,391		-		43,178,016	82,123,116	7,553,718	419,977,24
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of res	ources							

# Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 419,977,241
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	567,138,511
Other long-term assets used in governmental activities are not a current financial resource and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	983,410
Deferred outflows of resources used in governmental activities represent a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	98,792,167
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred inflows of resources in the funds.	8,966,520
Deferred inflows of resources used in governmental activities represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as a revenue until then, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(67,064,319)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and other postemployment benefits, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(980,308,149)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 48,485,381

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund	American Rescue Plan Act Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 490,660,505	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,748,544	\$ 503,409,049
Licenses and permits	368,350	-	(5,000)	-	-	363,350
Intergovernmental revenues	71,395,486	50,875	4,467,661	-	2,502,545	78,416,567
Investments	5,691,692	-	1,186,916	822,317	163,285	7,864,210
Rent	256,953	-	-	-	-	256,953
Charges for services	38,375,429	-	-	494,039	1,250,000	40,119,468
Other revenues	1,042,545					1,042,545
Total revenues	607,790,960	50,875	5,649,577	1,316,356	16,664,374	631,472,142
Expenditures Current:						
	70 005 740	E0 07E	10 141 116			00 217 720
General government	78,025,748	50,875	10,141,116	-	0.707.040	88,217,739
Public safety	87,716,880	-	20,170,294	-	8,767,918	116,655,092
Transportation  Economic and physical development	911,796	-	- - 000 750	-	1,852,415	911,796
	8,899,321	-	5,088,758	-	1,002,410	15,840,494
Environmental protection Human services	6,371,595	-	25,337,134	-	-	31,708,729
Education	108,474,971 195,702,082	-	89,773,459	-	-	108,474,971 285,475,541
Cultural and recreational	16,775,145	-	3,689,138	-	-	20,464,283
Debt service:	10,775,145	-	3,009,130	-	-	20,404,203
Principal retirement	12,149,445			37,131,381		49,280,826
Interest and fiscal charges	83,321		_	20,333,838		20,417,159
Debt issuance costs	00,021			1,567,111		1,567,111
Total expenditures	515,110,304	50,875	154,199,899	59,032,330	10,620,333	739,013,741
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	313,110,304	30,073	134,133,033	39,032,330	10,020,333	739,013,741
over (under) expenditures	92,680,656	_	(148,550,322)	(57,715,974)	6,044,041	(107,541,599)
	02,000,000		(1.10,000,022)	(0.1.10,0.1)	0,0 : .,0 : .	(101)011,000/
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	2,237,975	-	24,577,512	105,368,681	-	132,184,168
Transfers out	(126,803,065)	-	(439,378)	(2,300,000)	(2,641,725)	(132,184,168)
Lease liabilities issued	5,208,652	-	-	-	-	5,208,652
Subscription liabilities issued	7,987,232	-	-	-	-	7,987,232
Proceeds from the issance of bonds	-	-	78,022,131	-	-	78,022,131
Issance of installment purchases	-	-	55,337,593	-	-	55,337,593
Premium on issuance of refinancing	-	-	-	26,796,243	-	26,796,243
Issuance of refunding bonds	-	-	-	192,465,000	-	192,465,000
Payment to refunded debt escrow agent				(218,120,316)		(218,120,316)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(111,369,206)		157,497,858	104,209,608	(2,641,725)	147,696,535
	4.5					
Net change in fund balances	(18,688,550)		8,947,536	46,493,634	3,402,316	40,154,936
Fund balance - beginning	305,810,941		34,230,480	35,629,482	4,151,402	379,822,305
Fund balance - ending	\$ 287,122,391	\$ -	\$ 43,178,016	\$ 82,123,116	\$ 7,553,718	\$ 419,977,241

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 40,154,936
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amotization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current year.	36,902,412
Deferred outflows of resources used in governmental activities represent a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(10,747,469)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	3,968,967
Deferred inflows of resources used in governmental activities represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as a revenue until then, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(29,698,376)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	(55,636,600)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (15,056,130)

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts					Positive (Negative)		
		Original		Final		Actual	,	(Negative) Variance
Revenues								
Taxes								
Current levy	\$	346,751,335	\$	346,751,335	\$	357,330,752	\$	10,579,417
Prior years' levy		1,250,000		1,250,000		582,174		(667,826)
Tax penalties and interest		600,000		600,000		799,676		199,676
Advertising and selling		15,000		15,000		15,183		183
Payments in lieu of taxes		-		-		61,128		61,128
Local option sales tax		106,111,598		106,111,598		126,051,649		19,940,051
Animal tax		-		-		770		770
Occupancy tax		4,150,000		4,150,000		4,864,874		714,874
Gross receipts tax		500,000		500,000		697,074		197,074
Vehicle registration tax		300,000		300,000		192,600		(107,400)
Solid waste tax		25,000		25,000		39,467		14,467
White goods tax		17,000		17,000		25,158		8,158
Total taxes		459,719,933		459,719,933		490,660,505		30,940,572
Intergovernmental revenues								
Beer and wine tax		190,000		190,000		166,015		(23,985)
Social services		30,324,573		32,805,151		38,788,163		5,983,012
Public health		9,410,044		17,412,862		10,505,908		(6,906,954)
Community intervention and support services		1,182,566		1,182,566		1,113,105		(69,461)
Library		471,548		731,448		655,142		(76,306)
Finance		16,644,568		16,864,568		11,340,493		(5,524,075)
ABC Board		2,600,000		2,600,000		1,844,331		(755,669)
Other		8,302,675		9,261,553		6,982,329		(2,279,224)
Total intergovernmental revenues		69,125,974		81,048,148		71,395,486		(9,652,662)
Chargos for cornigos								
Charges for services Elections registration lists		615		615		55		(560)
Register of deeds		9,225,000		9,225,000		6,735,001		(2,489,999)
General government charges		8,574,128		8,574,128		9,094,684		520,556
Collection fees		2.021.500		2,021,500		2,295,332		273.832
Public protection		1,430,000		1,430,000		1,372,021		(57,979)
Environmental protection		12,000		12,000		15,234		3,234
Solid waste fees		2,422,144		2,422,144		2,369,197		(52,947)
Facilities fees		220,000		220,000		252,437		32,437
Library fees and charges		56,000		56,000		91,973		35,973
Public health		367,235		367,235		518,851		151,616
Social services		2,290		2,290		3,001		711
Office of emergency services		14,897,682		14,897,682		15,605,001		707,319
Other charges		11,620		11,620		22,642		11,022
Total charges for services		39,240,214		39,240,214		38,375,429		(864,785)
Investment and rental income		0.045.000		0.045.000		<b>5</b> 004 000		0.070.000
Investment earnings		3,015,000		3,015,000		5,691,692		2,676,692
Rent		133,316		283,316		256,953		(26,363)
Total investment and rental income		3,148,316	-	3,298,316		5,948,645		2,650,329
Licenses and permits								
Cablevision and franchise fees		475,000		475,000		319,380		(155,620)
Wine and beer licenses		20,000		20,000		14,976		(5,024)
Other licenses and permits		45,000		45,000		33,994		(11,006)
Total licenses and permits		540,000		540,000		368,350	_	(171,650)
				-				

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2023 (continued)

		Budgeted Amounts					Positive (Negative)
	Ori	ginal		Final	Actual		Variance
Revenues (continued)		_					
Other revenues							
Miscellaneous	\$	91,225	\$	258,983	\$ 500,204	\$	241,221
Confiscated property							
federal investigation		40,000		40,000	116,634		76,634
Inmate welfare		100,000		100,000	143,084		43,084
Sale of surplus property and materials		-		-	90,787		90,787
Other		45,100		45,100	 191,836		146,736
Total other revenues		276,325		444,083	 1,042,545		598,462
Total revenues	57	2,050,762		584,290,694	 607,790,960		23,500,266
Expenditures							
General administration							
Board of county commissioners		966,973		1,075,295	956,913		118,382
County manager		4,758,589		5,487,856	4,686,050		801,806
Finance		5,509,517		6,020,426	5,910,516		109,910
Tax		8,590,255		9,116,579	8,130,511		986,068
Legal		3,497,007		3,799,669	3,966,672		(167,003)
Court facilities		557,456		607,456	264,509		342,947
Human resources		9,139,449		9,264,435	9,219,229		45,206
Elections		2,776,254		2,860,709	2,436,732		423,977
Risk management and insurance		4,957,535		5,949,925	5,089,712		860,213
General services	1	7,397,327		20,223,686	18,344,680		1,879,006
Geographic information systems	4	481,263		481,263	481,263		
Information systems and technology		4,926,664		16,485,517	12,712,648		3,772,869
Register of deeds		2,348,602		2,609,373	2,360,268		249,105
Other Total general administration		9,573,533 5,480,424		12,611,967 96,594,156	 3,466,045 78,025,748		9,145,922 18,568,408
Total general administration		3,460,424		90,394,130	 70,025,746		10,300,400
Economic and physical development							
Planning		1,307,159		1,307,159	1,227,349		79,810
Cooperative extension		2,789,829		3,791,423	3,233,878		557,545
Soil and water conservation		833,116		927,335	822,698		104,637
Open space management		100,000		268,484	67,271		201,213
Industrial extension		3,302,236		3,292,236	1,932,486		1,359,750
Other		1,511,152		1,714,916	 1,615,639		99,277
Total economic and physical development		9,843,492		11,301,553	 8,899,321		2,402,232
Human services							
Public health	3	5,737,731		45,227,866	35,796,451		9,431,415
Mental health		6,349,700		6,349,700	3,174,850		3,174,850
Social services	6	3,404,235		70,716,114	64,035,978		6,680,136
Community intervention and support services		3,084,747		4,528,179	4,657,336		(129,157)
Other		1,745,383		1,027,383	 810,356		217,027
Total human services	11	0,321,796		127,849,242	 108,474,971		19,374,271
Education							
Durham public schools							
Current	17	1,151,627		171,151,627	171,151,627		-
Capital		6,000,000		6,000,000	6,000,000		-
Durham technical community college							
Current		9,200,934		9,200,934	9,200,934		-
Capital		542,500		542,500	542,500		-
Other education		7,320,481		8,807,228	8,807,021		207
Total education		4,215,542		195,702,289	 195,702,082		207
		. ,		, . ,	 , - ,		

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2023 (continued)

	Budgeted Amounts						Positive
	o	riginal		Final		Actual	(Negative) Variance
Expenditures (continued)							
Public safety							
Criminal justice partnership	\$	7,037,290	\$	6,785,191	\$	6,464,263	\$ 320,928
County sheriff		25,113,090		29,975,979		28,447,188	1,528,791
County jail		21,677,558		20,650,990		17,780,229	2,870,761
Youth home		2,018,928		2,283,065		1,999,086	283,979
Animal control		2,271,153		2,458,605		2,479,746	(21,141)
Emergency communications center		1,704,233		1,704,233		1,377,656	326,577
Office of emergency services		25,163,144		25,837,397		28,892,962	(3,055,565)
Medical examiner		350,000		350,000		275,750	74,250
Total public safety		85,335,396		90,045,460		87,716,880	2,328,580
Transportation							
Airport authority		12,500		12,500		12,500	-
Go Triangle		400,000		400,000		192,600	207,400
County transportation		860,889		1,189,134		706,696	482,438
Total transportation		1,273,389		1,601,634		911,796	689,838
Environmental protection							
Solid waste		2,635,513		2,936,408		2,710,922	225,486
Environmental engineering		3,335,931		4,396,768		3,587,655	809,113
Other		90,444		90,444		73,018	17,426
Total environmental protection		6,061,888		7,423,620		6,371,595	1,052,025
Cultural and recreational							
Library		14,881,895		16,101,451		14,363,804	1,737,647
Other		458,000		2,411,341		2,411,341	-
Total cultural and recreational		15,339,895		18,512,792		16,775,145	1,737,647
Debt service:							
Principal		-		-		12,149,445	(12,149,445)
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		83,321	(83,321)
Total debt service		-		-		12,232,766	(12,232,766)
Total expenditures	5	07,871,822		549,030,746		515,110,304	33,920,442
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		64,178,940		35,259,948		92,680,656	57,420,708
		- 1, 11 - 1, - 10		,,	-	,,	
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in		2,060,296		2,262,796		2,237,975	(24,821)
Transfers out	(	(91,468,536)		(126,803,065)		(126,803,065)	-
Lease liabilities issued		-		-		5,208,652	5,208,652
Subscription liabilities issued		- 25 220 200		-		7,987,232	7,987,232
Appropriated fund balance  Total other financing uses		25,229,300 64,178,940)		89,280,321 (35,259,948)		(111,369,206)	(89,280,321) (76,109,258)
Total other imancing uses		04,170,940)		(33,239,946)		(111,309,200)	(70,109,236)
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER							
FINANCING SOURCES UNDER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	¢		œ			(10 600 EEN)	¢ (10 600 550)
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	\$	-	Ф			(10,000,000)	\$ (18,688,550)
FUND BALANCE -BEGINNING OF YEAR						305,810,941	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$	287,122,391	
/ E/HOU END OF FEMA					<u> </u>	_0.,,001	

#### Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

		_	
		Nonmajor	
	Sewer Utility Fund	Stormwater Fund	Total
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents / investments	\$ 46,646,721	\$ 3,307,984	\$ 49,954,705
Cash and cash equivalents / investments - restricted	8,746,694	-	8,746,694
Receivables:			
Stormwater fees receivable	-	158,340	158,340
Accounts receivable	130,127	4,025	134,152
Accrued interest receivable	106,868	7,559	114,427
Total receivables	236,995	169,924	406,919
Due from other governments - federal and state agencies	187,547	2,073	189,620
Due from other governments - local	70,931	-	70,931
Prepaid expenses	26,667		26,667
Total current assets	55,915,555	3,479,981	59,395,536
Noncurrent assets			
Capital assets:			
Land	5,536,715	-	5,536,715
Easements	5,000	-	5,000
Land improvements - sewer and water lines	29,941,988	-	29,941,988
Building treatment plant	56,854,766	-	56,854,766
Machinery and equipment	10,809,848	8,070	10,817,918
Vehicles	549,906	120,369	670,275
Computer hardware	43,907	7,604	51,511
Computer software	73,157	· -	73,157
Construction in progress	13,125,262	_	13,125,262
Total capital assets	116,940,549	136,043	117,076,592
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(44,903,680)	(102,852)	(45,006,532)
Net capital assets	72,036,869	33,191	72,070,060
Total noncurrent assets	72,036,869	33,191	72,070,060
Total assets	127,952,424	3,513,172	131,465,596
Deferred outflows of resources			
Contributions to LGERS subsequent to measurement date	240,822	44,179	285,001
Pension deferrals - LGERS	539,078	3,823	542,901
Deferred charges on refundings	176,354		176,354
Total deferred outflows of resources	956,254	48,002	1,004,256
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Current portion of accrued compensated absences	65,716	33,044	98,760
Current portion of long-term debt	1,543,033	-	1,543,033
Accounts payable	774,046	20,918	794,964
Arbitrage rebate payable	13,000	-	13,000
Accrued interest payable	30,666	_	30,666
Accrued payroll and related amounts withheld	139,686	42,495	182,181
Security deposits	-	50,919	50,919
Total current liabilities	2,566,147	147,376	2,713,523
	2,000,111	,0.0	2,1.10,020
Noncurrent liabilities			
Accrued compensated absences	109,790	28,427	138,217
Net pension liability - LGERS	1,141,797	76,544	1,218,341
Long-term debt	8,687,238	-	8,687,238
Total noncurrent liabilities	9,938,825	104,971	10,043,796
Total liabilities	12,504,972	252,347	12,757,319
5 · · · · · ·	' <u> </u>		
Deferred inflows of resources			
Pension deferrals - LGERS	45,948	1,086	47,034
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	61,630,244	33,191	61 663 435
Restricted for capital projects	8,746,694	JJ, 191	61,663,435 8,746,694
Unrestricted	45,980,820	3,274,550	49,255,370
Total net position	-		-
rotal not position	\$ 116,357,758	\$ 3,307,741	\$ 119,665,499

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2023

			1	Nonmajor	
	Sew	er Utility Fund	Stor	mwater Fund	Total
Operating revenues					
Charges for services	\$	14,704,413	\$	1,683,936	\$ 16,388,349
Operating expenses					
Personnel services		2,392,803		869,800	3,262,603
Utilities		586,335		-	586,335
Maintenance and other		3,914,103		402,577	4,316,680
Depreciation		4,985,236		4,895	4,990,131
Total operating expenses		11,878,477		1,277,272	13,155,749
Operating income		2,825,936	-	406,664	 3,232,600
Nonoperating revenue (expense)					
Investment and interest income		597,636		38,225	635,861
Sewer connection fees		5,318,997		-	5,318,997
Construction permits		-		1,138,916	1,138,916
Inspection fees		-		30,827	30,827
Interest and fiscal charges		(222,562)		-	(222,562)
Miscellaneous		(9,526)		(198)	(9,724)
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)		5,684,545		1,207,770	6,892,315
Income before contributions		8,510,481		1,614,434	10,124,915
Capital contributions		869,362			869,362
Change in net position		9,379,843		1,614,434	10,994,277
Beginning net position		106,977,915		1,693,307	108,671,222
Total net position, ending	\$	116,357,758	\$	3,307,741	\$ 119,665,499

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Ent	erprise Fund		
		Sewer Utility Fund	S	Stormwater Fund		Total
Operating activities				_		
Cash received from customers	\$	17,846,190	\$	1,590,548	\$	19,436,738
Cash paid to employees		(2,214,311)		(840,384)		(3,054,695)
Cash paid for operating plant		(4,623,146)		(401,719)		(5,024,865)
Sewer connection fees received		5,318,997		-		5,318,997
Construction permits received		-		1,138,916		1,138,916
Inspection fees received		-		30,827		30,827
Miscellaneous received		(9,526)		(198)		(9,724)
Net cash provided from						
operating activities		16,318,204		1,517,990		17,836,194
Capital and related financing activities						
Principal payments on long-term debt		(1,491,145)		-		(1,491,145)
Interest paid		(214,407)		-		(214,407)
Acquisition and construction costs of capital assets		(4,242,976)		(31,763)		(4,274,739)
Net cash provided from capital and						
related financing activities		(5,948,528)		(31,763)		(5,980,291)
Investing activities						
Investment income and dividends		584,663		35,446		620,109
Net cash provided from investing activities		584,663		35,446		620,109
Net increase in cash and cash						
equivalents/investments		10,954,339		1,521,673		12,476,012
Cash and cash equivalents/investments						
Beginning of year		44,439,076		1,786,311		46,225,387
End of year	\$	55,393,415	\$	3,307,984	\$	58,701,399
Reconciliation of operating income						
to net cash provided from						
operating activities						
Operating activities  Operating income	\$	2,825,936	\$	406,664	\$	3,232,600
Adjustments to reconcile operating income	Ψ	2,023,930	Ψ	400,004	Ψ	3,232,000
to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation		4,985,236		4,895		4,990,131
Nonoperating miscellaneous income (expense)		5,309,473		1,169,543		6,479,016
Change in assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and liabilities:		3,303,473		1,109,040		0,473,010
Accounts receivable		96,325		(91,988)		4,337
		82,778		(1,400)		81,378
Due from other governments - federal and state agencies  Due from other governments - local		,		(1,400)		•
•		2,962,674		16 710		2,962,674
Net pension asset		(200 504)		16,719		16,719
Deferred outflows of resources for pensions		(306,564)		17,581		(288,983)
Accounts payable		(104,594)		9,043		(95,551)
Compensated absences and accrued payroll		64,375		17,737		82,112
Due to other agencies		-		(8,185)		(8,185)
Deferred inflows of resources for pensions		(490,455)		(99,163)		(589,618)
Net pension liability		911,134		76,544		987,678
Prepaid expenses		(18,114)		4 444 226		(18,114)
Total adjustments	Ф.	13,492,268	•	1,111,326		14,603,594
Net cash provided from operating activities	\$	16,318,204	\$	1,517,990	\$	17,836,194
Supplemental Schedule of Noncash Capital and Related Financing Activities:		869,362	\$		\$	869,362

# Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2023

	Privat	Custodial Funds		
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	52,131	\$	2,749,906
Accounts receivable		-		165,290
Taxes receivable for other governments, net		-		1,877,763
Gross Taxes Receivable		-		53
Due from governmental agencies		-		1,640,215
Total assets		52,131		6,433,227
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		-		80,223
Due to public schools		-		172,602
Due to governmental agencies		<u>-</u>		3,660,550
Total liabilities				3,913,375
Net position				
Held in trust for:				
Individuals, organizations, and other governments		52,131		2,519,852
Total net position	\$	52,131	\$	2,519,852

# Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	•	e-purpose Trust Funds	 Custodial Funds		
Additions					
Employee contributions	\$	1,931	\$ -		
Investment income		508	1,078,340		
Collections for public schools		-	770,887		
Tax collections for other governments		-	234,428,539		
Collections on behalf of sheriff		-	715,458		
Collections on behalf of inmates		<u>-</u>	 777,957		
Total additions		2,439	 237,771,181		
Deductions					
Benefit Payments		4,200	-		
Payments on behalf of sheriff		-	653,517		
Payments on behalf of inmates		-	794,818		
Collection distributions to public schools		-	717,023		
Tax distributions to other governments		-	231,712,629		
Administrative costs		-	2,755,644		
Interest costs		-	 500		
Total deductions		4,200	 236,634,131		
Change in net position		(1,761)	1,137,050		
Total net position - beginning		53,892	 1,382,802		
Total net position - ending	\$	52,131	\$ 2,519,852		



June 30, 2023

#### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The County of Durham (the "County") was established in 1881 by the North Carolina General Assembly under North Carolina State Law [General Statute (G.S.) 153A-10]. The County is governed by a five-member board of commissioners and provides the following services: public safety, cultural and recreational, human services, economic and physical development, environmental protection, education and general administration.

The accounting policies of the County conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the Unites States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles in the United States. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

### 1. Reporting Entity

The County is one of the 100 counties established in North Carolina under State Law [G.S. 153A-10]. The County was incorporated in 1881 and covers an area of 299 square miles and has operated under the Commissioner-Manager form of government since 1930. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the County and its component unit, a legally separate entity for which the County is financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit below is reported in a separate column in the County's government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the County.

### **Discretely Presented Component Unit**

Durham County Board of Alcoholic Control (ABC Board)

The ABC Board operates retail liquor stores within the County and investigates violations of laws pertaining to retail liquor sales. The five members of the ABC Board's governing board are appointed by the Board of County Commissioners. The ABC Board is required by State Statute to distribute gross receipts remaining after distributions provided for therein to the General Fund of the County. The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as a business-type activity.

Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained at its administrative office.

Durham County ABC Board 2634 Durham Chapel Hill Boulevard, Suite #10 Durham, North Carolina 27707

June 30, 2023

### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Durham County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority

Durham County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority (the "Authority") exists to issue and service revenue bond debt of private businesses for economic development purposes. The Authority is governed by a seven-member board, all of whom are appointed by the County Commissioners. The County can remove any board member of the Authority with or without cause. The Authority has no financial transactions or account balances; therefore, it is not presented in the financial statements. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

#### 2. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government's net position (the County) and its component unit (the ABC Board). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. However, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

June 30, 2023

### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating from nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating revenues, primarily charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activities of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Operating expenses include professional and other services costs; personnel, utilities and maintenance; and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes and federal and State grants. The primary expenditures are for public safety, economic and physical development, environmental, human services, education, cultural and recreational and general governmental services

American Rescue Plan Act. This fund accounts for the financial resources that are kept in a special revenue fund. American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) revenues are unearned revenue until the Board determines their use. Once the use is determined the funds are transferred to the appropriate fund before being expended.

Capital Projects Fund. This fund accounts for the financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlays, including the acquisition, construction or improvement of major capital facilities and other capital assets other than those financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations or other governments. The capital projects fund is also used to accumulate funds to finance a capital improvement plan. The capital projects fund budget is adopted project ordinances on a project basis which are multi-year.

Debt Service Fund. This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for principal and interest related costs for all general long-term debt other than debt issued for and serviced by proprietary funds.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

Sewer Utility Fund. This fund is used to account for and report the revenues and expenses related to the provision of sewer service.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund and fund types:

*Non-major Funds*. The County also reports *Other Governmental Funds*, which are individually nonmajor, in total. The Bethesda Fire District, Lebanon Fire District, Parkwood Fire District,

June 30, 2023

### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Redwood Fire District, New Hope Fire District, Eno Fire District, Bahama Fire District, Bethesda Service District, Durham County Fire and Rescue Service District, Special Park District, Community Health Trust Fund and Opioid Settlement Fund are all special revenue fund types. Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. These funds appear on the Combining Balance Sheet for Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds and the activity is shown on the Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds. Stormwater is reported as a non-major proprietary fund.

Fiduciary Funds. The County reports two types of fiduciary funds, *Private-Purpose Trust Funds* and *Custodial Funds*.

*Private-purpose Trust Funds.* Private-purpose trust funds are used to report trust arrangements, other than pension and investment trusts, under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The County maintains the following private-purpose trust funds:

Custodial Funds. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. Custodial funds are used to account for assets the County holds on behalf of others that meet certain criteria. The County maintains the following custodial funds:

### 3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

June 30, 2023

### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, SBITAs, leases, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases and IT subscriptions are reported as other financing sources.

The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. The State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 are shown as receivable in these financial statements and are offset by allowance for doubtful accounts.

Sales tax distributions and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the beer and wine tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the County, are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then general revenues.

#### 4. Budgetary Data Control

The County's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, the Community Health Trust, Fire Tax and Service Tax Special Revenue Funds, the Debt Service Fund, and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the Capital Projects Funds and the Enterprise Capital Projects Funds, Opioid Settlement Fund, and ARPA Special Revenue Fund.

All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the function level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project

June 30, 2023

#### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

level for the multi-year funds. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

The County Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within a function up to 15% cumulatively and up to \$20,000 between functions of the same fund with a report to the Board of County Commissioners (BOCC) at the next regularly scheduled meeting. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any function which exceed \$20,000 whether by transfer or additional appropriated fund balance within a fund, all transfers between funds, and all transfers from the contingency account must be approved by the BOCC. The General Fund and the Community Health Trust Fund original budget and the amended final budget are reported in the basic financial statements. The original and the amended final budget for all other governmental major funds and nonmajor funds, the schedule of expenditures compared with project authorizations for the capital projects fund and the non-GAAP Basis for the major and nonmajor proprietary funds are reported in the Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules elsewhere in this report.

The following summarizes the supplementary appropriations made for the major governmental funds other than the capital projects fund during fiscal year 2023:

	Original Budget	Total Amendments	Revised Budget
General	\$ 600,620,300	\$ 77,625,244	\$ 678,245,544
Debt Service	\$ 76,009,637	\$ 221,561,243	\$ 297,570,880

All annual appropriations lapse at each fiscal year-end.

### 5. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance

#### Cash and Investments

Pooled cash and investments are maintained and used by all funds except the Child Support Fund, Sheriff Fund, Jail Inmate Fund, Evidence Fund, American Rescue Plan Fund, and Vic Pearson Private-purpose Trust Fund. The Child Support, Sheriff, Jail Inmate, Evidence and Vic Pearson trust accounts are maintained in demand deposit accounts.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

All cash and investments are considered cash and cash equivalents. The Durham County ABC Board considers demand deposits and all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less, to be cash and cash equivalents.

June 30, 2023

### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the County and the ABC Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by North Carolina General Statute 159-31. The County and the ABC Board may designate as an official depository any bank or savings and loan association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the County and the ABC Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts and certificates of deposit.

All of the County's and the ABC Board's deposits are either covered by federal depository insurance or are collateralized by using one of two options. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits over the federal depository insurance coverage are collateralized with securities held by the County's or the ABC Board's agent in the entity's name.

Under the Pooling Method, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with a pool of securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the County and the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by their agent in the entities' names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the County or the ABC Board or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the County or the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows.

However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depositor using the Pooling Method.

At June 30, 2023, the County's deposits had a carrying amount of \$206,051,524 and bank balances of \$216,142,991. Of the carrying amount, \$2,802,036 was related to fiduciary funds. Of the bank balance, \$750,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$215,392,991 was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method.

At June 30, 2023, the ABC Board's deposits had a carrying amount of \$2,389,416 and a bank balance of \$4,024,676. All of the bank balance was insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized under the Pooling Method. North Carolina General Statute 159-30 authorizes the County and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury; obligations of any agency of the United States of America, provided the payment of interest and principal of such obligations is fully guaranteed by the United States of America; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain

June 30, 2023

### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT), a SEC-registered money market mutual fund allowable by G.S. 159-30(c)(8). It is the County's policy to hold investments to maturity in order to realize full book value and interest earnings.

The County's investments with a maturity of more than one year at acquisition and non-money market investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices

The ABC Board's investments with a maturity of more than one year at acquisition and non-money market investments are carried at fair value as determined by either quoted market prices, significant other observable inputs, or significant unobservable inputs. Non-participation interest earnings contracts and the NCCMT Government Portfolio, an SEC registered 2a-7 external investment pool, are measured at amortized cost, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT Term Portfolio's securities are valued based at fair value as determined by significant other observable inputs. Money market investments that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less and non-participating interest earnings and investment contracts are reported at amortized cost.

As of June 30, 2023, the County had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Type	Valuation Measurement Less tha Fair Value Method Months				6-1:	2 Months	1	1-5 Years			
US Government Agencies NC Capital Management Trust - Government	\$ 41,752,820	Fair Value - Level 2	\$	9,881,740	\$	7,693,440	\$	24,177,640			
Portfolio	280,710,648	Fair Value - Level 1		280,710,648		-		-			
Certificate of Deposit	 2,503,493	Fair Value - Level 1		2,503,493				<u> </u>			
Total	\$ 324,966,961		\$	293,095,881	\$	7,693,440	\$	24,177,640			

All investments are measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets.

Level of fair value hierarchy: Level 1: Debt securities valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 debt securities are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

#### **Interest Rate Risk:**

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the County's investment policy limits at least half of the County's investment portfolio to maturities of 12 months or less. Also, the County's investment policy requires purchases of securities to be laddered with staggered maturity dates and limits all securities to a final maturity of not more than three years.

<sup>\*</sup> The NCCMT Government Portfolio is a 2a-7 fund maintaining an AAAm rating from S&P. Because the NCCMT Government Portfolio has a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, it is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

June 30, 2023

### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Credit Risk:**

The County has no formal policy regarding credit risk but maintains internal management procedures that limit the County's investments to the provisions of North Carolina General Statute 159-30 that restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated. The County invests in commercial paper bearing the highest credit rating, as determined by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs) and banker's acceptances where the accepting bank or its holding company are incorporated in North Carolina. As of June 30, 2023, the County held no investments in commercial paper. The County's investments in the NC Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAA by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2023. The County's investments in US agencies (Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac) are rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk:**

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County's formal policy indicates that the County shall utilize a third-party custodial agent for book entry transactions, all of which shall be a trust department authorized to do trust work in North Carolina who has an account with the Federal Reserve. Certificated securities shall be in the custody of the Chief Financial Officer.

The ABC Board has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits; however, it is the current informal policy to follow State requirements.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk:**

The County places no limit on the amount that the County may invest in any one issuer. More than 12.85 percent of the County's investments are in the Federal Farm Credit Bank and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. These investments are 4.81% and 8.04% respectively, of the County's total investment portfolio. All securities owned by the County at June 30, 2023 were in a segregated safekeeping account in the County's name in the Trust Department of First Citizens Bank.

#### **Interest rate SWAP:**

Effective July 30, 2004, the County entered into a floating-to-floating or basis SWAP on \$125,810,000 of its outstanding fixed-rate Series 2000, 2001, 2002 A&B and 2004 A&B General Obligation Bonds. Effective September 1, 2009, the SWAP was modified to increase the notional amount to \$186,365,000 of its outstanding fixed-rate Series 2000, 2001, 2002 A&B, 2004 A&B, 2006 A&B, 2008A&B General Obligation Bonds and 2009A Certificates of Participation. Effective July 1, 2011, the SWAP was modified to increase the notional amount to \$216,051,000 of its outstanding fixed-rate Series 2000, 2001, 2002 A&B, 2004 A&B, 2006 A&B, 2008 A&B, 2010 A&B General Obligation Bonds and 2009 A&B Certificates of Participation.

June 30, 2023

### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

On June 22, 2023, due to the scheduled phasing out of the LIBOR index, the County modified its Confirmation with the SWAP counterparty, The Bank of New York Mellon, to substitute the LIBOR based rate for a SOFR based rate. A spread of plus 0.42826% was calculated at the time of closing to create an equivalent effective rate at transition.

The notional amount of the SWAP Agreement is equal to the par value of selected associated bonds. The objective of the SWAP was to create economics (generate present value savings) similar to a 65% of LIBOR synthetic fixed-rate financing without the County having to issue actual refunding bonds. The SWAP Agreement provides for the County to make payments to the counterparty based on the taxable-equivalent Bond Market Association (BMA) index and for the counterparty to make reciprocal payments based on a floating rate priced at six-month LIBOR plus a net amount of 1.132%. In 2006 the Bond Market Association became SIFMA. The agreement matures March 1, 2031. The derivatives contract uses the International SWAP Dealers Association Master Agreement, which includes standard termination events, such as failure to pay and bankruptcy. The basis SWAP agreement is an investment derivative under GASB Statement No. 53.

#### Fair value:

As of June 30, 2023, the SWAP had a positive fair value totaling \$560,278 estimated using the zero-coupon method. This method calculated the future net settlement payments required by the SWAPs, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot interest rates. These payments were then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement of the SWAPs. The positive fair value is reported as an asset, derivative financial instrument, in the Statement of Net Position. The fair value increased by \$180,829 in fiscal year 2023. The changes in fair value are reported in investment income in the Statement of Activities.

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June 30, 2023

### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

				(In Tho	usands)		
				Variable		_	
	Notional	Effective	Termination	Rate	Variable Rate	Fair	Counterparty
Associated Bond							
<u>Issues</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Paid</u>	Received	Value	Credit Rating
Series 2000,							
2001, 2002 A&B,							
, ,				SIFMA			
2004 A&B, 2006				SWAP	1.132% + 6-		
A&B, 2008 A&B				Index/	Month	\$560,278	Aa2/AA-/AA
2009 A Certificates	of						
Participation							
General							
Obligation Bonds							
and	\$216,051,000	7/1/11	3/1/31	Divisor	LIBOR		
Certificates of							
Participation							

<sup>\*</sup> Divisor equals .065 from Effective Date - 3/1/09 and 0.604 thereafter

#### Risks:

The County is exposed to the following risks in connection with the SWAP:

#### Credit risk:

As of June 30, 2023, the County was exposed to credit risk, or economic loss due to a counterparty default on its outstanding SWAP in the amount of \$560,278 because the SWAP had a positive fair value. However, should the relationship between the tax-exempt and taxable interest rates change and the fair values of the SWAP become negative, the County would not be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the derivative's fair value. Both County and the counterparty's payment obligations under the SWAP are guaranteed by Aa2/AA-(S&P)/AA (Fitch) rated Bank of New York Mellon.

#### 6. Property Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the County levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes, in the current fiscal year 2023 levy, are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2019, effective date of the county's last general reappraisal. A general reappraisal (revaluation) of all real property is required to be performed at least once every eight years to establish market value, however the statutes allow for a shorter reappraisal cycle. The next general reappraisal (revaluation) will be effective January 1, 2026.

June 30, 2023

### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property taxes, other than taxes for special districts and agency funds, are levied under the "single tax levy" concept whereby all tax revenues are recorded as revenues of the General Fund.

As of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by an allowance for uncollectible taxes. In addition, property taxes collected in advance of the fiscal year to which they apply are recorded as deferred inflows of resources.

### 7. <u>Lease Receivable</u>

Durham County's lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. A deferred inflow of resources is recorded for leases. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable. The deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. For additional information, refer to the disclosures below.

#### 8. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Allowances are based on collection experience and management's evaluation of the current status of existing receivables.

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June 30, 2023

### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

	<u>.</u>	<u>Accounts</u>	Accrued Interest	<u>Taxes</u>	Sto	ormwater <u>Fees</u>	Solid <u>Waste</u>	
Governmental activities:								
General	\$	938,712	\$ 762,372	\$ 3,061,112	\$	-	\$	34,794
Capital projects		2,550,000	-	-		-		-
Debt Services		2,358	-	-		-		-
Other governmental		-	-	90,768		-		-
Total receivables		3,491,070	 762,372	3,151,880		-		34,794
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(94,676)		 (61,424)				
Total governmental activities	\$	3,396,394	\$ 762,372	\$ 3,090,456	\$		\$	34,794
Business-type activities:								
Sewer utility	\$	130,127	\$ 106,868	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Stormwater		4,025	 7,559			158,340		<u>-</u>
Total receivables		134,152	 114,427	 		158,340		<u>-</u>
Total business-type activities	\$	134,152	\$ 114,427	\$ 	\$	158,340	\$	

The Community Development Mortgage Loans Receivable consists of certain proceeds from bonds that have been used to make non-interest-bearing loans to qualifying individuals in accordance with the County's Community Development Program. These loans contain various provisions, including deferral periods and forgiveness of indebtedness if certain conditions are met. Due to the uncertainty of collectability, the full amount of the outstanding loans receivable balance as of June 30, 2023, of \$304,467 has been included in the allowance for doubtful accounts.

June 30, 2023

### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

	I	Emergency Medical <u>Services</u>	Dev	mmunity velopment lortgage <u>Loans</u>	<u>R</u>	Lease leceivable	<u>G</u>	Due from Other overnments		<u>Total</u>
Governmental activities: General	\$	74,719,143	\$	304,467	\$	9,224,393	\$	31,967,224	\$	121,012,217
Capital projects		-		-		-		3,158,971		5,708,971
Debt Services		-		-		-		-		2,358
Other governmental		_						49,364		140,132
Total receivables		74,719,143		304,467		9,224,393		35,175,559		126,863,678
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(71,427,939)		(304,467)				<u> </u>		(71,888,506)
Total governmental activities	\$	3,291,204	\$		\$	9,224,393	\$	35,175,559	\$	54,975,172
Business-type activities:										
Sewer utility	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	258,478	\$	236,995
Stormwater					· 			2,072	·	169,924
Total receivables								260,550		406,919
Total business-type activities	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	260,550	\$	406,919

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June 30, 2023

### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represent a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The County has several items that meet this criterion – deferred charges on refundings, pension related deferrals (ROD, LGERS, and LEOSSA), OPEB deferrals, and contributions made to the plans subsequent to the measurement date (ROD, LGERS, LEOSSA, and OPEB).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position can also report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County had a number of items that meet the criterion for this category – net property taxes receivable, solid waste receivable, animal taxes receivable, water services receivable, net emergency medical services receivable, WSR loan receivable, OPEB deferrals, leases, and other pension related deferrals (ROD, LGERS, and LEOSSA).

#### 10. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of the County are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of the ABC Board are valued at the lower of cost or market. The County's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption that are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. The General Fund inventories reported on the Balance Sheet are offset by non-spendable fund balance, which indicates that it does not constitute a resource available for appropriation even though it is a component of net current assets. The inventory of the ABC Board consists of liquor and wine held for sale. The cost of the ABC Board inventory is recorded as an expense as it is sold.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These outlays are accounted for using the consumption method.

#### 11. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as tangible or non-consumable assets with an acquisition cost of more than \$5,000 and intangible assets with an acquisition cost or acquisition value, if donated or gifted, of more than \$50,000. The estimated useful life of tangible, non-consumable, and intangible assets must be in excess of one year. Purchased or constructed capital assets are recorded at original cost at the time of acquisition or completion. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value.

June 30, 2023

### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The County maintains school construction activity funded through sources provided by the County in the Capital Projects Fund until completion of the projects. However, the County does not hold title to these Durham County Board of Education properties, and the construction has not been included in capital assets. The properties are reflected as capital assets in the financial statements of the Durham County Board of Education.

The County maintains museum construction activity funded through sources provided by the County in the Capital Projects Fund until completion of the projects. However, the County does not hold title to this Museum of Life and Science property, and the construction has not been included in the capital assets. The property is reflected as a capital asset in the financial statements of the Museum of Life and Science.

The County maintains community college construction activity funded through sources provided by the County in the Capital Projects Fund until completion of the projects. However, the County does not hold title to this Durham Technical Community College property, and the construction has not been included in the capital assets. The property is reflected as a capital asset in the financial statements of Durham Technical Community College.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not increase the service capacity of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

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June 30, 2023

### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Capital assets of the County are depreciated or amortized on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Estimated
<u>Useful Lives</u>
40
40 years
7 years
5 years
5 years
3 years
3 years
50 years
50 years
N/A
Term of the lease
Term of the subscription
Indefinite, to be
monitored for impairment

The ABC Board's capital assets are stated at cost and are being depreciated or amortized over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

	Estimated
<u>Description</u>	<u>Useful Lives</u>
Buildings	25-40 years
Vehicles	3-5 years
Furniture and equipment	5-12 years
Leasehold improvements	5-20 years

The ABC Board defines capital assets as assets with an individual cost in excess of \$500 and an estimated life in excess of one year.

Leases and subscriptions are amortized over the terms of the lease agreement.

Upon disposition of an asset of the County and the ABC Board, the cost of the asset and the related accumulated depreciation are removed from the books. Any gain or loss on disposition is reflected in the earnings for the period.

June 30, 2023

### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### Right-to-Use Assets

The right-to-use lease assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made at or prior to the start of the lease term, less lease incentives received from the lessor at or prior to the start of the lease term, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease asset into service. The right-to-use lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease. The related leases are discussed in the Leases subsection of the Long-term Obligations section of these notes.

The right-to-use IT subscription assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the subscription liability plus any subscription payments made at the start of the subscription term, if applicable, plus capitalizable initial implementation costs at the start of the subscription term, less any incentives received from the IT subscription vendor at the start of the subscription term. Subscription payments, as well as payments for capitalizable implementation costs made before the start of the subscription term are reported as a prepayment (asset). Such prepayments are reduced by any incentives received from the same vendor before the start of the subscription term if a right of offset exists. The net amount of the prepayments and incentives are reported as an asset or liability, as appropriate, before the start of the subscription term at which time the amount is included in the initial measurement of the subscription asset. The right-to-use subscription assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the subscription term.

#### 12. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred.

In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. In addition, bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, are recognized during the current period. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

June 30, 2023

### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 13. Compensated Absences

Permanent employees of the County can earn vacation leave at rates between 11.67 and 11.87 days per year for the first two years, up to a maximum of 25 days per year after twenty-five years. There is no requirement that vacation leave be taken, but the maximum permissible accumulation is 30 days. At the end of each calendar year, the accumulated vacation leave in excess of 225 hours for employees who work a 37.5 hour workweek, 240 hours for employees who work a 40 hour work week, 252 hours for employees who work a 42 hour workweek, and 336 hours for employees who work a 56 hour workweek as of the first full pay period in January is converted to sick leave. The maximum amount of vacation leave that can be carried forward to January 1 is 225, 240, 252, and 336 hours, respectively. At termination, employees are paid for any accumulated vacation leave up to the maximum amount. Accumulated vacation leave and salary related payments at June 30, 2023 amounted to \$11,545,776. Of this amount, \$11,308,799 is recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities, and \$236,977 is recorded as a liability in the proprietary fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities. ABC Board employees may accumulate up to 30 days earned vacation and such leave is fully vested when earned. The ABC Board's accumulated earned vacation and related expenses at June 30, 2023 amounted to \$140,977. The current portion of the ABC Board's accumulated vacation pay is not considered to be material.

Permanent employees of the County earn sick leave at the rate of 12 days per year. There is no limit on the accumulation of sick leave for either the County or the ABC Board. Accumulated sick leave for the County at June 30, 2023 amounted to \$41,869,078 in total. Upon separation from the County or the ABC Board, there is no compensation for earned sick leave. Therefore, sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Accumulated sick leave with the County used as retirement credit is limited to one month for every 20 days of sick leave. Since neither the County nor the ABC Board has any obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accruals for sick leave have been made.

#### 14. Opioid Settlement Funds

In April 2022, drug manufacturer Johnson & Johnson, and three drug distributors, McKesson, AmerisourceBergen, and Cardinal Health, finalized a \$26 billion-dollar nationwide settlement related to multiple opioid lawsuits. These funds will be disbursed to each participating state over an 18-year period according to an allocation agreement reached with all participating states. The majority of these funds are intended for opioid abatement and the distribution of funds will be front loaded.

June 30, 2023

### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

North Carolina's Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) between the state and local governments for the settlement funds allocates the funds as follows:

- 15% directly to the State ("State Abatement Fund")
- 80% to abatement funds established by Local Governments ("Local Abatement Funds")
- 5% to a County Incentive Fund.

The County received \$445,273 as part of this settlement in fiscal year 2022. During fiscal year 2023, the County received an additional \$2,057,272 for a total of \$2,502,545. Per the terms of the MOA, the County created a special revenue fund, the Opioid Settlement Fund, to account for these funds. All funds are to be used for opioid abatement and remediation activities. Funds are restricted but are recognized as revenue when received. No funds have been expended as of June 30, 2023. In addition, no allocation plan has been approved by the Board. Therefore, no multi-year grant ordinance has been adopted as of June 30, 2023. The MOA offered two options of expending the funds. The county opted for Option A, which allows the County to fund one or more highlighted strategies from a list of evidence-based strategies to combat the opioid epidemic. The County enlisted the input of the Durham community via surveys and a town hall to aid in prioritizing the evidenced-based strategies.

### 15. Reimbursements for Pandemic-related Expenditures

In fiscal year 2021, the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) established the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds to support urgent COVID-19 response efforts and replace lost revenue for eligible state, local, territorial, and tribal governments. The American Rescue Plan will deliver \$350 billion for state, local, territorial, and tribal governments to respond to the COVID-19 emergency. Funding will also focus on infrastructure issues that face communities including efforts to bring back jobs. Durham County was allocated \$62,445,275 of fiscal recovery funds paid in two equal installments in July 2021 and July 2022.

A total of \$50,875 in ARPA funds have been expended as of June 30, 2023. The BOCC has established an allocation plan and adopted a multi-year budget ordinance for the full amount. Funds must be obligated by a funds reservation by December 31, 2024 and Counties have until December 31, 2026 to expend all remaining funds. ARPA funds can support several priorities including a public health response due to COVID-19, address negative economic impacts, replace public sector revenue loss, and fund premium pay for essential workers. The federal dollars can also address water, sewer, and broadband infrastructure.

June 30, 2023

### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 16. Encumbrances

As required by North Carolina General Statutes, encumbrance accounting is employed in the governmental funds. The outstanding encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at year-end. These amounts are included in the Stabilization by State Statute amount in restricted fund balance. Amounts outstanding at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Major Funds						
					Capital	
	General		ARPA		Projects	
	Fund		Fund	Fund		
\$	22,133,806	\$	4,919,125	\$	8,694,954	

### 17. Net Position/Fund Balances

#### **Net Position**

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements is classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through State Statute.

#### **Fund Balances**

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

 Inventories – portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

June 30, 2023

### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- Prepaid expenditures portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents payments to vendors that are applicable to future accounting periods.
- Leases Receivable, net portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it is not in spendable form. The reported amount is calculated by reducing the lease receivable by the related deferred inflow of resources.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes revenue sources that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

- Restricted for Stabilization of State Statute North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State Statute (RSS) is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories, prepaids and lease receivables in excess of deferred inflows of resources for leases, as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net position and Restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.
- Restricted for museum portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for museum purposes.
- Restricted for tax technology portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for tax technology purposes.
- Restricted for Sheriff portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for Sheriff and law enforcement purposes.
- Restricted for fire marshal portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for fire and emergency management purposes.

June 30, 2023

### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- Restricted for social services programs portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for social services programs.
- Restricted for library programs portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for library programs.
- Restricted for criminal justice programs portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for criminal justice programs.
- Restricted for environmental protection programs portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for environmental protection programs.
- Restricted for register of deeds portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source to pay for the computer equipment and imaging technology for the Register of Deeds Office.
- Restricted for Special Butner portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for the Special Butner area of Durham County.
- Restricted for Opioid Settlement portion of the fund balance that is restricted by revenue source to be used toward prevention and treatment of opioid addiction related to a national settlement with four pharmaceutical companies.
- Restricted for education portion of fund balance restricted by revenue source that
  can be used only for school capital or school debt service for Durham Public
  Schools.

Committed Fund Balance – Portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purpose imposed by majority vote by quorum of Durham County's governing body, the Board of County Commissioners (highest level of decision-making authority). Note that only the highest-level action that constitutes the most binding constraint can be considered a commitment for fund balance classification purposes. The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

- Committed for risk management portion of fund balance that can only be used for catastrophic occurrences.
- Committed for public health portion of fund balance that can only be used for public health purposes.

June 30, 2023

### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- Committed for debt service portion of fund balance that can only be used for debt service.
- Committed for public arts portion of fund balance that can only be used for public arts.
- Committed for Sheriff inmate portion of fund balance that can only be used for supporting items or services that directly benefit the inmates.
- Committed for education; article 46 portion of fund balance that can only be used for education purposes.
- Committed for OPEB portion of fund balance that can only be used for Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB).
- Committed for self-insured health benefits portion of fund balance that can only be used for the County's self-insured benefits (medical and dental).
- Committed for reappraisal reserve portion of fund balance that will continue to be used for real property reappraisal.
- Committed for LEO special separation allowance portion of fund balance that will be used for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance obligations.

Assigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that has been assigned by the County's governing body for specific purposes. Per the County's Fund Balance Policy, only the County's governing body, the Board of County Commissioners, can authorize the assignment of fund balance. The Board has not delegated this level of authority.

- Subsequent year's expenditures portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed.
- For remaining unrestricted and uncommitted fund balance for all governmental funds other than the general fund.

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June 30, 2023

### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The following schedule presents the assigned fund balances at June 30, 2023:

								N	lonmajor	
	General Fund		ARPA	Cap	Capital Projects Fund		Debt Service Fund		Special Revenue Funds	
Assigned Fund Balance:		33			1930		- 2	.ko		
Assigned for subsequent year	\$	29,754,613		\$		\$	-	\$	-	
Assigned for health related purposes		_			-		-		35,681	
Assigned for capital projects					31,254,567		-		-	
Assigned for fire districts		_			-		-		4,524,272	
Assigned for economic development purposes		-			-				240,617	
Assigned for debt service		2			-	82,	123,116		-	
	\$	29,754,613	\$ -	\$	31,254,567	\$ 82,	123,116	\$	4,800,570	

*Unassigned Fund Balance* – portion of fund balance that is the residual classification for amounts not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, it includes any residual negative balances which may not be classified as restricted or committed in those funds.

Durham County has guidelines established whereby the Chief Financial Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local funds, and County funds.

Durham County has an adopted fund balance policy. Included in the policy for purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Chief Financial Officer may deviate from this priority after consultation with the County Manager. In addition, per the policy, the goal for the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund is 16% of total actual prior fiscal expenditures and the goal of total fund balance available as a percentage of expenditures is 35%. Once the 35% level has been achieved, the amount over 35% shall be used to fund the annual OPEB contribution to meet the OPEB obligation, pay-as-you-go capital projects or other non-reoccurring expenditures. In addition, the OPEB portion of the total fund balance for the general fund shall not exceed 25% of the total fund balance to ensure that the committed for OPEB portion of fund balance remains reasonably proportionate to the total fund balance for the general fund as a whole to include unassigned fund balance. Management has been instructed to conduct business in such a manor to achieve these goals. As of June 30, 2023, the County's unassigned fund balance as a percentage of expenditures and the total fund balance available as a percentage of expenditures were 12.41% and 34.16%, respectively.

June 30, 2023

### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 18. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 19. <u>Defined Benefit Pension and OPEB Plans</u>

The County participates in two cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State; the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF) (collectively, the "state-administered defined benefit pension plans"); and one other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB), the Healthcare Benefits Plan (HCB). The County also administers a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance (LEOSSA). For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The County's employer contributions are recognized when due and the County has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. Investments are reported at fair value.

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the HCB and additions to/deductions from the HCB's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the HCB. For this purpose, the HCB recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

### B. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

June 30, 2023

### B. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between total fund balance for the governmental funds and net position for governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of \$(371,491,860) consists of the following:

"Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resourtherefore, are not reported in the funds."	rces and,
Capital assets (net of depreciation)	547,156,831
Investment in joint venture	8,935,897
Other capital assets (net of amortization)	11,045,783
other explicit assets (net of uniorezation)	11,015,765
Net adjustment to increase total fund balance for	
the governmental funds to arrive at net position for	
governmental activities	567,138,511
go , e	007,100,011
2. "Other long-term assets used in governmental activities are not a curre resource and, therefore, are not reported in the funds."	ent financial
Derivative financial instrument	560,278
Pension asset – ROD	423,132
Net adjustment to increase total fund balance for the governmental funds to arrive at net position for governmental activities	983,410
3. "Deferred outflows of resources used in governmental activities represent consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not as an expense or expenditure until then, and therefore, are not reported	ot be recognized
Pension deferrals – LGERS	55,417,083
Pension deferrals – ROD	336,814
Pension deferrals – LEOSSA	2,217,077
OPEB deferrals	30,519,677
Unamortized loss on debt refundings	10,301,516
Net adjustment to increase total fund balance for the governmental funds to arrive at net position for governmental activities	98,792,167
-	

June 30, 2023

### B. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

4. "Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and,	
therefore, are deferred in the funds."	

Property taxes receivable (net)	3,030,698
Beer and wine tax receivable	950
Occupancy tax receivable	58,152
Gross tax receivable	53
Solid waste receivable	34,794
Animal taxes receivable	282
Emergency medical services receivable (net)	3,291,204
Water services receivable	387
WSR loan receivable	2,550,000
Note of instance that it is a second of the last of th	
WSR loan receivable  Net adjustment to increase total fund balance for	2,550,000

the governmental funds to arrive at net position for governmental activities

8,966,520

5. "Deferred inflows of resources used in governmental activities represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as a revenue until then, and therefore, are not reported in the funds."

Pension deferrals – LGERS	(1,165,162)
Pension deferrals – ROD	(7,670)
Pension deferrals – LEOSSA	(1,307,480)
Pension deferrals – OPEB	(64,584,007)

Net adjustment to decrease total fund balance for the governmental funds to arrive at net position for governmental activities (67,064,319)

6. "Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and other postemployment benefits, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the

Bonds and other notes payable due within one year	(53,208,931)
Bonds and other notes payable	(659,478,844)
Total OPEB liability	(161,425,607)
Net pension liability – LGERS	(82,682,124)
Total pension liability – LEOSSA	(8,768,866)
Accrued compensated absences	(11,308,799)
Accrued interest payable	(3,434,978)

Net adjustment to decrease total fund balance for the governmental funds to arrive at net position for governmental activities

(980,308,149)

June 30, 2023

## B. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

2. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances for the governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. The total adjustment of \$55,211,066 is comprised of the following:

1. "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current year."

Capital outlay	59,745,743
Less: depreciation expense	(18,914,194)
Less: amortization expense	(3,412,808)
Less: Loss on Fixed assets	(21,616)
Plus: decrease in investment in joint venture	(494,713)
Net adjustment to increase total fund balance for	
the governmental funds to arrive at net position for	
Less: Loss on Fixed assets Plus: decrease in investment in joint venture  Net adjustment to increase total fund balance for	(21,616)

36,902,412

2. "Deferred outflows of resources used in governmental activities represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then, and therefore, are not reported in the funds."

governmental activities

Contributions to LGERS subsequent to measurement date	(2,595,216)
Contributions to ROD subsequent to measurement date	8,583
Contributions to LEOSSA subsequent to measurement date	(49,996)
Contributions to OPEB subsequent to measurement date	(569,400)
ROD pension deferrals	(109,992)
LGERS pension deferrals	(16,793,161)
LEOSSA pension deferrals	683,979
OPEB deferrals	6,938,523
Deferred charges on refundings	1,739,211
37 11 1 1 1 1 1	

Net adjustment to increase total fund balance for the governmental funds to arrive at net position for governmental activities (10,747,469)

June 30, 2023

## B. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

3. "Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds."

Increase in property taxes receivable (net)	901,335
Increase in emergency medical services receivable (net)	705,185
Decrease in deferred revenue of animal tax receivable	(298,368)
Increase in deferred revenue of solid waste receivable	5,668
Increase in derivative financial instrument	180,829
Increase in water services receivable	207
Decrease in pension asset – ROD	(240,865)
Decrease in investment earnings (fair market value)	2,714,976
Net adjustment to increase total fund balance for	
the governmental funds to arrive at net position for	
governmental activities	3,968,967

4. "Deferred inflows of resources used in governmental activities represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as a revenue until then, and therefore, are not reported in the funds."

Decrease in pension deferrals - LGERS	32,395,991
Decrease in pension deferrals - ROD	82,141
Increase in pension deferrals - LEOSSA	(1,016,794)
Increase in pension deferrals - OPEB	(34,967,947)
County's portion of collective pension expense – LGERS	(23,288,286)
County's portion of collective pension expense – ROD	(85,356)
County's portion of collective pension expense – LEOSSA	(1,031,023)
County's portion of collective OPEB expense	(1,787,102)
Net adjustment to increase total fund balance for	

(29,698,376)

the governmental funds to arrive at net position for

governmental activities

June 30, 2023

## B. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

5. "The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items."

Principal repayments	49,280,826
Increase in debt (net)	(94,406,984)
Decrease in OPEB liability	44,014,942
Increase in pension liability – LGERS	(59,215,508)
Decrease in pension liability – LEOSSA	1,354,674
Increase in accrued interest payable	(955,116)
Increase in accrued compensated absences	(1,112,120)
Amortization of bond premium	5,402,686
Net adjustment to decrease total fund balance for	

the governmental funds to arrive at net position for governmental activities

(55,636,600)

#### C. LEASE RECEIVABLES

Leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. As such, a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

For additional information, refer to the disclosures below.

On July 1, 2021, Durham County recorded a 15-month lease as Lessor for the use of 326 E. Main St (Coastal Horizons Center). An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$21,192. The lease term was extended on July 1, 2022, increasing the lease term by 12 months and receivable by \$17,037. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$4,271. The lessee made monthly fixed payments of \$1,425 during fiscal year 2023; however, with the increase in the lease term, the revised future required fixed monthly payments are \$1,383. The lease has an interest rate of 0.4503%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2023 was \$4,240, and Durham County recognized lease revenue of \$16,959 during the fiscal year.

On July 1, 2021, Durham County, NC recorded a 162-month lease as Lessor for the use of ATM-201 East Main St. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$7,618. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$6,574. The lessee is required to make annual fixed

June 30, 2023

### C. LEASE RECEIVABLES (continued)

payments of \$600. The lease has an interest rate of 1.4290%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2023 was \$6,489, and Durham County recognized lease revenue of \$564 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 2 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

On July 1, 2021, Durham County, NC recorded a 336-month lease as Lessor for the use of Duke Regional Hospital to accurately reflect the payment terms of the lease. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$11,504,979. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease receivable is \$9,213,548. The lessee is required to make annual fixed payments of \$1,250,000. The lease has an interest rate of 1.8570%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2023 was \$8,971,772, and Durham County recognized lease revenue of \$1,266,603 during the fiscal year.

The cost of leased facilities to the County was \$63,605,860, and the accumulated depreciation and carrying value as of June 30, 2023 were \$39,749,615 and \$23,856,245 respectively. Under the terms of the original agreement, annual minimum lease payments remitted to the County for use of the facility were \$2,600,000. These funds were accounted for in the Community Health Trust Fund.

In addition, under the terms of the original agreement, the County was to receive \$1,500,000 annually for the support of emergency medical services previously provided by the Hospital and assumed by the County under the agreements. These funds are accounted for in the General Fund. In addition, Duke agreed to remit \$2,100,000 to the Lincoln Community Health Center (LCHC), formerly a component unit of the Hospital, for the provision of health services to the citizens of the County.

A revision to the agreement was entered into on June 29, 2007. Under the terms of the revised agreement, Duke agreed to release its interest in the portion of Durham Regional Hospital commonly known as the Oakleigh Building and the adjacent lot to the Oakleigh Building to be used as a mental health and substance abuse treatment facility by the mental health services of the County. Additionally, a one-time payment of \$500,000 was paid to the County upon the full execution of the amendment, and the annual minimum lease payments to be remitted to the County for use of the facility was reduced to \$3,200,000 effective for fiscal year 2009. Also, effective fiscal year 2009, Duke paid the County \$100,000 annually over a ten-year period for the support of mental health services. There were no changes regarding emergency medical services or medical services provided at LCHC.

On November 24, 2008, a second amendment to the lease agreement and a first amendment to the operating agreement were approved by the Board of County Commissioners, Durham County Hospital Corporation and Duke University Health System. Under the terms of the revised agreement, beginning January 1, 2009, the term of the lease agreement was extended for an additional 40-year term until June 30, 2049, with the term automatically extending each year for one additional year. Under this agreement, the County was paid an additional \$375,000 for fiscal year 2009. From July 1, 2009 until June 30, 2018, the County received payments of \$3,950,000

June 30, 2023

### C. LEASE RECEIVABLES (continued)

per year. For fiscal year 2023, the County received payment in the amount of \$1,250,000. From July 1, 2019 through fiscal year 2031, the County has and will receive \$1,250,000 annually. From July, 1, 2031 through the remainder of the lease term, the County will not receive any further payments for the sublease of the Premises.

Also, under the terms of the revised agreement, in support of emergency medical services, an additional \$350,000 payment was paid to the County during fiscal year 2009. In fiscal year 2022 and 2023, the County received \$2,762,620 and \$2,983,707 for these services, respectively. Through the remainder of the lease terms, payments made to the County will be adjusted for inflation using the CPI Index Adjustment. Under the revised agreement, Duke paid an additional \$375,000 to Lincoln Community Health Center for fiscal year 2009. LCHC received payments of \$3,578,848 and \$3,865,257 for fiscal years 2022 and 2023, respectively. Through the remainder of the lease terms, payments made to the LCHC would be adjusted for inflation using the CPI Index Adjustment. If LCHC ceases to exist without a successor entity that operates in the same manner, payment will be made to the County to support public health initiative for the citizens of Durham County.

### D. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

#### **Governmental Activities:**

	Beginning Balance	Increases		Transfers/ Decreases	Ending Balance
Nondepreciable capital assets:		 			
Land	\$ 10,001,626	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 10,001,626
Easements	2,911,040	142,453		-	3,053,493
Construction in progress	198,048,684	56,413,502		(62,573,740)	191,888,446
Total nondepreciable capital assets	 210,961,350	 56,555,955		(62,573,740)	 204,943,565
Depreciable capital assets:					
Buildings	419,991,611	53,996,952		-	473,988,563
Water Systems	2,530,425	-		-	2,530,425
Office furniture and Equipment	1,570,728	945,626		-	2,516,354
Machinery and Equipment	16,667,348	623,194		(40,927)	17,249,615
Computer Hardware	17,419,879	7,973,991		-	25,393,870
Computer Software	16,539,126	5,725		-	16,544,851
Vehicles	23,723,774	 3,237,355		(978,389)	 25,982,740
Total depreciable capital assets	 498,442,891	 66,782,843	_	(1,019,316)	 564,206,418
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	139,191,038	11,581,461		-	150,772,499
Water Systems	246,970	50,607		-	297,577
Office furniture and Equipment	1,461,993	157,492		-	1,619,485
Machinery and Equipment	12,298,010	1,277,660		(40,927)	13,534,743
Computer Hardware	14,663,132	4,003,400		-	18,666,532
Computer Software	16,427,892	68,196		-	16,496,088
Vehicles	19,787,623	 1,775,378		(956,773)	20,606,228
Total accumulated depreciation	204,076,658	18,914,194		(997,700)	221,993,152
Total depreciable capital assets, net	 294,366,233	 47,868,649		(21,616)	 342,213,266
Depreciable right-to-use assets:					
Right-to-use assets - leased buildings	1,867,190	5,208,652		(233,360)	6,842,482
Right-to-use assets - leased equipment	30,292	-		-	30,292
Right-to-use assets - subscriptions	2,413,500	5,623,983		-	8,037,483
Total amortizable capital assets	4,310,982	 10,832,635		(233,360)	 14,910,257
Less accumulated amortization for:					
Right-to-use assets - leased buildings	443,835	661,127		(233,360)	871,602
Right-to-use assets - leased equipment	6,510	6,510		-	13,020
Right-to-use assets - subscriptions	-	2,979,852		-	2,979,852
Total accumulated amortization	450,345	3,647,489		(233,360)	3,864,474
Total amortizable right-to-use assets, net	 3,860,637	7,185,146			11,045,783
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 509,188,220	\$ 111,609,750	\$	(62,595,356)	\$ 558,202,614

During 2023, the County incurred expenses of \$89,753,458 for public school construction. The County maintains school construction activity funded through sources provided by the County in the Capital Projects Fund until completion of the projects. However, the County does not hold title to these Durham County Board of Education properties.

### D. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

### Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 17,348,523
Public safety	4,096,514
Environmental protection	120,289
Economic and physical development	12,349
Human Services	346,595
Educational	202,024
Cultural and recreational	435,389
Total depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 22,561,683

### **Business-type Activities/Sewer Utility Fund:**

		Beginning		Transfers/	Ending
		Balance	 Increases	Decreases	Balance
Nondepreciable capital assets:					
Land	\$	5,248,865	\$ 287,850	\$ -	\$ 5,536,715
Easements		5,000	-	-	5,000
Construction In Progress		16,472,619	 3,224,588	(6,571,945)	13,125,262
Total nondepreciable capital assets		21,726,484	 3,512,438	 (6,571,945)	 18,666,977
Depreciable capital assets:					
Land Improvements: Water and Sewer Lines		29,072,626	869,362	-	29,941,988
Buildings		56,854,766	-	-	56,854,766
Machinery and Equipment		3,591,580	7,226,338	-	10,817,918
Computer Hardware		43,907	7,604	-	51,511
Computer Software		73,157	-	-	73,157
Vehicles		569,969	 100,306		670,275
Total depreciable capital assets		90,206,005	 8,203,610	 	 98,409,615
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Land Improvements: Water and Sewer Lines		16,913,499	578,254	-	17,491,753
Buildings		20,957,541	2,372,435	-	23,329,976
Machinery and Equipment		1,513,578	2,011,570	-	3,525,148
Computer Hardware		37,968	3,764	-	41,732
Computer Software		73,157	-	-	73,157
Vehicles		520,659	 24,107	-	544,766
Total accumulated depreciation		40,016,402	 4,990,130		 45,006,532
Total depreciable capital assets, net		50,189,603	 3,213,480		53,403,083
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	71,916,087	\$ 6,725,918	\$ (6,571,945)	\$ 72,070,060

June 30, 2023

### D. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Capital assets activity for the ABC Board for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning		Transfers/	Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Nondepreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 2,580,733	\$ 708,788	\$ 358,867	\$ 2,930,654
Work in Process	3,805,538	690,637	4,303,152	193,023
Total nondepreciable capital assets	6,386,271	1,399,425	4,662,019	3,123,677
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings and improvements	7,582,071	3,125,536	764,783	9,942,824
Furniture and Equipment	2,186,310	488,534	187,728	2,487,116
Vehicles	348,896			348,896
Total depreciable capital assets	10,117,277	3,614,070	952,511	12,778,836
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	1,702,450	292,223	318,947	1,675,726
Furniture and Equipment	1,269,648	254,700	185,791	1,338,557
Vehicles	158,438	41,532	-	199,970
Total accumulated depreciation	3,130,536	588,455	504,738	3,214,253
Total depreciable capital assets, net	6,986,741	3,025,615	447,773	9,564,583
Depreciable right-to-use assets:				
Right-to-use assets - leased buildings	2,635,031		43,058	2,591,973
Total amortizable capital assets	2,635,031		43,058	2,591,973
Less accumulated amortization for:				
Right-to-use assets - leased buildings	484,263	317,823	43,058	759,028
Total accumulated amortization	484,263	317,823	43,058	759,028
Total amortizable right-to-use assets, net	2,150,768	(317,823)		1,832,945
ABC Board capital assets, net	\$ 15,523,780	\$ 4,107,217	\$ 5,109,792	\$ 14,521,205

June 30, 2023

### E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of transactions affecting the County's long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	 Beginning Balance	 Increases	 Decreases	 Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year		
Governmental activities:							
General obligation bonds	\$ 220,710,000	\$ -	\$ 22,330,000	\$ 198,380,000	\$	20,010,000	
Leases	1,468,980	5,208,651	551,512	6,126,119		668,538	
Subscriptions	-	7,987,232	3,616,248	4,370,984		2,458,684	
Limited Obligations bonds	204,975,000	192,465,000	14,470,000	382,970,000		24,115,000	
Direct Installment notes program	99,264,802	41,257,556	140,522,358	-		-	
Bond Anticipation Notes	28,896,911	14,080,038	-	42,976,949		-	
Unamortized bond premium	54,404,993	26,796,243	5,402,686	75,798,549		5,617,997	
Direct installment placement financing*	2,388,904	2	323,732	2,065,174		338,712	
Total OPEB Liability	205,440,549	-	44,014,942	161,425,607		-	
Accrued compensated absences	10,196,679	7,935,485	6,823,365	11,308,799		6,823,365	
Net pension liability (LGERS)	23,466,616	59,215,508		82,682,124		-	
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)	10,123,540	-	1,354,674	8,768,866		-	
Other financing agreement	 7,648	 -	 7,648	 -		<u>-</u> _	
Total	\$ 861,344,622	\$ 354,945,714	\$ 239,417,165	\$ 976,873,171	\$	60,032,296	
Business-type activities							
State Revoloving Loans	7,243,697	-	671,144	6,572,553		671,146	
Revenue bonds	4,305,000	-	820,000	3,485,000		840,000	
Unamortized bond premium	204,605	-	31,887	172,718		31,887	
Accrued compensated absences	192,583	143,154	98,760	236,977		98,760	
Net pension liability (LGERS)	230,633	987,708	 	1,218,341	<u> </u>		
Total	\$ 12,176,518	\$ 1,130,862	\$ 1,621,791	\$ 11,685,589	\$	1,641,793	

#### Leases

On July 1, 2021, Durham County recorded a 71-month lease as Lessee for the use of 2445 S Alston Ave (BOE Storage). An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$788,994. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease liability is \$543,482. Durham County is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$14,668. The lease has an interest rate of 1.1376%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 is \$788,994 with accumulated amortization of \$266,702 is included on the table found below.

On July 1, 2021, Durham County recorded a 31-month lease as Lessee for the use of 122 Stone Park Court (Bull City Branch LLC). An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$170,093. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease liability is \$39,282. Durham County was required to make monthly fixed payments of \$5,514 through January 31, 2023, when the payments increased to \$5,624. The lease has an interest rate of 0.6478%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 is \$170,093 with accumulated amortization of \$131,685 is included on the table found below. Durham County has 2 extension option(s), each for 12 months.

June 30, 2023

### E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

On July 1, 2021, Durham County recorded a 55-month lease as Lessee for the use of Postage Meter Machine. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$30,292. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease liability is \$16,977. Durham County is required to make quarterly fixed payments of \$1,721. The lease has an interest rate of 0.9796%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 is \$30,292 with accumulated amortization of \$13,021 is included on the table found below.

On July 1, 2021, Durham County recorded a 96-month lease as Lessee for the use of 2102 Fay St. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$393,626. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease liability is \$304,544. Durham County is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$4,094. The lease has an interest rate of 1.3720%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 is \$393,626 with accumulated amortization of \$98,407 is included on the table found below. Durham County has 5 extension option(s), each for 12 months.

On July 1, 2021, Durham County recorded a 64-month lease as Lessee for the use of 1309 Halley St (West End Community Foundation Inc.). An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$237,119. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease liability is \$152,839. Durham County was required to make monthly fixed payments of \$3,530 until October 31, 2022 when the payments increased to \$3,636. The lease has an interest rate of 0.2370%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 is \$237,119 with accumulated amortization of \$88,920 is included on the table found below.

On July 1, 2021, Durham County recorded a 39-month lease as Lessee for the use of Phoenix Shopping Center. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$48,292. The liability balance was reduced by \$4,437 for operating expenses initially included in lease liability calculations. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease liability is \$15,945. Durham County was required to make monthly fixed payments of \$1,482 until October 1, 2022, when the payments increased to \$1,523. The lease has an interest rate of 0.6478%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 is \$43,999 with accumulated amortization of \$27,076 is included on the table found below. Durham County has 2 extension option(s), each for 12 months.

On January 4, 2023, Durham County entered into a 132-month lease as Lessee for the use of 107 Presidential Dr (Presidential Park West Property). An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$5,208,651. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease liability is \$5,053,050. Durham County is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$37,819. The lease has an interest rate of 1.5942%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 is \$5,208,651 with accumulated amortization of \$232,811 is included in the table found below. Durham County, NC has 1 extension option(s), each for 36 months.

On July 1 2021, Durham County entered into a 20-month lease as Lessee for the use of 3325 Chapel Hill Blvd (NCDPS). This lease expired during fiscal year 2023 and was not extended. Durham County was required to make monthly fixed payments of \$11,629 until February 28<sup>th</sup>, 2023 at which time the values of the lease asset and liability were zero.

June 30, 2023

### **E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)**

In July 2021, Durham County ABC Board entered into lease agreements for buildings for three store locations. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease liability is \$1,922,558. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 is \$2,591,973, with accumulated amortization of \$759,028.

### **Subscriptions**

For the year ended June 30, 2023 the County implemented the requirements of GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (Subscriptions). The Statement provides a definition of Subscriptions and provides uniform guidance for accounting and financial reporting for such transactions. The guidance will decrease diversity in the accounting and financial reporting for these transactions, thereby increasing comparability in financial reporting among governments. Further, the reporting of a subscription asset (a right-to-use intangible capital asset) and a subscription liability will enhance the relevance and reliability of the financial statements. For additional information, refer to the disclosures below.

On July 1, 2022, the County entered into a 55-month subscription for the use of Property Tax Software. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$736,498. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$554,238. The County is required to make annual fixed payments of \$192,857. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.1857%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 is \$736,498 with accumulated amortization of \$160,690 is included on the Subscription Class activities table found below.

On January 1, 2023, the County entered into a 36-month subscription for the use of Microsoft Software - Enterprise. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$3,608,556. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$2,374,906. The County is required to make annual fixed payments of \$1,233,749. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.5827%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 is \$3,608,556 with accumulated amortization of \$601,426 is included with Software on the table found below. The County has 1 extension option(s), each for 36 months.

On July 1, 2022, the County entered into a 36-month subscription for the use of Legal Research Software. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$115,619. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$79,266. The County is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$3,181. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.0377%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 is \$115,619 with accumulated amortization of \$38,540 is included with Software on the table found below.

On July 1, 2022, the County entered into a 24-month subscription for the use of Hoopla Digital Platform. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$495,354. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$245,354. The County is required to make annual

June 30, 2023

### **E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)**

fixed payments of \$250,000. The subscription has an interest rate of 1.8937%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 is \$495,354 with accumulated amortization of \$247,677 is included with Software on the table found below.

On July 1, 2022, the County entered into a 15-month subscription for the use of Cisco EA Bundle. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$324,440. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$0. The County is required to make annual fixed payments of \$327,203. The subscription has an interest rate of 1.5803%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 is \$324,440 with accumulated amortization of \$249,569 is included with Software on the table found below.

On July 1, 2022, the County entered into a 20-month subscription for the use of Articulate360 Software. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$17,284. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$8,669. The County is required to make annual fixed payments of \$8,833. The subscription has an interest rate of 1.8937%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 is \$17,284 with accumulated amortization of \$10,353 is included with Software on the table found below.

On July 1, 2022, the County entered into an 18-month subscription for the use of Foundation Directory. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$5,879. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$2,940. The County is required to make annual fixed payments of \$2,995. The subscription has an interest rate of 1.8937%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 is \$5,879 with accumulated amortization of \$3,919 is included with Software on the table found below.

On July 1, 2022, the County entered into a 36-month subscription for the use of E-rate Consulting and Applications. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$23,156. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$15,281. The County is required to make annual fixed payments of \$7,875. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.0377%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 is \$23,156 with accumulated amortization of \$7,719 is included with Software on the table found below.

On July 1, 2022, the County entered into a 60-month subscription for the use of Integrated Library System. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$359,298. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$284,298. The County is required to make annual fixed payments of \$75,000. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.1857%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 is \$404,298 with accumulated amortization of \$80,860 is included with Software on the table found below.

On July 1, 2022, the County entered into a 43-month subscription for the use of E-Bid Enterprise Sourcing. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$81,237. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$54,975. The County is required to make annual fixed payments of \$27,330. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.1120%. The value of the

June 30, 2023

### E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 of \$81,237 with accumulated amortization of \$22,428 is included with Software on the table found below.

On July 1, 2022, the County entered into a 14-month subscription for the use of RightFax & OpenText Software. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$6,933. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$0. The County is required to make annual fixed payments of \$9,904. The subscription has an interest rate of 1.5803%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 is \$6,933 with accumulated amortization of \$5,660 is included with Software on the table found below.

On July 1, 2022, the County entered into a 36-month subscription for the use of WebEOC Subscription. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$80,393. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$54,137. The County is required to make annual fixed payments of \$26,256. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.0377%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 of \$80,393 with accumulated amortization of \$26,798 is included with Software on the table found below.

On August 1, 2022, the County entered into a 15-month subscription for the use of Sap Cloud Service. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$2,015,426. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$636,926. The County was required to make monthly fixed payments of \$39,939 until November 1, 2022, when the payments increased to \$159,756. The subscription has an interest rate of 1.5803%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 is \$2,015,426 with accumulated amortization of \$1,477,979 is included with Software on the table found below.

On July 1, 2022, the County entered into a 20-month subscription for the use of VolunteerHub Software. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$13,759. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$0. The County is required to make annual fixed payments of \$13,946. The subscription has an interest rate of 1.8937%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 is \$13,759 with accumulated amortization of \$8,002 is included with Software on the Subscription Class activities table found below.

On July 1, 2022, the County entered into a 28-month subscription for the use of Neptune 360 Software. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$2,215. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$1,104. The County is required to make annual fixed payments of \$1,125. The subscription has an interest rate of 1.8937%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 is \$2,215 with accumulated amortization of \$1,592 is included with Software on the table found below.

On July 1, 2022, the County entered into a 36-month subscription for the use of DebtBook Platform. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$46,320. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$31,320. The County is required to make annual fixed payments of \$15,000. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.0377%. The value of the

June 30, 2023

### E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 is \$50,070 with accumulated amortization of \$16,690.

On July 1, 2022, Durham County entered into a 33-month subscription for the use of SAP Analytics Subscription. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$54,866. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$27,572. The County is required to make annual fixed payments of \$28,133. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.0377%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 is \$54,866 with accumulated amortization of \$19,951 is included with Software on the table found below.

### **Installment purchases**

In March 2017, the County entered a \$72,200,000 direct installment financing draw program to finance the reconstructing and renovations of the prior judicial building and the judicial annex building of the County. The judicial building was initially pledged as the collateral on the direct installment financing draw program. However, once the renovations of the judicial building were initially completed (now the County's Administration II Building), the County issued debt to repay that portion of the direct installment financing draw program in the amount of \$43,500,000 and changed the collateral for the remainder of the draw program to the County's judicial annex building. This reduced the amount of the direct installment financing draw program to \$28,700,000.

In June 2020, the County entered a \$75,000,000 direct installment financing draw program to finance the projects that had not yet been completed under the previous draw program and included new projects in this draw program. Of the \$75,000,000, \$60,000,000 was tax-exempt and \$15,000,000 was taxable. The collateral for this draw program was the Health and Human Services Complex and the new Northern High School site. In April 2021, the County applied and increased its authorization to borrow up to \$225,000,000. Of this amount, \$210,000,000 was tax-exempt and \$15,000,000 was taxable. The outstanding balance of this draw was paid as part of a fixed rate permanent financing the County undertook in April 2023.

When the County enters into a direct installment financing draw program, the County funds the expenditures up front and draws the amount expended on a monthly basis from the financing institution to reimburse County funds per the agreement for the agreed upon project or projects being financed. After the period as per the agreement, the County issues debt at a fixed rate to repay/refund the financing institution for what was expended and funded in the financing draw program.

June 30, 2023

### E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

In September 2012, the County entered into a \$4,549,999 direct installment placement contract to finance energy and water conservation measures to reduce energy and water consumption and/or energy-related operating cost. The direct financing placement contract required principal and interest payments beginning in fiscal year 2015 with a fixed interest rate of 2.285%. As of June 30, 2023, the debt amount remaining is \$2,065,174.

For governmental activities and business-type activities, the respective portions of the compensated absence liability and the net LGERS pension liability are liquidated by the General Fund, Sewer Utility Fund and Stormwater Fund.

For governmental activities and business-type activities, the total OPEB liability and total LEOSSA pension liability are liquidated by the General Fund.

The County is subject to the Local Government Bond Act of North Carolina which limits the amount of net bonded debt the County may have outstanding to eight percent (8%) of the appraised value of property subject to taxation less property valued for abatement. At June 30, 2023, such statutory limit for the County was \$3,997,877,854 and applicable debt related to this debt limit was \$198,380,000 resulting in a legal debt margin of \$3,799,497,854.

#### **Defeasance of debt**

In fiscal year 2011, the County defeased various bond issues by creating irrevocable trust funds. New debt has been issued and the proceeds have been used to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in the trust funds. The investments and related fixed earnings are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt is called or matures. For financial reporting purposes, the debt has been considered defeased and therefore removed from the County's liabilities. As of June 30, 2011, the amount of defeased debt outstanding and removed from the County's liabilities amounted to \$64,055,000. Gains and losses from debt refunding were deferred and amortized over the lesser of the original remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt. In addition, gains or losses related to debt refunding were used in determining the carrying value of the new debt issued to finance debt refunding. The carrying values of the Refunding Bonds, Series 2011, which refunded 2004A&B Public Improvement Bonds and 2006A&B Public Improvement Bonds, were adjusted for the loss of defeasance (net of amortization) of \$6,286,444. As of June 30, 2023, the bond matured and was paid in full. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the total debt service payments over 12 years by \$4,064,220 and resulted in an economic gain of \$2,832,738.

In fiscal year 2012, the County issued \$64,670,000 of general obligation bonds at a total interest cost of 1.19%. A portion of these bonds were issued with the purpose to defease \$16,480,000 of the principal amount outstanding of the Public Improvements 2002 Series A bonds and 2002 Series B bonds for a net aggregate difference in debt service between the refunding debt and the refunded debt in the amount of \$270,400. There was no gain or loss on the defeasance of this debt.

June 30, 2023

### E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

In fiscal year 2012, the County issued \$63,780,000 of fixed rate limited obligation bonds (LOBs). A portion of these bonds were issued with the purpose to defease \$55,985,000 of variable rate 2009B Certificates of Participation for a net aggregate difference in debt service between the refunding debt and the refunded debt in the amount of \$0. There was no gain or loss on the defeasance of this debt.

In fiscal year 2013, the County issued \$112,470,000 of fixed rate LOBs. All of these bonds were issued with the purpose to defease \$125,000,000 of variable rate 2010 Certificates of Participation for a net aggregate difference in debt service between the refunding debt and the refunded debt in the amount of \$2,399. There was no gain or loss on the defeasance of this debt.

In fiscal year 2014, the County issued \$51,200,000 of general obligation bonds at a total interest cost of 2.87%. All of these bonds were issued with the purpose to defease \$51,200,000 of variable rate 2011 Bond Anticipation Notes (BANs) for a net aggregate difference in debt service between the refunding debt and the refunded debt in the amount of \$460,669. There was no gain or loss on the defeasance of this debt.

In fiscal year 2016, the County defeased various bond issues by creating irrevocable trust funds. New debt was issued and the proceeds were used to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in the trust funds. The investments and related fixed earnings are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt is called or matures. For financial reporting purposes, the debt has been considered defeased and therefore removed from the County's liabilities. As of June 30, 2016, the amount of the defeased debt outstanding and removed from the County's liabilities amounted to \$31,690,000. The carrying values of the Refunding Bonds, Series 2016, which refunded 2008A Public Improvement Bonds and 2008B Public Improvement Bonds, were adjusted for the loss from defeasance (net of amortization) of \$3,071,981. As of June 30, 2023, the loss from defeasance (net of amortization) was \$838,511. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the total debt service payments over the next 11 years by \$3,315,659 and resulted in an economic gain of \$2,543,844.

In fiscal year 2016, the County defeased various bond issues by creating irrevocable trust funds. New debt was issued and the proceeds were used to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in the trust funds. The investments and related fixed earnings are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt is called or matures. For financial reporting purposes, the debt has been considered defeased and therefore removed from the County's liabilities. As of June 30, 2016, the amount of the defeased debt outstanding and removed from the County's liabilities amounted to \$37,095,000. The carrying values of the Refunding Bonds, Series 2016, which refunded 2009A certificate of participation (COPs) were adjusted for the loss from defeasance (net of amortization) of \$4,346,426. As of June 30, 2023, the loss from defeasance (net of amortization) was \$2,139,012.

This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the total debt service payments over the next 15 years by \$4,824,160 and resulted in an economic gain of \$3,777,918.

June 30, 2023

### **E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)**

In fiscal year 2017, the County defeased various bond issues by creating irrevocable trust funds. New debt was issued and the proceeds were used to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in the trust funds. The investments and related fixed earnings are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt is called or matures. For financial reporting purposes, the debt has been considered defeased and therefore removed from the County's liabilities. As of June 30, 2017, the amount of the defeased debt outstanding and removed from the County's liabilities amounted to \$103,895,000. The carrying values of the Refunding Bonds, Series 2016, which refunded variable rate 2014 Bond Anticipation Notes, 2014 Public Improvement Bonds, 2012 Refunded Public Improvement Bonds, and 2010B Build America Bonds were adjusted for the loss from defeasance (net of amortization) of \$11,127,770. As of June 30, 2023, the loss from defeasance (net of amortization) was \$7,323,993. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the total debt service payments over the next 20 years by \$5,896,895 and resulted in an economic gain of \$4,615,584.

In fiscal year 2020, the County issued \$100,280,000 of fixed rate limited obligation bonds. All of these bonds were issued with the purpose to defease \$23,310,000 of 2012 Certificates of Participation and \$67,495,000 certificates of participation for a net aggregate difference in debt service between the refunding debt and the refunded debt in the amount of \$1,161. There was no gain or loss on the defeasance of this debt.

### General obligation bonds

Durham County issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the County. The County pledges full faith and credit and taxing power as security for general obligation bonds. There were no General obligation bonds issued in fiscal year 2023.

Interest requirements for the general obligation bonds are payable semi-annually at annual rates varying from 1.25% to 5.00%. General Fund revenues are used to repay general long-term debt obligations.

### **Limited Obligation Bonds**

Durham County issues LOBs for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. Limited obligation bonds are collateralized by specific assets of the county.

LOBs issued in fiscal year 2013 are collateralized with the County's Justice Plaza (e.g., Justice Center, Jail and Parking Deck). The amount of debt outstanding for this issuance as of June 30, 2023 was \$7,495,000 LOBs issued in fiscal years 2012 and 2016 were refundings for COPs 2009A and COPs 2009B, respectively, that are collateralized with the County's Health and Human Services Building. The amount of debt outstanding for these issuances as of June 30, 2023 were \$5,380,000 and \$22,860,000, respectively.

June 30, 2023

### **E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)**

LOBs issued in fiscal year 2019 are collateralized with the County's Administrative II Building. The amount of debt outstanding for this issuance as of June 30, 2023 was \$43,880,000.

LOBs issued in fiscal years 2020 partially refunded LOBs issued in fiscal years 2012 and 2013 that are collateralized with the County's Health and Human Services Building and the County's Justice Plaza (e.g., Justice Center, Jail and Parking Deck). The amount of debt outstanding for this issuance as of June 30, 2023 was \$96,350,000.

LOBs issued in fiscal year 2020 are collateralized with the County's Administrative I Building. The amount of debt outstanding for this issuance as of June 30, 2023 was \$14,540,000.

In April of 2023, the County closed on a \$192,465,000 Limited Obligation Bond issuance, which served as permanent financing for the outstanding balance of the \$225,000,000 draw program entered into in 2021 as well as additional "new-money" for a number of projects that were determined to be close to completion. The financing is comprised of a tax-exempt \$168,780,000 Series A and a \$23,685,000 taxable Series B. Both series are amortized with level principal over a 20-year term. This financing permanently closed the draw facility. This financing is collateralized with the Health and Human Services Complex and the new Northern High School.

### **Bond anticipation notes**

Durham County issues general obligation bond anticipation notes (BANs) for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. The BANs have been issued for governmental activities.

The County has authorized the issuance of the BANs up to \$70,000,000 outstanding at any time. The BANs are general obligations of the County, and the County has pledged its faith and credit to the payment of principal and interest on the BANs. The County authorized issuance of \$50,000,000 in April 2021. The BANs will be replaced by general obligation bonds. Interest requirements are payable monthly on the amount outstanding with the interest rates based upon market conditions.

During the fiscal year, there was \$14,080,038 in additional GO BANs drawn down. As of June 30, 2023, there was \$42,976,949 in GO BANs outstanding.

#### Revenue bonds

The County also issues bonds where the government pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

In fiscal year 2003, \$24,515,000 of revenue bonds was issued to finance the construction project to expand the existing wastewater treatment facilities. In fiscal year 2013, \$13,985,000 of refunded revenue bonds were issued to refund the 2003 revenue bonds outstanding. The bonds are payable through 2027. The amount of the pledge is equal to the remaining principal and

June 30, 2023

### **E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)**

interest \$3,704,618. Principal and interest paid for the year and total customer revenues were \$927,195 and \$14,246,262, respectively. Interest requirements for the revenue bonds are also payable annually at a fixed rate of 2.49%. These debt obligations are secured by a pledge of and lien upon, and payable solely from, the net receipts of the enterprise system and, in certain circumstances, by proceeds of the revenue bonds, investment earnings and certain net insurance and other proceeds. The revenue bonds are additionally secured by and payable from money and securities of certain funds, accounts and sub-accounts held by the trustee under the trust agreement and the first supplemental trust agreement. Sewer Utility Fund revenues are used to repay sewer utility long-term obligations.

June 30, 2023

### E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

General obligation bonds, installment purchases, certificate of participation bonds, revenue bonds and other financing agreements outstanding at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Governmental activities:					
Public improvement refunding, Series 2014	2.00% to 5.00%	6/3/2014	4/1/2034	\$44,635,000	\$ 8,920,000
Public improvement refunding, Series 2015	3.00% to 5.00%	7/9/2015	10/1/2026	29,340,000	19,335,000
Public improvement refunding, Series 2016	3.00% to 5.00%	9/29/2016	10/1/2036	96,460,000	78,955,000
Public improvement, Series 2017	3.23%	3/16/2017	10/1/2026	3,800,000	1,520,000
Public improvement refunding, Series 2019	3.00% to 5.00%	3/5/2019	6/1/2039	44,220,000	35,360,000
Public improvement refunding, Series 2021	1.25% to 5.00%	2/23/2021	6/1/2040	61,805,000	54,290,000
Limited Obligation Bonds, 2012	2.00% to 5.00%	3/29/2012	6/1/2032	63,780,000	5,380,000
Limited Obligation Bonds, 2013	1.50% to 5.00%	3/28/2013	6/1/2043	112,470,000	7,495,000
Limited Obligation Bonds, 2016 Refunding	4.00% to 5.00%	4/1/2016	12/1/2030	34,590,000	22,860,000
Limited Obligation Bonds, 2018	3.00% to 5.00%	9/6/2018	10/1/2038	54,860,000	43,880,000
Limited Obligation Bonds, 2020A	2.375% to 3.085%	1/23/2020	6/1/2040	17,120,000	14,540,000
Limited Obligation Bonds, 2020B Refunding	1.69% to 3.085%	1/23/2020	12/1/2042	100,280,000	96,350,000
Limited Obligation Bonds, 2023A	5.00%	4/19/2023	6/1/2043	168,780,000	168,780,000
Limited Obligation Bonds, 2023B	3.985% to 5.064%	4/19/2023	6/1/2043	23,685,000	23,685,000
Installment purchase, utility purchase	2.285%	9/18/2012	9/18/2028	4,549,000	2,065,174
Bond Anticipation Notes	Variable Rate	8/10/2021	8/21/2024	4,066,403	42,976,949
Total governmental activities					\$ 626,392,123
Business-type activitities: Refunding, Revenue Bonds 2012					
sewer plant expansion/improvements	2.49%	8/23/2012	6/11/2027	\$13,985,000	\$ 3,485,000
Enterprise State Revolving Loan I	2.22%	10/7/2012	5/1/2032	-	1,250,179
Enterprise State Revolving Loan II	2.22%	1/28/2011	5/1/2033	-	5,322,374
Total business-type activities					\$ 10,057,553
Total bonded indebtedness					\$ 636,449,676

The annual requirements as of June 30, 2023 to amortize outstanding debt and funds available for draw under installment purchase contracts including interest payments, exclusive of accrued compensated absences are as follows:

June 30, 2023

### E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

#### **Governmental activities:**

	General O	bligat	ion	Limited (	)bliga	tion		Installr	nent													
	Bon	ds		Во	nds		Note Payable*			Lease Liabilities			ies	Subscription Liabilities					Total			
Year Ending						<u> </u>																
June 30,	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest		Principal		nterest		Principal Inter		Interest		Principal		Interest	Principal			Interest
2024	\$ 20,010,000	\$	7,482,840	\$ 24,115,000	\$	17,023,402	\$	338,712	\$	45,288	\$	668,389	\$	87,722	\$	2,458,684	\$	91,615	\$	47,590,785	\$	24,730,867
2025	20,020,000		6,258,466	24,050,000		14,875,896		354,541		37,459		649,034		78,895		1,578,347		46,033		46,651,922		21,296,749
2026	19,920,000		5,386,717	23,900,000		13,934,652		370,735		29,265		673,089		69,787		260,558		7,299		45,124,382		19,427,720
2027	17,710,000		4,571,893	23,845,000		12,896,970		387,800		20,700		656,122		60,312		73,395		1,604		42,672,317		17,551,479
2028	14,080,000		3,824,006	23,750,000		11,929,690		405,263		11,737		529,985		51,418		-		-		38,765,248		15,816,851
2029-2033	60,265,000		10,671,781	108,160,000		45,313,277		208,123		2,378		2,949,500		133,003		-		-		171,582,623		56,120,439
2034-2038	37,785,000		3,517,984	85,130,000		25,741,314		-		-		-		-		-		-		122,915,000		29,259,298
2039-2043	8,590,000		243,913	70,020,000		8,669,617		-		-		-		-		-		-		78,610,000		8,913,530
	\$ 198,380,000	\$	41,957,600	\$ 382,970,000	\$	150,384,818	\$	2,065,174	\$	146,827	\$	6,126,119	\$	481,137	\$	4,370,984	\$	146,551	\$	593,912,277	\$	193,116,933

\*NOTE: The installment note payable principal amount on the above schedule amortizing outstanding debt as of June 30, 2023 does not include outstanding bond anticipation notes (BANs) or installment financing contracts (IFCs) that are included in the summary of transactions affecting the County's long-term obligations for the year ended and in the outstanding debt with interest rates, date of issue, maturity dates, original issue amount and amount outstanding at year end. The BANs and IFCs are not included in the above schedule because there is no annual payment. The County is authorized to utilize a draw-down program whereby funds are drawn to reimburse the County for capital project expenditures over a three-year period. At the end of the three years (or less), the County issues fixed rate debt to pay off this debt. The County also issued a draw-down program in April of 2021. With the current draw program, the County is authorized to borrow up to \$225,000,000 of IFCs and up to \$50,000,000 in BANs. During fiscal year 2023, there was an additional \$41,257,556 drawn down in IFCs which increased the total outstanding to \$140,522,358. The County obtained permanent financing in April 2023 to pay off the outstanding balance of the IFCs. Of these amounts, \$0 and \$42,976,949, were outstanding, respectively.

June 30, 2023

### **E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)**

### **Business-type activities:**

	Sta	State				Revenue					
	Revolvii	ng Loa	an		Во	nds		Total			
Year Ending											
June 30,	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2024	\$ 671,146	\$	145,911	\$	840,000	\$	86,777	\$	1,511,146	\$	232,688
2025	671,146		131,011		860,000		65,861		1,531,146		196,872
2026	671,146		116,112		880,000		44,447		1,551,146		160,559
2027	671,146		101,213		905,000		22,535		1,576,146		123,748
2028	671,146		86,313		-		-		671,146		86,313
2029-2033	3,216,823		208,073		-		-		3,216,823		208,073
	\$ 6,572,553	\$	788,633	\$	3,485,000	\$	219,620	\$	10,057,553	\$	1,008,253

June 30, 2023

### **E. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)**

### **Durham County ABC Board:**

	Lease Liabilities							
Year Ending								
June 30,		Principal	]	Interest				
2024	\$	265,936	\$	48,686				
2025		216,802		42,463				
2026		225,168		36,484				
2027		248,146		30,090				
2028		257,460		23,236				
2029-2033		709,046		27,305				
	\$	1,922,558	\$	208,264				

June 30, 2023

#### F. COMMITMENTS

### 1. <u>Industrial Extension Policy</u>

The Industrial Extensions Policy (IEP) provides for the expenditure of public funds for the promotion of local economic development when the BOCC considers such development serves a public purpose. The BOCC considers the promotion of local economic development when it assists in the creation of a more stable economy by providing displaced workers with continuing employment opportunities, attracting better paying and more highly skilled jobs, diversifying the local economy and creating a broader tax base from which Durham County can draw funding for other programs that benefit the general health, safety and welfare of the citizens. Any industrial enterprise seeking to qualify for economic development investment funds must provide the County with a written statement which includes specific information as outlined in the policy. They then must receive approval from the BOCC prior to the undertaking of construction. The Board evaluates each enterprise on a case-by-case basis prior to making a decision whether to provide economic development investment funds. Any enterprise desiring to use economic development investment funds must enter into a performance agreement with Durham County.

The determination of whether satisfactory progress has been made shall be the sole discretion of Durham County based upon the performance guidelines set out in the performance agreement. The BOCC views the promotion of the local economic development as an investment in the future of Durham County.

The annual requirements to amortize reimbursements payable under this policy at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Governmental activities			
	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST		
YEAR ENDING JUNE 30,				
2024	\$ 2,474,159	\$ -		
2025	2,945,587	-		
2026	2,945,587	-		
2027	2,945,587	-		
2028	2,507,016	-		
2029-2033	4,937,222	-		
2034	264,873	-		
	\$ 19,020,032	\$ -		

Interest requirements related to the Industrial Extensions Policy are nominal.

June 30, 2023

### F. COMMITMENTS (continued)

### 2. School Facilities

In 2019, the BOCC revised the approved Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) for fiscal years 2020 – 2029 that included new Durham Public school projects totaling \$410,000,000 funded through voter-approved general obligation bond referendums in November 2016 and proposed for November 2020. Total construction in progress for fiscal year 2023 for these projects was \$89,753,458 while total combined construction in progress since inception was \$410,055,881.

### 3. Construction

The total ten-year estimated and funded project costs of the CIP through June of 2029 is \$947,036,833. The plan continues to serve as a blueprint to meet the growing facility needs of the County. The funding sources for the CIP include: General Obligation Bonds, Limited Obligation Bonds (LOB's), Bank Financing, County contributions (PayGo), Revenue Bonds (Enterprise Fund), and other miscellaneous revenues.

The CIP allocated funding for fiscal year 2023 in the amount of \$195,422,004. Funds provided approximately \$142,000,000 for education, \$7,900,000 for culture and recreation, \$6,517,309 for public safety, \$7,687,298 for capital projects of general governmental activities, \$2,876,200 for business-type activities, \$500,000 for environmental protection activities, and \$27,941,197 for human services activities.

As part of the ten-year CIP for fiscal years 2017-2026, a general obligation bond referendum totaling \$170,000,000 was approved by Durham County citizens as a funding source. The referendum funded \$90,000,000 for school facilities, \$20,000,000 for community colleges, \$44,297,262 for library facilities, \$14,067,705 for museum facilities, and \$1,635,033 for issuance costs. As of fiscal year-end, \$120,000,000 of the November 2016 voter approved general obligations bonds was issued.

On June 22, 2020, the Board approved a revised, updated ten-year CIP effective for fiscal years 2020-2029.

#### 4. Capital commitments

The County had commitments at June 30, 2023 of \$4,148,815 for the expansion of the wastewater treatment plant and construction of sewer distribution systems.

Funding for the active projects for governmental activities and business-type activities include general obligation bonds, limited obligation bonds (LOBs), revenue bonds, general contributions, sewer utility contributions and other miscellaneous revenues.

June 30, 2023

### F. COMMITMENTS (continued)

### 5. Other commitments

Reimbursement for expenditures incurred from improvements to property of the Durham Public School System, Durham Technical Community College and various not-for-profit organizations are made upon request by the school systems, Community College and organizations. Because Durham County is not a party to the contracts, the unexecuted balances of such contracts are considered obligations of the Durham Public School System, Durham Technical Community College and various not-for-profit organizations. Additional payments, if any, to be made by Durham County, will be from future appropriations.

The County participates in a number of Federal and State of North Carolina awards and grant awards programs. The disbursement of funds under these programs are subject to a single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act, requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and North Carolina state law for state funds.

The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies resulting from such audit cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects they would be immaterial.

#### G. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITIES

The following is a schedule of interfund receivable and payable balances as of June 30, 2023:

Due to:

General Fund from Capital Projects Fund

Amount due per BOCC approved interfund loan

\$ 3,047,554

Due from:

Capital Projects Fund to General Fund

Amount due per BOCC approved interfund loan

\$ 3,047,554

The due to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund is because of an interfund loan approved by the BOCC for advance funding to begin construction activity on capital projects until the proceeds from the issuance of debt are received at which time reimbursement will take place.

June 30, 2023

### G. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITIES (continued)

### Transfers:

The following is a summary of transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Transfers in:						
				Capital		Debt	
		General		Projects		Service	
		Fund		Fund		Fund	 Total
Transfers out:							
General fund	\$	-	\$	22,277,512	\$	104,525,553	\$ 126,803,065
Capital projects fund		142,500		-		296,878	439,378
Debt service fund		-		2,300,000		-	2,300,000
Nonmajor governmental funds		2,095,475				546,250	 2,641,725
Total transfers	\$	2,237,975	\$	24,577,512	\$	105,368,681	\$ 132,184,168

Transfers from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund and the Debt Service Fund are for funding general government construction projects per Durham County's Capital Improvement Plan and general government debt payments, respectively.

Transfers from the Capital Projects Fund to the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund are for unspent unrestricted funds to support future general government construction projects and unspent funds, unrestricted and restricted, to support general government debt payments, respectively.

Transfers from the Debt Service Fund to the Capital Projects Fund are for funding non-capitalizable costs related to a capital project and public safety security and the construction of new capital projects, respectively.

Transfers from Nonmajor Governmental Funds to the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund are for funding public safety and health-related expenditures, and public safety debt service expenditures, respectively.

#### H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

1. North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The County and the ABC Board are participating employers in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House

June 30, 2023

### H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's ACFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters and rescue squad workers). Disabled members may qualify for disability benefits at earlier ages. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad workers who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of

creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15

years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50 or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55 or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. County and ABC employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The County's required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023, was 13.04% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 12.14 % for general employees and firefighters. The ABC Board's required contribution rate for the year

June 30, 2023

### H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

ended June 30, 2023, was 12.16% for general employees. Required contribution rates were actuarially determined such that, employer contributions, when combined with employee contributions, are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$16,143,247 for the year ended June 30, 2023. Contributions to the pension plan from the ABC Board were \$371,457 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Refunds of Contributions – County employees who have terminated service as contributing members of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members include 4% interest per year, regardless of the number of years of retirement service credit. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to any other retirement or survivor benefit provided by LGERS.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the County reported a liability of \$83,900,465 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions used in the valuation. The County's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, (measured as of June 30, 2022) the County's proportionate share was 1.487%, which was a decrease of 0.058% from its proportion reported as of June 30, 2022 (measured as of June 30, 2021).

June 30, 2023

### H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized pension expense of \$23,683,407. At June 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	3,615,194	\$	354,449
Changes of Assumptions Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings		8,371,377		-
on Pension Plan Investments		27,729,975		-
Changes in Proportion and Differences between County				
Contributions on Proportionate Share of Contributions County Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement		385,192		857,747
Date		16,143,247		
Total	\$	56,244,985	\$	1,212,196

\$16,143,247 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

### Year Ended June 30:

2024	\$ 12,201,082
2025	10,584,838
2026	2,892,549
2027	13,211,079
	\$ 38,889,548

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.25 to 8.25% *

Investment Rate of Return 6.50% \*\*

<sup>\*</sup>includes inflation and productivity of 3.25%

<sup>\*\*</sup>includes inflation of 2.50%

June 30, 2023

### H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

The plan actuary currently uses mortality rates based on the *RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table* that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2019.

Future and ad hoc cost of living adjustment (COLA) amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2023 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
	100%	

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary and is part of the asset, liability, and investment policy of the North Carolina Retirement Systems. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively

June 30, 2023

### H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower, 5.50%, or 1-percentage-point higher, 7.50%, than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%	
	Decrease 5.50%	<b>Rate</b> 6.50%	Increase 7.50%	
County's Proportionate Share of the Net				
Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 151,429,499	\$ 83,900,465	\$ 28,252,584	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the State of North Carolina.

### 2. Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description. The County administers a public employee retirement system (the Separation Allowance), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85% of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

June 30, 2023

### H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

All full-time County law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2021, the valuation date, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees Receiving Benefits	32
Active Plan Members	172
Total	204

*Basis of Accounting.* The County presents the Separation Allowance in the financial statements using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and when the County has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meet the following criteria:

- contributions to the pension plan and earnings on those contributions are irrevocable
- pension plan assets are dedicated to providing benefits to plan members
- pension plan assets are legally protected from the creditors or employers, nonemployer contributing entities, the plan administrator, and plan members.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 valuation were determined using the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases*	3.25 to 7.75%
Discount Rate	4.31%
*includes inflation	

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate as of December 31, 2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System for the five-year period ending December 31, 2019.

Mortality Assumption. All mortality rates use Pub-2010 amount-weighted tables.

Mortality Projection. All mortality rates are projected from 2010 using generational improvement with Scale MP-2019.

June 30, 2023

### H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

Deaths after Retirement (Healthy). Mortality rates are based on the Safety Mortality Table for Retirees. Rates for all members are multiplied by 97% and Set Forward by 1 year.

Deaths after Retirement (Disabled Members at Retirement). Mortality rates are based on the Non-Safety Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees. Rates are Set Back 3 years for all ages. Deaths after Retirement (Survivors of Deceased Members). Mortality rates are based on the Below-median Teachers Mortality Table for Contingent Survivors. Rates for male members are Set Forward 3 years. Rates for female members are Set Forward 1 year. Because the contingent survivor tables have no rates prior to age 45, the Below-median Teachers Mortality Table for Employees is used for ages less than 45.

Deaths prior to Retirement. Mortality rates are based on the Safety Mortality Table for Employees.

Contributions. The County is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned by making contributions on a pay-as-you-go basis. There were no contributions made by employees. The County's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administrative costs of the separation allowance are financed through investment earnings. In the year ended June 30, 2023 the County paid \$712,161 as the benefit became due.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the County reported a total pension liability of \$8,768,866. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022 based on a December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was rolled forward to December 31, 2022 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,031,023.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 550,962	\$ 5,404
Changes of Assumptions and Other Inputs	1,302,289	1,302,076
Benefit Payments and Administrative expenses Subsequent to the Measurement Date	363.826	
Total	\$ 2,217,077	\$ 1,307,480

June 30, 2023

### H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

The County paid \$363,826 in benefit payments, which included \$1,356 in administrative expenditures, reported subsequent to the measurement date that are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions which will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended Ju	ne 30:
---------------	--------

2024	\$ 398,920
2025	356,262
2026	77,461
2027	(263,890)
2028	 (22,982)
	\$ 545,771

Sensitivity of the County's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.31% as well as what the County's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower, 3.31%, or 1-percentage-point higher, 5.31% than the current rate:

		Discount	1%
	1% Decrease	Rate	Increase
	3.31%	4.31%	5.31%
Total Pension Liability	\$ 9,417,434	\$ 8,768,866	\$ 8,175,383

June 30, 2023

### H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

### Schedule of Changes in the Total Pension Liability of the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

_	2022
Beginning Balance	\$ 10,123,540
Service Cost	408,552
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	220,090
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	
in the Measurement of the Total Pension Liability	100,416
Changes of Assumptions and Other Inputs	(1,400,188)
Benefit Payments	(683,544)
Ending Balance of the Total Pension Liability	\$ 8,768,866

Changes of assumptions and benefit terms. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.25% at December 31, 2021 to 4.31% at December 31, 2022. There are no changes in assumed inflation rate, assumed wage inflation or benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

#### 3. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The County contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (the Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the County. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's ACFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh North Carolina, 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12 E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the County to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent (5%) of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the Plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023 were \$1,129,386, which consisted of \$643,679 from the County and \$485,707 from the law enforcement officers. The County's

June 30, 2023

### H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

required contributions and the officers' voluntary contributions represented 5% and 3.77%, respectively, of the covered payroll.

### 4. Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

Plan Description. Durham County also contributes to the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), a noncontributory, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer. RODSPF provides supplemental pension benefits to any eligible county register of deeds who is retired under the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) or an equivalent locally sponsored plan. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 161 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's ACFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Resisters of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981- 5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. An individual's benefits for the year are calculated as a share of accumulated contributions available for benefits for that year, subject to certain statutory limits. An individual's eligibility is based on at least 10 years of service as a register of deeds with the individual's share increasing with years of service. Because of the statutory limits noted above, not all contributions available for benefits are distributed.

Contributions. Benefits and administrative expenses are funded by investment income and 1.5% of the receipts collected by each County Commission under Article 1 of Chapter 161 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The statutory contribution currently has no relationship to the actuary's required contribution. The actuarially determined contribution this year and for the foreseeable future is zero. Registers of Deeds do not contribute. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 161-50 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$28,054 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

# Pension Assets, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the County reported an asset of \$423,132 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the

June 30, 2023

### H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

pension plan, relative to contributions to the pension plan of all participating RODSPF employers. At June 30, 2023, the County's proportion was 3.196%, which was a decrease of 0.260% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$85,356. At June 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Ou	tflows of	Inf	eferred lows of sources
\$	3,260	\$	7,670
	22,403		-
	175,868		-
	107,229		-
	28,054 336,814		7,670
	Ou Re	22,403 175,868 107,229 28,054	Outflows of Resources       Inf Resources         \$ 3,260       \$ 22,403         175,868       107,229         28,054       \$ 28,054

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June 30, 2023

### H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

\$28,054 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

#### **Year Ended June 30:**

2024	\$ 141,555
2025	56,756
2026	58,548
2027	 44,231
	\$ 301,090

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.25 to 8.25% \*

Investment Rate of Return 3.00% \*\*

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study as of December 31, 2019.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

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<sup>\*</sup>includes inflation and productivity of 3.25%

<sup>\*\*</sup>includes inflation

June 30, 2023

### H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The adopted asset allocation policy for the RODSPF is 100% in the fixed income asset class. The best estimate of arithmetic real rate of return for the fixed income asset class as of June 30, 2023, is 0.5%.

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2023 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 2.50%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 3.00%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower, 2.00%, or 1-percentage-point higher, 4.00%, than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 2.00%	Discount Rate 3.00%	1% Increase 4.00%
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (298,909)	\$ (423,132)	\$ (527,732)

June 30, 2023

### H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the State of North Carolina.

# Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability (asset) for LGERs and RODSPF was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability for LEOSSA was measured as of December 31, 2022, with an actuarial valuation date of December 31, 2021. The County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. The following information is related to the County's proportionate share and pension expense (revenue):

	LGERS	LEOSSA	RODSPF	Total
Proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$ 83,900,465	\$ -	\$ (423,132)	\$ 83,477,314
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	1.487%	N/A	(3.196%)	N/A
Total pension liability	\$ -	\$ 8,768,866	\$ -	\$ 8,768,866
Pension expense	\$ 23,683,407	\$ 1,031,023	\$ 85,356	\$ 24,799,786

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June 30, 2023

### H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

At June 30, 2023 the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>LGERS</u>	<u>LEOSSA</u>	RODSPF	<u>Total</u>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>				
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 3,615,194	\$ 550,962	\$ 3,260	\$ 4,169,416
Changes of Assumptions	8,371,383	1,302,289	22,403	9,696,075
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	27,729,975	-	175,868	27,905,843
Changes in Proportion and Differences between County Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	385,192	-	107,229	492,421
County Contributions/Benefit Payments and Administration Costs Subsequent to the Measurement Date*	16,143,247	363,826	28,054	16,535,126
*Contributions are for LGERS and RODSPF, Benefit and Administration Costs are for LEOSSA				
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 354,449	\$ 5,404	\$ 7,670	\$ 367,523
Changes of Assumptions	-	1,302,076	-	1,302,076
Changes in Proportion and Differences between County Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	857,747	-	-	857,747

#### 5. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Non-Law Enforcement Personnel

Plan Description. The County provides pension benefits for all its non-law enforcement employees, working more than twenty hours per week, through a defined contribution plan administered by Empower. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate from the date of employment. The Board of County Commissioners (BOCC) has established the plan which requires the County to contribute each month an amount equal to 5% of each employee's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Employees are not required to contribute to the plan. The BOCC has the authority to establish and amend the plan's provisions and the authority to establish and amend the contribution requirements to the plan.

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June 30, 2023

### H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

Funding Policy. The County's contributions were calculated using a covered payroll amount of \$114,401,094. Total contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023 were \$9,784,406 which consisted of \$5,725,141 from the County and \$4,059,265 from the non-law enforcement personnel. The County's required contribution and the non-law enforcement personnel's voluntary contribution represented 8.55% of the covered payroll amount.

### 6. Other Post-Employment Benefits

Plan Description. Under the terms of a County resolution, the County administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (HCB Plan). For employees hired on or after July 1, 2006, this plan provides post-employment healthcare benefits to retirees of the County who participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and have at least thirty years of continuous service with the County. Also, the plan provides post-employment healthcare benefits to employees hired on or after July 1, 2006 who are at least age 60 with twenty-five years or more of continuous service. Prior to July 1, 2006, employees qualified for the same level of benefits after at least twenty years of continuous service with the County.

If the service-hour requirement is met, the County pays the full cost of standard coverage for these benefits until the retiree reaches age 65 or until the retiree is eligible to receive Medicare benefits, whichever comes first. At that time coverage is terminated, and the County pays full cost of a Medicare supplemental policy. The cost is prorated for employees that do not meet the service-hour requirement. Retirees with at least ten years of service can purchase coverage at the County's group rates for themselves. Retirees can purchase coverage for their dependents at the County's group rate for healthcare, dental and vision until they become Medicare eligible. In addition, all employees with ten or more years of service will receive a death benefit in the amount of \$10,000 at no cost to the retiree. The BOCC may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2022, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Total Membership	2,601
Active Members	1,804
Receiving Benefits	-
Inactive Members Entitled to but not yet	
Currently Receiving Benefits	797
Inactive Members or Beneficiaries	

June 30, 2023

### H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

Benefits Provided. The County pays a portion of the cost of the healthcare benefits for qualified retirees. The County pays 100% of the cost of the Accountable Care Organization (ACO) plan coverage healthcare benefit for qualified retirees. These benefits are provided under a County resolution that can be amended by the BOCC. Retirees with at least ten years of service who do not qualify for coverage to be paid by the County pay monthly for themselves at the County group rate. Dependent coverage is also paid monthly at the County's group rates. For retirees that qualify for coverage to be paid by the County, the monthly rates for healthcare are:

Health Insurance - Retirees with 20 or more Years of Service

Retiree Only	\$ -
Retiree & Children	574
Retiree & Spouse	857
Retiree & Family	1,553

For retirees with at least ten years of service who are not eligible for cost coverage by the County, the monthly rates for healthcare are:

Health Insurance - Retirees with less than 20 years of Service

Retiree Only	\$ 895
Retiree & Children	1,469
Retiree & Spouse	1,752
Retiree & Family	2,447

Retirees can participate in the County's dental plan at the County's group rates for themselves and dependents. The monthly cost of coverage is:

**Dental Insurance** 

Retiree Only	\$ 53
Retiree & Children	111
Retiree & Spouse	120
Retiree & Family	151

June 30, 2023

### H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

Retirees can also participate in the County's vision plan at the County's group rates for themselves and dependents. The monthly rates are:

#### **Vision Insurance**

Retiree Only	\$ 9
Retiree & Children	16
Retiree & Spouse	15
Retiree & Family	24

In addition, all employees with ten or more years of service will receive a death benefit in the amount of \$10,000 at no cost to the retiree.

Retired Employees' Years	Date Hired		
of Continuous Service	Prior to July 1, 2006	On or after July 1, 2006	
10 to 19 Years of Continuous Service	A death benefit in the amount of \$10,000.	A death benefit in the amount of \$10,000.	
20 to 24 Years of Continuous Service	County pays full cost of retiree's medical insurance until they become Medicare-eligible. At that time such coverage is terminated and the County pays full cost of Medicare Supplement Policy.	A death benefit in the amount of \$10,000.	
Employees who are 60 with 25 Years or more of Continuous Service	County pays full cost of retiree's medical insurance until they become Medicare-eligible. At that time such coverage is terminated and the County pays full cost of Medicare Supplement Policy.  A death benefit in the amount of \$10,000.	County pays full cost of retiree's medical insurance until they become Medicare-eligible. At that time such coverage is terminated and the County pays full cost of Medicare Supplement Policy.  A death benefit in the amount of \$10,000.	
Employees with at least 30 or more Years of Continuous Service	County pays full cost of retiree's medical insurance until they become Medicare-eligible. At that time such coverage is terminated and the County pays full cost of Medicare Supplement Policy.  A death benefit in the amount of \$10,000.	County pays full cost of retiree's medical insurance until they become Medicare-eligible. At that time such coverage is terminated and the County pays full cost of Medicare Supplement Policy.  A death benefit in the amount of \$10,000.	

June 30, 2023

### H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

Funding Policy. For the current year, the County did not contribute to an irrevocable trust but rather set aside funding for the HCB Plan in the fund balance of the General Fund. The total committed fund balance for OPEB as of fiscal year end for the General Fund was \$72,406,791. The County at this time has chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The County's total OPEB liability of \$161,425,607 was measured as of June 30, 2022 and was determined based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. The total OPEB liability is based upon an actuarial valuation performed as of the valuation date, June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability as of the June 30, 2022 measurement date was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurements unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Real Wage Growth	0.75%
Wage Inflation	3.25%
Salary Increases, including Wage Inflation	
General Employees	3.25 to 8.41%
Firefighters	3.25 to 8.15%
Law Enforcement Officers	3.25 to 7.90%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Prior Measurement Date	2.16%
Measurement Date	3.54%
Healthcare Cost Trends	
Pre-Medicare	7.00% *
Medicare	5.125% *

<sup>\*</sup>Listed rate is for 2022, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2032 for Pre-Medicare and 2025 for Medicare.

The County selected a Municipal Bond Index Rate Equal to the Bond Buyer 20-Year General Obligation Bond Index published at the last Thursday of June by The Bond Buyer, and the Municipal Bond Index Rate as of the measurement date as the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2019.

June 30, 2023

### H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

Demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2019, adopted by the LGERS Board.

The remaining actuarial assumptions used the June 30, 2022 valuation, which were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2022 valuation.

### **Changes in the Total OPEB Liability**

Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2021 Changes for the Year:	\$ 205,440,549
Service Cost at the End of the Year	7,189,102
Interest on Total OPEB Liability, service cost, and Cash Flows	4,550,953
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	(13,363,774)
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs	(38,495,649)
Net Benefit Payments	(3,895,574)
Net Changes	\$ (44,014,942)
Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2022	\$ 161,425,607

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower, 2.54%, or 1-percentage point higher, 4.54%, than the current discount rate, 3.54%:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	2.54%	3.54%	4.54%
<b>Total OPEB Liability</b>	\$ 189,986,573	\$ 161,425,607	\$ 138,937,040

June 30, 2023

### H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		
	<b>Pre-Medicare</b>	<b>Pre-Medicare</b>	<b>Pre-Medicare</b>		
	6.00%	7.00%	8.00%		
	Medicare 4.125%	Medicare 5.125%	Medicare 6.125%		
<b>Total OPEB Liability</b>	\$ 138,487,750	\$ 161,425,607	\$ 190,954,602		

# **OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB**

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$ 1,787,102. At June 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ -	\$	27,271,679	
Changes of Assumptions and Other Inputs	26,039,726		37,312,328	
Benefit Payments and Administrative Expenses				
Subsequent to the Measurement Date	4,479,951			
Total	\$ 30,519,677		\$ 64,584,007	

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June 30, 2023

### H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

\$4,479,951 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2022, will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Year	<b>Ended</b>	June	30:
--------------------	------	--------------	------	-----

2024	\$ (9,952,953)
2025	(7,571,765)
2026	(4,593,654)
2027	(5,982,606)
2028	(8,052,326)
Thereafter	(2,390,977)
	\$ (38,544,281)

### A. Other Employment Benefits

#### Death Benefit Plan

The County has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer State-administered cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to his/her death, but the benefit will be a minimum of \$25,000 and will not exceed \$50,000.

All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The County has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers.

Because the benefit payments are made by the Death Benefit Plan and not by the County, the County does not determine the number of eligible participants. Contributions to the Death Benefit

June 30, 2023

### H. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS (continued)

Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 the County made contributions to the State for death benefits of \$66,249. The County's required contributions for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers represented 0.04% and 0.14% of covered payroll, respectively. The net position of the Death Benefit Plan is not available for future benefit payments but will be used to reduce future contribution requirements.

#### Life Insurance Plan

The County provides paid life insurance to all full-time and part-time benefit eligible employees. The life insurance benefit amount is equal to the employee's annual salary on July 1st of the present fiscal year rounded to the next higher \$1,000. Employees can purchase additional amounts to increase the amount in equal increments from \$10,000 to \$500,000, amounts equal to \$150,000 or more may be subject to an earnings cap. Spousal and Domestic partner insurance can be purchased in the same increments, but may not exceed 100% of the employee amount. Life insurance amounts for dependent children can be purchased in amounts from \$2,500 to \$10,000 in \$2,500 increments. The cost of the County-provided life insurance over \$50,000 is considered a fringe benefit by the Internal Revenue Service and is taxable income to the employee based on a life insurance benefit table published by the Internal Revenue Service in Publication 15-B.

#### Accidental Death & Dismemberment Plan

The County provides paid accidental death & dismemberment insurance to all full-time and part-time benefit eligible employees. The AD&D benefit is equal to the employee's annual salary on July 1<sup>st</sup> of the present fiscal year rounded to the next higher \$1,000.

#### I. RISK MANAGEMENT

Durham County's risk management is a coordinated and ongoing effort to assess and respond to risks which affect the achievement of the County's Strategic Plan. This is achieved through risk identification, assessment, and mitigation strategies to protect the County employees, assets, and operations from loss. The County accounts for and finances the risks of loss in the General Fund.

Benefits Plan – The County has a partially self-funded benefits plan. The County funds a core plan (health, dental, vision, life insurance and dependent coverage). The County's health and dental are fully self-funded. The County reports claims expenditures and liabilities in the General Fund. During fiscal year 2023, a total of \$32,194,332 was incurred for benefits and administrative costs of the County's benefit plan. As of June 30, 2023, the incurred but not reported liability for health and dental was \$3,321,971.

June 30, 2023

### I. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The following is a reconciliation of changes in liabilities for self-insured claims from amounts reported June 30, 2021 to the current fiscal year ended June 30, 2023:

	Dental Claims	Health Claims	Total
Balance June 30, 2021	\$ 225,387	\$ 2,901,137	\$ 3,126,524
Claims reported and changes	in		
estimates for FY 2022	1,347,809	12,529,472	13,877,281
Claims paid in FY 2022	(1,792,526)	(18,498,187)	(20,290,713)
Balance June 30, 2022	219,330	3,067,578	3,286,908
Claims reported and changes	in		
estimates for FY 2023	1,524,151	12,132,045	13,656,196
Claims paid in FY 2023	(1,975,005)	(18,290,070)	(20,265,075)
Balance June 30, 2023	\$ 231,524	\$ 3,090,447	\$ 3,321,971

The County finances property and workers' compensation exposures using a combination of a deductible/retention and commercial excess insurance. Payments for claims have not exceeded appropriated funds in any of the past three fiscal years. Durham County maintains a committed fund balance for risk management.

In accordance with North Carolina General Statute 159-29, the County's Chief Financial Officer and Tax Collector are each individually bonded for \$250,000. In addition, the County's Sheriff and Register of Deeds are each individually bonded \$25,000 and \$50,000, respectively. All other employees, which includes those employees who have access to cash and inventory, are covered under a blanket bond in the amount of \$500,000

Durham County ABC Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Board has commercial property, general liability, auto liability, workers' compensation, data breach, flood, wind & hail, public officials liability/employment practice and employee health coverage. The Board also has liquor legal liability coverage. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and settlement claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. In accordance with G.S. 18B-700(I), each board member and the employees designated as the general manager and finance officer are bonded in the amount of \$50,000, secured by a corporate surety.

June 30, 2023

#### J. LITIGATION

The County follows the practice of recording liabilities resulting from claims and legal actions only when they become fixed or estimable in amount. There are currently legal actions against the County which are being vigorously defended, that are not fixed and cannot be estimated in amount; however, the County Attorney estimates that any potential liability resulting from this litigation would not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the County.

#### K. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

#### Triangle J Council of Governments

Durham County, in conjunction with five other counties and thirty municipalities, established the Triangle J Council of Governments ("Council"). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from Federal and State agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board. The County paid membership fees of \$67,241 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. There is no on-going financial interest or responsibility by the County.

#### **Triangle Transit Authority**

Durham County, in conjunction with other area local governments, is a member of the Research Triangle Regional Public Transportation Authority. Durham County appoints one member to the governing board and jointly appoints a second member with the City of Durham (the "City"). The Authority possesses final decision-making ability and is solely responsible for the management, budget, and fiscal operations of the Authority.

#### L. JOINT VENTURES WITHOUT EQUITY INTEREST

#### Durham and Wake Counties Research and Production Service District and Advisory Committee

The Durham and Wake Counties Research and Production Service District Advisory Committee is a special taxing district governed by a ten-member board of which the individuals must be recommended by the Research Triangle Park and Tenants Association. The function of the Board is to make recommendations to the County Commissioners concerning the budget and tax rate to be set for the Special District/Research Triangle Park area. The District is a joint venture of the two Boards of County Commissioners; however, the County does not have an equity interest in the District. The District may issue bonds or other obligations pursuant to the provisions of the Local Government Bond Act of the North Carolina General Statutes and is empowered to cause taxes to be levied upon all taxable property within its district in Durham and Wake Counties sufficient to meet financial obligations. The County does not approve the budget of the District, nor does the County control the collection or disbursement of District funds. Complete financial statements may be obtained at the Durham and Wake Counties Research and Production Service District Advisory Committee, Post Office Box 12255, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 27709.

June 30, 2023

### L. JOINT VENTURES WITHOUT EQUITY INTEREST (continued)

### Raleigh-Durham Airport Authority

The Raleigh-Durham Airport Authority is governed by a board appointed to plan and conduct the operations of the Raleigh-Durham International Airport (the "Airport Authority"). The eight-member governing body is jointly appointed by the City of Durham, City of Raleigh, County of Durham and County of Wake, with each member government appointing two members to the Airport Authority Board. The Airport Authority Board selects the management and determines the budget and financing requirements for airport operations. The County and other participating governments each appropriate \$12,500 annually to cover administration expenses incurred by the Airport Authority.

The participating governments have no equity interest in the joint venture, so no equity interest is reflected in the County's financial statements. Complete financial statements for the Airport Authority may be obtained from the airport's administrative offices at 1051 Cargo Drive, Raleigh, North Carolina 27623.

### **Durham Technical Community College**

Durham County provides funds to Durham Technical Community College, primarily for capital improvement and maintenance of facilities. In accordance with State law, the County appoints four of the thirteen Board of Trustee members. The County does not designate management or significantly influence operations, and the College is not accountable to the County for its fiscal matters beyond the County's appropriation to the College. The County's fiscal year 2023 appropriation of approximately \$11,164,565 to the College represents approximately 22.3% of its total current non-operating revenues, with the majority of funding being provided by the State of North Carolina Department of Community Colleges. In addition, the County contributed \$542,500 to capital outlay bringing the County's contribution to Durham Technical Community College capital outlay to 34.5%. The County does not have an equity interest in the joint venture; therefore, no equity interest has been reflected in the County's financial statements at June 30, 2023. Complete financial statements for the College may be obtained at their administrative offices at 1637 Lawson Street, Durham, North Carolina 27703.

#### M. JOINT VENTURES WITH EQUITY INTEREST

#### Durham Convention and Visitors Bureau

The Durham Convention and Visitors Bureau (the "Bureau") was established in fiscal year 1989 in conjunction with a County occupancy tax levy to promote and solicit business, conventions, meetings and tourism in Durham County. The governing body of the Bureau is an eleven-member Board of Directors with five members appointed by the City of Durham, five members appointed by the County of Durham and one member jointly appointed. Funding is derived from the occupancy tax levied upon the rental of rooms, lodging or similar accommodations. Monthly, the County is required to distribute to the Bureau a percentage of the tax collected. The Bureau is a joint venture between the County of Durham and the City of Durham with the County having a 57.5% equity interest and the City having a 42.5% equity interest.

June 30, 2023

### M. JOINT VENTURES WITH EQUITY INTEREST (continued)

The Durham County Board of Commissioners and the Durham City Council must approve the budget and all amendments.

At June 30, 2023, the County recorded an equity interest in the Bureau of \$1,083,800 which is included in the investment in joint venture in the statement of net position. Complete financial statements may be obtained at the administrative offices at 101 East Morgan Street, Durham, North Carolina 27701.

#### **Durham Civic Center Authority**

The Durham Civic Center Authority (the "Authority") is a joint venture established by the County and the City and is assigned such powers as necessary, reasonable and practicable for the operation and maintenance of the Civic Center Facility. The Authority consists of seven members who are appointed to three-year terms. Three members are appointed by the County and three members by the City with the seventh member being selected by the six members appointed by the County and City. The members elect from its membership a Chairman and Vice Chairman of the Authority.

Policies, procedures and fees related to the Civic Center operation are recommended by the Authority and approved by the County and City. Employees of the Authority are jointly appointed by the County and City Managers, and any employees so appointed are employees of the City. All budgeting and accounting of the Authority, including collection and disbursement of Authority funds, are a part of the budgeting and accounting system of the City.

On October 9, 1987, the County and City of Durham entered into agreements with a private developer to purchase an eighty-two thousand (82,000) square foot Civic Center. The County and City initially deposited \$17,300,000 (\$3,000,000 by the County and \$14,300,000 by the City) in escrow which together with interest earned was used to purchase the facility. As of June 30, 2006, the County had attained 50% equity interest in the Civic Center by the initial deposit of \$3,000,000 and additional equity purchases of \$8,089,177 per the agreement.

Therefore, the County has fulfilled its agreement regarding the Civic Center and no additional equity purchases are due.

In January 2004, the City of Durham refunded debt that included the Civic Center Authority's long-term debt. Therefore, the Civic Center Authority's long-term debt consists of \$1,110,123 in general obligation bonds issued by the City of Durham, maturing in varying installments from 1997 to 2008 with interest at 2.00% to 4.00%. The debt is being serviced from property tax revenues of the City and amounts for additional equity purchases made by the County. The County's net investment in the Authority is reported in the investment in joint venture in the statement of net position. At June 30, 2023, the County's equity interest in the Authority was \$7,852,097. The County also shares with the City in funding all costs arising out of the management, operation, maintenance and repair of the Civic Center. In 2023, the amount funded by the County was approximately \$458,000. Complete financial statements for the Authority may be obtained from the City of Durham's administrative offices at 101 City Hall Plaza, Durham, North Carolina 27701.

June 30, 2023

### M. JOINT VENTURES WITH EQUITY INTEREST (continued)

The total investment in joint venture for Durham County recorded in the statement of net position for governmental activities for the above two ventures at June 30, 2023 is \$8,935,897.

#### N. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

The County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations* effective December 31st, 2022. The statement improves reporting for Conduit Debt Obligations and the related note disclosures. However, the County did not have any Conduit Debt Obligations as defined by GASB 91 and there was no impact on these financial statements required.

The County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, for the current year. The statement improves the accounting and financial reporting for subscription agreements by requiring recognition of Information Technology Subscription assets and liabilities that previously were classified as operating expenses based on the understanding that subscriptions are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The statement also recognizes an inflow of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The statement requires recognition of a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset.

The County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 99, *Omnibus*, effective July 1, 2022. However, implementation did not have an effect impact on these financial statements.

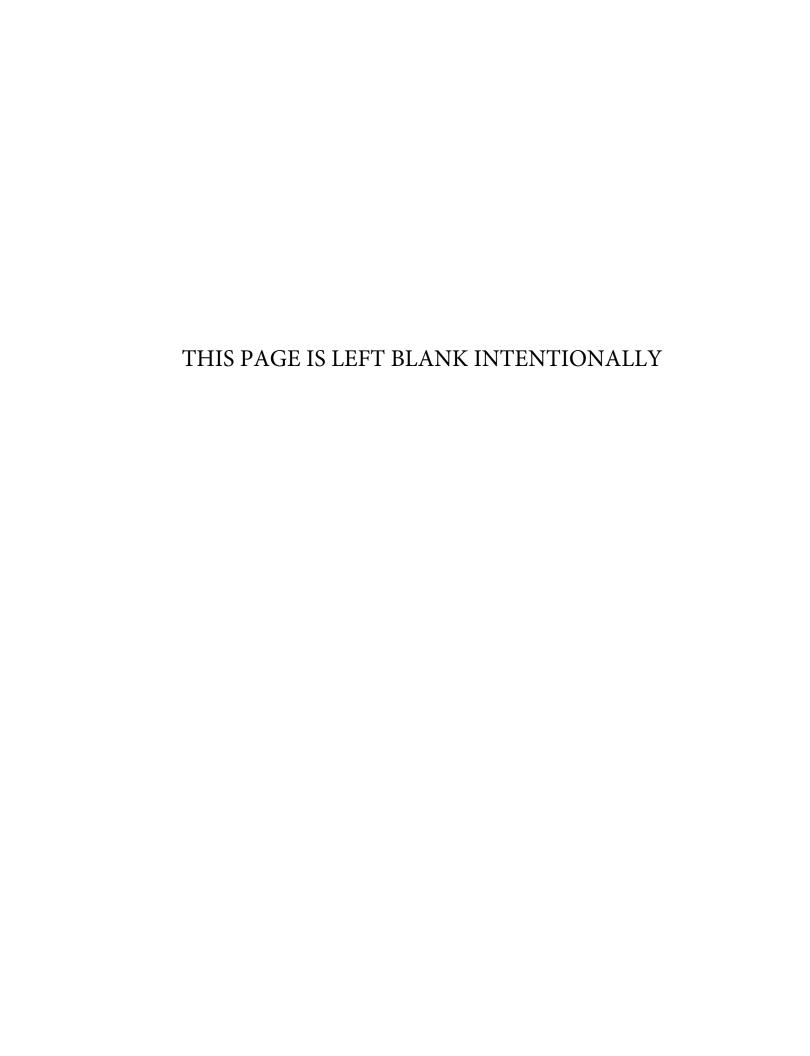
The County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships*, effective July 1, 2022. The statement improves reporting for Public-Private Partnerships and the related note disclosures. However, implementation did not have an effect on equity and no restatement is required.

#### O. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On August 3, 2023, the County issued \$45,980,000 in general obligation bonds to pay the outstanding balance of the August 2021 BANs and closed the draw-program. This exhausted the entire capacity authorized under the 2016 general obligation bond referendum.

On August 23, 2023, the County closed on the issuance of general obligation bond anticipation notes (BANs) in the amount of \$185,000,000 for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.

In connection with the preparation of these financial statements, the County has evaluated subsequent events through December 31, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (TAB)

#### Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
County's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	1.487%	1.545%	1.522%	1.520%	1.576%	1.552%	1.581%	1.503%	(1.430)%	1.397%
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 83,900,465	\$ 23,697,279	\$ 54,398,283	\$ 41,504,024	\$ 37,395,464	\$ 23,705,697	\$ 33,574,721	\$ 6,748,246	\$ (8,435,963)	\$ 16,834,393
County's Covered Payroll	\$ 117,891,133	\$ 114,415,107	\$ 110,735,269	\$ 105,137,402	\$ 93,103,342	\$ 97,510,119	\$ 97,483,272	\$ 89,938,408	\$ 84,777,497	\$ 80,776,038
County's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	71.17%	20.71%	49.12%	39.48%	40.17%	24.31%	34.44%	7.50%	(9.95)%	20.84%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)	84.14%	95.51%	88.61%	90.86%	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

### Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System Schedule of the County's Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 16,143,247	\$ 13,503,999	\$ 11,742,724	\$ 10,019,489	\$ 8,217,794	\$ 7,905,425	\$ 7,204,103	\$ 6,610,387	\$ 6,377,809	\$ 6,003,706
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	16,143,247 \$ -	13,503,999	11,742,724 \$ -	10,019,489	8,217,794 \$ -	7,905,425	7,204,103	6,610,387 \$ -	6,377,809	6,003,706
County's Covered Payroll	\$ 132,003,950	\$ 117,891,133	\$ 114,415,107	\$ 110,735,269	\$ 105,137,402	\$ 93,103,342	\$ 97,510,119	\$ 97,483,272	\$ 89,938,408	\$ 84,777,497
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	12.23%	11.45%	10.26%	9.05%	7.82%	8.49%	7.39%	6.78%	7.09%	7.08%

### Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Last Ten Fiscal Years\*

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
County's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) %	3.196%	3.456%	4.505%	3.780%	3.082%	3.134%	3.113%	3.014%	2.897%	2.772%
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (423,132)	\$ (663,997)	\$ (1,032,410)	\$ (745,996)	\$ (510,441)	\$ (535,035)	\$ (581,930)	\$ (698,462)	\$ (656,716)	\$ (592,253)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)	139.04%	156.53%	173.62%	164.11%	153.31%	153.77%	160.17%	197.29%	193.88%	190.50%

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

Note to Schedule: Contributions to the RODSPF plan are not based on a measurement of pay, therefore no payroll measurements are presented.

### Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund Schedule of the County's Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 28,054	\$ 36,637	\$ 38,321	\$ 46,289	\$ 35,914	\$ 26,373	\$ 27,235	\$ 25,427	\$ 24,117	\$ 23,656
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	28,054	36,637	38,321	46,289	35,914	26,373	27,235	25,427	24,117	23,656
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Note to Schedule: Contributions to the RODSPF plan are not based on a measurement of pay, therefore no payroll measurements are presented.

### Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Last Seven Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	_	2021	2020	2019	2018	_	2017
Beginning Balance	\$ 10,123,540	\$ 10,182,265	\$	6,842,207	\$ 6,248,325	\$ 6,452,405	\$ 6,214,839	\$	6,160,911
Service Cost	408,552	463,953		292,259	251,631	270,911	236,502		241,762
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	220,090	190,827		215,088	218,714	197,743	228,799		213,538
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience in the Measurement of the									
Total Pension Liability	100,416	122,058		621,465	412,107	(54,529)	(117,655)		-
Changes of Assumptions and Other Inputs	(1,400,188)	(245,875)		2,700,061	190,850	(228,803)	374,725		(132,489)
Benefit Payments	(683,544)	(589,688)		(488,815)	(479,420)	(389,402)	(394,805)		(358,883)
Ending Balance of the Total Pension Liability	\$ 8,768,866	\$ 10,123,540	\$	10,182,265	\$ 6,842,207	\$ 6,248,325	\$ 6,542,405	\$	6,124,839

Information not available for years prior to 2017. Ten years will be presented when ten years of information are available.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior December 31.

Durham County has no assets accumulatedin a trust that meets the criteria of GAAP to pay related benefits.

### Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedule of the Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Last Seven Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total Pension Liability	\$ 8,768,866	\$ 10,123,540	\$ 10,182,265	\$ 6,842,207	\$ 6,248,325	\$ 6,452,405	\$ 6,124,839
Covered Payroll	10,834,646	11,482,482	11,398,113	10,421,911	10,206,729	10,102,994	9,604,677
Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	80.93%	88.17%	89.33%	65.65%	61.22%	63.87%	63.77%

Information not available for years prior to 2017. Ten years will be presented when ten years of information are available.

The County has no assets accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria of GAAP.

# Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability Last Six Fiscal Years\*

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Beginning Balance	\$ 205,440,549	\$ 195,593,637	\$ 173,238,390	\$ 155,156,262	\$ 168,664,542	\$ 177,636,687
Service Cost	7,189,102	7,179,886	5,754,256	5,134,773	5,738,411	6,568,857
Interest	4,550,953	4,438,909	6,197,657	5,968,815	5,939,151	5,302,656
Differences between Expected and Actual	(42.262.774)	(550.911)	(20.204.700)	(221.940)	(12 621 775)	(216 742)
Experience	(13,363,774)	(550,811)	(20,384,708)	(231,840)	(13,631,775)	(316,743)
Changes of Assumptions	(38,495,649)	2,635,824	34,654,749	10,676,002	(7,852,805)	(17,567,533)
Benefit Payments	(3,895,574)	(3,856,896)	(3,866,707)	(3,465,622)	(3,701,262)	(2,959,382)
Ending Balance of Total OPEB Liability	\$ 161,425,607	\$ 205,440,549	\$ 195,593,637	\$ 173,238,390	\$ 155,156,262	\$ 168,664,542
Discount Rate**	3.54%	2.16%	2.21%	3.50%	3.89%	3.56%

<sup>\*</sup>Information not available for years prior to 2018. Ten years will be presented when ten years of information are available.

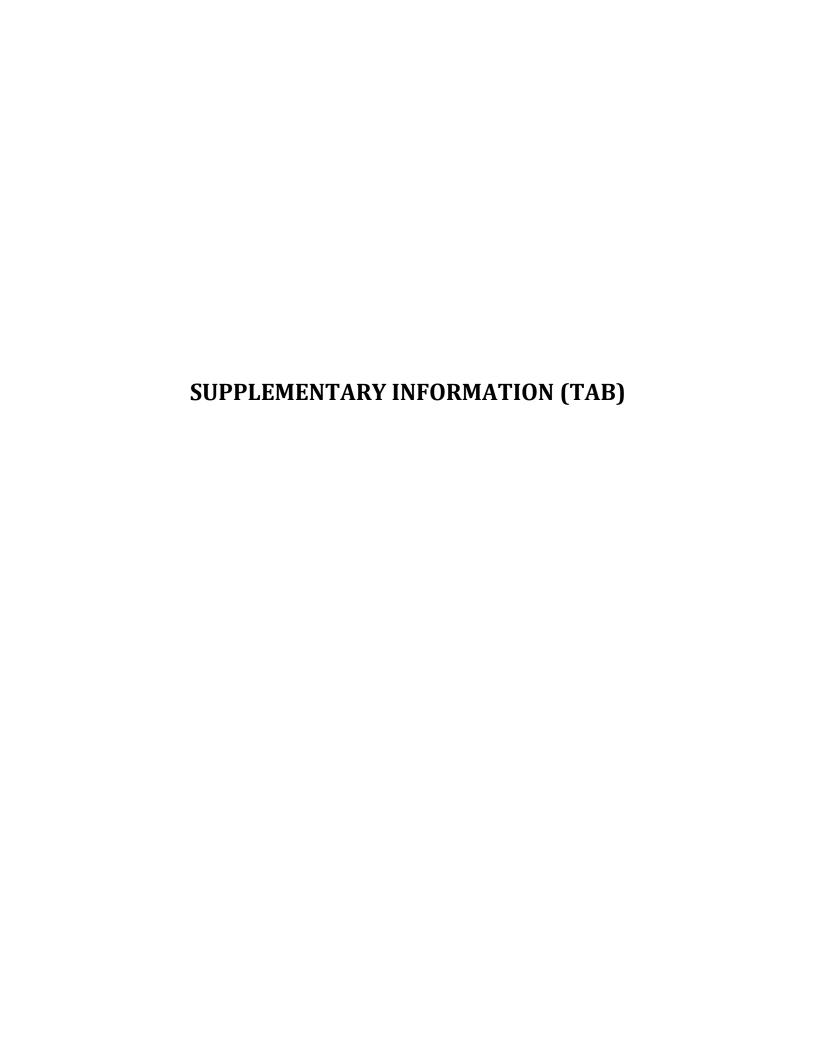
Note to Schedule: Contributions to the County's OPEB plan are not based on a measurement of pay, therefore no payroll measurements are presented.

The County has no assets accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria of GASB codification page 22.101 or page 52.101 to pay related benefits.

<sup>\*\*</sup>The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Changes of assumptions reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate for each period.





# COMBINING and INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS and SCHEDULES

#### **MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

American Rescue Plan Act – to account for and report financial resources that are kept in a special revenue fund. ARPA revenues are unearned revenue until the Board determines their use. Once the use is determined the funds are transferred to the appropriate fund before being expended.

**Debt Service Fund** – to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned for principal and interest related costs for all general long-term debt other than debt issued for and serviced by proprietary funds.

Capital Projects Fund – to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlays, including the acquisition, construction or improvement of major capital facilities and other capital assets other than those financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.



#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - American Rescue Plan Act Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget							Positive (Negative)
	Origina	ıl		Final	Actual			Variance
Revenues								
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	-	\$	62,445,275	\$	50,875	\$	(62,394,400)
Charges for services				-		-		
Total revenues				62,445,275		50,875		(62,394,400)
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government				4,970,000		50,875		4,919,125
Total expenditures				4,970,000		50,875		4,919,125
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures				57,475,275		-		(57,475,275)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Appropriated fund balance		-		62,394,400		-		(62,394,400)
Total other financing sources (uses)				62,394,400		-		(62,394,400)
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$	119,869,675		-	\$	(119,869,675)
Fund balance - beginning						-		
Fund balance - ending					\$		ı	

The notes to the finanical statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - Debt Service Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Buc	dget			Positive (Negative)
	 Original		Final	Actual	 Variance
Revenues					
Investments	\$ -	\$	225,881	\$ 822,317	\$ 596,436
Intergovernmental revenues	225,881		-	-	-
Charges for services	 500,000		500,000	 494,039	(5,961)
Total revenues	 725,881		725,881	 1,316,356	 590,475
Expenditures					
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	52,918,927		52,918,927	37,131,381	15,787,546
Interest and fiscal charges	23,090,710		23,090,710	20,333,838	2,756,872
Debt issuance costs	 -		1,140,927	 1,567,111	(426,184)
Total expenditures	 76,009,637		77,150,564	59,032,330	18,118,234
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	 (75,283,756)		(76,424,683)	 (57,715,974)	 18,708,709
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	75,071,803		105,368,681	105,368,681	-
Transfers out	-		(2,300,000)	(2,300,000)	-
Premium on issuance of refinancing	-		26,796,243	26,796,243	-
Issuance of refunding bonds	-		192,465,000	192,465,000	-
Payment to refunded debt escrow agent	-		(218,120,316)	(218,120,316)	-
Appropriated fund balance	 211,953		2,511,953	 -	 (2,511,953)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 75,283,756		106,721,561	104,209,608	(2,511,953)
Net change in fund balances	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	30,296,878	46,493,634	\$ 16,196,756
Fund balance - beginning				35,629,482	
Fund balance - ending				\$ 82,123,116	

The notes to the finanical statements are an integral part of this statement.

# Schedule of Expenditures Compared with Project Authorizations Capital Projects Fund

From Project Inception and for the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023

PROJECT   YEAR		EXPE	ENDITURES		
Durham Public School Projects   \$ 88,753.488   \$ 168,127.441   \$ 257,880,899   \$ 549,   Museum Exhibit Upgrades and Maintenance   871,977   2,191,499   3,063,643   Museum Classrooms Expansion   871,977   2,191,499   3,063,476   Museum New Parking Deck   124,455   6,975,545   7,100,000   New Youth Horne   19,366,587   4,838,489   24,195,055   7,   Museum Remy Plaza and Lobby Renovation   269,338   578,883   848,231   Elections Equipment   269,338   578,883   848,231   Elections Equipment Replacement   269,338   578,883   848,231   Elections Equipment Replacement   269,338   578,883   848,231   Ongoing Parking Resurfacing Project   467,027   1,247,418   1,704,445   Ongoing HVAC Replacement Project   319,825   2,702,635   3,022,460   1,   County Building Envelope Upgrade   1,675,904   317,624   1,993,528   1,   Cleased) Convenience Center Site Upgrades   483,663   3,558,284   4,018,447   Redwood Convenience Center Site Upgrades   30,992   63,483   94,475   County Security Improvements   766,325   990,304   1,736,629   County Security Improvements   766,325   990,304   1,736,629   Copen Space/Familand Preservation   61,500   7,518,667   7,535,167   6,   Dentention Center Renovations   3,055   4,583,999   4,584,154   Main Library Upgrade   8,113   47,629,546   47,637,659   BOPC Chambers AV Upgrade   3,486   224,456   Ballolium Rack Naw Hope   - 222,290   222,290   DOC Chambers AV Upgrade   3,085   4,583,999   3,333,995   BORG Replacement   301,586   2,889,219   3,170,809   BORG Chambers AV Upgrade   3,486   2,186,619   BORG Replacement   50,487,899   3,156,331   BORG Replacement   301,586   2,889,219   3,170,809   BORG Chambers AV Upgrade   3,486   4,180,998   3,159,351   BORG Replacement   4,714,436   19,427,008   4,181,191   BORS ALIA INTERVALED REPLACEMENT   4,191,191   4,199,199,199   BORG	PROJECT				REMAINING COMMITMENT
Museum Exhibit Upgrades and Maintenance         109.553         1,943,990         2,053,543           Museum Entry Plaza and Lobby Renovation         899,136         920,506         1,819,642           Museum Parking Deck         124,455         6,975,545         7,100,000           New Youth Home         19,356,587         4,838,469         24,195,055         7,           EMS Equipment Replacement         2,771,664         2,771,663         1,           Elections Equipment Replacement         450,338         578,893         848,231           Orgoing PArKing Resurfacing Project         457,027         1,247,418         1,704,445           Orgoing PARK Resurfacing Project         319,825         2,702,555         3,224,60         1,           County Building Envelope Upgrade         559,33         1,611,868         1,657,801         1,           Cleased) Convenience Center Site Upgrades         493,563         3,558,284         4,051,847           Cleased) Convenience Center Site Upgrades         30,992         3,483         94,475           Durham County Stadium Cap Improvements         546,707         2,388,181         2,914,888           County Security Improvements         756,325         980,304         1,756,292           Open Space/Farmland Preservation         16,500 <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		_			
Museum Classrooms Expansion         871,977         2,191,499         3,063,476           Museum New Parking Deck         124,455         6,975,545         7,100,000           New Youth Home         19,366,587         4,838,469         24,195,055         7,100,000           EMS Equipment Replacement         2,771,664         2,771,663         1,           Elections Equipment Replacement         209,338         578,883         848,231           Ongoing Parking Resulfacing Project         457,027         1,247,418         1,704,445           Ongoing Parking Resulfacing Project         319,825         2,702,635         3,022,460         1,           Ongoing Parking Envelope Upgrade         55,933         1,601,688         1657,801         1,           Stanford L. Warren Library Upgrade         1,675,904         317,624         1,993,528         1,           (Leased) Corvenience Center Site Upgrades         493,563         3,558,224         4051,847           Redwood Convenience Center Site Upgrades         30,992         63,483         94,475           Durham County Stadium Cap Improvements         766,325         980,304         1,736,629           Open Space/Farmiand Preservation         16,500         7,518,667         7,555,167         6           EMS Station #1 Renov	Museum Exhibit Upgrades and Maintenance			2,053,543	-
Museum New Parking Deck   124,455   6,975,545   7,100,000	. •	871,977	2,191,499	3,063,476	31,046
Museum New Parking Deck   124,455   6,975,545   7,100,000	Museum Entry Plaza and Lobby Renovation	899,136	920,506	1,819,642	-
New Youth Home		124,455	6,975,545	7,100,000	-
EMS Equipment Replacement					7,910,026
Elections Equipment   269,338   578,893   848,231   Nongoing Parking Resurfacing Project   457,027   1,247,418   1,704,445   Nongoing Parking Resurfacing Project   319,825   2,702,635   3,022,460   1, County Building Envelope Upgrade   55,933   1,601,868   1,657,801   1, 1,933,528   1, 1,675,801   1, 1,675,904   317,624   1,933,528   1, 1,675,801   1, 1,675,904   317,624   1,933,528   1, 1,675,801   1, 1,752,755   1,511,8116   1,675,801   1, 1,752,755   1,511,8116   1,575,904   3,752,228   1, 1,675,801   1, 1,756,209   1,366,2	EMS Equipment Replacement				1,578,337
Ongoing Parking Resurfacing Project         457,027         1,247,418         1,704,445           Ongoing HVAC Replacement Project         319,825         2,702,635         3,022,460         1,           County Building Envelope Upgrade         1,55,933         1,601,868         1,657,801         1,           Stanford L. Warren Library Upgrade         1,675,904         317,624         1,993,528         1,           Redwood Convenience Center Site Upgrades         30,992         63,483         94,475           Burham County Stadium Cap Improvements         56,707         2,388,181         2,914,888           County Security Improvements         766,325         990,304         1,736,829           Open Space/Farmland Preservation         16,500         7,518,667         7,535,167         6,           Dentention Center Renovations         -         234,456         234,456         234,456           EMS Station #1 Renovations         3,055         4,583,999         4,586,154           Main Library Upgrade         8,113         47,629,564         47,637,659           Hollow Rock/New Hope         -         222,290         222,290           BOCC Chambers AV Upgrade         3,685         379,539         383,395           Sheriff Firing Range and Renovations         235,	·	269.338			11,769
Ongoing HVAC Replacement Project         319,825         2,702,635         3,022,460         1, county Building Envelope Upgrade         55,933         1,601,868         1,657,801         1, 5tanford L. Warren Library Upgrade         1,675,904         317,624         1,993,528         1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	·		·	·	940,657
County Building Envelope Upgrade         55,933         1,601,868         1,677,801         1, 1,993,528         1, 1, 1,993,528         1, 1, 1,993,528         1, 1, 1,993,528         1, 1, 1,993,528         1, 1, 1,993,528         1, 1, 1,993,528         1,194,528         2, 1,983,528         1, 1,993,528         1, 1,993,528         1, 1,993,528         1, 1,983,528         1, 1,983,528         1, 1,983,528         1, 1,983,528         1, 1,983,528         1, 1,983,528         1, 1,983,528         1, 1,983,528         1, 1,983,528         1, 1,983,528         1, 1,983,528         1, 1,983,528         1, 1,983,528         1, 1,983,528         1, 1,983,528         1, 1,983,528         1, 1,983,528         1, 1,983,528         1, 1,983,528	0 0 0 ,	·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,007,255
Stanford L. Warren Library Upgrade   1,675,904   317,624   1,993,528   1,	. ,			1.657.801	1,854,911
(Leased) Convenience Center Site Upgrades         493,563         3,585,284         4,051,847           Redwood Convenience Center Site Upgrades         30,992         63,483         94,475           Durham County Stadium Cap Improvements         756,325         980,304         1,736,629           Open Space/Farmland Preservation         16,500         7,518,667         7,535,167         6,           Dentention Center Renovations         -         234,456         234,456         234,456           EMS Station #1 Renovations         3,055         4,583,099         4,586,154         46,600           Main Library Upgrade         8,113         47,629,546         47,637,659         46,600           BOCC Chambers AV Upgrade         3,856         379,539         383,395         383,395         383,395           Sheriff Firing Range and Renovations         235,335         685,795         921,130         92,1130         92,1130         92,1130         92,1130         93,000         93,000         93,170,805         93,170,805         93,170,805         94,130         93,170,805         94,130         93,170,805         94,130         93,170,805         94,130         93,170,805         94,130         93,170,805         94,130         93,170,805         94,130         94,170,809         94,11		· ·	, ,		1,479,718
Redwood Convenience Center Site Upgrades   30,992   63,483   94,475   2014	, . <del>.</del>		·		614,043
Durham County Stadium Cap Improvements         546,707         2,368,181         2,914,888           County Security Improvements         756,325         980,304         1,736,629           Open Space/Farmland Preservation         16,500         7,518,667         7,535,167         6,           Dentention Center Renovations         -         234,456         234,456           EMS Station #I Renovations         3,055         4,583,099         4,586,154           Main Library Upgrade         8,113         47,629,546         47,637,659           Hollow Rock/New Hope         -         222,290         222,290           BOCC Chambers AV Upgrade         3,856         379,539         383,395           Sheriff Firing Range and Renovations         235,335         685,795         921,130           Ongoing Roof Replacement         30,586         2,889,996         391,780           20 IT Hardware Upgrade         -         389,896         389,896           HUKE Fiber Project         523,959         310,560         334,519           EMS Land Acquisition         -         6,100         6,100           Administration Building Refurbish         365,361         14,752,755         15,118,116           LCHC Phase II Renovation Project         3,928	, ,				660,143
County Security Improvements         756,325         980,304         1,736,629           Open Space/Farmland Preservation         16,500         7,518,667         7,535,167         6, Dentention Center Renovations         -         234,456         234,456           EMS Station #1 Renovations         3,055         4,583,099         4,586,154         47,637,659           Main Library Uggrade         8,113         47,629,546         47,637,659           Hollow Rock/New Hope         -         222,290         222,290           BOCC Chambers AV Upgrade         3,856         379,539         383,395           Sheriff Firing Range and Renovations         235,335         685,795         92,130           Ongoing Rof Replacement         301,586         2,689,219         3,170,805           20 IT Hardware Upgrade         -         389,986         389,986           Duke Fiber Project         523,959         310,560         834,519           EMS Land Acquisition         -         6,100         6,100           Administration Building Refurbish         365,361         14,752,755         15,118,116           LCHC Phase IR Renovation Project         3,928         1,557,423         1,561,351           Public Safety and Service Complex         38,754         18,792		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	•	400,050
Open Space/Farmland Preservation         16,500         7,518,667         7,535,167         6, Dentention Center Renovations         -         234,456         234,456         234,456         EMS Station #1 Renovations         3,055         4,583,099         4,586,154         4,583,099         4,586,154         4,583,099         4,586,154         4,583,099         4,586,154         4,583,099         4,586,154         4,583,099         4,586,154         4,583,099         4,586,154         4,583,059         4,586,154         4,583,059         4,586,158         4,586,154         4,7837,659         4,681,059         4,687,659         4,617,688         4,687,659         4,617,688         4,687,659         4,617,688         4,687,659         4,617,688         4,687,659         4,617,688         4,687,659         4,687,699         4,687,699		·			452,099
Dentention Center Renovations         -         234,456         234,456           EMS Station #1 Renovations         3,055         4,583,099         4,586,154           Main Library Upgrade         8,113         47,629,546         47,637,659           Hollow Rock/New Hope         -         222,290         222,290           BOCC Chambers AV Upgrade         3,856         379,539         383,395           Sheriff Firing Range and Renovations         235,335         685,795         921,130           Ongoing Roof Replacement         301,586         2,869,219         3,170,805           20 IT Hardware Upgrade         3,048         2,126,661         2,129,699           HCM SAP Software Upgrade         523,959         310,560         834,519           EMS Land Acquisition         -         6,100         6,100           CMF Iber Project         523,959         310,560         834,519           EMS Land Acquisition         -         6,610         6,100           Alliance Backfill Renovation Project         3,928         1,557,423         1,561,351           LCHC Phase II Renovation Project         3,928         1,557,423         1,561,351           Judicial Annex Building Renovation         7,310         4,610,788         4,618,098 <td></td> <td></td> <td>·</td> <td></td> <td>6,279,353</td>			·		6,279,353
EMS Station #1 Renovations         3,055         4,583,099         4,586,154           Main Library Upgrade         8,113         47,629,546         47,637,659           Hollow Rock/New Hope         -         222,290         222,290           BOCC Chambers AV Upgrade         3,856         379,539         383,395           Sheriff Firing Range and Renovations         235,335         685,795         921,130           Ongoing Roof Replacement         301,586         2,892,19         3,170,805           20 IT Hardware Upgrade         3,048         2,126,651         2,129,699           HCM SAP Software Upgrade         -         389,886         389,996           DUKe Fiber Project         523,959         310,560         884,519           EMS Land Acquisition         -         6,100         6,100           Administration Building Refurbish         365,361         14,752,755         15,118,116           LCHC Phase II Renovation Project         3,928         1,557,423         1,561,351           Public Safety and Service Complex         38,754         18,792         57,546           Snow Hill Road Pump Station         488,705         16,632,170         17,120,875         13,           Judicial Annex Building Renovation         7,310         4,	• •	10,000	, ,		48,352
Main Library Upgrade         8,113         47,629,546         47,637,659           Hollow Rock/New Hope         -         222,290         222,290           BOCC Chambers AV Upgrade         3,856         379,539         383,395           Sheriff Firing Range and Renovations         235,335         685,795         921,130           Ongoing Roof Replacement         301,586         2,869,219         3,170,805           20 IT Hardware Upgrade         3,048         2,126,651         2,129,699           HCM SAP Software Upgrade         -         389,896         389,896           Duke Fiber Project         523,959         310,560         834,519           EMS Land Acquisition         -         6,100         6,100           Administration Building Refurbish         365,361         14,752,755         15,118,116           LCHC Phase II Renovations         6,679         2,247,419         2,254,098           Alliance Backfill Renovation Project         3,928         1,557,423         1,561,351           Public Safety and Service Complex         38,754         18,792         57,546           Snow Hill Road Pump Station         488,705         16,632,170         17,120,875         13,           Judicial Annex Building Renovation         7,310 <t< td=""><td></td><td>3 055</td><td></td><td></td><td>400,530</td></t<>		3 055			400,530
Hollow Rock/New Hope   3,856   379,539   383,395   Sheriff Firing Range and Renovations   235,335   685,795   921,130   Sheriff Firing Range and Renovations   235,335   3,889,896   Sheriff Firing Range and Renovations   239,959   310,560   834,519   Sheriff Firing Range and Acquisition   6,100					123,631
BOCC Chambers AV Upgrade   3,856   379,539   383,395   Sheriff Firing Range and Renovations   235,335   685,795   921,130	, 10	0,113		· ·	443,647
Sheriff Firing Range and Renovations         235,335         685,795         921,130           Ongoing Roof Replacement         301,586         2,869,219         3,170,805           20 IT Hardware Upgrade         3,048         2,126,651         2,129,699           HCM SAP Software Upgrade         -         389,896         389,896           Duke Fiber Project         523,959         310,560         834,519           EMS Land Acquisition         -         6,100         6,100           Administration Building Refurbish         365,361         14,752,755         15,118,116           LCHC Phase II Renovations         6,679         2,247,419         2,254,098           Alliance Backfill Renovation Project         3,928         1,557,423         1,561,351           Public Safety and Service Complex         38,754         18,792         57,546           Snow Hill Road Pump Station         488,705         16,632,170         17,120,875         13,           Judicial Annex Building Renovation         7,310         4,610,788         4,618,098           300 Block E Main Redevelopment         4,714,436         19,427,008         24,141,444           500 Block E Main Redevelopment         12,774,762         1,921,938         14,696,700         19,	·	3 856	·	,	33,799
Ongoing Roof Replacement         301,586         2,869,219         3,170,805           20 IT Hardware Upgrade         3,048         2,126,651         2,129,699           HCM SAP Software Upgrade         -         388,896         389,896           Duke Fiber Project         523,959         310,560         834,519           EMS Land Acquisition         -         6,100         6,100           Administration Building Refurbish         365,361         14,752,755         15,118,116           LCHC Phase II Renovations         6,679         2,247,419         2,254,098           Alliance Backfill Renovation Project         3,928         1,557,423         1,561,351           Public Safety and Service Complex         38,754         18,792         57,546           Snow Hill Road Pump Station         488,705         16,632,170         17,120,875         13,           Judicial Annex Building Renovation         7,310         4,610,788         4,618,098           300 Block E Main Redevelopment         4,714,436         19,427,008         24,141,444           500 Block E Main Redevelopment         5,088,758         14,911,241         19,999,999           DSS Main Street Renovation         -         232,912         232,912           Detention Center Window Replacement </td <td>· ·</td> <td></td> <td>·</td> <td>·</td> <td>333,478</td>	· ·		·	·	333,478
20 IT Hardware Upgrade         3,048         2,126,651         2,129,699           HCM SAP Software Upgrade         -         389,896         389,896           Duke Fiber Project         523,959         310,560         834,519           EMS Land Acquisition         -         6,100         6,100           Administration Building Refurbish         365,361         14,752,755         15,118,116           LCHC Phase II Renovation Project         3,928         1,557,423         1,561,351           Public Safety and Service Complex         38,754         18,792         57,546           Snow Hill Road Pump Station         488,705         16,632,170         17,120,875         13,           Judicial Annex Building Renovation         7,310         4,610,788         4,618,098           300 Block E Main Redevelopment         4,714,436         19,427,008         24,141,444           500 Block E Main Redevelopment         12,774,762         1,921,938         14,696,700         19,           Research Triangle Foundation         5,088,758         14,911,241         19,999,999         19           DSS Main Street Renovation         -         232,912         232,912         232,912           Detention Center Window Replacement         591,465         6,086         653,5			·	·	288,613
HCM SAP Software Upgrade			' '		200,013
Duke Fiber Project         523,959         310,560         834,519           EMS Land Acquisition         - 6,100         6,100           Administration Building Refurbish         365,361         14,752,755         15,118,116           LCHC Phase II Renovations         6,679         2,247,419         2,254,098           Alliance Backfill Renovation Project         3,928         1,557,423         1,561,351           Public Safety and Service Complex         38,754         18,792         57,546           Snow Hill Road Pump Station         488,705         16,632,170         17,120,875         13,           Judicial Annex Building Renovation         7,310         4,610,788         4,618,098           300 Block E Main Redevelopment         12,774,762         1,921,938         14,696,700         19,           Research Triangle Foundation         5,088,758         14,911,241         19,999,999         19,           DSS Main Street Renovation         -         232,912         232,912         222,912           Detention Center Window Replacement         591,465         62,086         653,551         2,           Body Worn Camera Project         274,436         899,086         1,173,522         1           Tax Dept Software Replacement Project         300,882	. 0	3,040		· · ·	-
EMS Land Acquisition         -         6,100         6,100           Administration Building Refurbish         365,361         14,752,755         15,118,116           LCHC Phase II Renovations         6,679         2,247,419         2,254,098           Alliance Backfill Renovation Project         3,928         1,557,423         1,561,351           Public Safety and Service Complex         38,754         18,792         57,546           Snow Hill Road Pump Station         488,705         16,632,170         17,120,875         13,           Judicial Annex Building Renovation         7,310         4,610,788         4,618,098         3           300 Block E Main Redevelopment         4,714,436         19,427,008         24,141,444         500 Block E Main Redevelopment         12,774,762         1,921,938         14,696,700         19,           Research Triangle Foundation         5,088,758         14,911,241         19,999,999         19,           DSS Main Street Renovation         -         232,912         232,912         232,912         2           Detention Center Window Replacement         591,465         62,086         653,551         2,           Body Worn Camera Project         274,436         899,086         1,173,522         3           Tax Dept Softwar	· •	- 	·	·	-
Administration Building Refurbish         365,361         14,752,755         15,118,116           LCHC Phase II Renovations         6,679         2,247,419         2,254,098           Alliance Backfill Renovation Project         3,928         1,557,423         1,561,351           Public Safety and Service Complex         38,754         18,792         57,546           Snow Hill Road Pump Station         488,705         16,632,170         17,120,875         13,           Judicial Annex Building Renovation         7,310         4,610,788         4,618,098           300 Block E Main Redevelopment         4,714,436         19,427,008         24,141,444           500 Block E Main Redevelopment         12,774,762         1,921,938         14,696,700         19,           Research Triangle Foundation         5,088,758         14,911,241         19,999,999         19,           DSS Main Street Renovation         -         232,912         232,912         232,912           Detention Center Window Replacement         591,465         62,086         653,551         2,           Body Worn Camera Project         274,436         899,086         1,173,522         1           Tax Dept Software Replacement         1,102,213         210,000         1,312,213           Sheriff IT L	•	523,959	·	·	689,646
LCHC Phase II Renovations         6,679         2,247,419         2,254,098           Alliance Backfill Renovation Project         3,928         1,557,423         1,561,351           Public Safety and Service Complex         38,754         18,792         57,546           Snow Hill Road Pump Station         488,705         16,632,170         17,120,875         13,           Judicial Annex Building Renovation         7,310         4,610,788         4,618,098           300 Block E Main Redevelopment         4,714,436         19,427,008         24,141,444           500 Block E Main Redevelopment         12,774,762         1,921,938         14,696,700         19,           Research Triangle Foundation         5,088,758         14,911,241         19,999,999         19           DSS Main Street Renovation         -         232,912         232,912         232,912         232,912         22,912         202,912         2	•	205 204		·	293,900
Alliance Backfill Renovation Project       3,928       1,557,423       1,561,351         Public Safety and Service Complex       38,754       18,792       57,546         Snow Hill Road Pump Station       488,705       16,632,170       17,120,875       13,         Judicial Annex Building Renovation       7,310       4,610,788       4,618,098         300 Block E Main Redevelopment       4,714,436       19,427,008       24,141,444         500 Block E Main Redevelopment       12,774,762       1,921,938       14,696,700       19,         Research Triangle Foundation       5,088,758       14,911,241       19,999,999       19,         Research Triangle Foundation       591,465       62,086       653,551       2,         Detention Center Window Replacement       591,465       62,086       653,551       2,         Body Worn Camera Project       274,436       899,086       1,173,522       1,         Tax Dept Software Replacement       1,102,213       210,000       1,312,213         Sheriff IT Life Cycle Replacement Project       300,882       430,929       731,811       2,         Sheriff IT Life Cycle Replacement Project       105,000       35,000       140,000       140,000         Administration Building II Upgrade       296,294 <td>_</td> <td>·</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>228,311</td>	_	·			228,311
Public Safety and Service Complex         38,754         18,792         57,546           Snow Hill Road Pump Station         488,705         16,632,170         17,120,875         13,           Judicial Annex Building Renovation         7,310         4,610,788         4,618,098           300 Block E Main Redevelopment         4,714,436         19,427,008         24,141,444           500 Block E Main Redevelopment         12,774,762         1,921,938         14,696,700         19,           Research Triangle Foundation         5,088,758         14,911,241         19,999,999         19,           DSS Main Street Renovation         -         232,912         232,912         232,912           Detention Center Window Replacement         591,465         62,086         653,551         2,           Body Worn Camera Project         274,436         899,086         1,173,522         1           Tax Dept Software Replacement         1,102,213         210,000         1,312,213         1           Sheriff IT Life Cycle Replacement Project         300,882         430,929         731,811         2,           IST Hardware and Software         2,398,907         3,618,726         6,017,633         1,           County Courthouse Elevator Repair Project         105,000         35,000					23,515
Snow Hill Road Pump Station         488,705         16,632,170         17,120,875         13,           Judicial Annex Building Renovation         7,310         4,610,788         4,618,098           300 Block E Main Redevelopment         4,714,436         19,427,008         24,141,444           500 Block E Main Redevelopment         12,774,762         1,921,938         14,696,700         19,           Research Triangle Foundation         5,088,758         14,911,241         19,999,999         99           DSS Main Street Renovation         -         232,912         232,912         232,912           Detention Center Window Replacement         591,465         62,086         653,551         2,           Body Worn Camera Project         274,436         899,086         1,173,522           Tax Dept Software Replacement         1,102,213         210,000         1,312,213           Sheriff IT Life Cycle Replacement Project         300,882         430,929         731,811         2,           IST Hardware and Software         2,398,907         3,618,726         6,017,633         1,           County Courthouse Elevator Repair Project         105,000         35,000         140,000           Administration Building II Upgrade         296,294         102,650         398,944	•				6,049
Judicial Annex Building Renovation         7,310         4,610,788         4,618,098           300 Block E Main Redevelopment         4,714,436         19,427,008         24,141,444           500 Block E Main Redevelopment         12,774,762         1,921,938         14,696,700         19,           Research Triangle Foundation         5,088,758         14,911,241         19,999,999         19,           DSS Main Street Renovation         -         232,912         232,912         222,912           Detention Center Window Replacement         591,465         62,086         653,551         2,           Body Worn Camera Project         274,436         899,086         1,173,522         2           Tax Dept Software Replacement         1,102,213         210,000         1,312,213           Sheriff IT Life Cycle Replacement Project         300,882         430,929         731,811         2,           IST Hardware and Software         2,398,907         3,618,726         6,017,633         1,           County Courthouse Elevator Repair Project         105,000         35,000         140,000           Administration Building II Upgrade         296,294         102,650         398,944           21 IT Hardware Replacement         1,837,752         1,166,483         3,004,235         7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	111,454
300 Block E Main Redevelopment       4,714,436       19,427,008       24,141,444         500 Block E Main Redevelopment       12,774,762       1,921,938       14,696,700       19,         Research Triangle Foundation       5,088,758       14,911,241       19,999,999       19,         DSS Main Street Renovation       -       232,912       232,912       232,912       232,912       232,912       232,912       232,912       24,000       24,141,444       24,000       232,912       232,912       232,912       24,000       24,000       24,143,64       899,086       653,551       25,000       25,000       25,000       1,173,522       25,000       274,436       899,086       1,173,522       27,000       20,000       1,312,213       21,000       1,312,213       21,000       1,312,213       21,000       1,312,213       21,000       1,312,213       22,1811       2,398,907       3,618,726       6,017,633       1,000       2,398,907       3,618,726       6,017,633       1,000       1,000       140,000       2,000       2,000       2,000       2,000       2,000       2,000       2,000       2,000       2,000       2,000       2,000       2,000       2,000       2,000       2,000       2,000       2,000       2,000       2	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			13,174,125
500 Block E Main Redevelopment       12,774,762       1,921,938       14,696,700       19, Research Triangle Foundation       5,088,758       14,911,241       19,999,999       19, Research Triangle Foundation       5,088,758       14,911,241       19,999,999       19, Percention Center Window Replacement       232,912       232,912       232,912       20, 2012       20, 2					377,986
Research Triangle Foundation       5,088,758       14,911,241       19,999,999         DSS Main Street Renovation       -       232,912       232,912         Detention Center Window Replacement       591,465       62,086       653,551       2,860         Body Worn Camera Project       274,436       899,086       1,173,522       1,173,522         Tax Dept Software Replacement       1,102,213       210,000       1,312,213         Sheriff IT Life Cycle Replacement Project       300,882       430,929       731,811       2,181         IST Hardware and Software       2,398,907       3,618,726       6,017,633       1,173,522         County Courthouse Elevator Repair Project       105,000       35,000       140,000         Administration Building II Upgrade       296,294       102,650       398,944         21 IT Hardware Replacement       1,837,752       1,166,483       3,004,235       7,         21 Audio-Visual Technologies       250,396       38,558       288,954         Detention Center Capital Infrastructure       68,770       -       68,770       4,         21 Telecommunications       24,180       -       24,180         Bull City United       6,000,000       -       6,000,000         Shoppes of Hope Val	·				646,440
DSS Main Street Renovation       -       232,912       232,912         Detention Center Window Replacement       591,465       62,086       653,551       2,         Body Worn Camera Project       274,436       899,086       1,173,522         Tax Dept Software Replacement       1,102,213       210,000       1,312,213         Sheriff IT Life Cycle Replacement Project       300,882       430,929       731,811       2,         IST Hardware and Software       2,398,907       3,618,726       6,017,633       1,         County Courthouse Elevator Repair Project       105,000       35,000       140,000         Administration Building II Upgrade       296,294       102,650       398,944         21 IT Hardware Replacement       1,837,752       1,166,483       3,004,235       7,         21 Audio-Visual Technologies       250,396       38,558       288,954         Detention Center Capital Infrastructure       68,770       -       68,770       4,         21 Telecommunications       24,180       -       24,180         Bull City United       6,000,000       -       6,000,000         Shoppes of Hope Valley       104,625       -       104,625       12,	•			· ·	19,347,916
Detention Center Window Replacement         591,465         62,086         653,551         2,           Body Worn Camera Project         274,436         899,086         1,173,522           Tax Dept Software Replacement         1,102,213         210,000         1,312,213           Sheriff IT Life Cycle Replacement Project         300,882         430,929         731,811         2,           IST Hardware and Software         2,398,907         3,618,726         6,017,633         1,           County Courthouse Elevator Repair Project         105,000         35,000         140,000           Administration Building II Upgrade         296,294         102,650         398,944           21 IT Hardware Replacement         1,837,752         1,166,483         3,004,235         7,           21 Audio-Visual Technologies         250,396         38,558         288,954           Detention Center Capital Infrastructure         68,770         -         68,770         4,           21 Telecommunications         24,180         -         24,180           Bull City United         6,000,000         -         6,000,000           Shoppes of Hope Valley         104,625         -         104,625         12,	· ·	5,088,758			
Body Worn Camera Project         274,436         899,086         1,173,522           Tax Dept Software Replacement         1,102,213         210,000         1,312,213           Sheriff IT Life Cycle Replacement Project         300,882         430,929         731,811         2,           IST Hardware and Software         2,398,907         3,618,726         6,017,633         1,           County Courthouse Elevator Repair Project         105,000         35,000         140,000           Administration Building II Upgrade         296,294         102,650         398,944           21 IT Hardware Replacement         1,837,752         1,166,483         3,004,235         7,           21 Audio-Visual Technologies         250,396         38,558         288,954           Detention Center Capital Infrastructure         68,770         -         68,770         4,           21 Telecommunications         24,180         -         24,180           Bull City United         6,000,000         -         6,000,000           Shoppes of Hope Valley         104,625         -         104,625         12,		-	·	·	567,091
Tax Dept Software Replacement       1,102,213       210,000       1,312,213         Sheriff IT Life Cycle Replacement Project       300,882       430,929       731,811       2,         IST Hardware and Software       2,398,907       3,618,726       6,017,633       1,         County Courthouse Elevator Repair Project       105,000       35,000       140,000         Administration Building II Upgrade       296,294       102,650       398,944         21 IT Hardware Replacement       1,837,752       1,166,483       3,004,235       7,         21 Audio-Visual Technologies       250,396       38,558       288,954         Detention Center Capital Infrastructure       68,770       -       68,770       4,         21 Telecommunications       24,180       -       24,180         Bull City United       6,000,000       -       6,000,000         Shoppes of Hope Valley       104,625       -       104,625       12,	•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2,406,752
Sheriff IT Life Cycle Replacement Project       300,882       430,929       731,811       2,         IST Hardware and Software       2,398,907       3,618,726       6,017,633       1,         County Courthouse Elevator Repair Project       105,000       35,000       140,000         Administration Building II Upgrade       296,294       102,650       398,944         21 IT Hardware Replacement       1,837,752       1,166,483       3,004,235       7,         21 Audio-Visual Technologies       250,396       38,558       288,954         Detention Center Capital Infrastructure       68,770       -       68,770       4,         21 Telecommunications       24,180       -       24,180         Bull City United       6,000,000       -       6,000,000         Shoppes of Hope Valley       104,625       -       104,625       12,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			35,822
IST Hardware and Software       2,398,907       3,618,726       6,017,633       1,         County Courthouse Elevator Repair Project       105,000       35,000       140,000         Administration Building II Upgrade       296,294       102,650       398,944         21 IT Hardware Replacement       1,837,752       1,166,483       3,004,235       7,         21 Audio-Visual Technologies       250,396       38,558       288,954         Detention Center Capital Infrastructure       68,770       -       68,770       4,         21 Telecommunications       24,180       -       24,180         Bull City United       6,000,000       -       6,000,000         Shoppes of Hope Valley       104,625       -       104,625       12,	·				37,787
County Courthouse Elevator Repair Project       105,000       35,000       140,000         Administration Building II Upgrade       296,294       102,650       398,944         21 IT Hardware Replacement       1,837,752       1,166,483       3,004,235       7,         21 Audio-Visual Technologies       250,396       38,558       288,954         Detention Center Capital Infrastructure       68,770       -       68,770       4,         21 Telecommunications       24,180       -       24,180         Bull City United       6,000,000       -       6,000,000         Shoppes of Hope Valley       104,625       -       104,625       12,	Sheriff IT Life Cycle Replacement Project			731,811	2,661,410
Administration Building II Upgrade       296,294       102,650       398,944         21 IT Hardware Replacement       1,837,752       1,166,483       3,004,235       7,         21 Audio-Visual Technologies       250,396       38,558       288,954         Detention Center Capital Infrastructure       68,770       -       68,770       4,         21 Telecommunications       24,180       -       24,180         Bull City United       6,000,000       -       6,000,000         Shoppes of Hope Valley       104,625       -       104,625       12,		2,398,907	3,618,726	6,017,633	1,038,727
21 IT Hardware Replacement       1,837,752       1,166,483       3,004,235       7,         21 Audio-Visual Technologies       250,396       38,558       288,954         Detention Center Capital Infrastructure       68,770       -       68,770       4,         21 Telecommunications       24,180       -       24,180         Bull City United       6,000,000       -       6,000,000         Shoppes of Hope Valley       104,625       -       104,625       12,	County Courthouse Elevator Repair Project	105,000	35,000	140,000	91,495
21 Audio-Visual Technologies       250,396       38,558       288,954         Detention Center Capital Infrastructure       68,770       -       68,770       4,         21 Telecommunications       24,180       -       24,180         Bull City United       6,000,000       -       6,000,000         Shoppes of Hope Valley       104,625       -       104,625       12,	Administration Building II Upgrade	296,294	102,650	398,944	279,765
Detention Center Capital Infrastructure         68,770         -         68,770         4,           21 Telecommunications         24,180         -         24,180           Bull City United         6,000,000         -         6,000,000           Shoppes of Hope Valley         104,625         -         104,625         12,	21 IT Hardware Replacement	1,837,752	1,166,483	3,004,235	7,293,765
21 Telecommunications       24,180       -       24,180         Bull City United       6,000,000       -       6,000,000         Shoppes of Hope Valley       104,625       -       104,625       12,	21 Audio-Visual Technologies	250,396	38,558	288,954	981,046
Bull City United       6,000,000       -       6,000,000         Shoppes of Hope Valley       104,625       -       104,625       12,	Detention Center Capital Infrastructure	68,770	-	68,770	4,356,732
Shoppes of Hope Valley 104,625 - 104,625 12,	21 Telecommunications	24,180	-	24,180	845,820
Shoppes of Hope Valley 104,625 - 104,625 12,	Bull City United		-		-
			-		12,042,092
Elections South Roxboro Renovation Project 519,780 - 519,780 2.	Elections South Roxboro Renovation Project	519,780	-	519,780	2,580,220
		·	-	·	2,280,000
			\$ 351,019,586		



#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### **Special Revenue Funds**

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

**Fire Tax District Funds** – to account for and report the proceeds of special district fire taxes for the Bethesda, Lebanon, Parkwood, Redwood, New Hope, Eno, and Bahama Rural Fire Districts. Effective July 1, 2013 and July 1, 2015, fire taxes are no longer the primary funding source for the Bethesda and Parkwood Fire Districts, respectively. Therefore, the activity in these funds is mainly collections of delinquent taxes. Effective, July 1, 2015, the Parkwood Rural Fire District was merged into the Durham County Fire and Rescue Rural Fire District.

**Bethesda Service Tax District Fund** – to account for and report the proceeds of special service district taxes for providing fire protection to the Bethesda Rural Fire District. As of July 1, 2013, service taxes became the primary funding source for providing of fire protection to this district. The Bethesda Rural Fire District was merged into the Durham County Fire and Rescue Rural Fire District July 1, 2015.

**Durham County Fire and Rescue Service Tax District Fund** – to account for and report the proceeds of special district taxes for providing fire protection to the Durham County Fire and Rescue Rural Fire District. As of July 1, 2015, the County merged the Bethesda Rural Fire District and the Parkwood Rural Fire District into one district, the Durham County Fire and Rescue Rural Fire District.

**Special Park Tax District Fund** – to account for and report the proceeds of special district taxes for maintenance and beautification of the Research Triangle Park. Payments of the amounts appropriated are made on a monthly basis during the fiscal year.

**Community Health Trust Fund** - to account for and report the proceeds of financial resources acquired through the leasing of Duke Regional Hospital to Duke University and the earnings of this financial resources and ensures the financial resources are used for health-related operating and capital expenditures.

**Opioid Fund** – to account for and report the proceeds of Opioid abatement and remediation activities.



# Combined Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds					
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents / investments	\$	4,781,017				
Cash and cash equivalents / investments - restricted		2,753,148				
Net property taxes receivable		89,423				
Due from other governments - federal and state agencies		49,364				
Total assets	\$	7,672,952				
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	24,134				
Total liabilities		24,134				
Deferred inflows of resources						
Prepaid taxes		5,677				
Net property taxes receivable		89,423				
Total deferred inflows of resources		95,100				
Fund balances						
Restricted:						
Firefighters' relief funds		243,528				
Opioid settlement funds		2,509,620				
Assigned		4,800,570				
Total fund balances		7,553,718				
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources						
and fund balances	\$	7,672,952				

# Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds
Revenues	
Taxes	\$ 12,748,544
Investments	163,285
Intergovernmental revenues	2,502,545
Charges for services	 1,250,000
Total revenues	16,664,374
Expenditures	
Current:	0.707.040
Public safety	8,767,918
Economic and physical development	 1,852,415
Total expenditures	10,620,333
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	
over (under) expenditures	 6,044,041
Other financing sources (uses)	
Transfers out	 (2,641,725)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (2,641,725)
Net change in fund balances	3,402,316
Fund balance - beginning	4,151,402
Fund balance - ending	\$ 7,553,718



#### Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2023

					FIRE TAX DISTRI	ICTS	<b>;</b>		
	Bethesda		Lebanon		Parkwood	Redwood			New Hope
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents / investments Cash and cash equivalents / investments - restricted	\$ 289	\$	158,324	\$	54 -	\$	551,332 -	\$	26,235
Net property taxes receivable	-		16,989		56		28,268		82
Due from other governments - federal and state agencies	-		15,797		_		8,991		317
Total assets	\$ 289	\$	191,110	\$	110	\$	588,591	\$	26,634
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	42	\$	-	\$	8	\$	2
Total liabilities	-	_	42		-		8		2
Deferred inflows of resources									
Prepaid taxes	-		53		-		134		-
Net property taxes receivable	 		16,989		56		28,268		82
Total deferred inflows of resources	 		17,042	_	56		28,402	_	82
Fund balances Restricted:									
Firefighters' relief funds	-		-		-		-		-
Opioid Settlement funds	-		-		-		-		-
Assigned	289		174,026		54		560,181		26,550
Total fund balances	289		174,026		54		560,181		26,550
Total liabilities , deferred inflows of									
resources and fund balances	\$ 289	\$	191,110	\$	110	\$	588,591	\$	26,634

 Eno	Bahama	Bethesda Service Tax District	Durham County Fire and Rescue Service Tax District	Special Park Tax District		Community Health Trust Fund		Health Trust		lealth Opio		tal Nonmajor ecial Revenue Funds
\$ 49,234 -	\$ 789,887 -	\$ 332,950	\$ 2,572,296 243,528	\$	264,735	\$	35,681 -	\$	2,509,620	\$ 4,781,017 2,753,148		
4	8,067	189	32,406		3,362		-		-,,	89,423		
309	7,585	-	16,031		334		-		-	49,364		
\$ 49,547	\$ 805,539	\$ 333,139	\$ 2,864,261	\$	268,431	\$	35,681	\$	2,509,620	\$ 7,672,952		
\$ 	\$ 7	\$ 	\$ 138	\$	23,937	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 24,134		
 	7		138		23,937					 24,134		
_	400	-	4,575		515		-		-	5,677		
4	 8,067	189	 32,406		3,362					89,423		
4	8,467	189	36,981		3,877					95,100		
-	-	-	243,528		-		-		-	243,528		
-	-	-	-		-		-		2,509,620	2,509,620		
49,543	797,065	332,950	2,583,614		240,617		35,681		-	4,800,570		
49,543	797,065	332,950	2,827,142		240,617		35,681		2,509,620	7,553,718		
\$ 49,547	\$ 805,539	\$ 333,139	\$ 2,864,261	\$	268,431	\$	35,681	\$	2,509,620	\$ 7,672,952		

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2023

	FIRE TAX DISTRICTS										
	Bet	hesda		Lebanon	Parkwood		Redwood		ew Hope		
Revenues											
Taxes	\$	44	\$	1,673,803	\$ -	\$	1,420,593	\$	102,872		
Investments		-		6,114	-		16,833		1,45		
Charges for services		-		-	-		-		-		
Intergovernmental revenues											
Total revenues		44		1,679,917			1,437,426		104,323		
Expenditures Current:											
Public safety		_		1,003,662			1,230,061		100,110		
Economic and physical development		-		-	-		-		-		
Total expenditures		_		1,003,662			1,230,061		100,110		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		_		-							
over (under) expenditures		44		676,255			207,365		4,213		
Other financing sources (uses)											
Transfers out		-		(845,475)	-		_		-		
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(845,475)			-		-		
Net change in fund balances		44		(169,220)	-		207,365		4,213		
Fund balance - beginning		245		343,246	54		352,815		22,338		
Fund balance - ending	\$	289	\$	174,026	\$ 54	\$	560,181	\$	26,550		

	Eno		Bahama		Bethesda Service Tax District		Durham County Fire and Rescue Service Tax District		Special Park Tax District	Community Health Trust Fund		OPIOID Settlement Fund			Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$	38,413 1,134 - - 39,547	\$	1,795,059 18,126 - - 1,813,185	\$	5,200 - - 5,200	\$	5,961,253 58,939 - - 6,020,192	\$	1,756,507 19,572 - - 1,776,079	\$	28,841 1,250,000 - 1,278,841	\$	7,075 - 2,502,545 2,509,620	\$	12,748,544 163,285 1,250,000 2,502,545 16,664,374
_	37,533 - 37,533	_	1,524,033 - 1,524,033	_	- - -		4,872,519 - 4,872,519		1,852,415 1,852,415	_	- - -	_	- - -	_	8,767,918 1,852,415 10,620,333
	2,014	_	289,152		5,200	_	1,147,673 (546,250) (546,250)	_	(76,336)		1,278,841 (1,250,000) (1,250,000)		2,509,620		(2,641,725) (2,641,725)
	2,014 47,529		289,152 507,913		5,200 327,750		601,423 2,225,719		(76,336) 316,953		28,841 6,840		2,509,620		3,402,316 4,151,402
\$	49,543	\$	797,065	\$	332,950	\$	2,827,142	\$	240,617	\$	35,681	\$	2,509,620	\$	7,553,718

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual- Bethesda Fire Tax District Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original			al	Ac	tual	Positive (Negative) Variance		
Revenues Taxes Total revenues	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	44	\$	44	
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$			44	\$	44	
Fund balance - beginning						245			
Fund balance - ending					\$	289			

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual- Lebanon Fire Tax District Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative) Variance
Revenues					
Taxes	\$	1,639,369	\$ 1,639,369	\$ 1,673,803	\$ 34,434
Investments	Ψ	-	-	6,114	6,114
Total revenues		1,639,369	1,639,369	1,679,917	40,548
Expenditures					
Public safety		1,004,073	1,004,073	1,003,662	411
Total expenditures		1,004,073	1,004,073	1,003,662	411
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		635,296	635,296	676,255	40,959
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers out		(810,296)	(870,296)	(845,475)	24,821
Appropriated fund balance		175,000	235,000	-	(235,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(635,296)	(635,296)	(845,475)	(210,179)
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$ -	(169,220)	\$ (169,220)
Fund balance - beginning				343,246	
Fund balance - ending				\$ 174,026	

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual- Parkwood Fire Tax District Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Origina	Final		Actua	al	Positi (Negat Varian	ive)	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental revenues		-		-		-		-
Investments								
Total revenues								
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out Appropriated fund balance Total other financing sources (uses)		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$	-	=		\$	
Fund balance - beginning						54		
Fund balance - ending					\$	54		

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual- Redwood Fire Tax District Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative) Variance
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 1,210,228	\$ 1,210,228	\$ 1,420,593	\$ 210,365
Investments			16,833	16,833
Total revenues	1,210,228	1,210,228	1,437,426	227,198
Expenditures				
Public safety	1,230,228_	1,230,228	1,230,061	167
Total expenditures	1,230,228	1,230,228	1,230,061	167
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(20,000)	(20,000)	207,365	227,365
Other financing sources (uses)	00.000	00.000		(00.000)
Appropriated fund balance	20,000	20,000		(20,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	20,000	20,000		(20,000)
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	207,365	\$ 207,366
Fund balance - beginning			352,815	
Fund balance - ending			\$ 560,180	

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual- New Hope Fire Tax District Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Original		Final		Actual	(Ne	ositive egative) ariance
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	100,115	\$	100,115	\$	102,872	\$	2,757
Investments	•	-	•	-	•	1,451	*	1,451
Total revenues		100,115		100,115		104,323		4,208
Expenditures								
Public safety		100,115		100,115		100,110		5
Total expenditures		100,115		100,115		100,110		5
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				<del></del> -		······································		
over (under) expenditures						4,213		4,213
Other financing sources (uses)								
Appropriated fund balance		_		-		-		_
Total other financing sources (uses)				-				
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$			4,213	\$	4,213
Fund balance - beginning						22,338		
Fund balance - ending					\$	26,551		

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual- Eno Fire Tax District Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Original		Final	,	Actual	(Ne	esitive gative) riance
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	37,554	\$	37,554	\$	38,413	\$	859
Investments	*	-	•	-	*	1,134	*	1,134
Total revenues		37,554		37,554		39,547		1,993
Expenditures								
Public safety		37,554		37,554		37,533		21
Total expenditures		37,554		37,554		37,533		21
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures						2,014		2,014
Other financing sources (uses)								
Appropriated fund balance		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)						-		
Net change in fund balances	\$			<del>-</del>		2,014	\$	2,014
Fund balance - beginning						47,529		
Fund balance - ending					\$	49,543		

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual- Bahama Fire Tax District Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative) Variance
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 1,524,064	\$ 1,524,064	\$ 1,795,059	\$ 270,995
Investments			18,126	18,126
Total revenues	1,524,064	1,524,064	1,813,185	289,121
Expenditures				
Public safety	1,524,064	1,524,064	1,524,033	31
Total expenditures	1,524,064	1,524,064	1,524,033	31
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures			289,152	289,152
Other financing sources (uses) Appropriated fund balance				<u> </u>
Total other financing sources (uses)				
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	289,152	\$ 289,152
Fund balance - beginning			507,913	
Fund balance - ending			\$ 797,065	

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual- Bethesda Service Tax District Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	<u>Or</u>	iginal	F	inal	Actual	(Ne	ositive egative) iriance
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Investments		-			5,200		5,200
Total revenues		-		-	5,200		5,200
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out Appropriated fund balance Total other financing sources (uses)		- - -		- - -	- - -		- - -
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$		5,200	\$	5,200
Fund balance - beginning					 327,750		
Fund balance - ending					\$ 332,950		

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual- Durham County Fire and Rescue Service Tax District Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative) Variance
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 5,548,972	\$ 5,548,972	\$ 5,961,253	\$ 412,281
Investments	-	-	58,939	58,939
Total revenues	5,548,972	5,548,972	6,020,192	471,220
Expenditures				
Public safety	5,987,554	5,987,554	4,872,519	1,115,035
Total expenditures	5,987,554	5,987,554	4,872,519	1,115,035
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(438,582)	(438,582)	1,147,673	1,586,255
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers out	(546,250)	(546,250)	(546,250)	-
Appropriated fund balance	984,832	984,832		(984,832)
Total other financing sources (uses)	438,582	438,582	(546,250)	(984,832)
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	601,423	\$ 601,423
Fund balance - beginning			2,225,719	
Fund balance - ending			\$ 2,827,142	

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual- Special Park Tax District Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative) Variance
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 1,623,320	\$ 1,623,320	\$ 1,756,507	\$ 133,187
Investments	<u> </u>		19,572	19,572
Total revenues	1,623,320	1,623,320	1,776,079	152,759
Expenditures				
Economic and physical development	1,855,036	1,855,036	1,852,415	2,621
Total expenditures	1,855,036	1,855,036	1,852,415	2,621
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(231,716)	(231,716)	(76,336)	155,380
Other financing sources (uses)				(
Appropriated fund balance	231,716	231,716		(231,716)
Total other financing sources (uses)	231,716	231,716		(231,716)
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	(76,336)	\$ (76,336)
Fund balance - beginning			316,953	
Fund balance - ending			\$ 240,617	

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual- Community Health Trust Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Final		Actual	Positive (Negative) Variance
Revenues				
Investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,841	\$ 28,841
Charges for services	1,250,000	1,250,000	1,250,000	
Total revenues	1,250,000	1,250,000	1,278,841	28,841
Expenditures  Economic and physical development  Total expenditures		<del>-</del> _	<del>-</del> _	<del>-</del>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,250,000	1,250,000	1,278,841	28,841
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers out	(1,250,000)	(1,250,000)	(1,250,000)	-
Appropriated fund balance	_	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,250,000)	(1,250,000)	(1,250,000)	
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	28,841	\$ 28,841
Fund balance - beginning			6,840	
Fund balance - ending			\$ 35,681	

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual- Opioid Settlement Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Oriç	ginal		Final		Ac	tual	(Ne	ositive egative) iriance
Revenues									
Investments	\$	_	\$		_	\$	7,075	\$	7,075
Intergovernmental revenues	*	_	•		_	2,50	02,545	2,	502,545
Total revenues					_		09,620		509,620
Expenditures									
Economic and physical development					-				-
Total expenditures									-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures						2,50	09,620	2,	509,620
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers out									_
Appropriated fund balance		_			_		_		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		-			-		-		-
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$		<u>-</u>	2,50	09,620	\$ 2,	509,620
Fund balance - beginning									
Fund balance - ending						\$ 2,50	09,620		



#### **ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

**Sewer Utility Fund** – to account for the provision of sewer utility services in the County which are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent is that costs of providing services be recovered primarily through user charges.

**Stormwater Fund** – to account for the provision of stormwater services in the County which are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent is that costs of providing services be recovered primarily through user charges.



Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual - (Non-GAAP Basis) Enterprise Fund - Sewer Utility Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	 Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative) Variance		
Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 11,931,580	\$ 17,846,190	\$ 5,914,610		
Expenditures:					
Operating	8,507,846	6,255,596	2,252,250		
Repairs and maintenance	 738,171	 587,905	 150,266		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	2,685,563	11,002,689	8,317,126		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Capital expenses	(1,279,201)	(4,242,976)	(2,963,775)		
Debt service - principal	(1,491,146)	(1,491,145)	1		
Debt service - interest and fiscal charges	(273,005)	(214,407)	58,598		
Investment income	_	584,663	584,663		
Sewer connection fees	1,287,810	5,318,997	4,031,187		
Miscellaneous	 -	(9,526)	(9,526)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,755,542)	(54,394)	1,701,148		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures					
and other financing uses	930,021	10,948,295	10,018,274		
Fund balance appropriated	 4,043,790	 	 4,043,790		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)					
expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 4,973,811	\$ 10,948,295	\$ 5,974,484		

# Reconciliation of Modified Accrual Basis to Full Accrual Basis -Enterprise Fund - Sewer Utility Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES (BUDGETARY BASIS)	\$ 10,948,295
RECONCILING ITEMS:	
Capital outlay	4,242,976
Capital contributions	869,362
Debt principal payments	1,491,146
Decrease in accrued interest payable	4,047
Increase in accrued vacation	32,322
Increase in accrued payroll	32,053
Increase in accrued interest receivable	12,973
Increase in accounts receivable	(96,325)
Increase in due from other governments - federal & state agencies	(82,778)
Increase in due from other governmens - local	(2,962,674)
Depreciation	(4,985,236)
Pension expense	(358,432)
Deferred outflows of resources for pensions, current fiscal year	
contributions	244,317
Amortization of loss on refundings	(44,089)
Amortization of bond premium	31,887
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (GAAP BASIS)	\$ 9,379,843

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual - (Non-GAAP Basis) Enterprise Fund - Stormwater Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	BudgetActual		Actual	Positive (Negative) Variance		
Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	1,630,824	\$	1,590,548	\$	(40,276)
Expenditures:						
Operating		2,743,036		1,241,476		1,501,560
Repairs and maintenance		1,300		1,483		(183)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures		(1,113,512)		347,589		1,461,101
·		,				
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Capital expenses		(61,220)		(31,763)		29,457
Investment income		-		35,446		35,446
Intergovernmental		225,000		-		(225,000)
Construction permits		594,500		1,138,916		544,416
Inspection fees		5,000		30,827		25,827
Miscellaneous		500		(198)		(698)
Total other financing sources (uses)		763,780		1,173,228		409,448
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures						
and other financing uses		(349,732)		1,520,817		1,870,549
Fund balance appropriated		(460,437)				(460,437)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and						
other financing sources over (under)						
expenditures and other financing uses	\$	(810,169)	\$	1,520,817	\$	2,330,986

# Reconciliation of Modified Accrual Basis to Full Accrual Basis -Enterprise Fund - Stormwater Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES (BUDGETARY BASIS)	\$ 1,520,817
RECONCILING ITEMS:	
Capital outlay	31,763
Decrease in accrued vacation	(12,072)
Increase in accrued payroll	(5,665)
Increase in accrued interest receivable	2,779
Increase in accounts receivable	91,988
Increase in due from other governments - federal & state agencies	1,400
Depreciation	(4,895)
Pension expense	(36,689)
Deferred outflows of resources for pensions, current fiscal year	
contributions	 25,008
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (GAAP BASIS)	\$ 1,614,434

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

**George R. Linder Memorial Private-purpose Trust Fund** – to account for and report resources legally held in trust for the use of acquiring public speakers/lecturers for the Library and functions sponsored by the Library. The fund also receives gift donations to purchase books in the honor of individuals.

Vic Pearson Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Memorial Private-purpose Trust Fund – to account for and report resources legally held in trust for use of assisting EMS employees and/or their families after serious injuries, sickness and/or deaths to them or immediate family members.

**Custodial Funds** – To account for funds held in trust on behalf of jail inmates; to account for funds held on behalf of the Sheriff's Office as a result of seized evidence; to account for funds collected for the civil division held on behalf of the Sheriff's Office until disbursed to plaintiffs; to account for late list penalties collected on taxes by the County on behalf of the Durham Public Schools; and to account for taxes collected by the County on behalf of the City of Durham, the Town of Chapel Hill, the City of Raleigh, the Town of Cary, and the Town of Morrisville.



# Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Private-purpose Trust Funds June 30, 2023

	George R. Linder Memorial Private- purpose Trust Fund		Vic Pearson EMS Memorial Private- purpose Trust Fund		Total Private- purpose Trust Funds	
Assets	_				_	
Cash and equivalents	\$	6,149	\$	45,982	\$	52,131
Total assets		6,149		45,982		52,131
Net position						
Held in trust for:						
Individuals, organizations, and other governments		6,149		45,982		52,131
Total net position	\$	6,149	\$	45,982	\$	52,131

# Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Private-purpose Trust Funds Year ended June 30, 2023

Additions	George R. Linder Memorial Private- purpose Trust Fund		Vic Pearson EMS Memorial Private- purpose Trust Fund		Total Private- purpose Trust Funds	
Employee Contributions Investment Income Total assets	\$	105 105	\$	1,931 403 2,334	\$	1,931 508 2,439
Deductions Benefit Payments Total Deductions		<u>-</u>		4,200 4,200		4,200 4,200
Change in Net Position		105		(1,866)		(1,761)
Total net position - beginning		6,044		47,848		53,892
Total net position - ending	\$	6,149	\$	45,982	\$	52,131



#### Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds Year ended June 30, 2023

	Sheriff's Evidence Fund		Jail Inmate Fund		Sheriff's Fund		Durham Public Schools Fund	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	626,580	\$	45,837	\$	48,350	\$	5,572
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		165,290
Net Property receivable		-		-		-		-
Gross Taxes receivable		-		-		-		-
Due from governmental agencies		-		-		_		-
Total assets		626,580		45,837		48,350		170,862
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		-		-		_		72,364
Due to public schools		-		-		_		172,602
Due to other governments		-		-		-		_
Total liabilities		-		_		-		244,966
NET POSITION								
Restricted for:								
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$	626,580	\$	45,837	\$	48,350	\$	(74,104)

	of Chapel Tax Fund	•	y of Durham Tax Fund	-	of Raleigh ax Fund	Morri	own of sville Tax Fund	Town of Cary		Tot	Total Custodial Funds	
\$	97,121	\$	1,876,393	\$	47,990	\$	2,056	\$	7	\$	2,749,906	
	-		-		-		-		-		165,290	
	13,413		1,860,731		3,539		80		-		1,877,763	
	-		53		-		-		-		53	
	22,747		1,608,854		8,614				_		1,640,215	
	133,281		5,346,031		60,143		2,136		7		6,433,227	
	-		7,789		70		-		-		80,223	
	-		-		-		-		-		172,602	
	36,160		3,610,435		13,666		80		209		3,660,550	
	36,160		3,618,224	-	13,736		80		209		3,913,375	
<u> </u>	97,121		1,727,807	\$	46,407		2,056	-\$	(202)		2,519,852	

#### Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds June 30, 2023

	rs Evidence Fund	Jail	Inmate Fund	Sher	riff's Fund	 nam Public ools Fund
Additions Investment income Collections for public schools Tax collections for other governments	\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$ 3,614 770,887
Collections on behalf of sheriff Collections on behalf of inmates	156,478		777,957		558,980	- -
Total assets	156,478		777,957		558,980	 774,501
Deductions Payments on behalf of sheriff Payments on behalf of inmates Collection distributions to public schools Tax distributions to other governments Administrative costs Interest costs Total Deductions	131,702 - - - - - 131,702		794,818 - - - - - 794,818		521,815 - - - - - - 521,815	717,023 - 64,900 - 781,923
Change in Net Position	24,776		(16,861)		37,165	(7,422)
Total net position - beginning	601,804		62,698		11,185	 (66,682)
Total net position - ending	\$ 626,580	\$	45,837	\$	48,350	\$ (74,104)

Town of Chapel Hill Tax Fund		 City of Durham Tax Fund		City of Raleigh Tax Fund		Town of risville Tax Fund	Town of Cary	Т.	otal Custodial Funds
\$	18,316	\$ 1,044,886	\$	10,854	\$	670	\$ -	\$	1,078,340
	2 000 004	-		4 007 050		- 77.057	- 0.000		770,887
	3,096,684	230,154,049		1,097,853		77,057	2,896		234,428,539
	-	-		-		-	-		715,458
	3,115,000	 231,198,935		1,108,707		77,727	2,896		777,957 237,771,181
	- -	- -		- -		- -	- -		653,517 794,818 717,023
	3,049,782	- 227,507,521		1,076,533		75,733	3,060		231,712,629
	49,264	2,622,452		17,819		1,163	46		2,755,644
	-	500		-		-	-		500
	3,099,046	230,130,473		1,094,352		76,896	3,106		236,634,131
	15,954	1,068,462		14,355		831	(210	)	1,137,050
	81,167	659,345		32,052		1,225	8		1,382,802
\$	97,121	\$ 1,727,807	\$	46,407	\$	2,056	\$ (203	) \$	2,519,851



# CAPITAL ASSETS, LONG-TERM DEBT and OTHER INFORMATION (DIVIDER)



#### Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule by Function and Activity<sup>1</sup> as of June 30, 2023

	Total Assets	Land	Easements	Buildings	Office Furniture and Equipment
General Government:					
County commissioners	\$ 948,128	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Board of Elections	978,809	-	-	-	10,117
Finance	4,647,561	-	-	417,874	-
Tax administration	4,122,612	-	-	-	-
Legal	121,808	-	-	-	-
Risk management	128,254	-	-	38,200	-
Court facilities	13,751,926	-	-	13,739,306	12,620
Register of deeds	2,482,962	-	-	-	944,572
General services	402,645,787	4,790,491	-	392,205,134	359,642
Information systems and technology	35,748,755	-	-	-	29,298
Veteran's services	32,447	-	-	-	-
Human resources	10,820	_			
Total general government	465,619,869	4,790,491		406,400,514	1,356,249
Public Safety:					
Sheriff	56,335,722	1,398,962	-	40,480,337	1,002,713
County fire protection	1,793,240	-	-	1,244,463	6,744
Emergency management	5,291,046	-	-	1,144,636	45,635
Animal control	4,007,958	-	-	3,259,400	20,704
Criminal justice partnership	980,428	-	-	844,521	-
Youth home	582,595	-	-	367,000	-
Office of emergency services	19,462,542	-	-	2,856,008	-
Total public safety	88,453,531	1,398,962		50,196,365	1,075,796
Environmental Protection:					
Environmental engineering	11,874,860	2,730,566	1,857,992	77,873	7,315
Open space and real estate	2,263,108	1,067,607	1,195,501	-	7,010
Total Environmental Protection	14,137,968	3,798,173	3,053,493	77,873	7,315
Facus wis and Discript Development					
Economic and Physical Development:	24.404				
Cooperative extension	24,184	6.500	-	-	-
Planning	6,500	6,500	-	-	-
Soil and water conservation	84,511			<u> </u>	·
Total Economic and Physical  Development	115,195	6,500	-	-	-
Human Services:					
Public health	1 0 1 1 700				47 060
Mental health	1,844,700	-	-	-	47,868
	713,709	-	-	-	-
Community intervention and support services	102,285	-	-	2 404 244	-
Social services Other human services	4,566,008	-	-	3,101,314	-
	22,762	·	· <u>-</u>	2 101 244	47.000
Total human services	7,249,464	<u>-</u>	·	3,101,314	47,868

achinery and quipment	Computer Hardware	Vehicles	Computer Software	Water System	Right-to-use Lease Assets	Right-to-use Subscription Assets	Construction in Progress
\$ 948,128	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
117,816	-	30,839	-	-	788,994	31,043	-
27,381	26,450	-	4,044,548	-	-	131,308	-
89,810	37,911	279,676	2,978,717	-	-	736,498	-
-	6,190	-	-	-	-	115,618	-
33,091	-	56,963	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
62,520	110,272	-	1,365,598	-	-	-	-
2,788,910	19,374	2,396,249	55,695	-	30,292	-	-
133,905	24,088,743	-	5,406,194	-	-	6,090,615	-
-	-	32,447	-	-	-	-	-
-	10,820						
 4,201,561	24,299,760	2,796,174	13,850,752		819,286	7,105,082	
2,363,594	760,441	9,301,657	634,392	-	393,626	-	-
166,391	-	309,553	66,089	-	-	-	-
3,670,029	60,429	293,317	77,000	-	-	-	-
21,420	-	668,411	38,023	-	-	-	-
-	72,696	63,211	-	-	-	-	-
111,468	-	104,127	-	-	-	-	-
 1,355,971	74,221	9,253,494	544,104		5,378,744		
 7,688,873	967,787	19,993,770	1,359,608		5,772,370		
4,597,445	8,998	60,531	-	2,530,425	-	3,715	-
 4,597,445	8,998	60,531		2,530,425		3,715	
 4,007,440	0,000	00,001		2,000,420		0,710	
-	-	24,184	-	-	-	-	-
 <u> </u>		56,795	27,716				
 		80,979	27,716			<u>-</u> _	
441,638	13,666	1,235,532	61,997	-	43,999	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
42,324	6,165	- ,_00,002	665,220	-	-	-	-
,02	-	102,285	-	-	-	-	-
39,757	79,126	907,910	200,782	-	237,119	-	-
		22,762	-	-	,	-	-
 523,719	98,957	2,268,489	927,999		281,118		
 			,				

#### Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule by Function and Activity<sup>1</sup> as of June 30, 2023 (continued)

		Total Assets		Land	E	asements		Buildings		Office Furniture I Equipment
Education: Durham public schools	\$	8,080,942	\$	_	\$	_	\$	8,080,942	\$	
Durnam public schools	Φ	0,000,942	Φ		Ψ		Φ	0,000,942	Φ	
Cultural and Recreational:										
Library		8,514,825		7,500				6,131,555		29,126
Capital Projects:  Construction in progress		191,888,446		_		-		-		<u>-</u>
1 13	-									
Total Capital Assets	\$ 7	784,060,240	\$	10,001,626	\$	3,053,493	\$	473,988,563	\$	2,516,354

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds.

Machinery and Equipment	Computer Hardware	Vehicles	Computer Software	Water System	Right-to-use Lease Assets	Right-to-use Subscription Assets	Construction in Progress
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
238,017	18,368	782,797	378,776			928,686	
			<u>-</u>				191,888,446
\$ 17,249,615	\$ 25,393,870	\$ 25,982,740	\$ 16,544,851	\$ 2,530,425	\$ 6,872,774	\$ 8,037,483	\$ 191,888,446

#### Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity<sup>1</sup> Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Capital Assets July 1, 2022	Additions	Transfers and Deletions	Capital Assets June 30, 2023
General Government:				
Board of county commissioners	\$ 948,128	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 948,128
Board of elections	158,772	-	-	158,772
Finance	4,516,253	-	-	4,516,253
Tax administration	3,386,114	-	-	3,386,114
Legal	6,190	-	-	6,190
Risk management and insurance	128,254	-	-	128,254
Court facilities	13,751,926	-	-	13,751,926
Register of deeds	2,482,962	-	<del>-</del>	2,482,962
General services	349,023,729	53,724,702	(132,936)	402,615,495
Information systems and technology	21,774,342	7,883,798	-	29,658,140
Veterans services	32,447	-	-	32,447
Human resources	10,820			10,820
Total general government	396,219,937	61,608,500	(132,936)	457,695,501
Public Safety:				
County sheriff	53,569,864	3,053,634	(681,402)	55,942,096
Fire marshal	1,709,348	83,892	(00.,.02)	1,793,240
Criminal justice partnership	944,080	36,348	_	980,428
Animal control	4,007,958	-	_	4,007,958
Youth home	551,210	31,385	-	582,595
Office of emergency services	18,250,855	1,123,989	-	19,374,844
Total public safety	79,033,315	4,329,248	(681,402)	82,681,161
Environmental Protection:				
Environmental engineering	11,871,145	-	-	11,871,145
Open space management	2,120,655	142,453		2,263,108
Total Environmental Protection	\$ 13,991,800	\$ 142,453	\$ -	\$ 14,134,253

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds.

#### Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity<sup>1</sup> Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Right-to-Use Assets July 1, 2022 (as Restated)	Additions	Transfers and Deletions	Right-to-Use Assets June 30, 2023
General Government:				
Finance	\$ 131,307	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 131,307
Tax administration	736,498	-	-	736,498
Legal	115,619	-	-	115,619
Court facilities	229,067	-	229,067	-
Elections	820,037	-	-	820,037
General services	30,292	-	-	30,292
Information systems and technology	466,633	5,623,982	-	6,090,615
Total general government	2,529,453	5,623,982	229,067	7,924,368
Public Safety:				
Sheriff	393,626	-	-	393,626
Office of emergency services	170,093	5,208,651	-	5,378,744
Total public safety	563,719	5,208,651	-	5,772,370
Environmental Protection:				
Environmental engineering	3,715			3,715

#### Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity<sup>1</sup> Year Ended June 30, 2023 (continued)

	Right-to-Use Assets July 1, 2022 (as Restated)	Additions	Transfers and Deletions	Capital Assets June 30, 2023
Human Services:				
Public health	43,999	-	-	43,999
Social services	237,119	-	-	237,119
Total human services	281,118		-	281,118
Cultural and Recreational:				
Library	928,686			928,686
Total Right-to-Use Assets	\$ 4,306,691	\$ 10,832,633	\$ 229,067	\$ 14,910,257

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds.

#### Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity<sup>1</sup> Year Ended June 30, 2023 (continued)

E	Capital Assets July 1, 2022		Additions	_	Transfers and Deletions	Ju	Capital Assets ne 30, 2023
Economic and Physical Development:	Ф 04.104	¢.			Φ.	¢	24 104
Cooperative extension Planning	\$ 24,184 6,500	\$	-		\$ -	\$	24,184 6,500
Soil and water conservation	84,511		-		-		84,511
Total Economic and Physical Development	115,195			<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		115,195
Human Services:							
Public health	1,639,630		376,799		(215,728)		1,800,701
Community intervention and support services	-		102,285		-		102,285
Mental health	713,709		-		-		713,709
Social services	4,107,564		287,894		(66,569)		4,328,889
Other human services	22,762		-		-		22,762
Total human services	6,483,665		766,978	_	(282,297)		6,968,346
Education:							
Durham public schools	8,080,942			-			8,080,942
Cultural and Recreational:							
Library	7,430,703		155,436	_	<u>-</u>		7,586,139
Capital Projects:							
Construction in progress	198,048,684		56,413,502	-	(62,573,740)	1	91,888,446
Total Capital Assets	\$709,404,241	\$	123,416,116	=	\$ (63,670,375)	\$7	69,149,983

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds.

## GROSS BONDED DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM DEBT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

DESCRIPTION	INTEREST RATE	ISSUE DATE	0	AMOUNT UTSTANDING 6-30-22	ISSUED DURING YEAR	ADJUSTED DURING YEAR
GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT:						
BONDED DEBT:						
REFUNDING, SERIES 2011	3.00%-5.00%	06/08/11	\$	2,285,000	\$ -	\$ -
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT REFUNDING, SERIES 2014	2.00%-5.00%	06/03/14		11,150,000	-	-
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT REFUNDING, SERIES 2015	3.00%-5.00%	07/09/15		24,695,000	-	-
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT REFUNDING, SERIES 2016	3.00%-5.00%	09/29/16		85,620,000	-	-
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT, SERIES 2017 PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT REFUNDING, SERIES 2019	3.23% 3.00%-5.00%	03/16/17 03/05/19		1,900,000 37,575,000	-	-
PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT REFUNDING, SERIES 2021	1.25%-5.00%	02/23/21		57,485,000	-	-
UNAMORTIZED BOND PREMIUM	1.2070 0.0070	02/20/21		32,772,741	-	(2)
TOTAL BONDED DEBT:				253,482,741	-	(2)
OTHER LONG-TERM DEBT: INSTALLMENT PURCHASE AGREEMENTS: LIMITED OBLIGATION BONDS:						
LOBS 2012	2.00%-5.00%	03/29/12		8,570,000	_	_
LOBS 2013	1.50%-5.00%	03/28/13		11,245,000	_	_
LOBS 2016	4.00%-5.00%	04/01/16		25,770,000	-	-
LOBS 2018	4.00%-5.00%	09/06/18		46,625,000	-	-
LOBS 2020A	2.375%-5.00%	01/23/20		15,400,000	-	-
LOBS 2020B	1.668%-3.085%	01/23/20		97,365,000	-	-
LOBS 2023A	5.00%	04/19/23		-	168,780,000	
LOBS 2023B UNAMORTIZED BOND PREMIUM	3.985% to 5.064%	04/19/23		21,632,252	23,685,000 26,796,243	(305,584)
TOTAL LIMITED OBLIGATION BONDS:				226,607,252	219,261,243	(305,584)
Other Financing Agreements  Direct Installment Notes  INSTALLMENT NOTES FINANCING CONTRACT (LOBs) TAI INSTALLMENT NOTES FINANCING CONTRACT (LOBs) TAI Total Direct Installment Notes Programs				85,972,203 13,292,599 99,264,802	39,550,155 1,707,401 41,257,556	- - -
BOND ANTICIPATION NOTES (BANs) FY22				28,896,911	14,080,038	-
Other Agreements						
LEASES				1,468,980	5,208,651	-
SUBSCRIPTIONS NC HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY				7,648	2,363,250	5,623,982
UTILITY PERFORMANCE CONTRACT (direct install placeme	ont financina)			2,388,904	-	2
Total Other Agreements	in manufig)			3,865,532	7,571,901	5,623,984
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING AGREEMENTS				132,027,245	62,909,495	5,623,984
TOTAL INSTALLMENT PURCHASE AGREEMENTS: EARNED VACATION PAY				<b>358,634,497</b> 10,196,679	<b>282,170,738</b> 7,935,485	5,318,400
NET PENSION LIABILITY (LGERS)				23,466,616	59,215,508	-
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY (LEOSSA)				10,123,540	-	-
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY				205,440,549	-	-
TOTAL OTHER LONG-TERM DEBT:				607,861,881	349,321,731	5,318,400
TOTAL GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT:			\$	861,344,622	\$ 349,321,731	\$ 5,318,398

	DUE FISCA	L YEAR		DUE FISCA	L YEAR	
_	2022- 2	.023	AMOUNT	2023- 2	2024	LONG-TERM
DEFEASED			OUTSTANDING			PRINCIPAL
DURING YEAR	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	6-30-23	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	DUE THEREAFTER
\$ -	\$ 2,285,000 \$	57,125			- \$	-
-	2,230,000	473,875	8,920,000	2,230,000	362,375	6,690,000
-	5,360,000	1,100,750	19,335,000	5,355,000	832,875	13,980,000
-	6,665,000	3,277,725	78,955,000	6,640,000	2,945,100	72,315,000
-	380,000	55,233	1,520,000	380,000	42,959	1,140,000
-	2,215,000	1,685,375	35,360,000	2,210,000	1,574,625	33,150,000
-	3,195,000	1,820,756	54,290,000	3,195,000	1,724,906	51,095,000
	3,562,234	-	29,210,505	2,793,105	-	26,417,400
	25,892,234	8,470,839	227,590,505	22,803,105	7,482,840	204,787,400
_	3,190,000	339,588	5,380,000	-	180,188	5,380,000
_	3,750,000	496,712	7,495,000	3,750,000	309,213	3,745,000
_	2,910,000	1,193,750	22,860,000	2,885,000	1,070,875	19,975,000
_	2,745,000	1,913,500	43,880,000	2,745,000	1,791,875	41,135,000
_	860,000	656,613	14,540,000	860,000	622,213	13,680,000
_	1,015,000	2,475,784	96,350,000	4,255,000	2,426,127	92.095.000
	-	2,170,701	168,780,000	8,435,000	9,423,550	160,345,000
		_	23,685,000	1,185,000	1,199,362	22,500,000
	1,534,866	-	46,588,044	2,824,892	1,199,302	43,763,152
	16,004,866	7,075,947	429,558,044	26,939,892	17,023,403	402,618,152
125,522,358	-	-	-	-	-	-
15,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
140,522,358	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	42,976,949	-	-	-
_	551,512	46,370	6,126,119	668,538	_	5,457,581
_	3,616,248	36,952	4,370,984	2,458,684	91,615	1,912,300
_	7,648	50,502	4,570,904	2,400,004	31,010	1,312,000
_	323,732	52,768	2,065,174	338,712	45,288	1,726,462
-	4,499,140	136,090	12,562,277	3,465,934	136,903	9,096,343
140,522,358	4,499,140	136,090	55,539,226	3,465,934	136,903	9,096,343
	, ,	,	, ,	, ,	•	
140,522,358	20,504,006	7,212,037	485,097,270	30,405,826	17,160,306	411,714,495
-	6,823,365	-	11,308,799	6,823,365	-	4,485,434
-	-	-	82,682,124	-	-	82,682,124
1,354,674	-	-	8,768,866	-	-	8,768,866
44,014,942	-		161,425,607	-	-	161,425,607
185,891,974	27,327,371	7,212,037	749,282,666	37,229,191	17,160,306	669,076,526
\$ 185,891,974	\$ 53,219,605 \$	15,682,876	\$ 976,873,171 \$	60,032,296 \$	24,643,146 \$	873,863,926

## GROSS BONDED DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM DEBT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (continued)

DESCRIPTION	INTEREST RATE	ISSUE DATE	Ol	AMOUNT JTSTANDING 6-30-22	ISSUED IRING YEAR	 USTED IG YEAR
PROPRIETARY DEBT:						
ENTERPRISE FUND:						
ENTERPRISE REVOLVING LOAN	2.22%	07/01/10	\$	1,389,086	\$ -	\$ -
ENTERPRISE REVOLVING II LOAN	2.22%	07/01/10		5,854,611	-	-
REVENUE BONDS REFUNDING, SERIES 2012	2.49%	08/23/12		4,305,000	-	-
UNAMORTIZED BOND PREMIUM				204,605	-	-
TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUND BONDED DEBT:				11,753,302	-	-
EARNED VACATION PAY				192,583	143,154	-
NET PENSION LIABILITY (LGERS)				230,633	987,708	
TOTAL PROPRIETARY DEBT:				12,176,518	1,130,862	-
TOTAL GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT						
AND PROPRIETARY DEBT:			\$	873,521,140	\$ 350,452,593	\$ 5,318,398

	DUE FIS	CAL 22- 20		AMOUNT	DUE FIS	SCAI 23- 2		LONG-TERM		
DEFEASED URING YEAR	PRINCIPAL		INTEREST	OUTSTANDING 6-30-23	PRINCIPAL		INTEREST		PRINCIPAL DUE THEREAFTER	
\$ -	\$ 138,909	\$	30,838	\$ 1,250,179	\$ 138,909	\$	27,754	\$	1,111,270	
-	532,237		129,972	5,322,374	532,237		118,157		4,790,137	
-	820,000		107,195	3,485,000	840,000		86,777		2,645,000	
-	31,887		-	172,718	31,887		-		140,831	
-	1,523,033		268,005	10,230,271	1,543,033		232,688		8,687,238	
-	98,760		-	236,977	98,760		-		138,217	
-	-		-	1,218,341	· -		-		1,218,341	
-	1,621,793		268,005	11,685,589	1,641,793		232,688		10,043,796	
\$ 185,891,974	\$ 54,841,398	\$	15,950,881	\$ 988,558,760	\$ 61,674,089	\$	24,875,834	\$	883,907,722	

# **Analysis of Current Tax Levy Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2023**

Property Valuations	
Real property	\$ 40,886,026,499
Personal property	5,272,493,913
Public service	677,619,677
DMV-registered vehicles	3,137,333,083
Total subject to tax	\$ 49,973,473,172
Real property/personal property/corporate excess levy	\$ 554,946,068
DMV -registered vehicles levy	37,495,840
Gross Levy	\$ 592,441,908
Abatements/discoveries	(2,253,407)
Net Levy	\$ 590,188,500
Uncollected at June 30, 2022	2,825,196
Current year taxes collected	\$ 587,363,304
Percent of current taxes collected	99.52%

This schedule includes current year levy and collections for the Agency Funds and excludes current year levy and collections of Special Revenue Funds.

# Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable by Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

Year of Levy		ncollected Balance uly 1, 2022	Current Year Gross Levy		Collections	.batements/ Discoveries	ncollected Balance ne 30, 2023
2022	\$	-	\$ 592,441,908	\$	587,363,304	\$ (2,253,407)	\$ 2,825,196
2021 2020		1,040,632 403,800	-		560,641 126,051	(157,822) (43,877)	322,169 233,872
2019		663,442	-		85,745	(43,677)	570,105
2018		493,185	<u>-</u>		45,698	667	448,154
2017		125,648	_		23,354	-	102,294
2016 and prior		722,592	-		52,521	(255,665)	414,406
·	\$	3,449,299	\$ 592,441,908	\$	588,257,314	\$ (2,717,696)	4,916,195
Less allowance for	or und	collectible ad v	ralorem taxes rece	eivab	le		(97,952)
	Ad v	alorem taxes	receivable (net)				\$ 4,818,243
Receivable by fur General Fund Capital financing General Fund City of Durham Town of Chapel H City of Raleigh Town of Morrisvil Town of Cary	Hill le	et:				\$ 2,588,891 352,383 1,859,937 13,413 3,539 80	2,941,274
Custodial fund	ls						 1,876,969
							\$ 4,818,243

Note: This schedule includes the general fund and custodial funds.

# Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable by Year Year Ended June 30, 2023

Fiscal Year		ncollected Balance ne 30, 2022		Additions		Collections	_	Abatements/ Discoveries		Uncollected Balance June 30, 2023	
2022-2023	\$	_	\$	592,441,908	\$	587,363,304	\$	(2,253,407)	\$	2,825,196	
2021-2022		1,040,632		-		560,641		(157,822)		322,169	
2020-2021		403,800		-		126,051		(43,877)		233,872	
2019-2020		663,442		-		85,745		(7,592)		570,105	
2018-2019		493,185		-		45,698		667		448,154	
2017-2018		125,648		-		23,354		-		102,294	
2016 and prior		722,592				52,521		(255,665)		414,406	
	\$	3,449,299	\$	592,441,908	\$	588,257,314	\$	(2,717,697)		4,916,195	
Less allowanc	e for u	ncollectible ad	valor	em taxes receival	ble					(97,952)	
	Ad val	orem taxes rec	eivab	le (net)					\$	4,818,243	
Reconcilemen	ıt with r	evenues:									
	Taxes	- ad valorem -	gove	rnmental funds					\$	357,912,364	
Taxes - ad valorem - custodial funds										230,344,950	
Total col	lection	s and credits							\$	588,257,314	

Note: This schedule includes the general fund and custodial funds.

Statistical Section (TAB)

#### FINANCIAL TRENDS INFORMATON

#### **Schedule of Net Position by Component**

This schedule is a summary of the County's net position for the last 10 fiscal years. Information can be obtained from the Statement of Net Position in the financial statements for each of the fiscal years. The Net Position must be presented in the three different components and in the aggregate.

#### **Schedule of Changes in Net Position**

This schedule is a summary of the changes in net position for the last 10 fiscal years. Information can be obtained from the Statement of Activities in the financial statements for each of the fiscal years.

#### Schedule of Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

This schedule is a summary of the governmental funds fund balances for the last 10 fiscal years. Information can be obtained from the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet in the financial statements for each of the fiscal years. The General Fund is reported in five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent; non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance. The remaining Governmental Funds are grouped together but split out into the appropriate fund balance classifications.

#### Schedule of Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

This schedule is required to show three items: the net change in fund balance over the last 10 fiscal years, provide the debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures ratio, and debt service must be broken out into principal and interest. The schedule also shows the revenues by source and expenditures by function. This information can be obtained from the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances in the financial statements for each of the fiscal years.

#### **Government-wide Expenses by Function**

This schedule is a summary of the expenses by functional area for the last 10 fiscal years. Information can be obtained from the Statement of Activities in the financial statements for each of the fiscal years.

#### **Government-wide Revenues**

This schedule is a summary of the revenues by source for the last 10 fiscal years. Information can be obtained from the Statement of Activities in the financial statements for each of the fiscal years.

#### **General Government Expenditures by Function**

This schedule is a summary of general government expenditures by function for the last 10 fiscal years for all governmental fund types consisting of General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Fund and Community Health Trust Fund. This information can be obtained from the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances in the financial statements for each of the fiscal years.

#### **General Government Revenues by Source**

This schedule is a summary of general government revenues by source for the last 10 fiscal years for all governmental fund types consisting of General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Fund and Community Health Trust Fund. This information can be obtained from the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances in the financial statements for each of the fiscal years.



#### Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

Restricted 132,542,994 100,410,092 97,332,350 68,391,721 64,198,384 57,833,938 52,646,580 56,579,115 57,772,872 52,415,572 Unrestricted (198,524,346) (194,942,446) (221,962,274) (151,535,380) (192,337,701) (96,020,674) (112,774,836) (89,071,940) (44,425,284) (69,263,012															
Net investment in capital assets \$ 114,466,733 \$ 108,073,865 \$ 183,610,404 \$ 136,546,994 \$ 169,099,967 \$ 62,072,041 \$ 171,070,634 \$ 120,531,058 \$ 34,987,961 \$ 20,701,314 Restricted \$ 132,542,994 \$ 100,410,092 \$ 97,332,350 \$ 68,391,721 \$ 64,193,834 \$ 57,833,938 \$ 52,646,580 \$ 56,579,115 \$ 57,772,872 \$ 52,415,572 Unrestricted \$ (198,524,346) \$ (144,942,446) \$ (221,962,274) \$ (151,535,380) \$ (192,337,701) \$ (96,020,674) \$ (112,774,836) \$ (89,071,940) \$ (44,425,284) \$ (69,263,012) \$ (701,014) \$ (1		 2023	 2022	2021	 2020		2019		2018	 2017		2016	2015		2014
Business-type activities  Net investment in capital assets \$ 61,663,435 \$ 60,383,228 \$ 54,524,004 \$ 55,060,180 \$ 53,816,232 \$ 53,624,526 \$ 53,217,258 \$ 53,957,575 \$ 49,473,281 \$ 47,154,452   Restricted 8,746,694 7,265,351 10,508,607 2,108,332 3,374,189 688,047 1,332,847 952,588 5,781,893 7,854,486   Unrestricted 49,255,370 41,022,643 36,203,632 39,353,018 36,995,955 36,741,062 33,334,232 28,459,495 25,993,181 21,724,599	Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$ 132,542,994	\$ 100,410,092	\$ 97,332,350	\$ 68,391,721	\$	64,193,834	\$	57,833,938	\$ 52,646,580	\$	56,579,115	\$ 57,772,872	\$	20,701,314 52,415,572 (69,263,012)
Net investment in capital assets         \$ 61,663,435         \$ 60,383,228         \$ 54,524,004         \$ 55,060,180         \$ 53,816,232         \$ 53,624,526         \$ 53,217,258         \$ 53,957,575         \$ 49,473,281         \$ 47,154,452           Restricted         8,746,694         7,265,351         10,508,607         2,108,332         3,374,189         688,047         1,332,847         952,588         5,781,893         7,854,486           Unrestricted         49,255,370         41,022,643         36,203,632         39,353,018         36,995,955         36,741,062         33,334,232         28,459,495         25,993,181         21,724,599	Total governmental activities net position	\$ 48,485,381	\$ 63,541,511	\$ 58,980,480	\$ 53,403,335	\$	40,956,100	\$	23,885,305	\$ 110,942,378	\$	88,038,233	\$ 48,335,549	\$	3,853,874
,	Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$  8,746,694 49,255,370	\$ 7,265,351 41,022,643	\$ 10,508,607 36,203,632	\$ 2,108,332 39,353,018	\$	3,374,189 36,995,955	\$	688,047 36,741,062	\$ 1,332,847 33,334,232	\$	952,588 28,459,495	\$ 5,781,893 25,993,181	_	47,154,452 7,854,486 21,724,599 76,733,537
Restricted 141,289,688 107,675,443 107,840,957 70,500,053 67,568,023 58,521,985 53,979,427 57,531,703 63,554,765 60,270,058 Unrestricted (149,268,976) (103,919,803) (185,758,642) (112,182,362) (155,341,746) (59,279,612) (79,440,604) (60,612,445) (18,432,103) (47,538,413)	Primary government  Net investment in capital assets  Restricted  Unrestricted	\$ 176,130,168 141,289,688 (149,268,976)	\$ 168,457,093 107,675,443 (103,919,803)	\$ 238,134,408 107,840,957 (185,758,642)	\$ 191,607,174 70,500,053 (112,182,362)	\$	222,916,199 67,568,023 (155,341,746)	\$	115,696,567 58,521,985 (59,279,612)	\$ 224,287,892 53,979,427 (79,440,604)	_	174,488,633 57,531,703 (60,612,445)	\$ 84,461,242 63,554,765 (18,432,103)	\$	67,855,766 60,270,058 (47,538,413)
	Total primary government net position	\$ 168,150,880	\$ 172,212,733	\$ 160,216,723	\$ 149,924,865	_\$_	135,142,476	_\$	114,938,940	\$ 198,826,715	\$	171,407,891	\$ 129,583,904	\$	80,587,411

Part		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Second government   \$12,512,523   \$11,410,010   \$10,120,528   \$8,05,00,520   \$0,500,000   \$0,000   \$0,000	Expenses										
Public salery	Governmental activities:										
Public salery	General government	\$ 123.351.253	\$ 114,410,610	\$ 101.205.831	\$ 89.530.531	\$ 65.306.869	\$ 67.278.145	\$ 64.194.870	\$ 60.091.561	\$ 57.622.575	\$ 55,772,804
Tampopulation special development 1917.757 800.006 231.600 220.519 5.000.007 5.071.855.001 20.6737 35.071 12.500 12.000.007 5.071.855.001 20.6737 35.071 12.500 12.000.007 5.071.855.001 20.6737 35.071 12.500.007 5.071.855.001 20.6737 35.071 12.500.007 5.071.855.001 20.6737 35.071 12.500.007 5.071.855.001 20.6737 35.071.007 5.071.855.001 20.6737 35.071 20.673.000 20.0000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.0000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.0000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.0000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.0000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.0000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.0000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.0000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.0000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.0000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.0000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.0000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.0000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.0000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.0000 20.0000 20.0000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000											
Economic and physical development   18,178,068   13,00,183   13,173,086   9,41,002   5,096,027   5,761,844   7,368,769   7,343,752   4,773,055   3,480,375     Environmental protection   13,142,109   11,014,141   11,042,777   15,517,086   101,262,748   61,517,738   68,522,504   68,522,504   68,522,504   68,522,504   68,521,504   68,521,504     Environmental activities   12,014,104   11,042,777   11,517,086   101,262,748   61,517,728   68,522,504   68,522,504   68,522,504   68,521,504     Environmental activities   22,016,244   14,045,505   14,047,173   254,646   11,012,727   12,046,000     Environmental activities   12,014,000   11,042,747   12,046,000   14,041,000   14,041,000     Environmental activities   12,014,000   14,041,000   14,041,000   14,041,000     Environmental activities   12,014,000   14,041,000   14,041,000   14,041,000   14,041,000   14,041,000     Environmental activities   12,014,000   14,041,0											
Emmission   13-862-288   11-10-11-11-11   11-10-11-11   11-10-11-11   11-10-11-11   11-10-11-11   11-10-11-11   11-10-11-11											
Human servose							-, -,-				
Education   Calubration   Ca	·										
California and recreational   74.45.261   63.15.164   16.31.5.165   16.276.276   12.09.088   12.677.117   17.09.061   17.09.											
Interest and fiscal charges   14,794,696   14,794,696   14,578,778   294,616   19,100,020   16,447,308   12,990,000   10,742,596   20,880,870   22,953,474											
Programmer   April   Program		, ., .	.,								
Business-type activities   12,110,564   10,470,472   0,864,071   3,705,514   10,123,859   8,302,269   7,070,882   7,447,186   7,187,975   6,387,907   5,070,0812   7,447,186   7,187,975   6,387,907   7,070,0812   7,447,186   7,187,975   6,387,907   7,070,0812   7,447,186   7,187,975   6,387,907   7,070,0812   7,447,186   7,187,975   6,387,907   7,070,0812   7,447,186   7,187,975   6,387,907   7,070,0812   7,447,186   7,187,975   6,387,907   7,070,0812   7,447,186   7,187,975   6,387,907   7,070,0812   7,447,186   7,187,975   6,387,907   7,070,0812   7,447,186   7,187,975   6,387,907   7,070,0812   7,447,186   7,187,975   6,387,907   7,070,0812   7,447,186   7,187,975   6,387,907   7,070,0812   7,447,186   7,187,975   6,387,907   7,070,0812   7,447,186   7,187,975   6,387,907   7,070,0812   7,447,186   7,187,975   6,387,907   7,070,0812   7,447,186   7,187,975   6,387,907   7,070,0812   7,447,186   7,187,975   6,387,907   7,070,0812   7,447,186   7,487,907   7,470,0812   7,447,186   7,487,907   7,470,0812   7,470,0812   7,447,186   7,487,907   7,											
Server unity   12,110,564   10,479,472   20,884,971   50,705,514   10,123,859   8,002,259   7,970,852   7,447,168   7,187,975   6,387,907   7,041   7,187,975   6,387,907   7,041   7,187,975   6,387,907   7,041   7,187,975   7,041		049,361,139	013,403,034	341,000,903	303,911,430	403,437,000	442,372,721	424,000,125	410,241,039	309,207,330	390,233,494
State   Stat		40 440 504	40 470 470	0.004.074	0.705.544	40 400 050	0.000.000	7.070.000	7 447 400	7 407 075	0.007.007
Total pulmers-type activities	•				9,705,514	10,123,859	8,302,269	7,970,882	7,447,186	7,187,975	6,387,907
Program Revenues Covernmental activities: Charges for services: Ch					0.705.544	- 40 400 050					
Program Revenues   Governmental activities:   Charges for services:   General governmental activities:   18.358,823   20.839,897   18.384,547   15.462,682   13.568,132   14.528,090   13.196,914   13.473,564   13.672,384   9.710,327   Public salety   17.389,014   15.347,858   13.282,256   12.335,220   12.933,088   13.100,808   12.301,903   11.700,522   11.029,059   8.861,551   Economic and physical development   33.528   42.721   38.873   34.022   47.202   44.544   52.116   67.361   68.673   18.664   18.675											
Chargest of services:   Char	Total primary government expenses	662,969,194	625,157,302	551,938,899	515,616,964	4/3,561,54/	450,874,990	432,031,007	417,689,025	396,395,505	402,621,401
Cameral government	Program Revenues										
Ceneral government	Governmental activities:										
Public safety   17,389,014   15,347,888   13,282,286   12,335,220   12,933,084   13,190,898   12,301,999   11,700,522   11,029,088   8,861,551   17,005,020   11,005,020   1	Charges for services:										
Transportation	General government	18,358,823	20,839,897	18,384,547	15,462,682	13,568,132	14,528,090	13,196,914	13,473,564	13,672,364	9,710,327
Economic and physical development   \$3,528   42,721   38,873   34,022   47,202   44,544   52,116   67,361   68,673   2,88,613   1,8654   2,800,133   1,8654   2,800,133   1,8654   1,	Public safety	17,369,014	15,347,858	13,282,256	12,335,220	12,933,084	13,190,898	12,301,993	11,700,522	11,029,058	8,861,551
Environmental protection   3,000,034   3,078,358   3,108,944   3,375,824   3,911,15   3,830,149   3,280,048   3,217.315   2,802,153   2,808,313   Education   1,881   1,881   1,832   1,832   2,420,120   3,830,401   5,251,427   5,006,785   5,306,527   5,306,	Transportation	1,881	2,429	· · · ·	· · · · · -	· · · ·			· · · ·		
Environmental protection   3,000,034   3,078,358   3,108,944   3,375,824   3,911,15   3,830,149   3,280,048   3,217.315   2,802,153   2,808,313   Education   1,881   1,881   1,832   1,832   2,420,120   3,830,401   5,251,427   5,006,785   5,306,527   5,306,	Economic and physical development	53,528	42,721	38,873	34,022	47,202	44,544	52,116	67,361	68,673	18,654
Human services 1,16,356 1,350,360 1,198,229 2,420,120 3,830,941 5,251,427 5,096,785 5,306,527 5,359,752 4,354,144 Education 1,881 1,332		3,060,834	3,078,358	3,108,944	3,875,824	3,911,415	3,830,149		3,217,315	2,862,153	2,898,313
Education   1,881   1,882   1,835   31,74   402,152   388,319   386,919   369,918   456,335   473,764   299,711			1,350,360				5,251,427	5,096,785			4,354,144
Cultural and recreational 247,836 219,251 183,507 314,749 402,152 398,319 386,919 456,385 473,764 299,711 Operating grants and contributions:  General government 15,951,884 14,666,474 15,250,936 9,075,077 6,297,110 5,260,234 5,686,528 3,499,215 4,683,445 4,464,142 Public safety 6,034,693 6,090,007 11,623,397 5,905,052 4,863,035 424,9799 4,801,111 5,270,013 4,789,575 4,549,651 Transportation 599,289 599,383 285,930 899,686 591,505 334,400 542,097 618,300 588,110 Environmental protection 20,160 24,000 174,107 4 99,569 119,019 74,244 1619,636 193,511 52,678 Human services 50,407,176 68,852,541 47,856,947 38,442,882 36,776,037 36,437,658 48,568,57 47,419,147 46,346,963 40,084,357 Education 2,000 2					-	-		-	-	-	-
Contraing grants and contributions:		· ·			314 749	402 152	398 319	386 919	456 385	473 764	299 711
General government   15,951,884		,	,	,	,-	,	,	,	,	,	
Public safety		15 951 884	14 666 474	15 250 936	9 075 077	6 297 110	5 260 234	5 686 528	3 499 215	4 683 445	4 464 142
Transportation 599,289 599,383 799,373 285,930 899,686 591,505 334,540 542,097 618,300 588,110 Environmental protection 20,160 24,000 174,107 - 99,569 119,019 74,244 169,636 193,511 52,678 Human services 50,407,176 68,852,541 47,856,947 38,442,822 36,776,037 36,437,668 48,586,587 47,419,147 46,346,963 40,943,557 Education - 2,000 42,000											
Economic and physical development   320,560   337,685   799,373   285,930   899,686   591,505   334,540   542,097   618,300   588,110				11,020,007	0,000,002	4,000,000	4,240,700	4,040,111	0,210,010	4,700,070	-,0-10,001
Environmental protection 20,160 24,000 174,107 - 99,569 119,019 74,244 169,636 193,511 52,678 Human services 50,407,176 68,852,541 47,866,947 38,442,882 36,776,037 36,437,658 48,568,587 47,419,147 46,346,963 40,084,357 Education 2,000 2	·			700 373	285 030	899 686	501 505	334 540	5/2 007	618 300	588 110
Human services 50,407,176 68,852,541 47,856,947 38,442,862 36,776,037 36,437,658 48,568,587 47,419,147 46,346,963 40,084,357 Education - 2,000 - 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 - 2,000 2,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 - 2,000 2,000 - 2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·			200,930				·	·	
Education	•				20 442 002				·		
Cultural and recreational 655,142 423,716 525,662 423,926 516,005 251,390 287,840 355,168 240,335 266,690 Capital grants and contributions:  General government		30,407,176		47,000,947	30,442,002	30,770,037	30,437,036	40,000,007	47,419,147	40,340,903	40,064,337
Capital grants and contributions:  General government General Gene		- CEE 440		-	400.000	- E46 00E	254 200	207.040	2EE 460	240.225	
General government		000,142	423,710	525,562	423,920	510,005	251,390	207,040	333,100	240,333	200,090
Public safety         -         <						4 000 000	000 000	4 000 007	0.004.000	4 000 405	4 400 400
Environmental protection 30,693 446,622 2,004,287 24,007 233,750 - Education 4,467,661 1,157,830 720,245 1,130,189 1,322,406 1,088,886 1,821,738 1,978,837 907,707 1,469,322 Cultural and recreational 400,000 800,000 104g overnmental activities program revenues 118,926,718 133,036,391 113,178,948 90,105,673 87,267,124 86,688,410 99,211,493 95,841,632 93,773,932 80,082,237 Business-type activities:  Charges for services:  Sewer utility	•	-	-	-	-	1,000,000	999,880	1,260,807	2,361,838		
Education         4,467,661         1,157,830         720,245         1,130,189         1,322,406         1,088,886         1,821,738         1,978,837         907,070         1,469,322           Cultural and recreational         -	•	-	-	<del>.</del>	-	-		<del>.</del>	<del>.</del>		1,341,125
Cultural and recreational         -         -         -         -         -         400,000         800,000         -	•				<del>.</del>	<del>.</del>					<del>.</del>
Total governmental activities program revenues 118,926,718 133,036,391 113,178,948 90,105,673 87,267,124 86,688,410 99,211,493 95,841,632 93,773,932 80,082,237  Business-type activities: Charges for services: Sewer utility Sewer utility 2,853,679 2,236,163 1,639,669 - 1,659,769 10,199,023 12,331,995 9,200,098 11,243,175 12,007,107  Capital grants and contributions: Sewer utility Sewer utilit		4,467,661	1,157,830	720,245			1,088,886	1,821,738	1,978,837	907,707	1,469,322
Business-type activities:  Charges for services:  Sewer utility Sewer ut											
Charges for services:  Sewer utility Sewer u		118,926,718	133,036,391	113,178,948	90,105,673	87,267,124	86,688,410	99,211,493	95,841,632	93,773,932	80,082,237
Sewer utility         20,023,410         15,918,770         13,928,001         11,658,657         12,659,769         10,199,023         12,331,995         9,200,098         11,243,175         12,007,107           Stormwater         2,853,679         2,236,163         1,639,669         -											
Stormwater         2,853,679         2,236,163         1,639,669         -											
Capital grants and contributions:  Sewer utility  Stormwater  Total business-type activities program revenues  869,362  892,852  5,805  959,110  42,925  284,195  600,000  780,802	Sewer utility	20,023,410	15,918,770	13,928,001	11,658,657	12,659,769	10,199,023	12,331,995	9,200,098	11,243,175	12,007,107
Sewer utility         869,362         892,852         5,805         -         -         959,110         42,925         284,195         600,000         780,802           Stormwater         -         -         17,116         -	Stormwater	2,853,679	2,236,163	1,639,669	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stormwater         -         -         17,116         -	Capital grants and contributions:										
Stormwater         -         -         17,116         -	Sewer utility	869,362	892,852	5,805	-	-	959,110	42,925	284,195	600,000	780,802
		· -	-		-	-	· -	-	-	-	-
	Total business-type activities program revenues	23,746,451	19,047,785	15,590,591	11,658,657	12,659,769	11,158,133	12,374,920	9,484,293	11,843,175	12,787,909
	Total primary government program revenues	142,673,169	152,084,176	128,769,539	101,764,330	99,926,893	97,846,543	111,586,413	105,325,925	105,617,107	92,870,146

#### Changes in Net Position (continued)

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2013
Net (Expense)/Revenue	·									<u> </u>
Governmental activities	\$ (530,654,441)	\$ (480,429,443)	\$ (427,910,037)	\$ (415,805,777)	\$ (376,170,564)	\$ (355,884,311)	\$ (324,848,632)	\$ (314,400,207)	\$ (295,433,598)	\$ (316,151,257)
Business-type activities	10,358,416	7,356,317	4,740,677	1,953,143	2,535,910	2,855,864	4,404,038	2,037,107	4,655,200	6,400,002
Total primary government net expense	(520,296,025)	(473,073,126)	(423,169,360)	(413,852,634)	(373,634,654)	(353,028,447)	(320,444,594)	(312,363,100)	(290,778,398)	(309,751,255)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	359,670,953	341,750,218	325,474,847	316,894,035	292,291,159	278,719,636	262,886,545	259,451,036	252,758,385	244,922,483
Property taxes, levied for fire districts	11,010,075	9,933,127	9,218,291	8,807,839	8,296,148	7,823,215	7,870,019	7,826,322	7,482,408	6,661,282
Property taxes, levied for other districts purposes	1,757,764	1,532,491	1,477,449	1,133,988	1,070,763	1,145,501	1,219,855	959,142	754,365	736,793
Local option sales tax	126,051,649	114,631,886	97,605,674	87,505,306	84,521,869	83,808,889	76,855,214	74,471,794	70,484,647	61,414,402
Occupancy tax	4,806,722	3,397,090	1,680,342	3,622,475	4,310,529	3,970,516	3,961,343	3,509,649	3,014,169	2,592,696
Animal tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,277,314)
Gross receipts tax	697,021	624,673	546,969	485,215	571,291	483,133	479,899	429,419	410,964	406,605
Vehicle registration tax	192,600	191,524	223,347	216,049	231,838	226,448	340,501	193,373	296,517	-
Investment and interest income	10,368,982	(3,572,981)	(3,767,330)	8,800,011	965,567	7,430,012	(1,149,566)	4,684,275	13,472,042	5,086,255
Other revenues	1,042,545	16,502,446	1,027,593	788,094	982,195	1,062,967	1,090,502	953,890	1,300,117	4,574,741
Total governmental activities	515,598,311	484,990,474	433,487,182	428,253,012	393,241,359	384,670,317	353,554,312	352,478,900	349,973,614	325,117,943
Business-type activities:										<u>.</u>
Investment and interest income	635,861	65,231	(38,941)	382,011	600,355	320,391	110,656	71,355	16,054	42,036
Other revenues		13,431	12,977		(3,524)	(6,957)		12,841	-	25,889
Total business-type activities	635,861	78,662	(25,964)	382,011	596,831	313,434	110,656	84,196	16,054	67,925
Total primary government	516,234,172	485,069,136	433,461,218	428,635,023	393,838,190	384,983,751	353,664,968	352,563,096	349,989,668	325,185,868
Change in Net Position										
Government activities	(15,056,130)	4,561,031	5,577,145	12,447,235	17,070,795	28,786,006	28,705,680	38,078,693	54,540,016	8,966,686
Business-type activities	10,994,277	7,434,979	4,714,713	2,335,154	3,132,741	3,169,298	4,514,694	2,121,303	4,671,254	6,467,927
Total primary government	\$ (4,061,853)	\$ 11,996,010	\$ 10,291,858	\$ 14,782,389	\$ 20,203,536	\$ 31,955,304	\$ 33,220,374	\$ 40,199,996	\$ 59,211,270	\$ 15,434,613

Notes:
(1) As of Fiscal Year 2015, the County no longer reports animal tax revenues in a separate line item. Effective Fiscal Year 2014, the County no longer assesses an animal tax. As such, the revenues collected are the decrease in the accounts receivable. These revenues are now reported in the function they pertain to, public safety.

#### Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

	General Fund All Other Governmental Funds												All Governmental Funds		
June 30	Nonspendable	Restricted	Committed	Assigned		Unassigned	Total	Nonspendable	Restricted	Comn	nitted	Assigned	Unassigned	Total	Total
2023	\$ 2,461,304	\$75,148,402	\$ 101,740,227	\$29,754,613	\$	78,017,845	\$ 287,122,391	\$ -	\$ 14,676,597	\$	-	\$ 118,178,253	\$ -	\$ 132,854,850	\$ 419,977,241
2022	2,081,799	43,177,825	112,730,123	28,509,242		119,311,952	305,810,941	-	33,431,634		-	40,579,730	-	74,011,364	379,822,305
2021	1,613,780	44,788,849	80,259,921	24,220,752		102,218,572	253,101,874	-	10,041,605		-	51,865,500	-	61,907,105	315,008,979
2020	1,108,957	42,986,245	83,674,910	17,936,191		74,406,187	220,112,490	-	7,250,997		-	83,623,756	-	90,874,753	310,987,243
2019	1,360,180	46,298,508	82,956,424	18,081,595		62,456,569	211,153,276	-	8,766,241		-	63,728,074	-	72,494,315	283,647,591
2018	1,013,215	43,359,986	87,367,837	19,497,586		56,164,833	207,403,457	-	7,177,485		-	37,385,982	-	44,563,467	251,966,924
2017	1,010,444	37,293,252	80,631,128	14,421,763		61,442,303	194,798,890	-	5,353,342		-	38,432,063	-	43,785,405	238,584,295
2016	972,635	38,115,182	67,133,359	13,289,584		63,235,816	182,746,576	-	6,079,462		-	38,122,417	-	44,201,879	226,948,455
2015	995,989	34,787,668	66,909,089	11,521,144		57,461,506	171,675,396	-	7,438,733		-	36,197,068	-	43,635,801	215,311,197
2014	1,015,631	30,579,201	59,573,800	13,961,475		42,228,729	147,358,836	5,000	3,720,664		-	45,814,049	-	49,539,713	196,898,549

### Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 503,409,049	\$ 473,878,569	\$ 436,076,567	\$ 417,138,314	\$ 390,922,436	\$ 376,306,638	\$ 353,995,914	\$ 347,348,935	\$ 336,011,104	\$ 317,692,860
Licenses and permits	363,350	428,244	626,990	1,622,962	1,679,317	1,638,616	1,393,097	1,535,091	1,119,886	1,357,467
Intergovernmental	78,416,567	92,153,636	76,981,260	55,663,056	52,574,648	49,444,983	64,878,682	61,619,958	61,652,361	54,190,412
Investments	7,864,210	2,249,715	2,196,480	5,441,723	6,947,307	4,645,417	3,985,884	4,181,190	4,233,162	4,600,076
Rent	256,953	182,652	723,085	729,374	902,528	1,134,280	972,562	988,807	1,058,153	1,077,167
Charges for services	40,119,468	40,227,111	34,062,116	32,700,705	32,175,804	34,182,908	31,855,249	31,035,290	31,092,863	23,450,422
Other revenues	1,042,545	16,502,446	1,027,593	788,094	982,195	1,062,967	1,090,502	953,890	1,300,117	4,563,275
Total revenues	631,472,142	625,622,373	551,694,091	514,084,228	486,184,235	468,415,809	458,171,890	447,663,161	436,467,646	406,931,679
Expenditures										
General government	88,217,739	84,303,102	74,240,947	68,053,928	66.464.213	64,068,864	60,722,635	57,491,702	54,099,981	51,067,380
Public safety	116,655,092	90,996,345	88,498,753	86,712,694	78,549,477	80,538,865	70,917,455	67,063,053	64,652,305	60,700,087
Transportation	911,796	818,605	291,640	228,549	244,338	238,948	353,001	205,873	309,017	12,500
Economic and physical development	15,840,494	16,052,338	17,331,081	9,108,007	5,816,772	5,643,177	7,350,476	7,364,572	4,841,896	5,479,543
Environmental protection	31,708,729	32,894,330	28,032,436	14,050,736	18,258,082	26,246,637	23,860,525	7,207,867	5,771,300	13,469,306
Human services	108,474,971	118,399,585	95,511,667	91,434,044	86,525,498	83,234,656	92,909,696	93,140,635	89,516,898	85,339,186
Education	285,475,541	245,330,079	201,860,785	182,372,967	172,330,527	155,476,971	151,366,905	144,322,104	137,630,665	148,464,307
Cultural and recreational	20,464,283	18,335,820	15,308,823	24,846,253	37,320,280	32,283,359	15,509,314	13,202,921	12,197,724	12,348,532
Debt service:	-, - ,	-,,-	-,,-	,,	- ,,	- ,,	-,,-	-, - ,-	, - ,	,,
Principal retirement	49,280,826	45,537,546	43,574,785	41,300,728	36,131,116	37,322,892	37,427,611	35,596,413	36,159,495	34,261,816
Interest and fiscal charges	20,417,159	17,937,476	18,337,916	19,709,824	20,122,333	19,606,512	18,653,456	20,599,097	22,573,434	23,354,161
Debt issuance costs	1,567,111	115,256	619,803	770,191	929,899	247	1,002,975	741,165	23,000	644,769
Total expenditures	739,013,741	670,720,482	583,608,636	538,587,921	522,692,535	504,661,128	480,074,049	446,935,402	427,775,715	435,141,587
Excess of revenues over (under)										
expenditures	(107,541,599)	(45,098,109)	(31,914,545)	(24,503,693)	(36,508,300)	(36,245,319)	(21,902,159)	727,759	8,691,931	(28,209,908)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in	132,184,168	101,669,808	81,148,457	84,493,665	92,854,680	85,501,782	83,641,265	77,667,072	76,982,606	73,181,182
Transfers out	(132,184,168)	(101,669,808)	(81,148,457)	(84,493,665)	(92,854,680)	(85,501,782)	(83,641,250)	(77,667,072)	(76,982,606)	(73,169,716)
Lease liabilities issued	5,208,652	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subscription liabilities	7,987,232	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Premium on issuance of debt	-	_	-	-	5,284,798	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of bonds	-	_	-	-	-	-	3,800,000	-	-	-
Premium on issuance of refinancing	104,818,374	108,013,952	35,536,643	3,274,674	6,109,622	-	17,940,846	13,031,538	-	7,025,669
Issuance of refunding bonds	247,802,593	-	8,594,638	117,400,000	87,720,000	-	96,460,000	63,930,000	-	44,635,000
Payment to refunded debt escrow agent	(218,120,316)	_	61,805,000	(109,879,936)	(93,500,000)	-	(115,022,770)	(77,226,102)	-	(51,200,000)
Issuance of installment purchases	-	1,897,483	(70,000,000)	41,048,607	62,574,540	49,627,948	30,359,908	9,550,072	9,720,717	23,706,685
Total other financing sources (uses)	147,696,535	109,911,435	35,936,281	51,843,345	68,188,960	49,627,948	33,537,999	9,285,508	9,720,717	24,178,820
Net change in fund balances	\$ 40,154,936	\$ 64,813,326	\$ 4,021,736	\$ 27,339,652	\$ 31,680,660	\$ 13,382,629	\$ 11,635,840	\$ 10,013,267	\$ 18,412,648	\$ (4,031,088)
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures	10.28%	9.82%	11.10%	12.00%	11.80%	12.41%	12.49%	12.95%	14.10%	13.86%

#### Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> As of Fiscal Year 2014, the County reports the premium on the issuance of refunding bonds in a separate line item. Prior to fiscal year 2014 they were included in the "issuance of refunding bonds" with the new refunding debt issued.

#### Government-wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended	General Government	Public Safety	Tran	sportation	Economic and Physical evelopment	 vironmental Protection
2023	\$ 123,351,253	\$ 95,153,607	\$	912,757	\$ 16,179,664	\$ 13,452,988
2022	114,410,610	81,778,636		800,206	16,303,883	12,584,107
2021	101,205,831	98,843,230		291,640	13,107,386	9,573,869
2020	89,530,531	96,780,516		228,549	9,416,002	8,349,531
2019	65,306,869	86,231,267		244,338	5,996,057	6,760,218
2018	67,278,145	83,743,115		238,948	5,761,844	5,997,974
2017	64,194,870	75,533,420		353,001	7,368,799	5,966,371
2016	60,091,561	69,100,186		205,873	7,343,752	4,303,325
2015	57,622,575	63,834,548		309,017	4,773,955	3,860,175
2014	55,772,804	61,569,018		12,500	5,490,387	3,657,826

Human Services	 Education	R	Cultural and ecreational	 nterest and scal Charges	 Sewer Utility	_S	tormwater	Total
\$ 101,071,341	\$ 259,618,044	\$	17,445,261	\$ 22,396,244	\$ 12,110,564	\$	1,277,471	\$ 662,969,194
110,942,747	245,537,946		16,313,104	14,794,595	10,470,472		1,220,996	625,157,302
105,617,896	181,869,621		16,001,339	14,578,173	9,864,971		984,943	551,938,899
101,256,274	182,574,991		17,520,440	254,616	9,705,514		-	515,616,964
91,657,739	172,358,720		15,782,278	19,100,202	10,123,859		-	473,561,547
86,632,504	155,678,995		20,693,870	16,547,326	8,302,269		-	450,874,990
93,649,136	149,192,760		14,802,765	12,999,003	7,970,882		-	432,031,007
92,160,946	144,524,127		12,762,810	19,749,259	7,447,186		-	417,689,025
87,852,834	137,832,688		12,240,868	20,880,870	7,187,975		-	396,395,505
85,440,041	148,666,331		12,671,110	22,953,477	6,387,907		-	402,621,401

# Government-wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Charges for Ended Services		Operating Grants and ontributions	Capital Grants and ontributions	 Taxes	
2023	\$	63,387,242	\$ 73,948,904	\$ 5,337,023	\$ 504,186,784
2022		59,037,688	90,995,806	2,050,682	472,061,009
2021		36,197,688	76,230,322	773,859	436,226,919
2020		34,442,617	54,132,867	1,530,189	418,664,907
2019		47,352,245	49,452,242	3,122,406	391,293,597
2018		47,442,450	46,909,595	3,494,498	376,177,338
2017		46,664,806	59,791,850	5,129,757	353,613,376
2016		43,421,772	57,255,276	4,648,877	346,840,735
2015		44,708,939	56,872,129	4,036,039	335,201,455
2014		38,149,807	50,005,628	4,714,711	315,456,947

Investment and Interest Income	Other Revenues	Total
\$ 11,004,843	\$ 1,042,545	\$ 658,907,341
(3,507,750)	16,515,877	637,153,312
(3,806,271)	1,040,570	546,663,087
8,800,011	788,094	518,358,685
1,565,922	978,671	493,765,083
7,750,403	1,056,010	482,830,294
(1,038,910)	1,090,502	465,251,381
4,755,630	966,731	457,889,021
13,488,096	1,300,117	455,606,775
5,128,291	4,600,630	418,056,014

## Governmental Expenditures by Function<sup>1</sup> Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	General Government		Public Safety		Transportation		Environmental Protection			Education
2023	\$	88,217,739	\$	116,655,092	\$	911,796	<del></del>	31,708,730	\$	285,475,541
	Ψ		Ψ	, ,	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
2022		84,303,102		90,996,345		818,605		32,894,330		245,330,079
2021		74,240,947		88,498,753		291,640		28,032,436		201,860,785
2020		68,053,928		86,712,694		228,549		14,050,736		182,372,967
2019		66,464,213		78,549,477		244,338		18,258,082		172,330,527
2018		64,068,864		80,538,865		238,948		26,246,637		155,476,971
2017		60,722,635		70,917,455		353,001		23,860,525		151,366,905
2016		57,491,702		67,063,053		205,873		7,207,867		144,322,104
2015		54,099,981		64,652,305		309,017		5,771,300		137,630,665
2014		51,067,380		60,700,087		12,500		13,469,306		148,464,307

#### Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> General government expenditures include all governmental fund types consisting of General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, and Capital Projects Fund.

Human Services	Economic and Physical Development	а	Itural and eational	<u>D</u>	ebt Service	Total
\$ 108,474,972	\$ 15,840,492	\$ 20	,464,283	\$	71,265,096	\$ 739,013,741
118,399,585	16,052,338	18	,335,820		63,590,278	670,720,482
95,511,667	17,331,081	15	,308,823		62,532,504	583,608,636
91,434,044	9,108,007	24	,846,253		61,780,743	538,587,921
86,525,498	6,816,772	37	,320,280		57,183,348	523,692,535
83,234,656	5,643,177	32	,283,359		56,929,651	504,661,128
92,909,696	7,350,476	15	,509,314		57,084,042	480,074,049
93,140,635	7,364,572	13	,202,921		56,936,675	446,935,402
89,516,898	4,841,896	12	,197,724		58,755,929	427,775,715
85,339,186	5,479,543	12	,348,532		58,260,746	435,141,587

## General Government Revenues by Source<sup>1</sup> Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	General Property Taxes		Other Local Taxes		a	Licenses nd Permits	Intergovernmental Revenues		
2023	\$	490,660,505	\$	12,748,544	\$	363,350	\$	78,416,567	
2022		462,351,377		11,527,192		428,244		92,153,636	
2021		425,405,583		10,670,984		626,990		76,981,260	
2020		407,242,844		9,895,470		1,622,962		55,663,056	
2019		301,233,754		89,688,682		1,679,317		52,574,648	
2018		287,741,392		88,565,246		1,638,616		49,444,983	
2017		272,300,032		81,695,882		1,393,097		64,878,682	
2016		268,685,962		78,662,973		1,535,091		61,619,958	
2015		261,746,652		74,264,452		1,119,886		61,652,361	
2014		253,158,020		64,534,840		1,357,467		54,190,412	

#### Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> General government revenues include all governmental fund types consisting of General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, and Capital Projects Fund.

Rental Income	ı	nvestment Income	C	Charges for Services	Other Revenues		Total
\$ 256,953	\$	7,864,210	\$	40,119,468	\$	1,042,545	\$ 631,472,142
182,652		2,249,715		40,227,111		16,502,446	625,622,373
723,085		2,196,480		34,062,116		1,027,593	551,694,091
729,374		5,441,723		32,700,705		788,094	514,084,228
902,528		6,947,307		32,175,804		982,195	486,184,235
1,134,280		4,645,417		34,182,908		1,062,967	468,415,809
972,562		3,985,884		31,855,249		1,090,502	458,171,890
988,807		4,181,190		31,035,290		953,890	447,663,161
1,058,153		4,233,162		31,092,863		1,300,117	436,467,646
1,077,167		4,600,076		23,450,422		4,563,275	406,931,679



#### REVENUE CAPACITY INFORMATON

### **Principal Property Taxpayers**

This schedule lists the largest taxpayers in the County. The GASB requires the ten largest be listed, unless less than ten are needed to reach 50% of the County's equalized assessed valuation. This information is to be presented for the current levy year and the levy year nine years prior. This information can be obtained from the County Tax Assessor's Office.

### Schedule of Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property

This schedule presents real estate classes by type for the last 10 levy years as well as the county-wide tax rate, the range of special tax districts tax rates and the average County Tax Rate. This information can be obtained from the County Tax Assessor's Office

## **Property Tax Levies and Collections**

This schedule presents information for levies (original, adjustments and adjusted levies), amounts collected within the fiscal year of the levy with the percentage collection of original levy, and total amounts collected as of this fiscal year end with a percentage collection of adjusted levy. This information is provided for the last 10 fiscal years.

Property Tax Levies Direct and Overlapping Local Government Jurisdictions This schedule lists the final adjusted tax levy direct and overlapping for all local government jurisdictions for the last 10 fiscal years.

### **Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates**

This schedule presents information for direct and overlapping property tax rates for the last 10 fiscal years.



Principal Property Taxpayers June 30, 2023 Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	Fiscal Y	ear 202	3	Fiscal Year 2014					
Taxpayer	Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation		Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation		
WOLFSPEED INC	\$ 457,344,292	1	0.93%	\$	-		-		
MERCK SHARP & DOHME CORP	358,314,680	2	0.73%		231,107,258	5	0.80%		
DUKE ENERGY CAROLINAS, LLC	352,784,341	3	0.71%		200,234,727	6	0.69%		
KBI BIOPHARMA INC	239,889,388	4	0.49%		-		0.00%		
AISIN NORTH CAROLINA CORPORATION	237,069,975	5	0.48%		-		0.00%		
ARE-NC REGION NO. 19 HOLDING, LLC	231,006,590	6	0.47%		-		0.00%		
ELI LILLY AND COMPANY	227,280,155	7	0.46%		-		0.00%		
BIOGEN US CORPORATION	217,045,607	8	0.44%		-		0.00%		
EMC CORPORATION	190,794,806	9	0.39%		168,490,898	8	0.58%		
SOUTHPOINT MALL LLC	185,830,435	10	0.38%		171,969,004	7	0.59%		
IBM CORPORATION	-		-		561,513,886	1	1.93%		
CREE INC	-		-		375,675,811	2	1.29%		
GLAXOSMITHKLINE	-		-		355,899,743	3	1.23%		
AW NORTH CAROLINA INC	-		-		290,193,302	4	1.00%		
EISAID INC	-		-		114,111,026	9	0.39%		
HIGHWOODS/FORSYTH LIMITED PART	-				107,458,678	10	0.37%		
	\$ 2,697,360,269		5.46%	\$	2,576,654,333		8.87%		

## Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Property	Personal Property	Public Service Companies	Registered Vehicles	Total	County Direct Tax Rate	Special Tax Districts Tax Rate	Average County Tax Rate
2023	\$ 40,573,912,713	\$ 5,015,567,148	\$ 677,619,677	\$ 3,137,333,083	\$ 49,404,432,621	0.7222	0.0756-0.2329	0.7522
2022	39,132,997,771	4,351,409,488	670,716,745	2,921,224,229	47,076,348,233	0.7222	0.0756-0.2329	0.7428
2021	38,075,875,096	4,048,724,118	630,273,733	2,855,433,137	45,610,306,084	0.7122	0.0756-0.2229	0.7398
2020	37,068,818,904	3,829,445,315	607,015,073	2,501,803,406	44,007,082,698	0.7122	0.0786-0.1978	0.7398
2019	30,692,283,357	3,619,859,514	580,268,564	2,469,097,142	37,361,508,577	0.7779	0.0778-0.2080	0.8070
2018	29,641,340,413	3,594,119,882	575,537,361	2,348,224,018	36,159,221,674	0.7679	0.0778-0.1880	0.7987
2017	28,894,972,479	3,483,300,069	565,369,921	2,286,702,778	35,230,345,247	0.7404	0.0778-0.1880	0.7727
2016	26,213,161,494	3,524,686,233	553,248,101	2,163,704,337	32,454,800,165	0.7931	0.0799-0.1779	0.8276
2015	25,730,862,172	3,462,350,676	510,732,429	2,032,233,042	31,736,178,319	0.7931	0.0799-0.1514	0.8073
2014	25,254,108,336	3,300,458,222	489,915,862	2,980,521,352	32,025,003,772	0.7744	0.0600-0.1518	0.8047

#### Notes

<sup>(1)</sup> All taxable property is subject to the County direct rate. Most property in unincorporated areas is subject to one of the seven fire district taxes. The County's property tax is levied each July 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and personal property located in the County except for certain registered motor vehicles which are assessed and collected throughout the year. Assessed valuations are established by the Board of County Commissioners at 100% of estimated market value for real property and 100% of estimated actual value for personal property. Public service company property is certified by the State of North Carolina at 100% of actual value, with no distinction between real and personal property values.

<sup>(2)</sup> A revaluation of real property is required by N.C. General Statutes at least every eight years. The last revaluation was occurred on January 1, 2019.

<sup>(3)</sup> Per \$100 of assessed value.

# Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Taxes Levied for the			F	Collected iscal Year	within the of the Levy	С	ollections	Total Collections to Date		
Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year (Original Levy)	Adjustments	Total Adjusted Levy	Amount		Percentage of Adjusted Levy	in the	Subsequent Year	Amount	Percentage of Adjusted Levy	
2023	\$ 592,441,908	\$ (2,253,407)	\$ 590,188,501	\$ 58	7,363,304	99.52%	\$	-	\$ 587,363,304	99.52%	
2022	556,881,985	3,290,433	560,172,418	55	9,131,786	99.81%		560,641	559,692,427	99.91%	
2021	530,841,726	(23,019)	530,818,707	52	7,954,594	99.46%		2,182,526	530,137,120	99.87%	
2020	512,055,634	2,403,140	514,458,774	51	0,808,652	99.29%		1,179,536	511,988,188	99.52%	
2019	469,060,647	1,813,738	470,874,385	469	9,334,909	99.67%		729,677	470,064,586	99.83%	
2018	449,249,843	467,101	449,716,944	44	8,937,493	99.83%		446,608	449,384,101	99.93%	
2017	422,882,431	133,369	423,015,800	42	2,143,612	99.79%		181,536	422,325,148	99.84%	
2016	411,676,610	1,001,471	412,678,081	41	1,447,291	99.70%		854,574	412,301,865	99.91%	
2015	402,438,892	373,436	402,812,328	40	1,244,673	99.61%		1,181,131	402,425,804	99.90%	
2014	387,365,732	267,700	387,633,432	38	5,068,858	99.34%		1,273,755	386,342,613	99.67%	

## Property Tax Levies Direct and Overlapping Local Government Jurisdictions Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fire Tax Districts											
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Durham County	Bethesda		Lebanon	Parkwood		Redwood	<u>E</u>	no		New Hope		Bahama
2023	\$ 336,522,246	\$ -	\$	1,499,478	\$ -	\$	1,304,598	\$ 3	5,092	\$	98,119	\$	1,715,651
2022	320,125,424	-		1,491,529	-		1,141,513	3	5,019		97,492		1,508,632
2021	305,801,999	-		1,390,263	-		1,070,454	3	34,560		98,831		1,486,575
2020	298,377,888	-		1,389,612	-		1,031,514	3	34,168		98,389		1,650,509
2019	272,768,246	-		1,192,442	3,262		963,619	3	3,967		98,190		1,472,816
2018	260,979,012	-		1,184,526	-		917,481	3	34,105		96,852		1,563,470
2017	245,385,571	-		1,086,554	-		905,668	3	3,582		95,610		1,490,454
2016	241,808,196	-		1,037,940	-		883,358	3	0,246		87,109		1,414,475
2015	236,807,235	4,945		1,034,889	1,544,137		864,854	8	35,484		29,930		1,341,389
2014	234,323,543	2,220,189		1,033,842	1,546,613		733,673	3	0,882		82,004		802,114

#### Notes

Effective July 1, 1988, the County collects all the County, City of Durham, and Fire Districts taxes levied within Durham County. Effective July 1, 1995, the County collects Town of Chapel Hill taxes levied within Durham County. Effective July 1, 2002, the County collects City of Raleigh taxes levied within Durham County. Effective July 1, 2011, the County collects Town of Morrisville taxes levied within Durham County. Effective July 1, 2015, Durham County Fire & Rescue replaced both the Bethesda Service and Parkwood Tax Districts.

The following property tax provisions apply to the County of Durham, City of Durham, Town of Cary, Town of Chapel Hill, City of Raleigh and Town of Morrisville:

- a. Taxes are due September 1 of each year.
- b. Taxes are considered delinquent on January 6 (lien date) of the subsequent year.
- c. Discount on all County tax levies are at the discretion of the Board of Commissioners.
- d. Penalties are applied to delinquent taxes at the rate of two percent (2%) in January, and 3/4 of 1% per month thereafter until collected or foreclosure proceedings are consummated.
- e. Procedures allowed for collection of delinquent taxes include the use of garnishment, the North Carolina Debt Set Off Program and the sale of taxable property.

RTP Special District	Butner Safety District	Durham County Fire & Rescue	 City of Durham	-		Town of Cary		Town of Chapel Hill		Town of Morrisville		Total Tax Levies
\$ 1,752,913	\$ -	\$ 5,755,556	\$ 213,870,282	\$	983,543	\$	2,790	\$	2,865,410	\$	75,789	\$ 566,481,467
1,528,562	-	5,094,444	201,791,947		908,860		3,991		2,825,121		73,992	536,626,526
1,479,539	-	4,651,771	188,128,930		835,782		-		2,978,052		69,860	508,026,616
1,133,529	-	4,175,148	182,390,156		1,022,456		-		2,972,567		78,164	494,354,100
1,068,856	-	4,081,365	163,559,969		854,979		-		2,569,983		58,432	448,726,126
1,148,704	-	3,670,864	156,293,284		790,433		-		2,469,665		27,274	429,175,670
1,218,468	-	3,855,057	146,313,199		777,666		-		2,543,760		29,329	403,734,919
970,743	-	3,932,013	139,621,148		724,895		-		2,686,409		25,475	393,222,005
760,735	-	-	136,753,317		679,966		-		2,675,644		46,487	382,633,956
735,854	3	-	132,998,548		623,283		-		2,689,258		16,747	377,836,553

#### Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$100 of assessed value)

	2023	2022 2021		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
County direct rate											
Operating rate	\$ 0.6361	\$ 0.6361	\$ 0.6261	\$ 0.6261	\$ 0.6808	\$ 0.6708	\$ 0.6608	\$ 0.7078	\$ 0.6951	\$ 0.6850	
Capital rate	0.0861	0.0861	0.0861	0.0861	0.0971	0.0971	0.0796	0.0853	0.0980	0.0894	
Total general fund direct rate	0.7222	0.7222	0.7122	0.7122	0.7779	0.7679	0.7404	0.7931	0.7931	0.7744	
Fire district rates	0.0756-0.01549	0.0756-0.01549	0.0756-0.1449	0.0756-0.1349	0.0778-0.1451	0.0778-0.1344	0.0778-0.1344	0.0799-0.1386	0.0799-0.1386	0.0600-0.1300	
Other special district rates	0.0000-0.2329	0.0000-0.2329	0.0000-0.2229	0.0000-0.1978	0.0000-0.2080	0.0000-0.1880	0.0000-0.1880	0.000-0.1779	0.1514-0.1729	0.1518-0.1668	
Municipality Rates											
City of Durham	0.5577	0.5517	0.5317	0.5317	0.5786	0.5786	0.5607	0.5912	0.5912	0.5675	
City of Durham BID	0.6277	0.6217	0.6017	0.6017	0.6486	0.6486	0.6307	0.6612	0.6612	0.6375	
Town of Chapel Hill	0.5220	0.5140	0.5440	0.5440	0.5280	0.5080	0.5240	0.5240	0.5240	0.5140	
City of Raleigh	0.3930	0.3730	0.3552	0.4382	0.4382	0.4253	0.4183	0.4210	0.4038	0.3826	
Town of Morrisville	0.3900	0.3600	0.3600	0.3900	0.3900	0.3900	0.3900	0.4100	0.3900	0.3900	

#### Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> All taxable property is subject to the County direct rate. Most property in unincorporated areas is also subject to one of the seven fire district taxes.

<sup>(2)</sup> A revaluation of real property is required by N. C. General Statues at least every eight years. Revaluation of taxable property occurred on January 1, 2019.

### **DEBT CAPACITY INFORMATION**

Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita This information is presented for the last 10 fiscal years and includes population, taxable property assessed value, debt limit, gross bonded debt, net bonded debt, ratio of net bonded debt to taxable property assessed value and the net bonded debt per capita.

#### **Legal Debt Margin Information**

This schedule presents the computation of the legal debt margin and the total debt applicable to limit as a percentage of debt limit for the last 10 fiscal years.

### **Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt**

This schedule presents the direct and overlapping debt for the County and the municipalities within the County as of fiscal year end.

## Ratio of Annual Debt Service for Bonded Debt to Total General Government Expenditures

This schedule presents the debt service expenditures, general governmental expenditures and the ratio of total debt service to general governmental expenditures for the last 10 fiscal years.

## **Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding**

This schedule presents the general bonded debt outstanding, the percentage of actual taxable value of property and per capita for the last 10 fiscal years.

#### Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

This schedule presents a summary of outstanding debt by type and the percentage of personal income and per capita for the last 10 fiscal years.

## Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Population Estimate (1)		Taxable Property Assessed Value	Debt Limit	Gross Bonded Debt	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Taxable Property Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
2014	284,437	(1)	\$ 32,025,003,772	\$ 2,562,000,302	\$ 295,905,000	\$ 295,905,000	0.92	1,040
2015	290,874	(1)	31,736,178,319	2,538,894,266	270,905,000	270,905,000	0.85	931
2016	293,647	(1)	32,454,800,165	2,596,384,013	243,775,000	243,775,000	0.75	830
2017	301,243	(1)	35,230,345,247	2,818,246,797	288,086,321	288,086,321	0.82	956
2018	308,194	(1)	36,159,221,674	2,892,737,734	258,989,288	258,989,288	0.72	840
2019	320,639	(1)	37,361,508,577	2,988,920,686	280,732,596	280,732,596	0.75	876
2020	331,807	(1)	44,007,086,698	3,520,566,616	249,550,771	249,550,771	0.57	752
2021	321,488	(2)	45,610,306,084	3,648,824,487	287,420,103	287,420,103	0.63	894
2022	327,306	(2)	47,076,348,233	3,766,107,859	253,482,741	253,482,741	0.54	774
2023	332,680	(2)	49,973,473,172	3,997,877,854	227,590,505	227,590,505	0.46	684

#### NOTES

Estimate from Durham City/County Planning Department.
 Estimate from U.S. Census Bureau, Population Estimates.



#### Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Years

	2023		 2022 2021		2021	2020		2019	
Assessed Value of Property	\$	49,973,473,172	\$ 47,076,348,233	\$	45,610,306,084	\$	44,007,082,698	\$	37,361,508,577
Debt Limit, 8% of Assessed Value (Statutory Limitation)		3,997,877,854	3,766,107,859		3,648,824,487		3,520,566,616		2,988,920,686
Amount of Debt Applicable to Limit General Obligation Bonds Total net debt applicable to limit		198,380,000 198,380,000	 220,710,000 220,710,000		251,045,000 251,045,000		218,045,000 218,045,000		245,470,000 245,470,000
Legal Debt Margin	\$	3,799,497,854	\$ 3,545,397,859	\$	3,397,779,487	\$	3,302,521,616	\$	2,743,450,686
Total net debt applicable to limit as a percentage of debt limit		4.96%	 5.86%		6.88%		6.19%		8.21%

Note: The County is subject to the Local Government Bond Act of North Carolina which limits the amount of net bonded debt the County may have outstanding to 8 percent of the appraised value of property subject to taxation. The legal debt margin is the difference between the debt limit and the County's net debt outstanding applicable to the limit, and represents the County's legal borrowing authority.

2018	 2017		2016		2015	 2014
\$ 36,159,211,674	\$ 35,230,345,247	\$	32,454,800,165	\$	31,736,178,319	\$ 32,025,003,772
2,892,737,734	2,818,427,620		2,596,384,013		2,538,894,266	2,562,000,302
226,455,000	 252,270,000		243,775,000		270,905,000	295,905,000
226,455,000	 252,270,000		243,775,000		270,905,000	 295,905,000
\$ 2,666,282,734	\$ 2,566,157,620	\$	2,352,609,013	\$	2,267,989,266	\$ 2,266,095,302
7.83%	8.95%		9.39%		10.67%	11.55%

## Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2023

	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Municipality:			
City of Durham	\$ 238,217,346	100%	\$ 238,217,346
Town of Chapel Hill	47,516,000	1.165%	553,452
City of Raleigh	1,070,895,926	0.531%	5,685,613
Town of Cary	203,923,938	0.002%	3,389
Town of Morrisville	 42,075,805	0.039%	 16,476
Overlapping debt	1,602,629,015		244,476,276
Direct debt	712,687,775		712,687,775
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 2,315,316,790		\$ 957,164,051

Source: Overlapping debt provided by each municipality.

Note: Percentage of overlap based on assessed property values.

# RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE FOR DEBT TO TOTAL EXPENDITURES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

#### **DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES RATIO OF TOTAL FISCAL TOTAL DEBT SERVICE** YEAR INTEREST **DEBT TOTAL** TO TOTAL **ENDED** AND FISCAL **OTHER** SERVICE **GOVERNMENTAL GOVERNMENTAL CHARGES EXPENDITURES EXPENDITURES JUNE 30, PRINCIPAL EXPENDITURES EXPENDITURES** \$ 2023 \$ 20,417,159 \$ 1,567,111 \$ 71,265,096 \$ 739,013,741 9.64% 49,280,826 150 2022 45,109,043 17,922,791 63,031,984 670,720,482 9.40% 2021 43,574,785 18,337,415 505,108 62,417,308 583,608,636 10.70% 2020 41,300,728 65,089 61,075,641 537,939,362 11.35% 19,709,824 2019 10.90% 36,131,116 20,122,333 701,235 56,954,684 522,692,535 2018 247 11.28% 37,322,892 19,606,512 56,929,651 504,661,128 2017 480,074,049 11.81% 37,427,611 18,653,456 617,443 56,698,510 2016 20,599,097 446,935,402 12.74% 35,596,413 741,165 56,936,675 2015 36,159,495 22,573,434 7,300 58,740,229 427,775,715 13.73% 2014 34,261,816 23,354,161 644,769 58,260,746 435,141,587 13.39%

## Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds		Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property <sup>1</sup>	Per Capita <sup>2</sup>		
2023	\$	227,590,505	0.46%	\$	684.11	
2022		253,482,741	0.54%		774.45	
2021		287,420,103	0.63%		894.03	
2020		249,550,771	0.57%		752.10	
2019		280,732,596	0.75%		875.54	
2018		258,989,288	0.72%		840.35	
2017		288,086,321	0.82%		956.33	
2016		243,775,000	0.75%		830.16	
2015		270,905,000	0.85%		931.35	
2014		295,905,000	0.96%	1	1,040.32	

Notes: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> See Schedule of Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property for property assessed/actual value data.

<sup>(2)</sup> Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics.



## Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### **Governmental Activities**

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Certificates of Participation	Limited Obligation Bonds	Installment Purchases, Leases, and Subscription Liabilities	Total Governmental Activities
2023	\$ 227,590,505	\$ -	\$ 429,558,044	\$ 55,544,774	\$ 712,693,323
2022	253,482,741	-	226,607,252	132,027,245	612,117,238
2021	287,420,103	-	242,556,522	22,863,360	552,839,985
2020	249,550,771	-	259,395,917	57,631,500	566,578,188
2019	280,732,596	-	244,550,606	27,129,118	552,412,320
2018	258,989,288	3,090,000	192,669,181	70,310,694	525,059,163
2017	288,086,321	6,185,000	200,709,554	22,160,638	517,141,513
2016	271,397,457	9,280,000	208,754,927	29,409,748	518,842,132
2015	295,033,765	49,470,000	174,556,822	21,213,474	540,274,061
2014	321,259,230	52,565,000	182,118,853	13,321,654	569,264,737

#### Notes

Details regarding the county's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> See Schedule for demographic and economic statistics for personal income and population data.

## **Business-Type Activities**

					Percentage		
General	Refunding	State	Total	Total	of		
Obligation Revenue		Revenue Revolving		Primary	Personal	Per	
Bonds	Bonds	Loans	Activities	Government	Income <sup>1</sup>	Capita¹	
\$ -	\$ 3,657,718	\$ 6,572,551	\$ 10,230,269	\$ 722,923,592	3.69%	\$ 2,173.03	
-	4,509,605	7,243,697	11,753,302	623,870,540	3.53%	1,906.08	
-	5,341,492	7,914,843	13,256,335	566,096,320	3.41%	1,760.86	
-	6,158,379	8,585,989	14,744,368	581,322,556	3.62%	1,751.99	
-	6,955,266	9,257,134	16,212,400	568,624,720	3.82%	1,773.41	
-	7,732,153	9,928,280	17,660,433	542,719,596	3.86%	1,760.97	
-	8,489,040	10,599,426	19,088,466	536,229,979	4.00%	1,780.06	
32,343	9,294,315	11,270,571	20,597,229	539,439,361	4.28%	1,837.03	
604,728	10,084,590	11,941,717	22,631,035	562,905,096	4.72%	1,935.22	
1,304,131	10,854,865	12,612,864	24,771,860	594,036,597	5.19%	2,088.46	



## **OPERATING INFORMATION**

## **Full-time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function**

The County is required to present the number of employees by each function for the last 10 fiscal years.

## **Operating Indicators by Function**

This schedule shows various operating indicators of the County by function for the last 10 fiscal years.

## **Capital Asset Statistics by Function**

This schedule shows various capital assets statistics by function for the last 10 fiscal years.

## Full-time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
General government	367	361	328	314	332
Public safety*	774	771	762	680	803
Economic and physical development*	27	28	25	37	39
Environmental protection	49	44	42	20	22
Human services*	846	851	797	657	772
Cultural and recreational*	148	148	148	106	106
Utilities	35	35	29	23	27
Total	2,246	2,238	2,131	1,837	2,101

<sup>\*</sup>Public safety, Economic and physical development, Cultural and recreational, and Human Services have part-time employees and grant funded positions.

Source: Durham County Budget and Management Services.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
342	287	267	263	258
814	717	687	696	673
17	34	29	32	29
18	15	21	20	19
775	672	639	628	624
110	106	100	106	104
27	21	20	20	20
2,103	1,852	1,763	1,765	1,727

#### Operating Indicators By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program         2023         2022         2021         2020         2019         2018         2017         2016         2015         2014           Function/Program           General Administration           Registered voters <sup>5</sup> 230,809         234,339         227,934         222,647         218,123         223,921         210,644         233,602         210,644         201,880           Taxable real estate parcels <sup>6</sup> 115,269         112,527         112,111         110,241         111,154         110,839         108,026         105,588         103,976         104,350           Tax bills <sup>8</sup> '         155,905         150,806         153,465         158,571         159,805         147,264         146,332         144,540         146,193         143,659           Human Services
Registered voters <sup>5</sup> 230,809     234,339     227,934     222,647     218,123     223,921     210,644     233,602     210,644     201,880       Taxable real estate parcels <sup>6</sup> 115,269     112,527     112,111     110,241     111,154     110,839     108,026     105,588     103,976     104,350       Tax bills <sup>8</sup> '     155,905     150,806     153,465     158,571     159,805     147,264     146,332     144,540     146,193     143,659
Taxable real estate parcels <sup>6</sup> 115,269 112,527 112,111 110,241 111,154 110,839 108,026 105,588 103,976 104,350   Tax bills <sup>8'</sup> 155,905 150,806 153,465 158,571 159,805 147,264 146,332 144,540 146,193 143,659
Tax bills <sup>8*</sup> 155,905 150,806 153,465 158,571 159,805 147,264 146,332 144,540 146,193 143,659
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Human Services
Adult care home residents served through
on-site inspections <sup>7</sup> 1,159 1,117 1,077 1,037 1,050 1,069 997 982 994 941
Persons testing for HIV/STD <sup>8</sup> 23,011 15,418 11,748 11,813 19,791 20,378 22,412 22,532 37,280 38,482
Food assistance individuals <sup>7</sup> 37,684 37,519 43,200 37,858 34,708 37,430 30,853 40,358 43,745 43,289
Education
Students attending public school 30,738 30,806 32,042 32,928 32,448 32,374 33,151 33,501 33,626 33,295
Public school teachers 2,562 2,529 2,512 2,512 2,426 2,393 2,267 2,416 2,329 2,318
Community college students-average semester <sup>2</sup> 7,664 5,023 10,092 6,213 8,919 12,898 10,819 19,027 22,341 20,470
Community college faculty <sup>2</sup> 638 504 449 356 347 355 355 355 333 328
Community Development and Cultural⁴
Residential permits issued 2,512 2,172 2,247 2,050 2,233 2,152 1,726 1,927 1,426 1,270
Commercial permits issued 856 258 117 103 98 101 155 158 132 135
Building permits - additional, alterations 5,287 2,212 3,383 3,006 2,749 2,959 2,666 2,592 2,451 2,320
Inspections performed 105,615 132,713 31,949 32,882 33,884 43,292 43,031 38,946 38,481 38,801
Environmental Services
Animal control service calls <sup>9</sup> 11,780 10,117 10,574 9,747 12,670 10,967 12,191 12,889 12,568 11,859
Animals impounded <sup>9</sup> 1,616 1,447 1,454 1,223 3,659 2,087 2,516 2,869 2,166 3,025
Sanitation inspections <sup>8</sup> 3,113 5,132 5,132 4,348 3,643 3,343 3,149 3,327 6,146 7,243
Public Safety
Detention intake <sup>10</sup> 5,487 5,244 4,442 7,626 7,513 8,417 7,558 11,013 11,838 11,967
Civil processes served <sup>10</sup> *** 11,226 10,702 13,497 18,477 24,755 20,505 33,147 26,407 28,482
Pistol permits processed 10 3,828 5,918 7,644 7,066 3,514 3,136 2,108 3,266 2,486 1,446
Average daily jail population <sup>10</sup> 365 373 320 356 426 498 472 481 520 521
Fire/medical incidents responded to by
contracting fire departments <sup>11</sup> 3,107 3,369 2,499 3,391 3,531 3,320 2,025 2,587 4,544 9,152
Durham EMS incidents <sup>3</sup> 56,677 56,438 51,546 47,496 47,494 48,547 46,934 44,222 44,388 32,882

<sup>\*</sup> Includes only those bills that were billed and to be collected, excludes corrected bills.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Community Development and Cultural permits are for the complete previous calendar year ending during each fiscal year.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Data not available at time of print

<sup>(1)</sup> Durham County Public Schools.

<sup>(2)</sup> Durham Technical Community College.

<sup>(3)</sup> Durham County Emergency Management Department.

<sup>(4)</sup> Durham City/County Planning Department.

<sup>(5)</sup> Durham County Board of Elections.

<sup>(6)</sup> Durham County Tax Department.

<sup>(7)</sup> Durham County Department of Social Services.

<sup>(8)</sup> Durham County Public Health Department.

<sup>(9)</sup> Durham County Animal Control.

<sup>(10)</sup> Durham County Sheriff Department.

<sup>(11)</sup> Durham County took over the EMS program from Parkwood, fiscal year 2015, this would reduce Parkwood's medical incident responses.

Durham County EMS implemented a new response continuum that cut Fire Department first responder units from "Alpha" and "Bravo" calls – calls triaged as minor and not needing fire responses. As of fiscal year 2016, there are three contracting fire departments; two of the original five departments are now Durham County Fire & Rescue.

### **Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	Fiscal Year									
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Function/Program										
General Government (1)										
Rentable square footage	766,977	754,777	754,777	749,361	749,361	762,932	762,932	762,932	767,652	767,652
Human Services (2)										
Number of centers	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Education (3)										
Number of schools	55	54	53	53	53	53	54	54	54	56
Number of higher education institutions	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Community Development and Cultural (4)										
Libraries - branches	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Volume of library books	694,108	672,558	659,658	677,747	716,746	682,379	670,695	692,526	694,145	704,947
Number of County parks	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public Safety										
Sheriff - Stations (5)	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Detention capacity (5)	736	736	736	736	736	736	736	736	736	736
Fire protection - City Stations (6)	19	19	17	17	17	17	16	16	16	16
Fire protection - Volunteer Stations (6)	7	8	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
EMS - Stations (7)	8	10	10	10	10	10	9	9	12	11

<sup>(1)</sup> Durham County Open Space Department

<sup>(2)</sup> Durham County Public Health and Social Services Departments

<sup>(3)</sup> Durham Public Schools

<sup>(4)</sup> Durham County Public Library

<sup>(5)</sup> Durham County Sheriff's Department

<sup>(6)</sup> Durham County Fire Department (7) Durham County Emergency Medical Services



#### **DEMOGRAPHIC & ECONOMIC INFORMATION**

## **Property Value and Construction**

This information is presented for the last 10 fiscal years and includes the building value of permits issued and the total assessed valuation.

### **Demographic and Economic Statistics**

This information is presented for the last 10 fiscal years and includes population, personal income for the County, school enrollment and the unemployment rate.

## **Principal Employers**

This schedule presents the 10 largest employers, including the number of employees located inside the County boundaries. This is shown for the current year and nine years ago.



## **Property Value and Construction Last Ten Fiscal Years**

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Building Value of Permits Issued (1)	Assessed Valuation (2)
2023	\$ 2,542,244,350	\$ 49,404,432,621
2022	2,159,292,984	47,076,348,233
2021	2,226,258,272	45,610,306,084
2020	1,905,432,972	44,007,082,698
2019	1,884,975,303	37,361,508,577
2018	1,347,736,663	36,159,221,674
2017	1,501,331,982	35,230,345,247
2016	1,194,358,281	32,454,800,165
2015	1,117,161,089	31,736,178,319
2014	1,107,015,215	30,796,658,950

#### NOTES:

<sup>(1)</sup> Source: City of Durham/Durham County Inspections Department.

<sup>(2)</sup> Last revaluation of taxable property occurred on January 1, 2019.

## **Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years**

<u>Year</u>	Population Estimates <sup>1</sup>	(ti	Personal Income <sup>2</sup> housands f dollars)	C Pe	Per apita rsonal come³	School Enrollment⁴	Unemployment Rate⁵
2023	332,680	\$	19,597,175	\$	60,330	31,124	3.20%
2022	327,306		17,692,950		54,093	31,360	3.40%
2021	321,488		16,624,991		51,713	31,603	4.30%
2020	331,807		*		*	32,928	7.60%
2019	320,639		*		*	32,343	4.00%
2018	308,941		16,058,004		50,698	32,629	3.80%
2017	301,243		14,904,230		47,825	32,907	3.80%
2016	293,647		14,064,619		45,931	33,144	4.70%
2015	290,874		13,394,612		44,507	33,626	5.40%
2014	284,437		12,611,613		42,830	33,296	5.30%

<sup>\*</sup> Information was not available in prior audit years and not updated.

- (1) U.S. Census Bureau, Population Estimates, last updated 2022.
- (2) All personal income data are estimates for the calendar year ended in each fiscal year are provided by Bureau of Economic Analysis, last updated 2022.
- (3) All per capita income data are for the calendar year ended in each fiscal year are provided by Bureau of Economic Analysis, last updated 2022.
- (4) Durham County Public Schools.
- (5) North Carolina Department of Commerce.

### Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2023			2014	
Employer	Employees <sup>1</sup>	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Duke University & Health System	42,566	1	23.20%	35,998	1	19.47%
International Business Machines (IBM)	8,000	2	4.36%	7,000	2	3.79%
Durham Public Schools	5,257	5	2.86%	4,600	3	2.49%
Cisco	7,500	3	4.09%			
Blue Cross and Blue Shield North Carolina	5,000	6	2.72%	3,200	5	1.73%
Fidelity Investments	7,000	4	3.81%	2,400	7	1.30%
US Department of Veterans Affairs	3,200	9	1.74%	2,162	10	1.17%
Pfizer	3,700	8	2.02%			
IQVIA (formerly Quintiles)	2,700	10	1.47%	2,300	9	1.24%
Wolfspeed	4,802	7	2.62%			
GlaxoSmithKline				3,700	4	2.00%
Durham City Government				2,401	6	1.30%
Research Triangle Institute (RTI)				2,300	8	1.24%
	89,725		48.90%	66,061		35.73%
	09,725		40.90%	00,001		33.73%

Source: Durham Chamber of Commerce and Bureau of Labor Statistics

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>As of fiscal year-ended 2022, the Durham Chamber of Commerce (DCC) no longer provides exact employment numbers for principal employers. Instead, DCC provides significantly more rounded employment numbers gathered from a number of different sources.



# COMPLIANCE SECTION (TAB)



## Report of Independent Auditor on the Compliance with Bond Covenants

To the Board of County Commissioners Durham County, North Carolina Durham, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of Durham County, North Carolina (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 22, 2024.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the County failed to comply with the terms, covenants, provisions, or conditions listed in the Series 2003 Revenue Bonds official statement for the Trust Agreement dated December 1, 2002, with First-Citizens Bank & Trust (the "Agreement"), insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the County's noncompliance with the above-referenced terms, covenants, provisions, or conditions of the Agreement, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of County Commissioners of Durham County, management of the County, U.S. Bank National Association as Trustee and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Raleigh, North Carolina January 22, 2024

Cherry Bekaert LLP

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## Schedule of Debt Covenant Compliance Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Fund Sewer Utility Fund	
Operating revenues		
Charges for services Total operating revenues	\$	14,628,547 14,628,547
Operating expenses		
Personnel services Utilities Maintenance and other Depreciation Total operating expenses		2,360,481 586,335 3,914,103 4,985,236 11,846,155
Operating income (loss)		2,782,392
Add: Depreciation expense Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year Pension expense Income available for debt service		4,985,236 (244,317) 358,432 7,881,743
Fiscal year revenue bond debt payments Fiscal year total debt payments	\$ \$	927,195 1,759,151
Senior lien debt service coverage Total debt service coverage		8.50 4.48
Series 2003 Revenue Bond Covenant Requirement Senior lien debt service coverage Total debt service coverage		1.20 1.00



## **Acknowledgments**

The preparation of the annual financial report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. The audit process was effectively managed by Crystally Wright, Deputy Chief Financial Officer.

Additional support in the audit process and related accounting activities was provided by:

Connecia Brown, Executive Accountant
Stephano Claude, Executive Accountant
Keri Carnes, CPA, Executive Accountant
Yolanda Deaver, CPA, MBA, Contractor
Elana Jones, CPA, Payroll Manager
Tonia Hernandez, Financial System Manager
John Kenion, Compliance Manager
Tiffany Long, Accounts Payable Manager
Jose Rivera, Accountant
Jamila Wilson-Davis, Senior Accountant
Joseph Futima, Assistant Chief Financial Officer

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